

Subject code: Hom UG-Sur-I

Year of Examination: 2028

Max. Marks: 200

Theory: Paper I: 100

Paper II: 100

#### Instructions for paper setters:

1. Paper 1 and paper 2 shall carry 100 marks each.

- 2. All questions compulsory.
- 3. Attempt questions in serial order.
- 4. Illustrate your answers with well labeled diagrams were ever necessary.

#### Distribution of marks:

5. MCQs 10marks (1 mark each)

6. Short answer questions 40 marks (5 marks each)

7. Long answer questions 50 marks (10 marks each)

4. Stiple 5. Sunce

o. light

10. Samo

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Subject name - Surgery

Subject code- HomUG -Sur -I

### Index

S.No	Description	Page Number	7
1.	Preamble	2	
2.	Course Outcomes (CO)		
3.	Learning Objectives (LO)	2-3	
4.	Course Content and Term -wise Distribution	3	
5.	Teaching Hours	4	
6.	Content Mapping	5-7	
		7-48	
7.	Teaching Learning Methods	49	XT
8.	Details of Assessment	49-52	1
9.	List of Recommended Books	51	
10.	List of Contributors		
		51	3

Subject: Surgery

Subject code: HomUG-Sur-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100



#### 1. Preamble

Surgery involves addressing acute or chronic injuries, deformities, or diseases through physical intervention such as removal, repair, or reconstruction of a specific part or organ. Specialized fields like ENT, Ophthalmology, Dentistry, and Orthopedics, as well as super specialties like cardiac, neuro, and oncosurgery, have gained prominence.

Homoeopathy has proven to play a significant role in preventing several surgical interventions, provided that the physician can diagnose the condition early and administer the appropriate treatment while also considering supplementary measures. Therefore, a homoeopathic physician should possess a solid understanding of surgery. A student of homoeopathy should be able to diagnose clinical conditions to effectively address the scope and limitations of homoeopathy in surgical cases. It is essential for students to learn the Hahnemannian concept of surgical diseases, chronic diseases, and susceptibility for the effective management of surgical conditions.

The management of surgical cases according to both modern medicine and Organon is a crucial part of the education and training of homoeopathic students. A comprehensive understanding and application of Homoeopathic principles, along with the correct knowledge of Homoeopathic medicines, can extend the use of Homoeopathy to a range of acute and chronic surgical conditions that were previously considered beyond its scope. Understanding surgical conditions enables students to provide continuity of care, particularly when patients transition between surgical interventions and homeopathic management. Equipping homeopathic students with knowledge of surgical conditions allows them to make informed decisions and recommend suitable treatment options, whether surgical or non-surgical. By studying surgical conditions, homeopathic students can offer comprehensive and integrated healthcare to their patients, leading to improved health outcomes and patient satisfaction.

#### 2. Course outcomes

At the end of BHMS course, the student shall be able to-

- Diagnose common surgical conditions.
- Understand the role of Homoeopathic treatment in pseudo-surgical and true surgical diseases.
- Record the surgical case history that is complete and relevant to disease identification, help to find the correct Homoeopathicmedicine that can be used for treating the condition.

Subject: Surgery

Subject code: HomUG-Sur-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

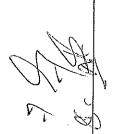


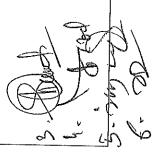
- iv) Understand the fundamentals of examination of a patient with surgical problems.
- v) Demonstrate the ability to perform the bedside clinical procedures and the physical examination that is relevant for diagnosis and management of the disease.
- vi) Demonstrate ability to advise appropriate diagnostic tests (including radio-diagnosis) and interpretation of the test in the individual surgical case.
- vii) Perform basic management procedures of general surgery like wound dressing, ABC management, suturing, transport of the injured and fluid therapy etc.
- viii) Discuss causation, manifestations, management and prognosis of surgical conditions.
- ix) Understand the miasmatic background of surgical disorders, wherever applicable.
- x) Apply Materia medica (therapeutics) and posology in common surgical conditions.
- xi) Understand the use of repertory in Homoeopathic prescriptions for surgical conditions.

# 3. Learning objectives (to be edited according to the II BHMS content)

At the end of II BHMS course, the learner shall be able to-

- i. Understand surgical case taking.
- ii. Understand common surgical symptomatology and its differential approach.
- iii. Demonstrate the basic management procedures of general surgery. Eg. dressing, ABC management and fluid therapy
- iv. Describe the concepts required to diagnose surgical clinical conditions taught in II BHMS.
- v. Understand the role of examination and investigation in diagnosing surgical disorders.
- vi. Identify referral criteria for medical emergencies and surgical conditions.
- vii. Classify symptoms and integration with repertory.
- viii. Understand applied Materia Medica and posology in common surgical conditions (taught in II BHMS) which can be managed with Homoeopathy.





~-L

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100



### 4. Course content and its term-wise distribution

Sl. No.	Topic	٦
	Term I	
1.	Introduction to surgery, Scope and limitations of Homoeopathy in surgical conditions, Surgical diseases explained in relation to organon of medicine	
2.	Trauma/Injury; different types of injuries- head injury; road traffic accident; injury to chest and abdomen	
3.	Wound and wound healing; scars and keloids	
4.	Haemorrhage and blood transfusion	
5.	Shock; various types of shock	
6.	Fluid, electrolyte and acid- base balance	
7.	Burns and Skin grafting	٦
8.	Nutrition	
9.	Common surgical infections	7
	Term II	
10.	Special infections	
11.	Tumours and Cysts (Swellings)	
12.	Hernia	
13,	Ulcers	
14.	Sinus and fistula	





Maximum marks:200

Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100



# 5. Teaching hours

# 5.1. Gross division of teaching hours

Surgery							
Year	Teaching hours- Lectures	Teaching hours- Non-lectures					
II BHMS	92	24					

# 5.2. Teaching hours theory

Sl. No.	Topic	Teaching hours
1.	Introduction to surgery, Scope and limitations of Homoeopathy in surgical conditions	2
2.	Injury - types	3
	Head injury;	10
	Road traffic accident; injury to chest, abdomen	
3.	Wound & wound healing;	<i></i>
	Scar, keloid	5
4.	Haemorrhage	
	Blood transfusion	4
5.	Shock	£
6.	Fluid, electrolytes and acid-base balance	6
7.	Burn, skin grafting	0
8.	Nutrition - consequents of malnutrition in surgical patients, nutritional requirement in	
	surgical patients and methods of providing nutritional support	3
9.	Common surgical infections-	
	Boil, Carbuncle, Abscess, Cellulitis, and erysipelas, Hidradenitis suppurativa, septicaemia,	8
	pyaemia pyaemia	
10.	Special infections-	()
		8

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100



14.	Sinus and fistula	2
13.	Ulcers	8
12.	Hernia - Aetiology, General Classification, Abdominal hernias- Basic anatomy, Types, clinical features, management	10
11.	Tuberculosis, syphilis, acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, actinomycosis, leprosy, tetanus, infective gangrene  Concept of swellings- Tumours: Benign-Lipoma, fibroma, adenoma, neuroma, Neurilemmoma, Neurofibroma, Haemangioma Malignant-Carcinoma, sarcoma, fibrosarcoma; naevus, melanoma Cysts - Classification	12

# 5.3. Teaching hours Non-lecture

Sl No	Clinical	Hours	
1	Case taking of surgical case	2	
2	Examination of Trauma case, Transport of the injured	2	
3	Examination of head injury case	2	
4	Examination of wound, suture technique	1	
5	Examination of haemorrhagic case	1	
6	Examination of shock	1	
7	Fluid, electrolytes and acid base balance - Clinical Examination and evaluation	1	
8	Burns - Clinical Examination	1	
9	Common surgical infections - Clinical Examination	2	
10	Special infections - Clinical examination	2	
11	Examination of swelling- cysts and tumours	2	
12	Examination of hernia	2	

Subject: Surgery

Subject code: HomUG-Sur-l

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

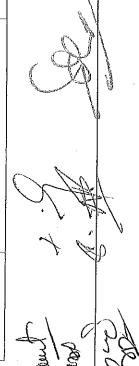


13	Examination of ulcer	2
14	Examination of sinus, fistula	2
15	ABC management, wound dressing, fluid therapy	2
	Total	24

# 6. Content mapping (competencies tables)

6.1. Introduction to Surgery, scope and limitations of Homoeopathy in surgical conditions and surgical case taking

SI.	Domain	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assess		Integration
No.	of Competen cy				Guilbert			F	S	integration
Hom UG- Sur-I 1.1	НО	КН	Introduction to surgery	Describe surgical disease according to Hahnemann.	C/2	Must know	Lecture Small group discussion	Viva	MCQ SAQ	Organon
·	100			Explain the importance of knowledge of surgical				,		
•				diseases for Homoeopathic practice						
Hom UG- Sur-I 1.2	НО	КН	Scope and limitations of Homoeopathy in surgical conditions	Explain scope and limitations of Homoeopathy in surgical conditions	C/2	Must know	Lecture Small group discussion	Viva	SAQ	Organon



Hom UG- Sur-I 1.3	НО	КН	Homoeopathic perspective of surgical diseases	Classification of Disease Hahnemmania n: Surgical disease	C/2	Must know	Lecture	Viva	LAQ	Organon
Hom UG- Sur-I 1.4	НО	КН	Homoeopathic perspective of surgical diseases	Explain the nature and significance of surgical disease on the basis of organon of medicine	C/2	Must know	Lecture	Viva	LAQ	Organon
Hom UG- Sur-I 1.5	KS	КН	Case taking of surgical cases	Discuss the steps of case taking in surgical conditions	. C/2	Must know	Lecture, small group discussion	Viva		Organon Repertory and case taking
Hom UG- Sur-I 1.6	PC	SH	Case taking of surgical case	Observe surgical case taking in clinical set up	P/1	Must know	Observatio n Small group discussion	DOPS		

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100



# 6.2. Trauma/Injury and examination of trauma case-

No. competen cy Hom KS KH Types of injury Classify different types of injury/trauma according to causation and be effects  Hom UG-Sur-I 2.1  Hom UG-Sur-I 2.2  Hom KS KH Principles in the components of sur-I 2.2  KS KH Principles in the components of management of primary survey  Hom UG-Sur-I 2.2  KS KH Principles in the components of management of primary survey  Guilbert F S Integrated F S Integrated F S Integrated In the C/2 Must know Lecture Small group discussion  KS KH Principles in the components of management of primary survey  KS WH Principles in the components of management of primary survey	SI.	Domain	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessi	menf	Tutomatic	٦
Hom UG- Sur-I 2.1  Hom UG- Sur-I 2.1  Hom Hom UG- Sur-I 2.1  Hom UG- Sur-I 2.2  Hom UG- Sur-I 2.2  Hom UG- Sur-I 2.2  Hom UG- Sur-I 2.2  Hom Log Grad traffic accident  KS KH Principles in the components of primary survey in victims of road traffic accidents  KS KH Types of injury  Classify different types of injury  Classify different types of injury  C/2  Must know Lecture  Viva SAQ Materia Medica  C/1  Must know Lecture  Small group discussion  Viva SAQ Materia Medica  C/2  Must know Lecture  Small group discussion  C/2  Must know Lecture/  Small group discussion  C/2  Must know Lecture/  Small group discussion  C/2  Sur-I 2.3	No.	1				Guilbert	,				Integratio n	
UG-Sur-I 2.2  Hom KS UG-Sur-I 2.3  KS WH Principles in the components of management of road traffic accident with the components of accident with a refine the components of road traffic accidents  Hom Components of road traffic accidents  C/1 Must know Lecture Small group discussion  Medica SAQ Materia Medica  Medica  Must know Lecture/ small group discussion  Viva SAQ Materia Medica	UG- Sur-I 2.1	KS	·	Types of injury	different types of injury/ trauma according to causation and	C/2	Must know	Audiovisual	Viva		FMT	
UG- Sur-l 2.3 the components of management of road traffic accident code traffic accidents the components of road traffic accidents the components of road traffic accidents the components of road traffic accidents the components of primary survey in victims of road traffic accidents	UG- Sur-I 2.2	НО	КН	therapeutics of	List homeopathic remedies that are commonly used for specific types	C/1	Must know	Small group	Viva	SAQ		
	UG- Sur-I	KS		the management of road traffic	components of primary survey in victims of road traffic	C/2	Must know	small group				

Maximum marks:200

Theory: Pape Pape

per 1- 100 per 2- 100	D. J.
	8. 4

				Describe the components of Secondary survey in victims of road traffic accidents	C/2	Must know	Lecture/ small group discussion			
Hom UG- Sur-I 2.4	PBL	SH	Resuscitation in trauma cases	Demonstrate the steps of Basic life support - Initiation of resuscitation Opening of airway Defibrillation High quality CPR Ventilation- compression ratio Vascular access Termination of CPR	P/2	Must know	Skill lab training Audio visual aids DOPS	DOPS Viva	DOPS	
Hom UG- Sur-I 2.5	KS	КН	Resuscitation of trauma case	Discuss the principles of ATLS - advance trauma care management	C/2	Must know	Skill lab training Audio visual aids Small group discussion DOPS	Viva DOPS	MCQ SAQ LAQ DOP S	



Hom UG- Sur-I 2.6	KS	КН	Management of trauma case	Discuss the principles of pre-hospital care and causality	•	Must know	Skill lab training Audio visual aids Small group	Viva OSCE	MCQ SAQ LAQ	
Hom	DDI			management of a trauma victim including principles of triage		The state of the s	discussion Small project			
UG- Sur-I 2.7	PBL	SH	Resuscitation in trauma cases	Demonstrate the steps of Basic life support	P/2	Must know	Skill lab training Audiovisual aid DOPS	Viva OSCE Small project	OSC E	
Hom UG- Sur-I 2.8	PBL	SH	Management of trauma - Transport of injured	Demonstrate the transport of the injured in simulated setting	P/2	Desirable to know	Skill lab training Audiovisual aid	OSCE	OSC E	-



Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100



# 6.3. Head injury; Examination of head injury case-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessment		Integratio
21. 140.	Competen	112112			Guilbert	•		F	S	n
Flom UG- Sur-l 3.1	KS	K	Head injury and intracranial pressure	State the Monro Kellie doctrine about intracranial pressure	C/1	Nice to know	Lecture	Viva	SAQ	
				Enumerate the causes of raised intracranial pressure	C/2	Must know	Lecture		SAQ	
Hom UG- Sur-l 3.2	KS	KH	Head injury pathophysiol ogy, types	Describe Pathophysiology ofhead injuries	C/2	Must know	Lecture Audiovisu al aid Small	Viva Clinical simulation	MCQ SAQ	
				Explain different types of head injuries like concussion,	C/2	Must know	group discussion Case based discussion	· ·		
				skull fracture, intracranial haemorrhage and diffuse axonal injuries						
Hom UG- Sur-l 3.3	KS	KH	Assessment of head injury	Describe Glasgow coma scale	C/1	Must know	Lecture/ small group discussion	Viva OSCE Mini-CEX	MCQ SAQ LAQ	



				Discuss the neurological assessment of a patient with head injuries	C/2	Must know	Audiovisu al mode Clinical simulation			
Hom UG- Sur-1 3.4	KS	KH	Investigations and management of head injury	Enumerate the appropriate investigations to done in case of head injury	C/2	Must know	Lecture/ small group discussion Audio	Viva Audiovisual aids	LAQ	Radiology
	НО	KH	Homoeopathi c therapeutics for head injury	Discuss the Homoeopathic therapeutics for head injuries	C/1	Must know	visual aid		SAQ	Materia Medica

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100



# 6.4. Injury to chest and abdomen; Examination of chest and abdominal injury -

SI.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessn	nent	Integration
No.	Competenc				Guilbert			F	S	
Hom UG- Sur-l 4.1	KS	КН	Clinical features, investigation s and management of chest injuries	Describe the clinical features of chest injuries  List the appropriate investigations required in a case of chest injury	C/2	Must know Must know	Lecture Audiovisu al aid Case based studies	Viva OSCE	SAQ LAQ	
		,		Discuss the management of chest injury	C/2	Desirable to know	T-P-P-P-P-P-P-P-P-P-P-P-P-P-P-P-P-P-P-P			in the state of th
Hom UG- Sur-I 4.2	KS	КН	Chest injuries - flail chest and stove-in chest	Define flail chest	C/1 C/2	Must know Must know	Lecture Audiovisu al aid	Viva	MCQ SAQ	(
				Discuss the management of flail chest	C/2	Desirable to know	and interpretation of the state	The state of the s	The state of the s	,
				Explain stove-in chest	C/2	Nice to know		in the state of th		



Hom UG- Sur-I	KS	KH	Chest injuries -tension pneumothora	Define tension pneumothorax	C/1	Must know	Lecture Small group	Viva OSCE	SAQ LAQ MCQ		
4.3		1	x	Enumerate the cause of tension pneumothorax	C/2	Must know	discussion Audiovisu al aid Skill lab		-		
a negotive special sections and sections and sections and sections are sections as the section sections as the section sections as the section		-		Discuss the clinical features of tension pneumothorax	C/2	Must know	simulation				
				Discuss the management of tension pneumothorax	C/2	Must know					
Hom UG- Sur-I 4.4	KS	KH	Chest injury - Thoracotomy	Enumerate the indications for Emergency thoracotomy	C/2	Desirable to know	Lecture	Viva	SAQ		
Hom UG- Sur-I 4.5	KS	КН	Abdominal injury - Clinical features, investigation	Explain the clinical presentations of blunt abdominal trauma	C/2	Must know	Lecture Audiovisu al aid Small group	Viva OSCE	MCQ SAQ LAQ	Ċ	St. C.
			s and management of abdominal injuries	Enumerate the relevant investigations to be advised in a case of blunt abdominal trauma	C/2	Must know	discussion				

				Discuss the surgical management of blunt abdominal trauma	C/2	Desirable to know				
Hom UG- Sur-I 4.6	KS	KH	Abdominal injuries-splenic trauma	Describe the clinical presentation of splenic trauma  Discuss the diagnosis of splenic	C/2 C/2	Must know Must	Lecture Audio visual aid Small group discussion	Viva OSCE	MCQ SAQ LAQ	
				trauma		know				
				Discuss the management of splenic trauma	C/2	Desirable to know	·		-	
Hom UG- Sur-I 4.7	KS	КН	Abdominal injuries- Hepatic trauma	Describe the clinical presentation of Hepatic trauma	C/2	Must know	Lecture Audiovisu al aid Small	Viva	MCQ SAQ LAQ	
				Discuss the diagnosis of Hepatic trauma	C/2	Must know	group discussion		TWO and soon in the	
		***************************************		Discuss the management of Hepatic trauma	C/2	Desirable to know	The state of the s			
Hom UG- Sur-I 4.8	KS	KH	Abdominal injuries- pancreaticod uodenal trauma	Describe the clinical presentation of pancreaticoduodena I trauma	C/2	Must know	Lecture Audiovisu al aid	Viva	MCQ SAQ LAQ	4

 ·重·	i.
(Z)	ó

7,712,12					Discuss the diagnosis compancreaticoduodens I trauma	f	Desirable to know	Small group discussion			
					Discuss the management commander pancreaticoduodenal trauma	f C/2	Nice to know				
	Hom UG- Sur-l 4.9	KS	КН	Abdominal injuries- Renal trauma	Explain the clinica presentations o renal trauma	!	Must know	Lecture Audiovisu al aid Small	Viva	MCQ SAQ LAQ	 
					Discuss the diagnosis of rena trauma	,	Desirable to know	group discussion			
					Discuss the management o renal trauma	1	Nice to know	The state of the s			

Maximum marks:200

Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100



## 6.5. Wounds and wound healing; Scar and keloid; Examination of wounds-

SI.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TLMM	Assessment		Integratio
No.	Competency				Guilbert	<b>.</b> .		F	S	n
Hom UG- Sur-I 5.1	KS	K	Types of wounds	Discuss various types of closed wounds	C/1	Must know	Lecture Small group discussion	Viva	MCQ SAQ	FMT
				Discuss various types of open wounds		Must know				
Hom UG- Sur-I 5.2	KS	KH	Wound healing process and its types	Discuss the various stages of wound healing	C/I	Must know	Lecture Audiovisual aid Small project	Viva	SAQ MCQ	Pathology
				Discuss the factors affecting the wound healing	C/2	Desirable to know				
				Discuss the types of wound healing	C/2	Must know				
Hom UG- Sur-I 5.3	PBL	SH	Examinati on of wound	Demonstrate the evaluation and assessment of wound	P/2	Must know	Audiovisual aid Case based discussion DOPS	Viva Clinical performanc e OSCE		



Hom	KS	KH	Wound	Describe the	C/2	Must	Lecture	Viva	SAQ	
IG-			manageme	principles		know	Audio-video			
Sur-1			nt	acute wound			mode		]	
5.4	·			management			Skill lab			
							simulation Clinical	Clinical		
	PBL	SH		Demonstrate	P/2		Demonstration	performanc		
				cleaning and dressing of			Wound dressing	e OSCE		
				wound			Audiovisual			
							aid			
							Small group			
							discussion DOPS			
							Small project			
Hom	KS	K	Surgical	Classify	· C/1	Must	Lecture		MCQ	Pathology
UG-			site	surgical site		know	Audiovisual	Viva	SAQ	
Sur-I	·		infections	infections.			aid		LAQ	
5.5							Small group			
						Must			-	
		KH		Enumerate the risk factors of	C/2	know				
	ļ	1311		surgical site	CIZ	KHOW				
				infections						
	To property of the state of the	<b>.</b>		Discuss the		Must				
		KH		clinical		know				
				presentation of	C/ 2					
				surgical site						1
				infections						1
				-		,				
Land of the Control o						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				



	НО	KH	Homeopat hic	Discuss the scope of	C/1	Must know				
			nt of surgical site infections	Homoeopathy in surgical site infections.  Discuss the		Must				
				Homeopathic therapeutics for surgical site infections	C/I	know				
Hom UG- Sur-I 5.6	HO	KH	Wound manageme nt	Discuss the homoeopathic therapeutics for various types of injuries	C/2	Must know	Lecture	Viva	SAQ	Materia ( Medica Repertory
Hom UG- Sur-I 5.7	PBL	К	Wound manageme nt	Enumerate different types of Suture materials	C/2	Desirable to know	Tutorial Small project	Viva	SAQ	(
		SH		Demonstrate different types of Suture / knotting techniques	P/2	Nice to know	Skill lab simulation Audiovisual aid DOAP			· ·
		KH		Discuss the Principles of anastomosis	C/2	Nice to know	Tutorial Audiovisual aid			

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Hom UG- Sur-I 5.8	KS	KH	Scars and keloid	Describe hypertrophic scar and keloid	C/2	Must know	Lecture	Viva	SAQ	
	НО			Discuss the management of Scars and Keloid along with Homoeopathic Therapeutics	C/2	Must know	Lecture	Viva	SAQ	Materia Medica

# 6.6. Haemorrhage, blood transfusion; Examination of a haemorrhagic case -

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessm	ent	Integration
	Competency		į		Guilbe rt			F	S	
Hom UG- Sur-I 6.1	KS	K	Types of haemorrha	Enumerate types of haemorrhage	C/2	Must know	Lecture	Viva	MCQ SAQ	
Hom UG- Sur-I 6.2	KS	KH	Manageme nt of haemorrha ge	Explain the basic concepts of hemostasis and mechanism of Haemostasis	C/1	Nice to know	Lecture Audiovisual aid	Viva	SAQ LAQ	Physiology
Hom UG- Sur-I 6.3	НО	КН	Management of haemorrhage with homoeopathy	Discuss homoeopathic therapeutics for haemorrhage	C/2	Must know	Lecture	Viva	SAQ	Materia Medica Repertory

For
A 1/2
Z.V
فرف

Hom UG- Sur-I 6.4	KS	KH	Blood transfusion and blood products	Enumerate the Indications for blood transfusion  Explain the complications of blood transfusion  Describe various blood products	C/1 C/2	Must know Must know	Lecture Small group discussion OSCE Small project	Viva Viva	SAQ MCQ SAQ	Pathology
				and appropriate indications for their use		to know				
Hom UG- Sur-I 6.5	KS PBL	KH SH	Examination n of haemorrhagic case	Discuss the assessment of patient with haemorrhage  Demonstrate examination of a haemorrhagic case	C/1 P/2	Must know	Audiovisual aid Clinical demonstration Small group discussion DOPS	Viva OSCE	SAQ	
Hom UG- Sur-I 6.6	PBL	S	Blood transfusion procedure	Observe blood transfusion procedure	P/1	Nice to know	Observing blood transfusion procedure	Logbook		

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100



## 6.7. Shock; Examination of shock -

Sl.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom	Priority	TL MM	Assessm	ent	Integration
No.	Competency	manual de des de la contraction de la contractio			/ Guilb ert	•		F.	S	
Hom UG- Sur-I	KS	KH	Shock types, pathophysiol ogy	Define shock	C/1	Must know	Lecture	Viva	MCQ SAQ LAQ	Pathology Physiology
7.1		7-74-6 (1) (1) (1) (1)		Enumerate the various types of shock	C/2	Must know	Lecture			
				Explain the pathophysiolo gy of shock	C/2	Desirable to know	Lecture Audiovisual aid			
Hom UG- Sur-I 7.2	KS	KH	Clinical features, investigation s and management of shock	Explain the clinical features of shock	C/2	Must know	Lecture Audiovisual aid Small group discussion	Viva OSCE	MCQ SAQ LAQ	Pathology Practice of Medicine
				Discuss the diagnosis of various types of shock	C/2	Must know				
				Explain the complications of shock.	C/2	Must know	;	Average and the second		

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100



, m			·	Discuss the management of shock	C/2	Must know				1000
Hom UG- Sur-I 7.3	НО	KH	Homeopathic therapeutics for shock	Discuss the homoeopathic therapeutics for shock	C/1	Must know	Lecture Small group discussion	Viva	SAQ	Materia Medica

# 6.8. Fluid, electrolyte and acid base balance; Clinical examination and evaluation-

SI.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessmen	ıt	Integration
No.	Competency				Guilbert			F .	S	
Hom UG- Sur-I 8.1	КН	K	Fluid, electrolyte and acid base balance	Describe the fluid compartments of the body	C/1	Desirable to know	Tutorial	Viva	MCQ SAQ	Pathology Physiology
Hom UG- Sur-I 8.2	KH	КН	Fluid, electrolyte and acid base balance	Identify the indications of fluid replacement	C/2	Must know	Lecture Small group discussion Small project	Viva OSCE	SAQ	Biochemistry
				Discuss the methods of estimation and replacement the Fluid and electrolyte in the surgical patient	C/2	Desirable to know				



Hom UG- Sur-I 8.3	КН	KH	Acid base balance	Enumerate the causes of metabolic acidosis	1	Must know	Lecture Small group discussion	Viva	MCQ SAQ	Biochemistry Pathology
	·			Describe the clinical features and laboratory		Must know				
				findings of metabolic acidosis  Discuss the management of	C/2	Must know				
Iom  G- ur-I  4	КН	КН	Acid base balance	metabolic acidosis  Enumerate the causes of metabolic alkalosis	C/2	Must know	Lecture Small group	Viva	MCQ SAQ	Biochemistry Pathology
			·	Describe the clinical features and laboratory findings of metabolic alkalosis	C/2	Must know	discussion			
			1	Discuss the management of metabolic alkalosis	C/2	Must know				A



Hom UG- Sur-l	KS	KH	Acid base balance	Enumerate the causes of respiratory acidosis	C/2	Must know	Lecture Small group discussion	Viva	MCQ SAQ	Biochemistry Pathology	
8.5				Describe the clinical features and laboratory findings of respiratory acidosis	C/2	Must know					
				Discuss the management of respiratory acidosis	C/2	Must know	· ·				
Hom UG- Sur-l	KS	KH	Acid base balance	Enumerate the causes of respiratory alkalosis	C/2	Must know	Lecture Audiovisu al aid	Viva	MCQ SAQ	Biochemistry Pathology	50
8.6				Describe the clinical features and laboratory findings of respiratory alkalosis	C/2	Must know					
				Discuss the management of respiratory alkalosis	C/2	Must know		-		-	

Hom UG- Sur-I 8.7	KS	KH	Electrolyte balance - Potassium	Enumerate causes of Hyperkalemia	C/2	Must know	Lecture Small group discussion	Viva	SAQ	Biochemistry Practice of Medicine
				Describe the clinical features and diagnosis of hyperkalemia	C/2	Must know	discussion			,
	·			Discuss the management of Hyperkalemia	C/2	Must know				
Hom UG- Sur-I 8.8	KS	КН	Electrolyte balance - Potassium	Enumerate causes of Hypokalemia	C/2	Must know	Lecture Small group discussion	Viva	SAQ	Biochemistry Practice of Medicine
				Describe the clinical features and diagnosis of hypokalemia	C/2	Must know				
		<u>.</u>		Discuss the management of Hypokalemia	C/2	Must know				
Iom JG- Sur-I	KS	KH	Electrolyte balance - Sodium	Enumerate causes of Hypernatremia	C/2	Must know	Lecture	Viva	SAQ	Biochemistry Practice of Medicine

Maximum marks:200

Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

8.9				Describe the clinical features and diagnosis of hypernatremia	C/2	Must know	Small group discussion				
				Discuss the management of Hypernatremia	C/2	Must know				4	- Common
Hom UG- Sur-I 8.10	KS	KH	Electrolyte balance - Sodium	Enumerate causes of Hyponatremia	C/2	Must know	Lecture Small group discussion	Viva	SAQ	Biochemistry Practice of Medicine	
				Describe the clinical features and diagnosis of hyponatremia	C/2	Must know					
				Discuss the management of Hyponatremia	C/2	Must know		THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O			8
Hom UG- Sur-I 8.11	KS	K	Electrolyte balance - Calcium	Enumerate causes of Hypercalcemia	C/2	Must know	Lecture Small group discussion	Viva	SAQ	Biochemistry Practice of Medicine	
		To the state of th		Describe the clinical features and	C/2	Desirable to know				_	\$\ \$\ 3\

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100



				diagnosis of hypercalcemia  Discuss the management of Hypercalcemia	C/2	Nice to know		,		
Hom UG- Sur-I	KS	K	Electrolyte balance - Calcium	Enumerate causes of Hypocalcemia	C/2	Must know	Lecture	Viva	SAQ	Biochemistry Practice of Medicine
8.12	ļ				•					
				Describe the clinical features and diagnosis of hypocalcemia	C/2	Desirable to know				
	·			Discuss the management of Hypocalcemia	C/2	Nice to know		7.5.7.7.1		

Subject: Surgery

Subject code: HomUG-Sur-I Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

training DOPS

Hom	PBL	KH	Fluid,	Describe the	P/2	Must	Case	Clinical	
UG-			electrolyte	assessment of		know	demonstrat	performanc	
Sur-I			and acid	fluid, electrolyte and			ion	e Case based	
8.13			balance	acid base balance in a			  - 	discussion Assignment	
				surgical case	,			s	
		SH		Fluid	P/2		Skill lab,		
				replacement therapy			Simulation Clinical bedside		

### 6.9. Burns, skin grafting; Clinical examination-

$\mathbf{SL}$	Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessme	nt	Integration
No					Guilbe rt	,		F	S	
Hom UG- Sur-I 9.1	KS	K	Burns and skin grafting	Describe the pathophysiolo gy of burns  Discuss the assessment of burn wound.	C/2	Must know Must know	Lecture Audiovisual aid Skill lab simulation	Viva OSCE	MCQ SAQ LAQ	Physiology
				Assessing size and depth of burns						_



				Explain the principles of fluid resuscitation in burns cases	C/2	Desirable to know					· Section of the sect
		·		Discuss the management of burn wound	C/2	Must know					- Landanina
Hom UG- Sur-I 9.2	НО	КН	Burns and skin grafting	Discuss the scope of Homoeopathy in the management of burns	C/2	Must know	Lecture small group discussion	Viva	SAQ	Materia Medica Repertory	
				Discuss the homoeopathic therapeutics for burns							
Hom UG- Sur-I 9.3	PBL	SH	Burns and skin grafting	Examination of case of burns  Assessment of burn	P/2	Desirable to know	Simulation and skill lab training DOPS	Logbook OSCE			

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100



Hom UG- Sur-I 9.4	KS	K	Burns and skin grafting	Enumerate the indications for skin grafting	C/2	Desirable to know	Lecture Audiovisual aid	Viva	SAQ	
And the second s				Describe the various types of skin grafting						

### 6.10. Nutrition-

SI.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessn	nent	Integration
No.	Competency				Guilbert	-		F	S	J
Hom UG- Sur-l	KS	KH	Nutrition	Enumerate the causes of malnutrition in surgical patients	C/1	Must know	Lecture Small group discussion	Viva	SAQ	Physiology
10.1				Discuss the consequences of malnutrition in surgical patient.	C/2	Desirable to know		Viva	SAQ	
Hom UG- Sur-I 10.2	KS	KH	Nutrition	Discuss the nutritional requirements of surgical patients	C/2	Must know	Lecture Audiovisual aid	Viva	SAQ	Physiology

Maximum marks:200

Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

3/16	
ん写。	
م ا	

				Explain the methods of providing nutritional support.			Skill lab simulation			
Hom UG- Sur-I 10.3	PBL	SH	Nutrition	Demonstrate various types artificial nutritional support in surgical patients	P/2	Desirable to know	Simulation skill lab Small project DOPS	Viva OSCE DOPS		

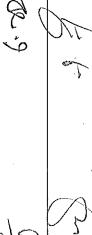
# Common surgical infections; Examination of common surgical infections-

Sl.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessn	nent	Integration
No.	Competency				Guilbert			F	S	
Hom UG- Sur-I	KS	K	Boil	Define boil	C/1	Must know	Lecture	Viva	MCQ SAQ	Pathology
11.1		КН		Discuss clinical features complication	C/2	The state of the s		To the formation of the		
Hom	KS	YZI I	0 1 1	s of boil						
UG- Sur-I	1 1/0	KH	Carbuncle	Define carbuncle	C/1	Must know	Lecture Audiovisual	Viva	MCQ SAQ	Pathology
11.2				Describe the pathology of carbuncle	C/2	Must know	mode			
				Discuss the clinical features complications of carbuncle	C/2	Must know				

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Hom UG-	KS	KH	Abscess	Define abscess	C/1	Must know	Lecture Audiovisual	Viva	MCQ SAQ	Pathology	
Sur-I 11.3	•			Enumerate			aid			•	
11.3				the various	C/2						
,				types of abscesses Explain				-			
				clinical features of abscess	C/2						
				Discuss the management of abscess	C/2						
Hom UG- Sur-I	KS	КН	Cellulitis and erysipelas	Define cellulitis	C/1	Must know	Lecture Audiovisual	Viva	SAQ MCQ	Pathology	
11.4				Explain clinical features of cellulitis	C/2	Must know	aid				
				Define erysipelas	C/I	Must know		The state of the s			
		**************************************		Explain the clinical	CD						





C/2

Must know

features

erysipelas

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100



				Discuss the difference between cellulitis and erysipelas	C/2	Must know				
Hom UG- Sur-I 11.5	KS	КН	Hidradeniti s suppurativa	Discuss the pathology of Hidradenitis suppurativa	C/2	Must know	Lecture	Viva	SAQ MCQ	Pathology
				Explain the clinical features of Hidradenitis suppurativa	C/2	IVIUST KHOW				The state of the s
Hom UG- Sur-I 11.6	KS	K	Septicaemi a and pyaemia	Define septicaemia. Enumerate	C/1	Must know  Must know	Lecture Small group discussion	Viva	LAQ SAQ MCQ	Pathology
				the causes of septicemia discuss the clinical features of septicaemia	C/2 ·					
Hom UG- Sur-I 11.7	KS	K	Systemic inflammato ry response syndrome	Define systemic inflammator y response syndrome (SIRS)	C/1	Must know	Lecture Audiovisual aid	Viva	LAQ SAQ MCQ	Pathology



		KH		Discuss the pathophysiol ogy of SIRS	C/2	Desirable to know				
Hom UG- Sur-I 11.8	PBL	SH	Common surgical infections	Demonstrate the examination of a case of common surgical infections like boil, carbuncle, cellulitis, erysipelas, hydradenitis suppurativa etc	P/2	Must know	Small group discussion Clinical demonstrati on DOPS	Viva OSCE DOPS	Case based discussio n Log book	
Hom UG- Sur-I 11.9	НО	K	Common surgical infections	Discuss the therapeutics with specific indications for common surgical infections like boil, carbuncle, cellulitis, erysipelas and hidradenitis suppurativa	C/2	Must know	Lecture	Viva	SAQ MCQ	Materia Medica Repertory

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100



Hom UG- Sur-I 11.10	НО	КН	Common surgical infections Septicaemi	Discuss the role of Homoeopath y in	C/2	Must know	Lecture Small group discussion	Viva	SAQ	Materia Medica Repertory	
			a and pyaemia	septicaemia and pyaemia							Contract of the second
				Discuss the homoeopathi							
To the state of th				c therapeutics forsepticaem					70.0		
				ia and pyaemia							

# 6.12. Special infections; Clinical examination-

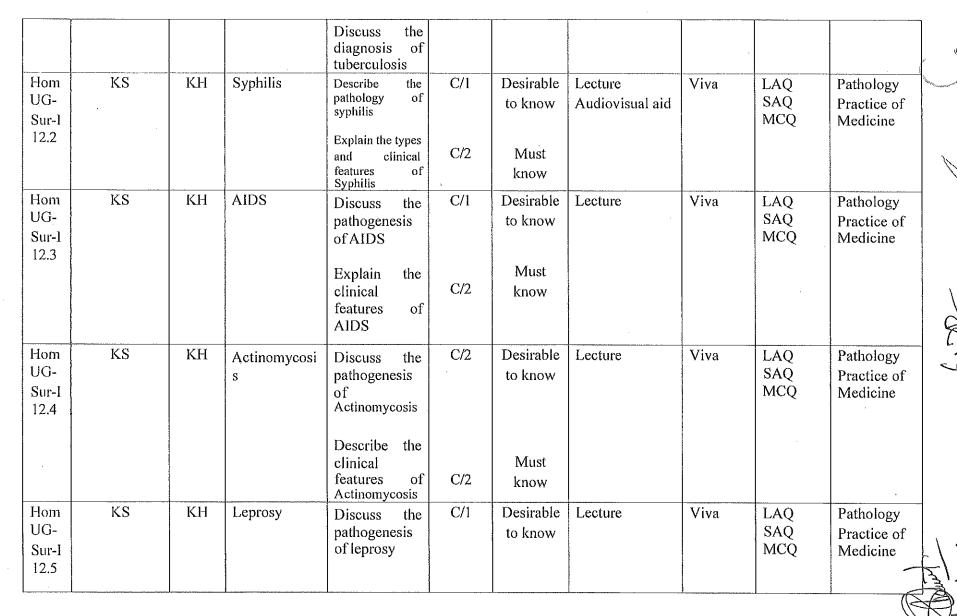
Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content `	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessm	ent	Integration
Hom	KS	KH	Tuberculosis	Describe the	Gilbert C/1	Desirable	Lecture	F Viva	S	D.41 1
UG- Sur-I 12.1				pathology of tuberculosis	<i>37</i>	to know	Audiovisual aid Small group discussion	VIVA	LAQ SAQ MCQ	Pathology Practice of Medicine
				Explain the clinicalfeature s of tuberculosis	C/2	Must know	discussion			
					C/2	Must know				

Subject code: HomUG-Sur-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100



				Explain the types and clinical features of leprosy	C/2	Must know				
Hom UG- Sur-I 12.6	KS	KH	Tetanus	Discuss the pathogenesis of Tetanus	C/1	Desirable to know	Lecture	Viva	LAQ SAQ MCQ	Pathology Practice of Medicine
		a portion		Explain the clinical features of Tetanus	C/2	Must know			-	
Hom UG- Sur-I	KS	КН	Infective gangrene	Define gangrene.	C/1	Must know	Lecture Audiovisual aid Small group	Viva	LAQ SAQ MCQ	Pathology Practice of Medicine
12.7				Enumerate the causes of gangrene	C/2	Must know	discussion Case based discussion			
				Discuss the clinical types of gangrene.	C/2	Must know				
				Describe the clinical features	C/2	Must know				
				Discuss the management of gangrene	C/2	Must know				===

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100



Hom UG- Sur-I 12.8	НО	K	Special infections	Discuss the homoeopathic therapeutics for special infections like Tuberculosis, Syphilis, AIDS, Actinomycosis, Leprosy and tetanus	C/2	Must know	Lecture/ small group discussion	Viva	SAQ MCQ	Materia Medica Repertory
Hom UG- Sur-I 12.9	HO	KH	Special infections - gangrene	Discuss the Homoeopathi c therapeutics for Gangrene	C/1	Must know	Lecture/ small group discussion	Viva	SAQ MCQ	Materia Medica Repertory
Hom UG- Sur-I 12.1 0	PBL	SH	Special infections - gangrene	Demonstrate the Examination of case of gangrene	P/2	Must know	Clinical demonstration Audiovisual aid Skill lab training	Case based discussio n OCSE	OSCE	

# 6.13. Concept of swelling-Tumours and Cysts; Clinical examination of swelling-

Sl.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessr	nent	Integration
No.	Competency	*			Guilbert			F	S	
Hom UG- Sur-l 13.1	KS	К	Swelling concept	Define Tumour	C/1	Must Know	Lecture	Viva	MCQ	Pathology

40



Hom UG-	KS	KH	Tumours	Discuss the	C/2	Must Know	Lecture	Viva	SAQ	Pathology
Sur-I				differences between benign and malignant			Audiovi		LAQ	
13.2	,			tumours		,	sual aid			
		<u> </u>		Differentiate						
:				different tumours like sarcoma,						
	<u> </u>	<b>!</b>		Fibrosarcoma,						
				Naevus, Melanoma etc						office of the second
Hom	НО	К	Tumours	Discuss	C/2	Must Know	Lecture	Viva	MCQ	Pathology
UG-				Homoeopathic					SAQ	
Sur-I 13.3				Therapeutics of Tumour						Organon: Miasm
							*	[		Materia Medica
Hom UG-	KS	K	Cyst	Define Cyst	C/1	Must Know	Lecture	Viva	MCQ	Pathology
Sur-I 13.4						E .	,			
Hom	KS	KH	Cyst	Explain Types of	C/2	Must Know	Lecture	Viva	SAQ	Pathology
UG-				Cyst			Assaliand		LAQ	
Sur-I 13.5	A						Audiovi sual aid			·



Hom UG-	НО	K	Cyst	Discuss the homoeopathic	C/2	Must Know	Lecture	Viva	MCQ SAQ	Pathology Organon:
Sur-1 13.6				therapeutics for Cyst			:		The state of the s	Miasm Materia
Hom UG- Sur-I 13.7	KS	КН	Lipoma, Fibroma, Adenoma, Neuroma, Neurofibro ma, Haemangio	Explain Lipoma, Fibroma, Adenoma, Neuroma, Neurofibroma, Haemangioma	C/2	Must Know	Lecture Audiovi sual aid	Viva	SAQ LAQ MCQ	Medica Pathology
Hom UG- Sur-I 13.8	НО	<b>КН</b>	of Lipoma, Fibroma, Adenoma, Neuroma, Neurofibr oma, Haemangi	Discuss the Homoeopathic therapeutics of Lipoma, Fibroma, Adenoma, Neuroma, Neurofibroma, Haemangioma	C/2	Must Know	Lecture  Small group discussi on	Viva	MCQ SAQ LAQ	Pathology Organon: Miasm Materia Medica
Hom UG- Sur-I 13.9	PBL	SH	Tumour & Swelling	Demonstrate examination of Tumour and swelling of different types	P/2	Must Know	Clinical demonstra tion DOPS Small group discussion	OSCE	Mini- cex OSCE	

Subject code: HomUG-Sur-I Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100



### 6.14. Hernia - Abdominal hernias, Basic Anatomy, Types causes, Clinical features Complications, Management; Examination of hernia case-

Sl. No.	Domain of Competenc	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessi	nent	Integrati on
		İ						F	S	
Hom UG-	KS	K	Hernia	Define Hernia	C/1	Must Know	Lecture	Viva	MCQ	Anatomy
Sur-1 14.1		1/11	3	Enumerate the causes of hernia	C/2	Kilow	Audiovisual aids		SAQ	, Patholog
14.1		КН		Discuss the clinical classification of	C/2	Must know	Small group discussion		LAQ	У
				hernias		Must know				
		į.		Discuss the principles of management of hernias	C/2 C/2	Desirable to know		***************************************		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			-	Discuss the operative approaches to						-noves
				hernias		Nice to know	·		1100	
Hom JG-	KS	KH	Inguinal hernia	Describe the basic anatomy of	C/1	Must know	Lecture	Viva	MCQ	Anatomy
Sur-I			погна	inguinal canal			Audiovisual aid		SAQ	
14.2							Small group discussion		LAQ	



				Discuss the types, clinical presentation and diagnosis of inguinal hernia	C/2	Must know	·				
				Discuss the surgical management of inguinal hernia	C/2	Nice to know	·			We want of the second	
Hom UG- Sur-I 14.3	KS	KH	Femoral hernia	Describe the basic anatomy of femoral canal  Discuss the clinical features and diagnosis of femoral hernia  Discuss the surgical management of Femoral hernia	C/2	Must know  Must know  Nice to know	Lecture Audiovisual aids Small group discussion	Viva	MCQ SAQ LAQ	Anatomy	De. 29
Hom UG- Sur-I 14.4	KS	KH	Umbilica I hernia	Describe the various types of umbilical hernia Discuss the clinicalfeatures and diagnosis Umbilical hernia	C/2 C/2	Must know  Must know	Lecture Audiovisual aids	Viva	MCQ SAQ LAQ		THE STATE OF THE S



Hom UG-	KS	KH	Epigastri	Explain the	C/2	Must know	Lecture	Viva	MCQ	
Sur-I			c hernia	pathology of epigastric hernia			Audiovisual aids		SAQ	
14.5				Describe the	•				LAQ	
<u> </u>				clinical features	C/2	Must know				
	**************************************			of epigastric hernia						
Hom UG-	KS	KH	Incisiona	Describe	C/2	Must know	Lecture	Viva	MCQ	
Sur-I			I hernia	etiology of incisional hernia			Audiovisual aids		SAQ	4400-4900-4900-4900-4900-4900-4900-4900
14.6				Discuss the		Must know	·		LAQ	
	,			clinical features of incisional	C/2					
				hernia		Nice to know		- Non-Lovin Process		·
	·			Discuss the		KIIOW				
				management of incisional hernia	C/2				ALLEGATION AND THE STATE OF THE	
Hom UG-	KS	KH	Spigelian	Explain spigelian	C/2	Desirable	Lecture	Viva	MCQ	
Sur-I 14.7			hernia	hernia		to know	Audiovisual aids		SAQ	
Hom	KS	KH	Lumbar	Explain lumbar	C/2	Desirable	Lecture	Viva	MCQ	mwa
UG- Sur-I			hernia	hernia		to know	Audiovisual aids		SAQ	
14.8										



Hom	KS	KH	Traumati	Explain	C/2	Desirable	Lecture	Viva	MCQ	
UG- Sur-l 14.9			c hernia	traumatic hernia		to know	Audiovisual aids		SAQ	·
Hom UG- Sur-I 14.10	KS	KH	Obturator hernia	Explain obturator hernia	C/2	Desirable to know	Lecture Audiovisual aids	Viva	MCQ SAQ	
Hom UG- Sur-I 14.11	НО	КН	Hernia	Discuss the Homoeopathic Therapeutics for Hernia	C/2	Must Know	Lecture Small group discussion	Viva	MCQ/ SAQ/ LAQ	Patholog y Organon: Miasm Materia Medica
Hom UG- Sur-I 14.12	PBL	SH	Hernia	Demonstrate examination of hernia	P/2	Must Know	Clinical demonstration DOPS Small group discussion	OSCE Mini- cex	Mini- cex	

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

# 6.15. Ulcers; Clinical examination of ulcer-

SI. No.	Domain of Compete	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloo m/Gu ilbert	Priorit y	TL MM	Assess	ment	Integration
	ney .				nbert			F	S	-
Hom UG- Sur-I 15.1	KS	K	Ulcer	Define Ulcer	C/1	Must Know	Lecture	Viva	MCQ	Pathology Organon: Miasm Materia Medica
Hom UG- Sur-I 15.2	KS	КН	Ulcer	Describe different classification of Ulcer	C/2	Must Know	lecture	Viva	MCQ SAQ LAQ	Pathology
Hom UG- Sur-I 15,3	НО	КН	Ulcer	Explain therapeutics of ulcer	C/1	Must Know	Lecture/ Small group discussion	Viva	MCQ/SAQ/LA Q	Pathology Organon: Miasm Materia Medica
Hom JG- Sur-I 15,4	PBL	SH	Ulcer	Demonstrate examination of ulcer	P/2	Must Know	Clinical demonstration DOPS OSCE Small group discussion	OSC E Mini- cex	OSCE Mini-cex	-F

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100



# 6.16. Sinus and Fistula; Clinical examination of Sinus and Fistula-

Sl.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessr	nent	Integration
No.	Competency		-		Guilbert			F	S	
l-lom UG- Sur-I 16.1	KS	К	Sinus and Fistula	Define sinus and fistula	C/1	Must Know	Lecture	Viva	MCQ	Pathology
Hom UG- Sur-I 16.2	KS	КН	Sinus and Fistula	Explain sinus and fistula	C/2	Must Know	Lecture	Viva	MCQ SAQ LAQ	Pathology Organon: Miasm Materia Medica
Hom UG- Sur-I 16.3	PBL	SH	Sinus and Fistula	Demonstrate examination of sinus and fistula	P/2	Must Know	Clinical demonstration DOPS Small group discussion	OSCE	OSCE	
Hom UG- Sur-l 16.4	НО	K	Sinus and Fistula	Explain therapeutics of sinus and fistula	C/1	Must Know	Lecture Small group discussion	Viva	MCQ SAQ LAQ	Organon: Miasm Materia Medica

Subject code: HomUG-Sur-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

# 7. Teaching learning methods

Lectures (Theory)	Non-lectures (Practical/Demonstrative)
Lectures	Clinical demonstration
Small group discussion	Problem based discussion
Integrated lectures	Case based learning
	Assignments
	Library reference
	Self-learning Self-learning

# 8. Details of assessment

Note- The assessment in IIBHMS shall be done only as Internal Assessment (IA) in terms of Periodical Assessments (PA) and Term Tests (TT) as detailed below. There shall not be any Final University Examination (FUE) at this level. The marks obtained in IA during IIBHMS will be added to the marks of IA in the IIIBHMS University Examination.

Overall Scheme of Internal Assessment (IA)\*

Professional Course/ Subject	Term I (1-6 Mor	nths)	Term II (7-12 Months)		
II BHMS/	PA I (end of 3 months)	TT I (end of 6 months)	PA II (end of 9 months)	TT II (end of 12 months)	

20

Subject code: HomUG-Sur-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Surgery	20 Marks Viva-	100 Marks Clinical/Practical and Viva	20 Marks Viva- B	100 Marks Clinical/Practical and Viva - F
	A	- E		i) Viva voce -50 marks
	•	i) Viva voce -50 marks		ii) Clinical/practical- 50
		ii) Clinical/practical- 50		Surgical case taking and
		Surgical Case taking - 25marks		
		(Mandatory);		Examination of surgical case -
		Examination of		15+15=30 marks;
		wound/Cleaning and dressing		Surgical case file (5 cases)-20
		of wound/Demonstration of Steps of Basic life		marks
		support/Transport of the	1	
		injured /Demonstration of		
		suturing technique.		
	,	(Demonstration of any one of		
•		the procedures mentioned) -	er e	
		25 marks		

# \*Method of Calculation of Internal Assessment Marks in II BHMS for Final University Examination to be held in III BHMS:

Marks of PA	Marks of PA II	Periodical Assessment Average PA I+ PA II /2	Marks ofTT I	Marks ofTT II	Terminal Test Average TT I + TT II / 200 x 20	Final Internal Assessment Marks
A	В	D	E	F	G	D+G/2

50



Subject code: HomUG-Sur-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

#### 9. List of recommended text/reference books

- Williams, N., O'Connell, P. R., & McCaskie, A. (2018).
- Bailey and Love's Short Practice of Surgery, 27th Edition: the Collector's Edition. Chapman and Hall/CRC.
- Sriram Bhat. (2019). SRB's manual of surgery. Jaypee Brothers.
- A concise text book of surgery, 11th edition S Das
- Das, S. (2024). A Manual on Clinical Surgery. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers Pvt Limited.
- Sriram, B. M. (2019). SRB's clinical methods in surgery. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.
- Kulkarni, S. (2002). Surgery Therapeutics. B. Jain Publishers.
- Lilienthal, S. Homoeopathic Therapeutics.
- Willis Alonzo Dewey. (2018). Practical Homeopathic Therapeutics. B. Jain Publishers.

#### 10. List of Contributors:

I. Dr. Thankaraj B

Professor & HOD Department of Surgery Nehru Homoeopathic Medical College & Hospital New Delhi

II. Dr. Jigar Shah

Professor in Department of Surgery Smt. Malini Kishore Sanghvi Homoeopathic Medical College & Hospital Karjan, Dist: Vadodara, Gujarat

52

0

A. C.

800

到多多

Subject: Homoeopathic Materia Medica

Subject code: Hom UG-HMM-II

Year of Examination: 2027

Max. Marks: 100

Theory: 100

# Instructions for paper setters:

- 1. There will be one paper only of 100 marks.
- 2. All questions compulsory.
- 3. Attempt questions in serial order.
- 4. Illustrate your answers with well labeled diagrams were ever necessary.

# Distribution of marks:

- 5. MCQs 10marks (1 mark each)
- 6. Short answer questions 40 marks (5 marks each)
- 7. Long answer questions 50 marks (10 marks each)

6.20

3. Foliation 5. sun vid

# Subject: Homoeopathic Materia Medica Subject code: HomUG-HMM-II Year of Exam: 2027

# Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

~

Subject: Homoeopathic Materia Medica

Subject code: HomUG-HMM-II

# Index

S.No	Description	Page Number
1.	Preamble	2
2.	Course Outcomes (CO)	3
3.	Learning Objectives (LO)	4
4.	Course Content And Term -wise Distribution	4-6
5.	Teaching Hours	7-8
6.	Content Mapping	9-13
7.	Teaching Learning Methods	14
8.	Details of Assessment	15-19
9.	List of Recommended Books	20
10.	List of Contributors	20





#### 1. Preamble

Homoeopathic Materia Medica is the study of the action of drugs on healthy human being as a whole taking into consideration individual susceptibility and its reaction to various circumstances and time. A good prescription by a Homoeopath mainly depends upon the case receiving, processing and a sound knowledge of Homoeopathic Materia Medica.

Each drug in Materia Medica not only has its own personality with its mental and physical constitution but also has its own affinity to an area, direction, spread, tissue, organ; system. Study of a drug in context of altered sensation, function and structure covers the Pathology caused by it, which is also expressed in the pathogenesis of the drugs. Materia Medica also has symptoms from Toxicological and Clinical proving. All this knowledge is of utmost importance in order to apply the remedies in various clinical conditions. This can be achieved only by integrating the study of Materia Medica with other parallel subjects taught during the course.

Apart from the source books of Materia Medica there are different types of Materia Medica constructed on different philosophical backgrounds by different authors. Materia Medica also forms the platform of various repertories. Therefore, it becomes very important for a student of Homoeopathy to learn theplan and construction of all the basic Materia Medica in order to understand their practical utility in practice.

It is also important to keep in mind that the end point of the teaching of HMM is not to burden the student with information of a greater number of remedies but to equip with an approach which will help to develop the vision towards self-guided study and apply the knowledge in practice.

This self-directed learning can ultimately lead to a critical approach of studying Materia Medica hence empowering evidence-based practice and initiate the process of lifelong learning. Exploring Materia Medica is an endless journey as newer illnesses will keep on emerging and newer drugs or undiscovered facets of existing drugs will be needed to explore for managing these situations.

A La STE

泰家



#### 2. Course outcomes

- i. To grasp the basic concept and philosophy of Homeopathic Materia Medica based on Hahnemannian directions
- ii. To understand the different sources and types of Materia Medica
- iii. To mould Homoeopathic students by equipping them to readily grasp the symptoms of the sick individual corresponding to the symptoms of the drug.
- iv. To understand the drug with its pharmacological data, adaptability, sphere of action, along with characteristic sensations and functions both at level of mind and body along with doctrine of signatures.
- v. To construct the portrait of the drug with its predisposition, disposition both mental and physical, diathesis and disease expression with Miasmatic correlation and its susceptibility expression at various times taking in to consideration of the environment around him/her.
- vi. To understand the drug from its therapeutic application in various pathological conditions and allied clinical subjects like practice of medicine, surgery, obstetrics and gynaecology.
- vii. To understand the group characteristics of the drugs and the individualizing symptoms of the individual remedies of the group.
- viii. To differentiate medicines arising from the reportorial process and to arrive at an appropriate similimum.
- ix. To grasp the concept of remedy relationship and its application in practice
- x. To understand the Miasmatic expressions and evolution in a given drug
- xi. To understand and apply the bio-chemic system of medicine in practice
- xii. To understand and apply the utility of mother tinctures in practice



#### 3. Learning objectives

At the end of BHMS II course, the students should be able to-

- i. Discuss the different approaches for studying Homoeopathic Materia Medica.
- ii. Understand the drug picture of medicines in the syllabus of II BHMS in context of its pharmacological data, constitution, temperament, sphere of action, pathogenesis, ailments from, modalities, mentals, physical generals and particulars, miasm and relationship with other remedies including the doctrine of Signature.
- iii. Integrate the knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Pharmacy, Psychology, Organonof Medicine, Pathology and Toxicology for the understanding of a particular drug.
- iv. Compare and contrast symptomsof similar remedies of I and II BHMS syllabus.
- v. Demonstrate the steps of case taking as per guidelines given in Organon of medicine.
- vi. Demonstrate basic physical examination skills.
- vii. Recognisethe importance ofinterpretation of basic investigations in a given case.
- viii. Analyse the symptoms of a case to categorize them as Mentals, Physical Generals and Particulars.
- ix. Recognise the PQRS of a drug in the case taken.

#### 4. Course content and its term-wise distribution(theory)

#### 4.1 Introductory lectures

- 4.1.1 Assessment of Entry Behaviour for I BHMS syllabus
- 4.1.2 Different approaches for studying Homoeopathic Materia Medica
- 4.1.3 Integrating the knowledge of Pathology, Toxicology, Practice of Medicine, Surgery and Gynaecology-Obstetrics in a better understanding of Homoeopathic Materia Medica





4.2 Homoeopathic medicines:

1. Acetic Acid	17.Cactus Grandiflorus	33. Helleborus Niger
2. ActeaRacemosa	18. Calcarea Arsenicosa	34. Hyoscyamus Niger
3. Aesculus Hippocastanum	19.Calcarea Iodata	35. Kali Bichromicum
4. AgaricusMuscarius	20. Camphora	36. Kali Bromatum
5. Agnus Castus	21. Cannabis Indica	37. KaliCarbonicum
5. Alumina	22. Cannabis Sativa	38. Moschus
7. Ambra Grisea	23. Cantharis	39. Nux Moschata
3. AnacardiumOrientalis	24. Cardus Marianus	40. Opium
9. Antimonium Arsenicosum	25. Causticum	41. Petroleum
10. ApocynumCannabinum	26. Ceanothus Americanus	42. Phosphorus
11. Arsenicum Iodatum	27. Chelidonium Majus	43. Secale Cornutum
2. Argentum Nitricum	28. Chininum Arsenicosum	44. Sepia
13. BaptisiaTinctoria	29. Digitalis Purpurea	45. Stramonium
14. Berberis Vulgaris	30. Echinacea Angustifolia	46. Thuja Occidentalis
15. Bellis Perennis	31. Equisatum Hyemale	47. Urtica Urens
6. Bromium	32. Ferrum Metallicum	48. Veratrum Album

A SERVED 


#### 4.3 Content for Term I

- 4.3.1 Introductory Lectures:
- 4.3.1.1 Assessment of Entry Behavior for I BHMS syllabus
  - 4.3.1.1.1 Different approaches for studying Homoeopathic Materia Medica
- **4.3.1.2** Integrating the knowledge of Pathology, Toxicology, Practice of Medicine, Surgery and Gynaecology-Obstetrics in better understanding of Homoeopathic Materia Medica

4.3.2 Homoeopathic medicines:

1. Acetic Acid	9. Cardus Marianus	17. Kali Bromatum
2. Aesculus Hippocastanum	10. Causticum	18. Kali Carbonicum
3. Agaricus Muscarius	11. Ceanothus Americanus	19. Moschus
4. Alumina	12. Chelidonium Majus	20. Opium
5. Anacardium Orientalis	13. Chininum Arsenicosum	21. Thuja Occidentalis
6. Apocynum Cannabinum	14. EchinaceaAngustifolia	22. Urtica Urens
7. Baptisia Tinctoria	15. Helleborus Niger	
8. Bellis Perrenis	16. Kali Bichromicum	

#### 4.4 Contents for Term II:

Homoeopathic medicines:

1. Actea Racemosa	11. Calcarea Iodatum	21. Petroleum
2. Agnus Castus	12. Camphora	22. Phosphorus
3. Ambra Grisea	13. Cannabis Indica	23. Secale Cornuatum
4. AntimoniumArsenicosum	14. Cannabis Sativa	24. Sepia
5. Argentum Nitricum	15. Cantheris	25. Stramonium
6. Arsenicum Iodatum	16. DigitalisPurpurea	26. Veratrum Album
7. Berbers Vulgaris	17. EquisatumHyemale	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
8. Bromium	18. Ferrum Metallicum	
9. Cactus Grandifloria	19. Hyoscyamus Niger	
10. Calcarea Aarsenicosum	20. Nux Moschata	

Non-lectures shall be equally distributed to both term I and II, as per thefeasibility of individual institution

### Subject: Homoeopathic Materia Medica Subject code: HomUG-HMM-II Year of Exam: 2027

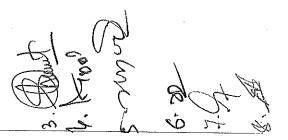
# 5. Teaching hours

# 5.1. Gross division of teaching hours

	Homoeopathic Materia Medica	
Year	Teaching hours- Lectures	Teaching hours- Non-lectures
II BHMS	150	100

# 5.2. Teaching hours theory

S. No.	List of Topics	Hours
1.	Assessment of Entry Behavior of I BHMS syllabus	2
2.	Different approaches for studying Homoeopathic Materia Medica	4
3.	Integrating the knowledge of Pathology and Toxicology, Practice of Medicine, Surgery and Gynaecology-Obstetrics in better understanding of Homoeopathic Materia Medica	2
4.	Study of Drug pictures (Term I)	70
5.	Study of Drug pictures (Term II)	72
,	Total	150





9

# 5.3. Teaching hours Non-lecture

Sr. No	Non-Lecture Teaching Learning methods	Term	Time Allotted per Activity
			(Hours)
1	Clinical(to be integrated with topics under Pathology, Practice of Medicine, Surgery and ObGy)	I & IJ	75
2	Demonstrattion	I & II	25 (Distribution as mentioned below)
2(a)	Seminar / Tutorials		10
2(b)	Problem based learning/ Case Based Learning		10
2(c)	Assignment/ Symposium / Group discussion		5
<del> </del>	Total		100

3. James U. Mos 5 mus)

G. 702

7. 6

T. A

9. BYEN

lo. Sans

# 6. Content mapping (competencies table)

6.1 Competencies table theory

SI. No.	Compet ency	Millers Level:	Content	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Prior ity	T-L Methods/	Assess	sment	Integration
					Guilbert, s Level		media	Formati ve	Summ ative	;
HomUG -HMM- II-1.	K&S PC HO	КН	Assessment of Entry Behaviour of I BHMS syllabus	Recall the knowledge of BHMS syllabus for Materia Medica	C1	МК	Group Discussio n	MCQ, viva	MCQ SAQ LAQ	Spiral integration with Homoeopathic Materia Medica Vertical integration with Anatomy,Physio logy,Pharmacy, Psychology, Organon)
HomUG -HMM- II-2.1			Different approaches for studying Homoeopathic Materia medica	Enumerate the different approaches for studying Homoeopathic Materia medica	C2	MK	Lecture PPT Library	MCQ Assignm ent Project	SAQ	Horizontal integration with subjects of Pathology, Toxicology,
HomUG -HMM- II-2.2			iviatoria metrica	Explore the scope and limitation of each approaches for studying Homoeopathic Materia Medica			reference s	viva		Physiology Organon, Anatomy, Psychology and Homoeopathic pharmacy

S V S

E CHAS

7

Sl. No.	Compet ency	Millers Level:	Content	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Prior ity	T-L Methods/	Assess	ment	Integration
				·	/ Guilbert, s Level		media	Formati ve	Summ ative	,
HomUG -HMM- II-3.			Integrating the knowledge of Pathology, Toxicology, Practice of Medicine, Surgery and Gynaecology-Obstetrics in better understanding of Homoeopathic Materia medica	Integrate the knowledge of Pathology, toxicology, Practice of Medicine, Surgery and Gynaecology-Obstetrics in understanding the evolution of symptoms of remedies	C2	MK	Lecture Team teaching	MCQ Assignm ent  Project viva	SAQ	Horizontal integration with subjects of Pathology Toxicology, and Organon
HomUG -HMM- II-4.1	K&S PC HO	KH K	Individual Homoeopathic medicines	Mention the common name, source/ family/kingdom and the prover	C1	NK	Lecture/ Specimen	MCQ Viva	MCQ	Vertical integration with Pharmacy .
HomUG -HMM- II-4.2				Correlate with doctrine of signature	C2	NK	Lecture/ Specimen	MCQ Viva	MCQ	Vertical integration with Pharmacy and Physiology
HomUG -HMM- II-4.3		,	C TO TO	List the sphere of action	C1	MK	Lecture Self - learning	Assignm ent Project	LAQ SAQ MCQ	Horizontal

A 10

7. West

Fo. 2422

ency Level:	Compet ency		Content	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Prior ity	T-L Methods/	Assess	ment	Integration
			Guilbert, s Level		media	Formati ve	Summ ative	-		
					MCQ	Viva	Integrationwith Pathology, Toxicology,			
HomUG -HMM- II-4.4				Narrate the 'ailments from'	C1		Small Group Discussio	Viva		ObGy,PM, Surgery and Organon
HomUG -HMM- II-4.5		i de de la companya d		Describe the constitution and temperament	C1		n Black Board		·	Vertical integration with
HomUG -HMM- II-4.6				Explain the mental symptoms	C1		PPT			Anatomy Pharmacy, Psychology and
HomUG HMM- II-4.7			·	Explain the physical generals	C1		Handouts Role play			Physiology
HomUG HMM- I-4.8				Outline the general modalities	C1		PBL			
HomUG HMM- I-4.9		,		Describe the particular symptoms and modalities	C2					
HomUG HMM- I-4.10				Correlate pathogenesis with knowledge of Toxicology, Pathology, Practice of Medicine, Surgery and	C2					A Comment

Sl. No.	Compet ency	Millers Level:	Content	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Prior ity	T-L Methods/	Assess	ment	Integration
				Gynaecology-Obstetrics and miasm	Guilbert, s Level		media	Formati ve	Summ ative	
HomUG -HMM- II-4.11				Mention the Relationships of medicines	C2	A STATE OF THE STA	·			
HomUG -HMM- II-4.12				Compare and contrast from the related remedies of First and Second BHMS Syllabus	C2					

. Home 5 mas

602

7. 4

8. A

2 light

10 975

Year of Exam: 2027

# 6.2 Competencies table practical/clinical

S. No.	Domain of	Millers	Content	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms	Priority	T-L	Asse	ssment	Integration
	Competen cy	Level:			Domain / Guilbert ,s Level		Methods/media	Formative	Summative	
HomUG- HMM- U-5.1	K & S PC HO CS	SH KH	Case taking	Demonstrate the steps of case taking as per guidelines given in Organon of medicine.	P/A2	MK	Demonstration Checklist	CBD Small project	Clinical performance	Horizontal Integration with Pathology, ObGy, Surgery, Practice of Medicine
HomUG- HMM- II-5.2	PBLI Prf		Clinical examination	Demonstrate the basic clinical examination skills	P/A2					and Organon
HomUG- HMM- II-5.3			Interpretatio n of investigation	Recognise the importance of interpretation of basic investigations.	C2					
HomUG- HMM- II-5.4			Case analysis	Analyse the symptoms to segregate the characteristic Mentals,Physic al General and Particulars	C2		le of			

15

# 7. Teaching learning methods

Lectures (Theory)	Non-lectures (Practical/Demonstrative)
Lectures	Clinical demonstration
Small group discussion	Problem based discussion
Integrated lectures	Case based learning
	Tutorials
	Seminars
	Symposium
	Assignments
	Library reference
	Self-learning

9. Great

#### 8. Details of assessment

# 8.1 Overall Scheme of Assessment (Summative)

Sr. No	Professional Course	Term I (1-6 Mo	onths)	Term II (7-12 Months)				
1	Second Professional BHMS	PA I (end of 3 months)	TT I (end of 6 months)	PA II (end of 9 months)	FUE (end of 12 months)			
		10 Marks Viva	i) Viva voce -25 marks ii) Clinical performance - 25 marks (Case Taking and analysis of symptoms)	10 Marks Viva	100 marks theory	100 marks (Clinical/practical+ Viva+IA)		

PA: Periodical Assessment; TT: Term Test; FUE: Final University Examinations; IA: Internal Assessment

1 Trys

5. Myurs

7.4

9. Great

### 8.2 Number of papers and marks distribution for Final University Examination (FUE)

Sr. No.	Course Code	Papers	Theory	Practical/ Clinical	Viva Voce	Internal Assessment**	Grand Total
1	HomUG-HMM-II	01	100 marks*	i) Journal -10 marks (Five acute and 5 chronic cases) ii) Case taking and analysis of	40 marks	10 marks (Marks of PA I + TT I + PA II)	200marks
				symptoms 40 marks			

\*30 % of questions shall be from I BHMS syllabus and 70 % of questions shall be from II BHMS syllabus.

\*\*Method of calculation of Internal Assessment marks for Final University Examination:

Marks of IA-

(Marks of PA-1 + Marks of TATA Marks of PA-2) / 70 X 10

8.3 Paper Layout

Summative assessment (FUE): Theory- 100 marks

MCQ	10 marks
SAQ	40 marks
LAQ	50 marks

# 8.4 Distribution of questions for theory exam

Sr. No	Paper			D Type of Questions				
	A List of Topics	B Term	C Marks	MCQ (1 Mark)	SAQ (5 Marks)	LAQ (10 Marks)		
1	BHMS I Syllabus		Refer to table 8.5 below	05	03	01		
2	Different approaches for studying Homoeopathic Materia Medica	I		0	01	0		
3	Integrating the knowledge of Pathology and Toxicology in better understanding of Homoeopathic Materia Medica	I		0	0	. 0		
4	Homoeopathic Medicines of II BHMS (48)	I&II		05	04	04		

2.

1 1000

8. Denog

6.00

14

8. 4

9 Cycx

16. 5

#### Subject: Homoeopathic Materia Medica Subject code: HomUG-HMM-II Year of Exam: 2027

# 8.5 Theme-wise distribution:

Theme	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
A-D	BHMS I Syllabus	_	30	5	3	1
E	Different approaches for studying Homoeopathic Materia Medica	I	5	0	. 1	0
F	Homoeopathic Medicines of II BHMS (48)	I&II	65	5 .	4	4

# 8.6 Question paper blueprint

A Question Serial Number	B Type of Question	Question Paper Format (Refer table 8.5 for themes)		
Q1	Multiple Choice Questions(MCQ)	1. Theme A-D		
	10 Questions	<ul><li>2. Theme A-D</li><li>3. Theme A-D</li></ul>		
	I mark each	4. Theme A-D		
	All compulsory	5. Theme A-D·		
	All compulsory	6. Theme F		
•	Must know part: 7 MCQ	7. Theme F		
	Desirable to know: 2 MCQ.	8. Theme F		
	Desitable to know. 2 tricq.	9. Theme F		
	Nice to know: 1 MCQ	10. Theme F		

a. Kind

6-12

8. 2B

7. West

Q2	Short answer Questions	1. Theme A-D
	(SAQ)	2. Theme A-D
		3. Theme A-D
•	Eight Questions	4. Theme E
•	5 Marks Each	5. Theme F
		6. Theme F
	All compulsory	7. Theme F
	Must Know part: 6 SAQ	8. Theme F
	Desirable to Know: 2 SAQ	
Q3	Long answer Questions	1. Theme A-D
	(LAQ)	2. Theme F
•		3. Theme F
	Five Questions	4. Theme F
	10 marks each	5. Theme F
	All compulsory	2> Chammiet
	All questions on Must Know	4. Janel
	No Questions on Nice to Know and	
	Desirable to Know	5. 70)

710

# 9. List of recommended text/reference books

- Allen H.C. (2005). Keynotes Rearranged and Classified with Leading Remedies of the Materia Medica and Bowel Nosodes, (Reprint Zedition), B.Jain Publishers, New Delhi
- Choudhuri N.M. (2006). A Study On Materia Medica Enriched with real case studies, (Reprint revised edition). B. Jain Publishers, New Delhi.
- Kent J.T. (2015). Lectureson Homoeopathic Materia Medica (Reprint edition,) B.Jain Publishers, New Delhi.
- Burt W. (2009). Physiological Materia Medica, (Third edition) B. Jain Publishers, New Delhi.
- NashE.B. (2007).Leaders in Homeopathic Therapeutics with Grouping and Classic fication, (Sixth edn.) B Jain Publishers, New Delhi.
- TylerM.L. (2007). Homoeopathic Drug Picture. (First edition), B Jain Publishers, New Delhi.
- FarringtonE.A. (2007) Lectures on Clinical Materia Medica in family order (Fourth edition.) B Jain Publishers Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
- FarringtonE.A. (2005), Comparative Materia Medica. (Reprint edition.) B. Jain Publishers, New Delhi.
- Boericke W,Dewey W,2016, The Twelve Tissue Remedies by Schussler, Reprint edition, B. Jain Publishers, New Delhi
- All source books.

#### 10. List of contributors

#### I. Dr. Swati Bhagwat

MD (Hom)

Professor & HOD Department of HMM, PG and Ph.D guide

Dr G.D. Pol foundation YMT Homoeopathic medical college and PG institute, Kharghar, Navi Mumbai

#### II. Dr Vijaykrishna V

MD (Hom), (Ph.D)

Professor and PG guide Department of HMM

Government Homoeopathic Medical College, Bangalore, RGUHS Karnataka.

#### III. Dr.Prastuti Jaiswal

Lecturer, Community Medicine

Pt. Jawahar Lal Nehru State Homoeopathic Medical College and Hospital, Lakhanpur, Khyora, Kanp

3. Cys.A

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics

Subject code: Hom UG-ObGy-I

Year of Examination: 2028

Max. Marks: 200

Theory: Paper I: 100

Paper II: 100

## Instructions for paper setters:

1. Paper 1 and paper 2 shall carry 100 marks each.

- 2. All questions compulsory.
- 3. Attempt questions in serial order.
- 4. Illustrate your answers with well labeled diagrams were ever necessary.

## Distribution of marks:

5. MCQs 10marks (1 mark each)

6. Short answer questions 40 marks (5 marks each)

7. Long answer questions 50 marks (10 marks each)

4. Viso

6. 28. As 9. Cysp.

Subject name: Gynaecology and Obstetrics

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

#### Index

S.No	Description	Page Number
1.	Preamble	. 2
2.	Course Outcomes (CO)	3
3.	Learning Objectives (LO)	4
4.	Course Content and Term -wise Distribution	5-6
5.	Teaching Hours	7-9
6.	Content Mapping	10-85
7.	Teaching Learning Methods	85
8.	Details of Assessment	86-87
9.	List of Recommended Books	88
10.	List of Contributors	88

J. 19

17 8. B

9. Gygs 1.

\_\_\_\_

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

#### 1. Preamble

Obstetrics stands at the forefront of maternal health, emphasizing the care and well-being of expectant mothers throughout pregnancy, childbirth, and the postpartum period. From prenatal care to labour and delivery, obstetricians play a pivotal role in ensuring safe pregnancies and healthy births. Gynaecology encompasses the diagnosis and treatment of conditions affecting the female reproductive system, from adolescence through menopause, including menstrual disorders, fertility concerns, sexually transmitted infections, and gynecological cancers. Infant care extends beyond the moment of birth, encompassing the critical early stage of a newborn's life. From breastfeeding guidance to newborn screening and immunization.

The fields of Obstetrics, Infant care and Gynaecology intersect to provide holistic care to women across the reproductive lifespan. By addressing the physical, emotional and social aspects of women's health, healthcare providers empower individuals to make informed decisions about their bodies and well-being. In the realm of obstetrics and gynaecology, homoeopathy offers a holistic approach that seeks to address the physical, emotional and spiritual aspects of women's health.

Homoeopathy, a system of medicine based on the principle of "like cures like" and individualized treatment, can play a significant role in promoting well-being and managing various conditions in obstetrics and gynaecology. Homoeopathy offers safe and gentle remedies to support women throughout pregnancy. From alleviating common discomforts such as nausea, fatigue, and back pain to addressing emotional concerns like anxiety and mood swings, homoeopathic treatments can provide relief without adverse effects on the developing fetus. Additionally, homoeopathy can aid in preparing the mother's body for labor and delivery, promoting a smooth and natural

In the postpartum period, homeopathy offers support for new mothers as they navigate the physical and emotional changes following childbirth, and breastfeeding difficulties, promote lactation, and support the overall recovery of the mother. Homeopathy provides a holistic approach to managing various gynaecological conditions, including menstrual disorders, hormonal imbalances, polycystic ovarian syndrome (PCOS), endometriosis, and menopausal symptoms. Homeopathy considers the individual's unique constitution and emotional state.

In conclusion, homoeopathy offers a holistic and patient-centred approach to obstetrics and gynaecology, addressing the physical, emotional, and spiritual aspects of women's homoeopathy.

5. suyus

6.78 g. Ab

byer 10. som

3

#### Course outcomes

At the end of BHMS II course, the students should be able to-

- Understand applied anatomy, endocrinology and physiology including abnormality of female reproductive system during publicity, menstruation, menopause and in different stages of womanhood.
- Learn skills in case taking, physical examination, diagnostic procedures and managements of benign and malignant conditions, trauma, infections and inflammations related with female genitalia, and pre-malignancy screening procedures.
- Integrate the various knowledges to get a holistic understanding of disease evolution and approach to disease diagnosis and management.
- Understand developmental anomalies, uterine displacements and Sex and intersexuality
- Uunderstand the causes related with male and female Infertility, their diagnosis, Artificial Reproductive Techniques and skill in Homoeopathic management along with population dynamics and control of Conception.
- Know skills required in case taking, clinical examination and common diagnostic modalities in Gynecology and Obstetrics.
- Understand the process of normal pregnancy and minor ailments during pregnancy
- Comprehend the process of diagnosis of normal pregnancy, prenatal, antenatal, postnatal maternal and fetal surveillance, care of viii. newborn, care of puerperium
- Uunderstanding common problems during abnormal pregnancy and labour to manage it through Homoeopathic perspective including scope, limitations and timely referral.
- Comprehending postnatal, puerperal care, diseases of fetus, new-born and medico legal aspects with Homoeopathic perspective.
- Learning general and homoeopathic management of common Gynecological and Obstetric conditions

4. James 5. rigid 6. 2 8. Jan 3. Gyraf

## Learning objectives

At the end of the II BHMS course the student shall able to:

- 1. Understand the applied anatomy, endocrinology and physiology including abnormality of female reproductive system during puberty, menstruation, menopause and in different stages womanhood.
- 2. Integrate the knowledge with Anatomy, Physiology, Organon of medicine, Practice of medicine and Homoeopathic materia medica to get a holisti
- 3. c understanding of disease evolution and approach to disease diagnosis and management.
- 4. Discuss the developmental anomalies, Uterine displacements and Sex and intersexuality to understand the Predisposition including fundamental miasm, personality type known to develop particular disease, causation and modifying factors like exciting and maintaining factors.
- 5. Acquire skill in case taking, clinical examination and common diagnostic modalities in Gynaecology and Obstetrics.
- 6. Describe anatomical, physiological, endocrinological changes and minor ailments during pregnancy
- 7. Understand prenatal, antenatal, postnatal maternal and foetal surveillance, care of new-born, care of puerperium
- 8. Integrate the knowledge with Organon of medicine and Homoeopathic Materia medica for eradicating genetic dyscrasias in the mother and foetus.
- 9. Describe the mechanism and stages of normal labour, and intra-partum management.
- 10. Discuss general and Homoeopathic management for the related conditions through integration with repertorisation and therapeutics.

3 And 4. Jane 5. mg

7 9 9

s. byog to sign

SF

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

# 4. Course content and its term-wise distribution

## 4.1 Unit 1: Gynaecology and Homoeopathic Therapeutics

Sl. No.	List of Topics	Term
1.a	Introduction to Gynaecology with Definition of Hahnemannian classification of disease. Importance in the review of the Homoeopathic literature, Therapeutics and Repertory source books	1
1.b	A review of the applied anatomy of female reproductive system, development and Developmental anomalies	I
1.c	A review of the applied physiology of female reproductive system - Puberty, Menstruation and its disorders including, amenorrhea, dysmenorrhea, menorrhagia, metrorrhagia, epimenorrhoea, AUB, Postmenopausal bleeding and menopause with related ailments and its scope and management in Homoeopathy and integrate wherever necessary with other disciplines	l
1.d	Gynaecological Case taking, physical examination, investigation and approach to clinical diagnosis and Differential diagnosis.	
1.e	Epidemiology -Predisposition including fundamental miasm: personality type known to develop particular disease	. 1
1.f	Uterine displacements - Prolapse, Retroversion and inversion with its exciting and maintaining causes, disease manifestations, prognosis, management and scope in homoeopathic perspective.	<u>lì</u>
1.g	Sex & Intersexuality- Knowledge and scope to eradicate genetic Dyscrasias, predisposition, miasm and personality types known to develop particular diseases through Homoeopathic outlook.	II
1.h	General and Homoeopathic Management, repertorisation, therapeutics, posology, Formulation of prognostic criteria and Prognosis of related topics in Gynecology.	II

Spart 4. 1 mod 5. mg 2 5. 79 7

Cype

Waximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

4.2. Unit 2: Obstetrics, new born care & Homoeopathic therapeutics

St. Me.	List of topics	Term
2.0	Introduction to Obstetrics and Newborn care related with Homoeopathic Philosophy, Therapeutics and Repertorisation.	I
2.5	Fundamentals of reproduction	]
2.c	Development of intra uterine pregnancy	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2.d	Diagnosis of pregnancy, investigations & examinations, applied anatomy & physiology, Normal pregnancy - physiological changes	I
2.e	Antenatal care - aims, objectives, visits, advise, procedures, investigations, identifying high risk cases, scope and limitation of management in Homoeopathy	I
2.1	Common conditions such as Vomiting, backache, constipation in pregnancy and Homoeopathic management	· 1
<b>2</b> .g	Normal labour with its causes of onset, anatomy, physiology, mechanism, stages, events and clinical course in each stage, importance of Homoeopathic scope and management	II
2.h	Postnatal & puerperal cure - scope and limitation of management in Homoeopathy	II
2.i	Care of new born in homoeopathic point of view	II
2.j	General and Homoeopathic Management, repertorisation, therapeutics, posology, Formulation of prognostic criteria and Prognosis of related topics in Obstetrics and new-born care.	II
2.k	Important Investigations for diagnosis in Obstetrics	۱۱ عنون

5 Show 4. I mad 5. myed

6.72 7 \$ 8

1

lors of the second

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

#### 5. Teaching hours

## 5.1. Gross division of teaching hours

	Gynaecology and Obstetrics	
Year	Teaching hours- Lectures	Teaching hours- Non-lectures
II BHMS	100	24

#### 5.2. Teaching hours theory

#### 5.2.1 Unit 1: Gynaecology and Homoeopathic Therapeutics

Sl. No.	List of topics	Lecture hours.
1.a	Introduction to Gynecology with definition of Hahnemannian classification of disease. Importance in the review of the Homocopathic literature, Therapeutics and Repertory source books	02 hc
1.b	A review of the applied anatomy of the female reproductive system.	03 his.
•	Developmental anomalies	03 hrs.
1.c	A review of the applied physiology of the female reproductive system HPO axis & Menstruation	02 hrs.
	Puberty	03 hrs.
	Disorders of Menstruation including - Amenorrhoea, Dysmenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Metrorrhagia, Epimenorrhoea, AUB.	09 hrs.
	Post-Menopausal Bleeding & Menopause with related ailments	05 hrs

25. 10 7 48 129. Riyoza (o. S.

\$

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

	Total	50 hrs.
.h	Correlate homoeopathic remedies, Therapeutics, posology. Formulation of prognostic criteria and prognosis related to Gynaecological conditions.	02 hrs
	Sex & Intersexuality - Knowledge and scope to eradicate genetic dyscrasians, predisposition, miasm and personality types known to develop particular diseases through Homoeopathic outlook	05 hrs.
1 // 	Uterine displacements- Prolapse, retroversion and inversion with its exciting and maintaining causes, disease manifestations, prognosis, management and scope in homoeopathic perspective	08 hrs.
( <sub>j</sub> ,	Epidemiology - Predisposition including fundamental miasm; personality type known to develop particular disease.	04 hrs.
1.(1	Gynaecological case taking, Physical examination, investigation and approach to clinical diagnosis and differential diagnosis.	04 hrs.

#### Unit 2: Obstetrics, new born care & Homoeopathic therapeutics 5.2.2.

Sl. No.	List of topics	Teaching hours
2.a	Introduction to Obstetrics and Newborn Care Related with Homoeopathic Philosophy. Therapeutics and Repertorisation.	02 hr.
2.5	Fundamentals of reproduction	04 hrs.
2.0	Development of intrauterine pregnancy- Placenta and foetus.	04 hrs.
2.d.	Diagnosis of pregnancy: Investigations & examinations, applied anatomy & physiology, Normal pregnancy - Physiological changes.	07 hrs.
- 2.e	Antenatal care - aims, objectives, visits, advice, procedures, investigations, identifying high-risk cases,	
7.45.	scope and limitation of management in Homeopathy	06 hrs.

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

2.f	Vomiting in pregnancy	04 hrs.
2.g	Normal labour with its causes of onset, anatomy, physiology, mechanism, stages, events and clinical course in each stage and management	08 hrs.
2.h	Postnatal & puerperal cure - scope and limitation of management in Homoeopathy	06 hrs.
2.i	Care of New-born in a homoeopathic point of view	04 hrs.
2.j	Correlate homoeopathic remedies, Therapeutics, posology. formulation of prognostic criteria and prognosis related to Obstetrical conditions	02 hrs.
2.k	Important investigations for diagnosis in Obstetrics	03 hrs.
	Total	50 hrs.

## 5.2.3. Teaching hours Non-lecture

	Non lecture activity	Hours			
. 1.	Clinical				
a.	Gynaecological Case taking	04			
b.	Obstetrical Case taking	. 04			
c,	Gynaecological Examination	04			
d.	Obstetrical Examination	04			
e.	Investigations, Diagnosis, D/D	04			
2.	Demonstrative -				
a.	Problem based / Case based learning-	04			
	Foetal skull & maternal pelvis				
	Demonstration of labour in Mannequin - skill lab				
	Total ( ) ( )	2 24			

Waximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

Year of Exam: 2028

## 6. Content mapping (competencies tables)

## Unit 1: Gynaecology & Homoeopathic therapeutics

6.1. Introduction to Gynecology with definition of Hahnemannian classification of disease. Importance in the review of the Homoeopathic literature, Therapeutics and Repertory source books

	of ncy	level	فسة	rning	Bloom/ Guilbert Priority	5>-	Lord Art.	Assess	ment	00				
	Domain of Competency	Miller's L	Content	Specific Learning Objectives		Bloon	Bloon Guilbe	Bloon Guilbe	Bloon Guilbe	Guilbe	Guilbert Guilbert Priority	T	Formative	Summative
HomUC- ObCly-1	K & S	K	Introduction to Gynecology	Define Gynaecology	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ						
HomUG- ObGy-1 1,2	K & S	K	History of Gynaecology	Discuss the history of Gynaecology	CI	NK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ						
HomUC- ObGy-l 1.3	НО	KH	Hahnemannian classification of disease.	Classify diseases according to Hahnemann	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ		Organon of Medicine				
HomUC- ObGy-1 1.4	НО	КН	Homoeopathic literature	Discuss the Homoeopathic case taking in female complaints as per Organon of Medicine	C1	MK	Lecture/ Integrated Small Group discussion CBL	MCQ/		Organon of Medicine				

3. About . Lance 5. my

C. 22 7

Cipost.

10. 上海药

HomUG- ObGy-1 1.5	НО	КН		Discuss Hahnemann's concept of case taking in females according to different Homoeopathic authors	C1	MK	Lecture/ Small group discussion CBL PBL	MCQ/		Organent of Medicine
HomUG- ObGy-1 1.6	но	KH	Materia Medica& Therapeutics Materia	Discuss the list of indicated medicines for the gynaecological conditions	C2	MK	Lecture / small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ	Materia Medica,
HomUG- ObGy-1 1.7	НО	КН		Discuss the characteristic indication of medicines mention in the list	C2	MK	Lecture / small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ	Materia Medica,
HomUG- ObGy-1 1.8	НО	КН		Discuss the differentiation of the remedies	C2	MK	Lecture / small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ	Materia Meassa, Patisology
HomUG- ObGy-1 1.9	НО	KH		Discuss the remedy relationship wherever applicable	C2	MK	Lecture / small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ		Materia Mecach, Pathology
HomUG- ObGy-1 1.10	НО	КН	Repertory	Describe the selection of repertories in different gynaecological conditions	C2	MK	Lecture / small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ ,		Repuriory

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

HomUG- ObGy- 1.11	НО	KH .	Explain how to convert symptoms into rubrics from different repertories in gynaecological conditions	C2	MK	Lecture / small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	Repertory
HemUC) ObGy-1 1.12	Н О	КН	Explain the selection of rubrics from different gynaecological conditions.	C2	MK	Lecture / small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	Repertory

# 6.2.1. Review of the applied anatomy of the female reproductive system.: Development of genital tract, malformations and their clinical significance

	δ			ස් ම ස් වා		,		Asse	ssment	e ·
SI, No.	Competency	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Formative	Summative	Integration
Hew/UC -050y-1- 2.1	K & S	K	External genitalia organs	Name the external genitalia organs	CI	MK	Small group discussion Models	MCQ	·	
HemUG -ObGy-1 2.2	K & S	K	Internal genitalia organs	Name the internal genitalia organs.	CI	MK	Small group discussion Charts	MCQ		
HorrUG -ObCy-1- 2.3	K & S	KI-I	Internal genitalia organs	Draw and label the anatomy of the uterus	P2	MK	Small group discussion Charts	MCQ		

10

2 1 18 A

May 10 Smg

13

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-l Year of Exam: 2028

			•							
HomUG- ObGy-I- 2.4	K & S	K	Internal genitalia organs	Name the blood supply of the uterus	CI	MK	Small group discussion Charts	MCQ		
Hom-UG ObGy-I- 2.5	K & S	KH	Internal genitalia organs	Draw & Label the normal anatomy of the fallopian tubes.	P2	MK	Small group discussion Chars	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-I- 2.6	K & S	KH	Gonads	Draw & Label the normal anatomy of the ovarian structures	P2	MK	Small group discussion Charts	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-I- 2.7	K & S	K	Pelvic fascia, cellular tissues & ligaments	Name the pelvic floor muscles, ligaments and fascia.	СІ	MK	Small group discussion Charts	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-l- 2.8	K & S	K	Malformation of the vagina	Discuss the vaginal abnormalities	CI.	MK	Small group discussion Charts	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-I- 2.9	K & S	K		Describe the clinical features of vaginal abnormalities	CI	MK	Small group discussion CBL CBL	MCQ		,
HomUG- ObGy-I- 2.10	K & S	K	Malformation of the vagina	List the vaginal mal- developments	CI	MK	Small group discussion	MCQ		
Hom- UG- ObGy-I- 2.11	K & S	K		Discuss the actiological factors for vaginal maldevelopment	CI	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	·	

Hone UC- OhCy-1- 2.17	K & S	KH	Malformation of the uterus	Describe the various malformations of the uterus.	Cl	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ
Herr Jd.* -ObCy-*- 2.13	K & S	K		Discuss the clinical features of uterine anomalies	Cl	MK	Small group discussion CBL	MCQ	SAQ
Hamiles -ObCoy-1- 2.14	K & S	K	Malformation of the ovaries	List the anomalies of the ovaries	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ	
HomUCI- ObCly-1- 2.15	K & S	K	\$	List the anomalies of the fallopian tubes	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ	

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

6.3. A review of the applied physiology of female reproductive system - Puberty, Menstruation and its disorders included, amenorrhea, dysmenorrhea, menorrhagia, metrorrhagia, epimenorrhoea, AUB, Postmenopausal bleeding and menorrhagia, with related ailments and its scope and management in Homoeopathy and integrate wherever necessary with officer disciplines.

	<b>x</b>			90	Ė			Assessm	ent	
SI. No.	Competency	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Formative	Summative	a. egration
HomUG -ObGy-I- 3.1	K & S	K	Endocrinology in puberty	List the hormones of Hypothalamus.	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ		Atysiology
HomUG -ObGy-I- 3.2	K & S	K		List the functions of hormones of Hypothalamus	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ		Physiology
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.3	K & S	K		Name the hormones of Anterior Pituitary.	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ		Physiology
HomUG -ObGy-I- 3.4	K & S	K		List the functions of Anterior Pituitary hormones	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ		Physiology
HomUG -ObGy-I- 3.5	K & S	K	Endocrinology in puberty	Name the hormones of Posterior Pituitary	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MÇQ Ot a d		of yelology

Spoully, Con of 5 - Mayor

6.79

2. No 9. Biggs

\_

(0.

Hombos -Chay-t- 3,6	K & S	K		List the functions of Posterior Pituitary hormones	C1	MK ·	Lecture Small discussion Tutorials	group	MCQ	And the latest and the second	Physiology
Heartica -ChCly-1- 3.7	K & S	K	Endocrinology in puberty	Name the hormones of Ovary	C1	MK	Lecture Small discussion.	group	MCQ		Physiology
Hem 153 -ObCy-5- 3.8	K & S	K	Endocrinology in puberty	List the functions of ovarian hormones.	C1	MK	Lecture Small discussion	group	MCQ .	SAQ	Physiology
HamtKi -ChCiy-1- 3.9	K & S	K	The state of the s	Discuss the Importance of HPO axis during Foetal life, Puberty & at Menopause	C1	MK	Lecture Small discussion	group	MCQ	SAQ	Physiology
Hom UG -ObGy-1- 3.10	K & S	K.	Physiology of Menstruation	Define Menstruation	C1	MK	Lecture Small discussion Tutorials	group	MCQ .	SAQ	Physiology
HernOCL- ObGy-t- 3.11	K & S	K		What are the Phases of Menstruation	C1	MK	Lecture Small discussion Tutorials	group	MCQ	SAQ	Physiology
HomMG- ObGy- 13.12	K & S	K	Hormonal changes during each phase of menstruation	Discuss the Hormonal Changes during each Phase of Menstruation	C1 -	MK	Lecture Small discussion Tutorials	group	MCQ	SAQ	Physiology
HemiliG- ObGy-i 3.13	K & S	K	Uterine changes during each phase of menstruation	Describe the Ovarian Changes during each phase of Menstruation	C1	MK	Lecture Small discussion	group		SAQ	Physiology

3 Chart

In Sory 16

6.70/778

HHL.

6 Sany

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028

HomUG- ObGy-l- 3.14	K & S	K		Describe the Uterine Changes occurs during each phase of Menstruation	C1	МК	Lecture Small discussion Tutorials	group		SAQ	eliginal or elegistics of the second of the second or elegistics of the second or electrical or elegistics of the second or electrical or elec
HomUG -ObGy-l- 3.15	K & S	K	Puberty	Define puberty	CI	MK	Lecture Small discussion	group	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-l- 3.16	K & S	K	Precocious puberty	Describe the Pubertal changes as per Tanner's Classification	C1	MK	Lecture Small discussion Tutorials	group		SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.17	K & S	K		Define Precocious puberty	C1	MK	Lecture Small discussion	group	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-l- 3.18	K & S	K		Discuss the causes of Precocious puberty	C1	MK	Lecture Small discussion	group	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.19	K & S	Κ .		Find the diagnostic features of Precocious puberty	C1	MK	Lecture Small discussion CBL CBL	group	MCQ		
Hom-UG ObGy-I- 3.20	K & S	K	Delayed puberty	Define Delayed puberty	C1	MK	Lecture Small discussion	group	MCQ		

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

Hom U() - ObCiv-1- 3.24	K & S	K		Discuss the causes for Delayed puberty	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	)	SAQ	,
Have UC- ObCy-1- 3.22	K & S	Κ.		Discuss the characteristic features of delayed puberty	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	)	SAQ	
Heb/JG -ObGy-1- 3.23	K & S	K	Menorrhagia	Define puberty menorrhagia	C1	МК	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ		
Hera- UG- ObGy-I- 3.24	K & S	K		Discuss the causes of Puberty menorrhagia	C1	МК	Lecture Small group discussion	)	SAQ	
HerriUC -ObCly-1- 3:25	K & S	K		Discuss the Diagnostic features of Puberty menorrhagia	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL PBL	MCQ .		
HomUG- ObGy-1- 3.26	ΗО	K	Materia medica	Discuss the Homoeopathic remedies for delayed puberty	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL PBL		SAQ	Materia medica
<b>H</b> oraUG -ObGy-1 ≥ 3.27	НО	K	Therapeutics	Discuss the Homoeopathic remedies for puberty menorrhagia	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL PBL		SAQ	Materia medica

18

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-l Year of Exam: 2028

HomUG	НО	K		Discuss the	C1	MK	Lecture		SAQ	Mate <b>ria</b>
-ObGy-I-				characteristic features of			Small group			vacdic <b>a</b>
3.28				the indicated remedies	į		discussion CBL PBL			
HomUG-	но	K	Management	Explain the management	C1	MK	Lecture	MCQ		Avganon -
ObGy-I-				for Anomalies of		,	Small group		1	5.
3.29				Gonadal Function			discussion CBL CBL			aman Amine
HomUG-	K &	K	Amenorrhoea	Define Amenorrhoea	C1	MK	Lecture	MCQ	SAQ	
ObGy-I- 3.26	S				ļ		Small group discussion CBL		į	
HomUG-	K &	KH		Classify Amenorrhoea	C1	MK	Lecture	MCQ	SAQ	
ObGy-I-	S						Small group			,
3.30	.						discussion Tutorials			•
HomUG	K &	K		Define Primary	C1	MK	Lecture	MCQ	SAQ	,
-ObGy-I-	S			Amenorrhoea			Small group discussion			
3.31						 	CBL PBL			
HomUG-	K &	K	Primary	Describe the causes of	C2	MK	Lecture	MCQ	SAQ	
ObGy-I-	S	į	amenorrhoea	Primary amenorrhoea			Small group			
3.32							discussion CBL			
							Tutorials			
HomUG-	K &	K	Secondary	Define Secondary	C1	MK	Lecture	MCQ	SAQ	
ObGy-I-	S		amenorrhoea	amenorrhoea			Small group discussion			
3.33							Tutorials			1

Hoかり/ジー ObCy-1- 3.3/4	K & S	K		Describe the causes of Secondary amenorrhoea	Cl	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
Hora JC- ObCy-l- 3.36	K & S	K	Cryptomenorrhoea	Define Cryptomenorrhoea	Cl	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL	MCQ	SAQ	
How UG- ObGy-L 3.36	K & S	K		Discuss the causes of Cryptomenorrhoea	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL	MCQ	SAQ	
HemU(4- ObGy-1- 3.37	K & S	Shows	Examinations	Demonstrate the general physical, systemic and per vaginal examination in Primary amenorrhoea	. Р3	MK	Clinical examinations CBL PBL			
Hom UR- ObGy-1- 3.38	K & S	KH	Investigations	Explain the clinical, laboratory and radiological investigations done in Primary amenorrhoea	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL			
Hour UCI -ObClyet- 3.39	K & S	КН		Discuss clinical, laboratory and radiological investigations done in secondary amenorrhoea	C2	МК	Lecture Small group discussion CBL CBL	MCQ		Alleit

HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.40	НО	KH	Management	Discuss the general management for Primary amenorrhoea	C2	MK	Lecture Small g discussion CBL	roup	MCQ/		
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.41	ΗО	KH	Homocopathic Materia medica & therapeutics	Discuss the Homoeopathic remedies for Primary amenorrhoea	C2	MK	Small g discussion PBL CBL	roup	MCQ		Mate <b>ria</b> macri <b>ca</b>
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.42	НО	КН		Discuss the Homeopathic remedies for Secondary Amenorrhoea	C2	MK	Lecture Small g discussion CBL Tutorials	group	MCQ		Mate <b>ria</b> Mate <b>ca</b>
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.43	НО	Κ .		Discuss the characteristic features of the indicated remedies	C2	MK	Lecture Small g discussion PBL CBL	group	MCQ		Maze <b>ria</b> Zuzd <b>ea</b>
HomUG- ObGy-l- 3.44	K & S	К	Hypomenorrhoea	Define Hypomenorrhoea	C1	MK	Lecture Small g discussion CBL	group	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.45	K & S	К.		Discuss the Causes of Hypomenorrhoea	C1	MK	Lecture Small g discussion CBL	group	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-l- 3.46	K & S	K	Oligomenorrhoea	Define Oligomenorrhoea	C1	MK	Lecture S group discuss CBL	Small sion	MCQ	SAQ	

HomU"!-	Κ&	K	Polymenorrhoea	Discuss the causes of	CI	MK	Lecture	MCQ	SAQ
ObC y= - 3.47	S			Oligomenorrhoea			Small group discussion CBL		
Hew UG- ObGy-'- 3.7/3	K & S	K	-	Define Polymenorrhoea	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL	MCQ	
HereUG- ObGy-I 3,49	K & S	Κ		Discuss the causes of Polymenorrhoea	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ
Hom WG- ObCy-I- 3,50	K & S	K	Metrorrhagia	Define Metrorrhagia	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL Tutorials	MCQ	
HereUG- ObGy-J- 3:51	K &   S	KH		Discuss the causes of Metrorrhagia	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL	MCQ	SAQ
Hom UG- DbGy-1- 1.52	K & S	K	Menorrhagia	Define menorrhagia	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL Tutorials	MCQ	
HemUG- DbGy-l- 1.53	K & S	. K		Discuss the causes of menorrhagia	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL	MCQ	SAQ
<b>Xo</b> mAJKI	K & S	K	AUB	Define Abnormal Uterine Bleeding	C1	МК	Lecture Small group discussion CBL Tutorials	MCQ	

HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.55	K & S	KH		Classify Abnormal Uterine Bleeding	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-l- 3.56	K & S	KH		Discuss the causes of AUB	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-l- 3.57	K & S	KH	Investigations for AUB	Discuss the important investigation to be done in AUB	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.58	K & S	КН	Management of AUB	Explain the general Management of AUB	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG -ObGy-I- 3.59	K & S	K	Metropathia haemorrhagica	Define Metropathia haemorrhagica	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL Tutorials	MÇQ		
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.60	K & S	KH		Discuss the causes of metropathia hemorrhagica	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL Tutorials		SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.61	ΗО	KH	Homoeopathic materia medica & therapeutics	Discuss the homoeopathic remedies for AUB	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL Tutorials		SAQ	Masor <b>ia</b> Mad <b>oa</b>

Year of Exam: 2028

Hera U()- ObC(y-)- 3.62	НО	KH		Discuss the characteristic features of the indicated remedies	Cl	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL PBL		SAQ	Materia Medica
Hem 963- ObCoy-1- 3.63	K & S	K	Dysmenorrhoea	Define dysmenorrhoea	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	MCQ	SAQ	
HoraUC- ObCy-t- 3.64	K & S	KH		Classify dysmenorrhoea	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	SAQ/MCQ	SAQ	
HemalC- ObOy-l- 3.65	K & S	KH	,	Discuss the causes of Primary Dysmenorrhoea	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	SAQ/MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- Ob⊜y-J- 3.66	K & S	KH		Discuss the causes of Secondary dysmenorrhoea	CI		Lecture Small group discussion CBL Tutorials		SAQ	
Heart/(4 -ObCly-1- 3.67	K & S	КН	Dysmenorrhoea	Discuss the clinical features Primary  Dysmenorrhoea	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	MCQ	SAQ	
Here UC- OFGy-1- 3.68	K & S	KH	(M) doe	Discuss the clinical features Secondary Dysmenorrhoea	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL	MCQ	SAQ	A south

HomUG- ObGy-l- 3.69	K & S	КН		Differentiate Primary and Secondary Dysmenorrhoea	C1	MK	Small group discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.70	K & S	К.		Define Mittelschmerz's syndrome	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL PBL	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.71	K & S	KH		Discuss the causes for Mittelschmerz's syndrome	C1	MK	Lecture Smal group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.72	K & S	KH		Discuss the general Management of Dysmenorrhoea	C2	MK	Small group discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	MCQ	SAQ	The state of the s
HòmUG- ObGy-I- 3.73	НО	КН	Homoeopathic	Discuss the homoeopathic remedies in Spasmodic dysmenorrhoea	C2	MK	Small group discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	MCQ	SAQ	Mater <b>ia</b> Modi <b>ca</b>
HomUG -ObGy-I- 3.74	НО	KH	materia medica & therapeutics	Discuss the homoeopathic remedies in Congestive dysmenorrhoea	C2	MK	Small group discussion Tutorials PBL CBL	, MCQ	SAQ	Maferia Mudica

Waximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028

How UCI- ObCiy-L 3.7%	НО	КН	·	Discuss the homoeopathic remedies in Membranous dysmenorrhoea	C2	MK	Small group discussion Tutorials CBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ	Materia Medica
Herry-Cl ObCly-le 3.76	ΗО	КН		Discuss the characteristic features of indicated remedies in dysmenorrhoea	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	MCQ	SAQ	Materia Medica
Hora (RC) - ObC y-1 - 3.77	K & S	К	PMS	Define Premenstrual Syndrome	CI	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	MCQ	SAQ	
HenrijC+ ObGy-L- 3.78	K & S	KH		Discuss the causes for premenstrual syndrome	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	•
Hem ()( ~ ObGy-I- 3.79	K & S	K		Discuss the clinical features of premenstrual syndrome	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL PBL Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
Hom/JC- Ob/Gy-1- 3.80	K:& S	KH		Discuss the general management of premenstrual Syndrome	. C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL	MCQ	SAQ	

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

HomUG-	НO	KH	Homoeopathic	Explain the	C1	MK	Small group	MCQ	SAQ	Mator <b>ia</b>
ObGy-I- 3.81			materia medica & therapeutics	Homoeopathic remedies in Premenstrual complaints			discussion Tutorials CBL PBL			-Wydeli <b>ca</b>
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.82	НО	KH		Discuss the characteristic features of indicated remedies in Premenstrual complaints	C1 .	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	Maca <b>ia</b> Medi <b>ca</b>
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.83	K & S	K	Menopause	Define Menopause	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.84	K & S	K		Discuss the Pathophysiology of Menopause	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.85	K & S	K		Discuss the Anatomical Changes taking place during menopause	C1	MK	Lecture Small 0	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.86	K & S	K		Discuss the clinical features of menopause	CI	MK	Lecture Small group discussion PBL CBL	SAQ/MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-l- 3.87	K & S	K		Define Menopausal syndrome	Cl	MK	Lecture small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ	

Robert Land 5. mg

6.7 2 9 8. A

). GEA

6.0

		·				100 years				
HoralUA- ObCy-l- 3.43	K& S	K		Discuss the anatomical and metabolic changes taking place during menopause	C1	MK	Lecture small. group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ	C1
Hom J.G- ObCly-1- 3.89	K & S	K	Perimenòpause	Define Perimenopause	C1	MK	Lecture small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ	Cl
Ho n 167- ObCy-1- 3.90	K & S	K	Artificial menopause	Define Artificial menopause	C1	MK	Lecture small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ	C1
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.9 (	K & S	. K	Premature menopause	Define Premature Menopause	Cl	MK	Lecture/ Small group discussion	MCQ		
HeadW- ObCyd7 3.92	K & S	K		Discuss actiology of Premature Menopause	C1	MK	Lecture/ Small group discussion		SAQ	
Hom VC- ObGy-I- 3.93	K & S	K	Delayed menopause	Define delayed menopause	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ		
Herr VC- ObCly-I- 3.94	K & S	K		Discuss causes of delayed menopause	CI	MK	Lecture Small group discussion		SAQ	
Hom UC- Ol: Gy-I- 3.95	K & S	KH	Management	Discuss the general management of Menopause	C1	MK	Lecture small group discussion PBL CBL		SAQ	

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

Year of Exam: 2028

HomUG- ObGy-l- 3.96	K & S	KH	Homoeopathic Materia medica & therapeutics	List the Homoeopathic remedies for Menopause.	C2	MK	Ssmall group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.97	K & S	KH		Discuss the characteristic features of the indicated remedies.	C2	MK	Lecture small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.98	K & S	K	Postmenopausal bleeding Investigations	Define Postmenopausal bleeding	C1	МК	Lecture/ small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.99	K & S	KH	5	Discuss the causes for Postmenopausal bleeding	C1	MK	Lecture small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.100	K & S	КН		Discuss the important investigations required for postmenopausal bleeding	C2	MK	Lecture/ small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.101	K & S	KH	Investigations	Discuss what are the investigation required in case of post-menopausal bleeding	C2	MK	Lecture/ small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG- ObGy-I- 3.102	K & S	KH	Differential diagnosis	Discuss the differential diagnosis for postmenopausal bleeding	CI	MK	Lecture / small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028

HomUG- ObGy-l- 3.103	K & S	KH	Materia Medica & therapeutics	Discuss homoeopathic for postme bleeding	the remedies enopausal	C2	MK	Lecture / small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG -ObGy-I- 3.104	K & S	KH		Discuss characteristic fo the indicated rea		C2	MK	Lecture/ small group discussion PBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ	

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

6.4 Gynaecological case taking, Physical examination, investigation and approach to clinical diagnosis and differential diagnosis

	lcy			rning es	i eq	,	kund	Assess	sment	god Rati
<u>ंस्</u>	Domain Competency	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Formative	Summative	Integration
HomUG- ObGy-1 4.1	НО	K	Case taking	Discuss the format of history taking in gynaecological conditions.	C 2	MK	Small group discussion CBL			
HomUG- ObGy-1 4.2	НО	Shows		Explain the importance of communication skills while case taking.	P2	MK	Small group discussion CBL			
HomUG- ObGy-1 4.3	НО	KH		Explain the importance of clinical skills in case taking	CI	MK	Small group discussion CBL Clinical examination	VIVA		
HomUG- ObGy-1 4.4	НО	KH		Discuss the Homoeopathic case	C 2	MK	Small group discussion	VIVA		

INUSTA 6.702 7 8 18 9 Great

				taking in female complaints as per Organon of Medicine			Case based learning CBL		The state of the s	
How U <b>G-</b> ObGy-1 4.5	PC	Does	Physical examination	Demonstrate the general physical examination	P 2	MK	Small group discussion Clinical demonstration	MCQ		
HomU <b>G</b> - ObGy-1 4.6	P C .	Does	Abdominal examination	Describe how to perform per abdominal examination.	P 2	MK	Small group discussion Tutorials CBL Bedside	MCQ		
Hem-U <b>G</b> ObGy-1 4.7	PC	Does	Vaginal examination	Describe how to perform per vaginal speculum examination.	P 2	MK	Small group discussion Tutorials CBL Bedside	MCQ		
MomU <b>G-</b> ObGy-1 4.8	K & S	KH	Investigations	Discuss the investigations required in dysmenorrhea	C 2	MĶ	Small group discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	MCQ		
HomU <b>G-</b> ObGy-1 4.9	K & S	KH	The state of the s	Discuss the investigation required in Amenorrhoea	C 2	MK	Small group discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	MCQ		
HomU <b>G-</b> ObGy-1	K&S	KH		Discuss the investigations	C 2	MK	Small group discussion	MCQ		

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

4.10				required in AUB case.		A 100 A	Tutorials CBL PBL			
HomUG ObGy-1 4.11	K & S	KH		Discuss the investigation required in malformations of the FGT	C 2	MK	Small group discussion CBL PBL	MCQ	400	
Hom-UG- ObGy-1 4.12	K & S	КН	Clinical diagnosis	Derive the clinical diagnosis from the signs & symptoms	C 2	MK	Small group discussion CBL PBL	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 4.13	K & S	КН	Pathological diagnosis	Derive the pathological diagnosis with a help of laboratory and radiological findings.	C 2	MK	Small group discussion CBL PBL	MCQ		
HemUG- ObCiy-1 4.14	K & S	KH	Differential diagnosis	Discuss the differential diagnosis with relation to patient history & Signs & Symptoms,	C 2	МК	Small group discussion CBL PBL	MCQ		

3. Abert 4. Frysel S. Dry No.

. B. S. C. R.

9. ligge

(a. 5455)

Waximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

Year of Exam: 2028

# 6.5 Epidemiology - Predisposition including fundamental miasm; personality type known to develop particular disease

					ert			Assess	sment	
: : : : :	Domain Competency	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TI MM	Formative	Summative	Integrafion
HomU <b>G-</b> ObGy-1 5.1	НО	K	Predisposition	Define predisposition	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ		Organon of medicine
HomU <b>G-</b> ObGy-1 5.2	НО	K		Discuss the relevance of predisposing factors for the disease.	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	And a second to the second to	Organon of medicine
HomU <b>G</b> - ObGy-1 5.3	НО	K	Miasm	Define miasm	Cl	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ		Organon of medicine
HemUG- ObGy-1 5.4	НО	. K	-	Discuss the types of miasms	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ		Organon of medicine
NomU <b>G-</b> ObGy-I 5.5	НО	K		Discuss the relevance of miasm for the disease conditions	C1	МК	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ	-	Organon of medicine

3 (Austry, Jonal 5.

6.22

s. DE

9. lysef

(o S.19.

34

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

							Tutorials		
MemUG- ObGy-1 5.6	НО.	К .	Fundamental miasm	Define fundamental miasm	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	Organon of medicine
BowtUG- OtGy-1 5.7	НО			Discuss the relevance of fundamental miasm for the disease	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	Organon of medicine
HomUG- ObGy-1 5.8	НО	K	Personality type	Discuss the importance of personality of the patient for developing Disease condition.	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	Organon of medicine

3 Amenty. Land 5- my. S 6. 2 1 7 8. Al 5. hyest

(4 - Strange) man

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

6.6 Uterine displacements- Prolapse, retroversion and inversion with its exciting and maintaining causes, disease manifestations, prognosis, management and scope in homoeopathic perspective.

	>	METORIA MINERIA DI PERINANA MININI			ert			Assess	ment	ret
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	Domain Competency	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	· Priority	TL MM	Formative	Summative	Integration
HomUG- ObGy-1 6.1	K & S	К	Genital Prolapse	Define Genital prolapse	CI	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Charts	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 6.2	K & S	K		Discuss the aetiology of Genital prolapse	Cl	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials Charts	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 6.3	K & S	K		Classify genital prolapses	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials Charts	MCQ	SAQ	
HomU <b>G-</b> ObGy-1 6.4	K & S	K	Rectocele	Define Rectocele	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials Charts	MCQ	SAQ	
HemU <b>G</b> - ObGy-t 6.5	K & S	К	Cystocele	Define cystocele	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	

Just 4. Land 3. 24 36 6.729

B 9. (ligas

B. S. 51

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

HomUG -ObGy-1 6.6	K&S	K		Discuss the degrees of cystocele	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 6.7	K & S	K	Uterine prolapse	Discuss the degrees of uterine prolapse	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion CBL PBL	MCQ	SAQ	
EomUG- ObGy-1 6.8	K & S	K	Genital prolapse	Describe the actiology of genital prolapse	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials Charts	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 6.9	K & S	K		Discuss the Clinical Features of Genital prolapse	C2	MK	Lecture Small g Clinical examination CBL CBL	MCQ	SAQ	
HowUG- ObGy-1 6.10	K & S	K		Discuss the Differential Diagnosis of Genital prolapse	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HowUG- ObGy-1 6.11	K & S	K		Discuss the Prophylaxis of Genital prolapse	C2	MK	Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
HemUG- ObGy-1 6.12	K & S	K		Discuss the general management for Genital prolapse	C2	DK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
HamUG- ObGy-1	K & S	K		Define Procidentia	C2	DK	Lecture	MCQ	SAQ	

2. About 1.

5. My 37

6.00/)

£ 9.

. Ciris

to . Shiff

38

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Waximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100

Paper2- 100

6							Small group discussion Tutorials			
Hom () ()- ObCiv-1 6.14.	K&S	K		Discuss the complications of genital prolapse	C2	DΚ	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
Elevatids- ObCoy-1 6.15	K&S	, K	Homoeopathic Materia medica & therapeutics	Discuss the Homoeopathic remedies for genital prolapse	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
Herriv (7- ObCly-1 <b>6</b> .16	K & S	K	Discuss the	Discuss the Characteristic features of indicated remedies.	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
RondO- ObOy-1 6.17	K&S	K	Pessary treatment	Define Pessary treatment	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials Charts	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 <b>6.</b> 13	K&S	K		Discuss the indications & contraindications of pessary treatment	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ/	SAQ	
HemUC- ObCy-1 6.19	K & S	K	Surgical management	List the surgical management for genital prolapse	C2	DK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ		
How/UG- ObCy-1 6.20	K & S	K		Define retroversion of uterus	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ		

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

HomUG- ObGy-1 6.21	K & S	K	Retroversion	Discuss the causes of retroverted uterus	C2.	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 6.22	K & S	K		List the types of retroverted uterus	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 6.23	K & S	K		Discuss the clinical features of retroverted uterus	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 6.24	K & S	K	Retroversion degrees	Discuss the degrees of retroversion of uterus	CI	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 6.25	K & S	K	Differential diagnosis	Discuss the Differential Diagnosis of retroverted uterus	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 6.26	K & S	K	Homoeopathic material medica & therapeutics	Discuss the Homoeopathic remedies for retroverted uterus	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 6.27	K & S	K	_ therapeuties	Discuss the characteristic features of indicated remedies.	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 6.28	K & S	K	Inversion	Define inversion of uterus	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 6.29	K & S	K		Recall the aetiology of inverted uterus	Cl	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ (ه. چې	

Year of Exam: 2028

Hemug- ObGy-1 6.50	K & S	К		Classify the types of inversion of uterus	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
Hombig- Obdy-1 6.71	K & S	K		Discuss the Clinical Features of inverted uterus	C1	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
HenruG- ObGy-1 6.32	K & S	KH	Scope & Limitation of Homoeopathy	Discuss the scope & limitation of Homoeopathy in inversion of uterus	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
Hoavs- Obsy-1 6.33	K & S	KH ,	Homoeopathic materia medica & therapeutics	List the Homoeopathic remedies indicated in inversion of uterus	C2	MK·	Small group discussion CBL PBL	MCQ	SAQ	

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028 Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

# 6.7 Sex & Intersexuality - Knowledge and scope to eradicate genetic Dyscrasias, predisposition, miasm and personality types known to develop particular diseases through Homocopathic outlook

	_							Assess	ment	and the second section of
SI, No.	Domain Competency	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Formative	Summative	ECCONOMICS CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF
HomUG- ObGy-1 7.1	K & S	K	Sex & Intersexuality	Define Klinifelters syndrome	·C1	DK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials Charts	MCQ	-	
HomUG - ObGy-1 7.2	K&S	K		Define Inter-sex	C2	DK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials Charts	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 7.3	K&S	K	Turner's syndrome	Explain Turner's syndrome	C1	DK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials Charts		SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 7.4	K&S	. K	Hermaphrodites	Discuss True Hermaphrodites & mention types	C2	DK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials Charts		SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1	K & S	K	Male intersex	Discuss the male Inter-sex	C2	DK	Lecture	VIVA		

Mounty. Mrs

5. My 6.0D

8. Ab

b. Rys

Egosp (a

(a 1723)

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Waximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

<b>7</b> .5	The state of the s			·		·	Small group discussion Tutorials Charts			
######################################	НО	K	Personality Type	Discuss the relevance of Predisposition with respect to Intersexuality	C2	MK	Small group discussion Tutorials Charts	VIVA		Organon of medicine
Hamile 1- Ob Gy-1 7.7	НО	K	HO	Discuss the relevance of miasm with respect to intersexuality.	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	VIVA		Organon of medicine
Boor UG- ObGy-1 7.8	НО	K	НО	Discuss the relevance of predisposition with respect to intersexuality	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	VIVA		Organon of medicine
HemUG- ObGy-1 7.9	НО	K	H O	Discuss the importance of personality of the patient for developing Disease condition	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	VIVA		Organon of medicine
HewUG- ObGy-! 7.10	НО	К	Homoeopathic materia medica & therapeutics	Discuss the homoeopathic matria medica therapeutics for Intersexuality	C2 ·	DK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	MCQ	•	Materia Medica

(ind 5. my 5. 6. 2) 7 8 A 4. Gyrod 10. State

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

### General & Homeopathic Management, Repertorisation, Therapeutics, Posology, Formulation of prognostic criteria and prognosis of related topics in Gynaecology

							ab	Assess	ment	
Sl. No.	Domain Competency	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Formative	Summative	
HomUG- ObGy-1 8.1	НО	KH	Management	Explain the general management in Dysmenorrhoea	C 2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL	Viva	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 8.2	НО	KH		Explain the general management in Amenorrhoea	C 2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL	Viva	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 8.3	HO	КН		Explain the general management in Genital prolapse	C 2	MK.	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL	VIVA	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 8.4	НО	KH		Explain the general management in retroversion of the uterus	C 2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL	VIVA	SAQ	

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

Diame G- Obdy-1 8.5	НО	К	Repertory	Discuss the repertory medium used in different gynaecological conditions	C 2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL	VIVA	
LegaliG- ObGy-1 E.tr	ΗО	KH		Discuss the selection of repertory based on symptoms	C 2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL	VIVA	
EleavUG- ObGy-1 8.7	ΗО	К	Homoeopathic Materia medica & therapeutics and posology	Co-relate the homoeopathic remedies, potency selection and repetition of dose in relation to gynaecological conditions	C 2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials CBL	VIVA	

3 About 4. May 5. my v3 6:02 9 F. A. 3. Caying 10. Sans

44 U Š

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

### Unit 2: Obstetrics, Infant Care & Homocopathic Therapeutics

### 6.9 Introduction to Obstetrics and Newborn care related with Homoeopathic Philosophy. Therapeutics and Reperto 18.1. 19.1

The state of the s								Asses	sment	
S. No.	Domain Competency	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TI MIN	Formative	Summative	70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 7
HomUG- ObGy-1 9.1	K & S	K	Introduction to Obstetrics	Define Obstetrics	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 9.2	K & S	К	Introduction to newborn care	Define the term New born Infant	C1	МК	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 9.3	K & S	K	Introduction to newborn care	Define Still birth	CI	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 9.4	НО	K	Homoeopathic case taking	Explain the Homoeopathic case taking in female complaints as per Organon of Medicine.	P1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	VIVA		Organism of medicino
HomUG- ObGy-1 9.5	HO	K		Describe the Hahnemann's concept of action of homoeopathic medicines in pregnant women & infants. Foot note aphorism 284	C2	MK	Lecture Small group discussion Tutorials	VIVA		Organon of meclomo

3. Rough 4. I mes 5. my 1)

6.72)4

3. STEP

Con Sing

Maximum marks:200 Theory-Paper1-100 Paper2- 100

								······	·····	
HomUG-	НО	KH	Homoeopathic	Discuss the Homoeopathic	C2	MK	Lecture	VIVA		Organon
ObCy-1			Materia Medica	Materia Medica with		i	Small group			of
9.6			& Therapeutic source books	Obstetrics and new born care from source books	,		discussion Tutorials			medicine
HomUG-	НО	K	Repertory	Discuss the repertory	C2	MK	Lecture	AVIV		Repertory
ObOy-				medium used in different			Small group			
9.7				obstetrical and new born care.	!		discussion Tutorials			
HomUG-	ΗО	K	Repertory	Discuss the selection of	C2	MK	Lecture	MCQ		Repertory
ObGy-				repertory based on			Small group			
9.8				symptoms in obstetrics.		ļ	discussion			
							Tutorials CBL			
HowUG-	ΗО	K	Repertory	Discuss the selection of	C2	MK	Lecture	MCQ		Repertory
ObGy-1				repertory based on			Small group			
9.9		•		symptoms in new born			discussion			
				care.			Tutorials			
		J		·		L	CBL			

(mus.my) 6-20-7 78-86 9. Great

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

### 6.10 Fundamentals of reproduction

								Assessi	nent	-
Sl. No.	Domain Competency	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	IL MM	Formative	Summative	
HomUG- ObGy-1 10.1	K & S	K	Gametogenesis	Define oogenesis	Cl	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ ·		Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 10.2	K & S	KH		Discuss the stages of oogenesis	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ.	SAQ	Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 10.3	K & S	KH		Define Spermatogenesis	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiology, Anctomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 10.4	K & S	KH		Discuss the stages of spermatogenesis	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	Physicaegy, Anaromy
HomUG- ObGy-1 10.5	K & S	KH	Ovulation	Define ovulation	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiology, Ancton./
HomUG- ObGy-1 10.6	K & S	K		Describe the mechanism of ovulation	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials		SAQ	Physiology, Anakany

3. Marty.

Empl 5. Tyrigh

6.72.7

48. NE 9. W

Cyriff 10.

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028

						A 100 Miles	Small group discussion			The state of the s
HomUG- ObCy-1 10.7	K & S	K		Describe the hormonal regulation	CI	MK .	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	***************************************	SAQ	Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy- 10.3	K & S	K	Fertilization	Define Fertilization	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiology, Anatomy
HembG- ObGy-l 10.9	K & S	K		Describe Morula	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 10.10	K & S	K		Describe Blastocyst	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 10.41	K & S	K	lmplantation	Define Implantation	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 10.12	K & S	K		Discuss the Stages of Implantation	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-t 10.13	K & S	K		Discuss the functions of Trophoblast	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1	K& S	K	Decidua	Define Decidua	C1	MK	Lecture . Fytorials	MCQ		Physiology, Anatomy

10.14							Small group discussion			-
HomUG- ObGy-1 10.15	K & S	K		Define Decidual Reaction	C1	МК	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiology, Anadany
HomUG- ObGy-1 10.16	K & S	K		Describe the layers of Decidua	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 10.17	K & S	K		Describe the Functions of Decidua	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	Physiclogy, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 10,18	K & S	K	Chorion & Chorionic Villi	Define Chorion	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiology, Anatomy
Hom-UG ObGy-1 2.28	K & S	K	•	Describe the Chorionic Villi	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	Physiology, Anctoray
HomUG- ObGy-1 10.19	K & S	K	Inner Cell Mass	Describe the development of Inner Cell Mass	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	Physicacgy, Anatomy

#### 6.10.1Development of Intra Uterine Pregnancy-Placenta and foetus.

	ds:			<i>(c</i> )	ert			Assess	nent	
1) 21, 24, 67,	Domain Competency	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Formative	Summative	Integration
For JO- ObCly-1 11.1	K & S		Placenta	Define Placenta	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.2	K & S	K		Discuss the development of Placenta	C1	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiology, Anatomy
HondUG- ObGy-1 11.0	K & S	К		Describe the Placenta at Term	CI	DK ·	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	,	Physiology, Anatomy
HenriUCI- ObCly-1 11.4	K & S	K		Describe the Structure of Placenta	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ .	SAQ	Physiology, Anatomy
HomUO- ObOy-1 11.5	K & S	K		Describe the Placental Circulation	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.6	K & S	K		Discuss the changes with Placental Ageing	C1	.DK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ		Physiology, Anatomy

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028

							Small group discussion			
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.7	K & S	K		List the Functions of Placenta	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.8	K & S	K		List the Hormones of Placenta	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.9	K & S	K	,	List Functions of the hormones of Placenta	C1	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.10	K & S	. K	Foetal Membranes	Describe the Structure of Chorion	C1	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.11	K & S	K		Describe Structure of Amnion	C1	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physloropy, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.12	K & S	K		List the Functions of Foetal Membranes	C1	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiciony, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.13	K & S	K	Amniotic Cavity, Amniotic Fluid	Discuss the development of Amniotic Cavity	C1	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Physiolo, 7, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1	K & S	K		Discuss the Circulation of Amniotic Fluid	C1	DK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ	2 .	Physiology, Anarody

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

11.14	AT FARRICK CO.	The Park of the Pa					Small group discussion		,	
HomUG- CbGy-1 - 11.15	K & S	K		Discuss the Physical Features of Amniotic Fluid	C1	DK ·	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	Physiology, Anatomy
HomUCL ObCy-1 11.16	K & S	K		Discuss the Composition of Amniotic Fluid	Cl	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	Physiology, Anatomy
Hon-UG- ObGy-1 11.17	K & S	K		Discuss the Functions of Amniotic Fluid	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	Physiology, Anatomy
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.18	K & S	K	Umbilical Cord	Discuss the development of Umbilical Cord	C1	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		
HamUO- ObGy-1 11,19	K & S	K		Discuss the Structure of Umbilical Cord	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Charts	MCQ		
HemU/3- ObGy-1 11.20	K & S	K	·	Discuss the Characteristics of Umbilical Cord	, C1	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		
HemUG- ObGy-! 11:21	K & S	K	The Foetus	List the periods of Prenatal Development of Foetus	C1	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		

3 Amery.

(Asy 5.

52 6.79 ]

S. Æ

9. Girt 10.

HomUG- ObGy-1	K & S	K		Discuss the Criteria for assessment of Growth of	C1	NK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ		
11,22				Foetus			Small group discussion Charts			
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.23	K & S	K		Discuss the Systemic & Physiological changes occurs during intra uterine life.	C1	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.24	K & S	K		Discuss the Foetal Circulation	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Charts	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.25	K & S	K .		Discuss the changes in Foetal Circulation at birth.	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Charts	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.26	K & S	. К	Foetus in Utero	Define Lie	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Clinical	MCQ VIVA		
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.27	K & S	K		Define Presentation	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Manikin	MCQ VIVA		•
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.28	K & S	K		Define Presenting part	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ VIVA	ins30	

			The state of the s						l l	
							Small group discussion Manikin			
HomUG- ObCly-	K & S	K		Define Attitude	CI P2	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ VIVA		
14,29		-	·				Small group discussion Manikin			
HomUKI- <b>C</b> bGy-I	К& S	K		Define Denominator	C1 P 2	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ VIVA	,	
11.00					l' Z		Small group discussion Manikin	VIVA		·
HoráUG- ObGy-1	K & S	K		Define Position	Ci P2	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ VIVA		
11.3!	S				rz.		Small group discussion Manikin	VIVA		
HomUG- CbGy-1	K & S	K	Foetal Skull and	Demonstrate the Areas of Foetal Skull	CI P2	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ VIVA		
11.32	ນ		Maternal Pelvis	roctal Skilli	12	·	Small group	VIVA		
							discussion Charts		}	
HomUG-	K &	, K		Demonstrate the Sutures of	C1	MK	Lecture	MCQ		
ObCly-1 11.30	S			Foetal Skull	P2		Tutorials Small group	VIVA		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							discussion Demonstration			
HemUG- ObGy-1	K & S	K		Demonstrate the Fontanels of Foetal Skull	C1 P2	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ		
11.34							Small group			
		3	reducto 4. Populario	nel 5. 24 6.	12/	7 -	T& A	9. 61	103A	lo Ser
				- 55-	-					

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028

						Demonstration			
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.35	K. &   S:	K	Demonstrate the Diameters of Foetal Skull	C1 P2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Demonstration	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.36	K & S	K	Define Moulding	CI	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ VIVA		
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.37	K & S	K	Describe Mechanism of Moulding	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Charts	MCQ VIVA		
HomUĞ- ObGy-1 11.38	K & S	K	Discuss the Importance of Moulding	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Dummy	VIVA		
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.30	K & S	K	Define Caput Succedaneum	CI	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ VIVA	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.39	K & S	K	Describe Mechanism of formation of Caput Succedaneum	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Dummy	MCQ VIVA	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.40	K & S	K	Discuss Importance of Caput Succedaneum	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ VIVA	SAQ	<u>\</u>

MON " . 10		,					Small group discussion Dummy			
HomUG- ObGy-I	K & S	K		Define False Pelvis	C 1 - P 2	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ VIVA		
[ 1 <u>/</u> /.] -							Small group discussion Charts			
-IomUG- DbCly- ) II.32	K& S	K	,	Define True Pelvis	C1 P 2	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ VIVA		
							Small group discussion Pelvis			
HomUG- DbGy-1 PL/3	K& S	K	·	Describe the Inlet of the Pelvis	C 1 P 2	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ VIVA		VV 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
							Small group discussion Pelvis	,	,	
lomUrd- DbGy-11 174	K& S	K		Demonstrate the diameters of the Pelvis	C1 P2	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ		
• ·· ·							Small group discussion Pelvis		-	
lomUG- DbGy-1 1,45	K & S	S		Demonstrate Inlet & outlet of the Pelvis	C1 P2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Pelvis	MCQ .		
HomUCI- DbCly-1 11/46	K & S	S		Demonstrate Mid pelvis	Cl	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		(

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

			 A 1 - ANALYSTAN - 11 - 1		Pelvis	,		 
HomUG- ObGy-1 11.47	K & S	S ·	Demonstrate the anterior and transverse diameters of the pelvic inlet	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Manikin	MCQ	SAQ	

### 6.11 Diagnosis of pregnancy, Investigations & examinations, applied anatomy & physiology, Normal pregnancy - Physiology and Changes

THE PERSON LABORATE STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN T	5~				1///			Assess	ment	
SI. No.	Domain Competency	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Formative	Summative	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.1	K & S	K	Diagnosis of Pregnancy	Define Gestational age of Foetus	C1	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Manikin	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.2	K & S	K		Define Ovulatory age of Foetus	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Manikin	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.3	K & S	K		Discuss the subjective symptoms in 1 <sup>st</sup> trimester of pregnancy.	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Manikin	MCQ	02/1	

HomUG- OhGy-1 12.7	K & S	. K		Discuss the objective signs in 1 <sup>st</sup> trimester pregnancy.	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	
For U(L		¥2					Small group discussion Manikin	to the state of th		
06(1y-1 12.3	K & S	K		List the Immunological tests for diagnosis of Pregnancy in I <sup>st</sup> Trimester	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	,
Hom UG- DNGy-1 12.6	K & S	K		Discuss the subjective symptoms of 2 <sup>nd</sup> trimester of pregnancy	Cl	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
omUG- aGy-1 2.7	K & S	K		Discuss the objective signs of 2 nd trimester of pregnancy	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
ontUC - hCly-! 2.8	K & S	K	·	List the investigations of 2 <sup>nd</sup> trimester of pregnancy	C 2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	·
omUG- bGy-1 2.9	K & S	K		Discuss the subjective symptoms of 3 <sup>rd</sup> trimester of pregnancy	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
omUC- bOy-1	K & S	K		Discuss the objective signs of 3 rd trimester of pregnancy	Cl	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028

12.10							Small group discussion		
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.11	K & S	K	,	List the investigations of 3 <sup>rd</sup> trimester of pregnancy	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion\	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.12	K & S	K		Discuss the Differential Diagnosis of Pregnancy	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.13	K & S	K		List the signs of previous childbirth	CI	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.14	K & S	K		Describe the methods of calculation of EDD	. CI	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.15	K & S	S		Calculate EDD of Pregnant Woman using Nagele's formula	P1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.16	PC	S	Methods of Obstetrical Examination	Demonstrate the Abdominal Examination	P-2	MK	Tutorials Small group discussion Mannikin Bedside	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG- ObGy-1	PC	K		List the types of Obstetrical grips	C 1 P 2	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ

12.17				·			Small group discussion			
HoriUO- ChGy-1	PC	S		Demonstrate the Obstetrical grips	C I P I	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ		
12.13							Small group discussion Mannikin Bedside			
FortUG-	РС	PI		Demonstrate the pelvic grips	C 1	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ		
ObOy-1 12.19			,		P 2		Small group discussion			
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.20	K & S	K		Explain Braxton-Hicks contraction(3)	Cl	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 12,21	K & S	K.	Physiological changes during pregnancy	Describe the physiological changes occurs in the genital organs during pregnancy.	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HoteUG- ObGy-1 12.22	K & S	K		Describe the physiological changes occurring in Breast during pregnancy	CI	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.23	K & S	K	Cutaneous changes	Discuss the cutaneous changes occurs during pregnancy	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.24	K & S	K	Weight gain	Discuss the physiological weight gain during pregnancy	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028

THE PROPERTY TO A STATE OF THE PARTY TO A STATE OF THE				·			Small group discussion			
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.25	K & S	K	Metabolic	Discuss the metabolic changes occurs during pregnancy	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.26	K & S	K .	Physiological changes	Discuss the haematological changes occurs during pregnancy	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.27	K & S	К	Haematological changes	Discuss the Cardio vascular changes occurs during pregnancy	and property of the second of		A SECURIT OF A SECURITY OF A S			
HomUG- ObGy-1 12.28	K & S	K	CVS	Discuss the Systemic changes occurs during pregnancy	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

### 6.12 Antenatal care - aims, objectives, visits, advise, procedures, investigations, identifying high risk cases, scope and limitation of management in Homeopathy

	<b>►</b>							Asses	sment	Integration
(*) (2) (2)	Domain Competency	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Formative	Summative	•
HomUG- ObOy-1 13.1	K&S	K	Antenatal care	Define Antenatal Care	Cl	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		
HomUG- OhGy-1 12.2	K&S	K		Discuss the Aims of Antenatal Care	Cl	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 13.3	K & S	K		Discuss the Objectives of Antenatal Care	Cl	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 13:4	РС	K		Discuss the procedure at first ANC visit	Cl	MK	Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HeraUG- Ob/Gy-1 13.5	PC	K		Discuss the procedure at subsequent visits	C1	MK	Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	Cons
HomUC- ObCy-1	РС	K		Discuss the important Investigations done for	C1	MK	Lecture Tutprials	MCQ	SAQ	

13.6				Clinical Assessment of Foetal well being			Small discussion	group				
I-lomUG- ObGy-1 13.7	K&S	K		Discuss the important Investigations done in Late Pregnancy	C1	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	MCQ	SAQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 13.8	K&S	K		Discuss the Methods of Prenatal Genetic Screening	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	MCQ	SAQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 13.9	K&S	K	·	Discuss the Invasive procedures for Prenatal Diagnosis	CI	NK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	MCQ	}	· .	
HomUG- ObGy-1 13.10	K&S	K		List the Non Invasive procedures for Prenatal Diagnosis	CI	NK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	MCQ			
HomUG- ObGy-1 13.11	K&S	K		Explain the antenatal advice given to the mother	C1 P I	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group		SAQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 13.12	K&S	K		Discuss the importance of Antenatal care	C1 PI	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group		SAQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 13.13	K&S	K		Discuss the relevance of Pre-conceptional Counselling	CI	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	VIVA			

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

Year of Exam: 2028

FiemUG- ObGy-1 13.14	РС	K1-I	Antenatal visits	Discuss the normal antenatal visits during pregnancy	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	VIVA			
HomUG- ObCy-1 Fulf	PC	KH	Antenatal diet	Discuss the antenatal diet to the pregnant mother	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion Chart	group	MCQ			
HomUG- ObCiy-1 11.16	HO	KH	Scope of homoeopathy	Discuss the Scope of Homoeopathic management in antenatal complaints	CI P1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group		SAQ .		
HomUG- ObGy-1 13.17	НО	KH	Management in Homocopathy	Discuss the Scope of Homoeopathic management in high risk cases pregnancy	Cl Pl	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion CBL	group	MCQ VIVA		Organon Medicine, Medica, Rep	of Materia pertory
HomUG- ObGy-1 13.18	НО	K	Scope & Limitations	Discuss the Limitations of Homoeopathic management in high risk pregnancy	C1 P 1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion CBL	group	VIVA	,	Organon Medicine, Medica, Rep	of Materia pertory

3. All 9. lyen 1. See

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

## 6.13 Common conditions such as Vomiting, backache, constipation in pregnancy and Homocopathic Management

	£3			on ung	tie			Assess	ment	Infeg sitton
SI. No.	Domain Competency	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Formative	Summative	
HomUG- ObGy-1 14.1	K&S		Vomiting in pregnancy	Define simple vomiting in pregnancy	C1	MK	Lecture/ Integrated teaching/ AV aids	MCQ VIVA		
HomUG- ObGy-1 14.2	K&S	K		Define hyperemesis gravidarum	CI	MK	Lecture/ Integrated teaching/ AV aids	MCQ VIVA	COMPANY TO THE STATE OF THE STA	
HomUG- ObGy-1 14.3	K & S	K		List aetiology of Hyperemesis gravidarum	Cl	MK	Lecture/ Integrated teaching/ AV aids		LA SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 14.4	K & S	K		Discuss the clinical features of Hyperemesis gravidarum	C1	MK	Lecture/ Integrated teaching/ AV aids		SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 14.5	K & S	K		Explain the Investigations required for Hyperemesis gravidarum	CI	MK	Lecture/ Integrated teaching/ AV aids		SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 14.6	K&S	K		Discuss the Complications of Hyperemesis gravidarum	CI	MK	Lecture/ Integrated teaching/ AV aids		SAQ	

Year of Exam: 2028

Waximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

HontIG- ObGy-1 14.7	K&S	K		Discuss the Management of Hyperemesis gravidarum	C1	MK	Lecture/ Integrated teaching/ AV aids	11, 16.	SAQ	
HomUC+ ObGy+1 PL6	НО	K	Homoeopathic Management	Discuss the homoeopathic Therapeutics for Hyperemesis Gravidarum	C2	MK	Lecture/ Integrated teaching/ Project Based Learning		SAQ	Materia Medica
Hom:30+ Ob/Oy-1 14.9	K&S	K	Backache	List the causes of backache during pregnancy	CI	MK	Lecture/ Integrated teaching/ AV aids	MCQ VIVA	SAQ	Physiology
FlomUC+ OhGy-1 14-10	K&S	K		Discuss the Auxilliary management of backache during pregnancy	C2	MK	Lecture/ Integrated teaching/ AV aids	MCQ VIVA		Physiology
HomUG- ObGy-} 14.14	НО	K	Homoeopathic Management	Discuss the homoeopathic Therapeutics for Backache during Pregnancy	C2	MK	Lecture/ Integrated teaching/ Project Based Learning	MCQ VIVA	SAQ	Materia Medica
HomUG- ObGy-1 14.12	K & S	K	Constipation	Discuss the Physiological cause for constipation during pregnancy	C1	MK	Lecture/ Integrated teaching/ AV aids		SAQ	Physiology
HomUG- ObCy-1 14.13	НО	K	Homoeopathic Management	Discuss the homoeopathic Therapeutics for Constipation during Pregnancy	C2	MK	Lecture/ Integrated teaching/ Project Based Learning	MCQ VIVA	SAQ	Materia Medica
HomUG- ObGy-1 14.14	НО	K		Discuss the homoeopathic Therapeutics for Minor Ailments during Pregnancy	C2	MK	Lecture/ Integrated teaching/ Project Based Learning	MCQ VIVA	SAQ	Materia Medica

5-my-20 6.72 ) & & A 1. Gg

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

6.13.1 Normal labour with its causes of onset, anatomy, physiology, mechanism, stages, events and clinical course in stage, importance of Homoeopathic Scope and management

SI. No.	ain Competency	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	II, MM	Assess	ment	Integrateri
	Domain			Spe	ğ			Forma tive	Sum mati ve	
HomUG -ObGy-1 15.1	K & S	K		Define Normal labour	CI	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		
HomUG -ObGy-1 15.2	K & S		Normal labour	Define Eutocia	CI.	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		
HomUG -ObGy-1 15.3	K & S	K		Define Abnormal Labour	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		
HomUG -ObGy-1 15.4	K & S	K		Discuss the causes of onset of labour	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		LA SAQ	Physiology
HomUG -ObGy-1 15.5	K & S	K		Describe the features of True labour pains	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG -ObGy-1 15.6	K & S	K		Describe the features of False labour pains	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	

> (Impul

FIND

5. My 67

6.00

3 6. B 3. Gra

o, f

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Waximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

fomUC ObCy-L 5.7	K & S	KH		Differentiate true labour pains from false labour pains	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	
omUG NeGy-1 5,8	K & S	K	,	Describe the characteristic features of pre-term labour	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ .	:	
omUG MGy-1 5.9	K & S	K	Normal labour	Describe the Physiology of Normal Labour	Cl	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	
omUG 26Gy-1 5.10	K & S	K	Stages of labour	Classify the Stages of Normal Labour	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
nnUG bGy-1	K & S	K	iaoour	Describe the Stages of Normal Labour	C1 ·	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	
mUG bGy-f U2	K & S	K		Discuss the events taking place in 1 <sup>st</sup> stage of labour	Cl	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	
mUG NGy-L JB	K & S	K		Discuss the events taking place in 2nd stage of labour	. C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	
naUG bGy-1 .14	K & S	K	Events 1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup>	Discuss the events taking place in 3 <sup>rd</sup> stage of labour	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	
mUG lxGy-t ,15	K & S	K	stage of labour	Discuss the 1 <sup>st</sup> stage of labour & the duratration	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
mUG 5Gy-1 .16	K & S	K		Discuss the 2 <sup>nd</sup> stage of labour & the duration	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	

68

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028

HomUG -ObGy-1	K & S	. K		Discuss the 3 <sup>rd</sup> stage of labour & the duration	Cl	MK	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ
15.17			· ·				Small group discussion		
HomUG -ObGy-1 15.18	K& S	K		Discuss the 4th stage of labour	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG -ObGy-1 15.19	K & S			Define Episiotomy	C1.	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG -ObGy-1 15.20	K & S	K.	Stages of	Discuss the types of episiotomy	: C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Mannikin	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG -ObGy-1 15.21	K & S	KH	1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> stage of labour	Discuss the complications of episiotomy	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ
HomUG -ObGy-1 15.22	K & S	K		Describe the mechanism of labour	CI P I	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Clinical demonstration Mannikin		LA SAQ
HomUG -ObGy-1 15.23	K & S	K	Episiotomy	Define crowning	CI	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Mannikin	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG -ObGy-1 15.24	K & S	K		Define Restitution	C1	MK .	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Mannikin	MCQ	SAQ
HomUG -ObGy-1 15.25	K & S	KH		Discuss the management of 1st stage of labour	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Mannikin		SAQ

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

liomUG -OhGy4 1526	K & S	KH		Discuss the management of 2 <sup>nd</sup> stage of labour	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Mannikin		SAQ	
HomUG -C5Gy-1 15.27	K & · S	KH	Mechanism of labour	Discuss the management of 3 <sup>rd</sup> stage of labour	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Mannikin		SAQ	
HemUG -OUGy-1 1303	K & S	KH	Managemen t of 1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> 3 <sup>rd</sup> , and 4 <sup>th</sup> stage of labour	Discuss the management of 4 <sup>th</sup> stage of labour	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Mannikin		SAQ	
HomUG -ObGy-1 13:29	НО	KH	Scope and limitation of homeopathy	Discuss the Scope of Homoeopathic in Labour normal Labour	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		LA SAQ	
HomUG -OaGy-1 16,30	ΗО	K	Scope and limitation of homeopathy	Discuss the limitation of Homoeopathy Labour	Cl P I	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		LA SAQ	
HomUG -UbGy-L 15.31	ΗО	KH	Homocopat hic Materia medica	Discuss the homoeopathic remedies in labour	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ .	LA SAQ	ď
HemUG -05Gy-1 1532	ΗО	KH	&therapeuti cs	Discuss the characteristic features of indicated remedies	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	LA SAQ	

Enve 5 my 2 6 22 1 8 8 1

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

# 6.14 Postnatal & puerperal care - scope and limitation of management in Homoeopathy

	Competency	•	₩.	irning es	(A)	<i>b</i>	I.	Asses	sment	Integration
Sl. No.	<b>Дотаіп Со</b> т	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TI MIM	Formative	Summative	
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.1	K & S	K	Postnatal care	Define postnatal care	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.2	K & S	K	Puerperium	Define Puerperium	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.3	K & S	K		Explain the duration of normal puerperium	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.4	K & S	K		Define Involution	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.5	K & S	K		Define Sub-involution	Cl	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028

Waximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

HemUG-	K &	K	 Discuss the Anatomical	CI	MK	Lecture	MCQ		
ObGy-1 16.6	S		Consideration of Involution of Uterus			Tutorials Small group discussion			
HomUG- Ob⊖y∃ 16.7	K & S	K	Discuss the Physiological Consideration of Involution of Uterus	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group	MCQ		
FloreUG- ObGy-1 16,2	K & S	D	Demonstrate the clinical Assessment of Involution of Uterus	P-1	MK	discussion Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ VIVA	SAQ	
FlomUG- ObGy-1 16.9	K & S	K	Discuss the Involution of other Pelvic Structures	Cl	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	VIVA		
F/omUG- ChCy-1 16.40	K & S	K	Define lochia	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		·
HemUG- ObGy-1 16.11	K & S	K	Describe the types of Lochia	C1 .	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.12	K & S	K	Discuss the composition of lochia	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	grade. *
HomUG- ; ObGy-1 16.13	K & S	K	Mention the normal duration of Lochia	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		J.

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028 Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

HomUG- ObGy-1	K & S	K		Discuss the clinical importance of Lochia	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials		SAQ	.
16.14				The second of th			Small group discussion			,
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.15	K & S	K		Discuss the Normal Physiological changes occurs during puerperium.	C1.	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.16	K & S	Ķ		Discuss the general management during Puerperium	CI	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.17	НО	KH ·	Homoeopathic Management	Discuss the homoeopathic remedies for puerperium.	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.18	НО	KH.		Discuss the characteristic features of indicated remedies	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.19	K & S	K		Define Lactation	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ VIVA		
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.20	K& S	K		Define Colostrum	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.21	K & S	K		List Composition of Colostrum	C1	MK	Lecture TutorialsSmall group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

HomUG- ObCly-1 16:22	K & S	K		Describe the 4 stages in Physiology of Lactation	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	Amen to the second of the seco	SAQ	
HomUG- ObCly-I 16.23	НО	KH	Homoeopathic Management	Discuss the homoeopathic remedies for increasing the milk	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	Materia Medica
HonUG- OUGy-1 16:24	K & S	KH		Discuss the characteristic features of indicated remedy	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	Materia Medica
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.25	K & S	K	Postnatal care	Define Postnatal care	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		
HomUG- ObGy-F 16:26	K & S	K		Discuss the Objectives of postnatal care	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.27	K & S	S	·	Demonstrate the procedure of Postnatal examination of the Mother	C1	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion			
HoraUG- Cb⊖y-1 16.28	K & S	S		Demonstrate the procedure of Postnatal examination of the Baby	C1 P I	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion			4
HowUG- ChGyd 1622	K & S	K		Discuss the advice given to the postnatal mother	P 1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ .	, i

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

HomUG- ObGy-1 16.30	НО	KH	Homoeopathic management	Discuss the Scope of Homoeopathic remedies in Postnatal care		MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	Materia medica
HomUG- ObGy-1 16.31	ΗО	<b>K</b>		Discuss the Limitation of Homoeopathic management in postnatal puerperal case	C1 P 1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	·	SAQ	Organos of medicials

#### 6.15 Care of new born in homoeopathic point of view:

				D)	1			Assess	ment	
SI. No.	Domain Competency	Miller	Content	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Formative	Summative	Integration
HomUG- ObGy-1 17.1	K & S	K	New born infant	Define New born infant	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	MCQ		Paediatrics
HomUG- ObGy-1 17.2	K & S	K		Explain weaning of infant.	CI PJ	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Clinical demonstration	VIVA		

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

HomUC:- ObGy-1 17.3	K & S	K			Describe the physical features of new born infant at birth	C 1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small	group		SAQ	,	
					,			discussion Clinical demonstrati	on				
Float//G- ObGy-1 17,4	K & S	S			Demonstrate the vital signs of new born infant immediate after birth,	C 1 P l	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small	group	MCQ.		TO THE PARTY OF TH	
			New infant	born	inmediate arter birtit.			discussion Manikin Bedside					
Hom(IG= ObGy-1 17.3	K & S	S			Demonstrate the general physical examination findings of new born	C1 P I	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small	group	MCQ			
		-	•					discussion Clinical demonstrati	on		;		
HomUG- ObGy-1 17.6	K & S	S	·		Elicit the reflexes of new born	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small	group	MCQ			
				•			:	discussion Clinical be demonstrati					
HomUC- ObGy-1 17.7	K & S	KH			Explain the Immediate care of new born	C1 P I	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small	group		SAQ		
								discussion Manikin Bedside				,	And the second s
HomUC- ObGy-1 17.8	K &	K.			Discuss the advantage of breast feeding	C1 PJ	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group		SAQ		and the second

76

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

HomUG- ObGy-1 17.9	K & S	K	Breast feeding	Discuss the contraindications for breast feeding	C1 PI	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 17.10	K & S	KH		Describe the indication for Artificial feeding.	C 2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 17.11	K & S	KH		Discuss the difficulties faced during breast feeding due to mother & Baby	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	
HomUG- ObGy-1 17.12	K& S	KH		Discuss the Daily Observation and care of new born	C2	DK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion		SAQ	Paediatrics
HomUG- ObGy-1 17.13	K & S	S		Discuss Infant Growth Assessment	C1	NK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion	A ALABAMAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A	SAQ	Paediatrics
HomUG- ObGy-1 17.14	K & S	K		Define APGAR Score of Newborn	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Clinical	MCQ	SAQ	Paediatrics
HomUG- ObGy-1 17.15	K & S	K .		Describe the parameters of APGAR Scoring of Newborn	C1 P I	MK	demonstration  Lecture Tutorials Small group discussion Clinical demonstration		SAQ	Paediatrics
HomUG- ObGy-1 17.16	K & S	K	Ch.	Discuss importance of performing APGAR	CI	DK	Lecture · Tutorials	MCQ	SAQ	Paediatrics

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

				Scoring at intervals after birth			Small discussion	group			
MonUG- ObGg-1 17.17	HO	KH	Homoeopathic Management	Discuss the Scope of Homoeopathy in New born Care	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group		SAQ	Organon of medicine
FlomUG- OfCy-1 TZER	НО	KI-1 ·	Homoeopathic Management	Discuss Homoeopathic remedies in new born care	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	SAQ		Materia medica
HemUG- ObGy-1 17.19	НО	K		Discuss the characteristic features of indicated remedies	C2	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	SAQ		Materia medica

3. Duty. June 5. my C. D. ) G. S. A. 9. Byet 10. 5253

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

6.16 General and Homoeopathic management, repertorisation, therapeutics, posology. Formulation of prognostic criteria and Prognosis of related topics in Obstetrics and new born care

	1	1		TAYOUT TO THE TAYOUT T		·····				
	ency			ρĎ	+			Asses	sment	
SI. No.	Domain Competency	Miller	Content	Specific learning objectives	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	II MM	Formative	Summative	100 92 70 20 20 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
	ΗО	KH		Discuss the Homoeopathic	C2	MK	Lecture			Materia
HomUG-				materia medica & therapeutics		ļ	Tutorials	-	SAQ	medica
ObGy-1 18.1			Homoeopathic therapeutics	in Antenatal ailments			Small grou discussion	р		Annual Annua
HomUG-	НО	KH	î	List the Homoeopathic	C2	MK	Lecture		SAQ	Majoria
ObGy-1		ļ		remedies commonly used in			Tutorials			medica
18.2	-			obstetrics			Small grou discussion	р		
HomUG-	ΗО	KH		Discuss the characeteristic	C2	MK	Lecture		SAQ	Materia
ObGy-1				features of the indicated			Tutorials			medica
18.3				remedies.	<u> </u>		Small grou discussion	р		
HomUG-	ΗО	KH		List the Homoeopathic	C2	MK	Lecture		SAQ	Materia
ObGy-1				remedies commonly used in			Tutorials			media
18.4				New born care			Small grou discussion	р		1.0
HomUG-	ΗО	KH		Discuss the characteristic	C2	MK	Lecture		SAQ	Malonii
ObGy-1			:	features of indicated remedies			Tutorials			media
18.5	<del>-</del>	11	·	- Consider	<u> </u>			<u>/_</u>	,	<b></b>

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics

Waximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028

	1			A MANAGEMENT TO LOCAL CONTROL OF THE	1		·			· ·
							Small discussion	group		
FootMa ChOy-1 TL6	НО	KH		Discuss the differentiation of the remedies	C1 ·	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	MCQ	Materia medica
HomUG- ObGy-1 13.7	HO	KH		Discuss the remedy relationship wherever applicable	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	MCQ	Materia medica
Hon Us- Chay-1 Lan	HO	KH	Repertorisation	Discuss the selection of repertories in Obstetrical care	C-3	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	MCQ	Repertory.
HamUC+ ObGy-1 113.9	HO	KH		Discuss the selection of repertories in New born care	C-3	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	MCQ	Repertory
HemUG- ObGy-1 18.10	HO	S		Explain how to convert symptoms into rubrics from different repertories in Obstetricas.	C-3	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	MCQ	 Repertory
HomUC- ObGy-1 18.11	НО	S		Explain how to convert symptoms into rubrics from different repertories in New born care.	C-3	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	MCQ	Repertory
HomUG- ObCy-1 18.12	НО	K		Discuss the selection of repertory based on symptomatology	C- 1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	MCQ	Repertory

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics

Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

HomUG- ObGy-1 18.13	НО	KH	Posology	Discuss the selection of similimum based on symptomatology	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	MCQ	Organon of medicine
HomUG- ObGy-1 18.14	НО	KH		Describe methods of potency selection	C1	MK	Tutorials	group	MCQ	Org. aon of medicino
HomUG- ObGy-1 18.15	HO	K		Discuss the factors for selection of posology.	C1	MK	Tutorials	group	MCQ	Organos. of medicine
HomUG- ObGy-1 18.16	НО	K	-	Discuss the criteria for repetition of doses	C1	MK	Lecture Tutorials Small discussion	group	MCQ	Organon of medicine

3. Det 1. > 1020 5. my 2

6.2 3 g. A 3

(0)

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

### 5.17 Important Investigations for diagnosis in Obstetrics

	cy			la C				Assess	ment	
	Domain Competency	Miller	Content	Specific learning objectives	Bloom/Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Formative	Summative	Integration
HomUG- ChGy-1 19.1	РС	K		Discuss the indications for USG in 1 <sup>st</sup> trimester.	C1	MK	Small grou discussion Tutorials CBL	MCQ .	,	Radiology
HemUG- ObGy-1 19.2	РС	K	Ultrasonography	Discuss the findings of hydatidiform mole in USG	C1	MK	PBL Small grou discussion Tutorials CBL	MCQ		Radiology
HomUG- ObGy-1 19.3	P C	K		Discuss the finding of abortion in USG	C1	MK	PBL Small grou discussion Tutorials	o MCQ	i i	Radiology
HomUG- ObGy-	РÇ	K		Discuss the findings of normal pregnancy in USG	C1	MK	CBL PBL Small grou	p MCQ		Radiology
19.4				pregnancy in OSO			Tutorials CBL PBL			

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

HomUG- ObGy-1 19.5	PC	K	Discuss the findings of Anterio - posterior diameters of the fetal skull in USG.	C1	MK	Small discussion Tutorials	group	MCQ	Radiology
(),5			ortho retai skull in OSG.			CBL PBL			
HomUG- ObGy-1	РС	K.	Discuss the findings of biparietal (BPD) diameters of	C1	MK	Small discussion	group	MCQ	Radiology
19.6			the fetal skull in USG.			Tutorials CBL PBL		•	
HomUG-	PС	K	Discuss the findings of Crown	C1	MK	Small	group	MCQ	Radiology
ObGy-1 19.7			Rump Length in USG			discussion Tutorials			
1 / • /						CBL PBL			
HomUG-	РС	K	Discuss the findings of	C1	MK	Small	group	MCQ	Radiology
ObGy-1			Amniotic fluid in USG			discussion			
19.8						Tutorials CBL PBL			
HomUG-	PС	K	Discuss the findings of foetal	Cl	MK	Small	group	MCQ	Radiology
ObGy-1			growth in each trimester in			discussion			
19.9			USG			Tutorials CBL PBL			
HomUG-	PС	K	Discuss the findings of	C1	MK	Small	group	MCQ	Radiology
ObGy-1			Malformations of the foetus in			discussion			
19.10			USG			Tutorials			
						CBL PBL	٠		

83

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

HomUG- ObGy-1 19.11	РС	K		Discuss the findings of malformation of the uterus in USG	C1	MK	Small discussion Tutorials CBL	group	MCQ	Radiology
HomUC- OhCy-1 19.12	PC	K		Discuss the urine test pregnancy test in amenorrhoea women	Cl	MK	PBL Small discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	group	MCQ	Biochemistry
HomUG- O5Gy-1 19.13	РС	Κ.		Discuss the immunological test for pregnancy	C1	MK	Small discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	group	MCQ	Biochemistry
HemUG- ObGy-1 19.14	РС	K		Discuss the conditions where B-HCG tests are done.	CI	DK	Small discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	group		Biochemistry
HomUG- ObGy-1 19.15	P C	K	Blood test	Discuss the importance of Hb in pregnancy.	C1	MK	Small discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	group	MCQ	Biochemistry
HomUCI- ObCy-1 19.16	PC	К		Discuss the importance of blood group & Rh group in pregnancy.	C1	МК	Small discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	group	MCQ	Biochemistry

84

-25-

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

HomUG- ObGy-1 19.17	РС	K	.   1	Discuss the FBS, RBS pregnancy	importance and PPBS	of in	C1	MK	Small discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	group	MCQ ·	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	
HomUG- ObGy-1 19.18	PC	Κ.		Describe the Thyroid fund pregnancy			C1	МК	Small discussion Tutorials CBL PBL	group	MCQ.		

### 7 Teaching learning methods

Lectures (Theory)	Non-lectures (Practical/Demonstrative)
Lectures	Clinical demonstration
Small group discussion	Problem based discussion
Integrated lectures	Case based learning
	Assignments
	Library reference
	Self-learning
•	

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Waximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

#### Details of assessment

The assessment in IIBHMS shall be done only as Internal Assessment (IA) in terms of Periodical Assessments (PA) and Tests (TT) as detailed below. There shall not be any Final University Examination (FUE) at this level. The marks obtained in during IIBHMS will be added to the marks of IA in the IIIBHMS University Examination.

Overall Scheme of Internal Assessment (IA)\*\*\*

Course/ Subject		T	erm I (1-6 Months)	Term II (7-12 Months)			
II BHMS/	&	PA I (end of 3 months)	TT I (end of 6 months)	PA II (end of 9 months)	TT II (end of 12 months)		
Gynaecology		20 Marks Viva- A	100 Marks Clinical/Practical and Viva - E	20 Marks Viva- B	100 Marks Clinical/Practical and Viva - F		
·			i) Viva voce -50 marks ii) Clinical/practical*- 50		i) Viva voce -50 marks ii) Clinical/practical**- 50		

### \*Practical Examinations TTI:

- a) Case taking: Recording of case in Obstetrics & Gynaecology. (20 marks)
- b) Demonstration: (15 Marks)
- General physical examination
- Per abdominal examination
- Pelvic grips
- c) Lab Investigations: Suggest the relevant lab investigations for 1st, 2nd and 3rd trimester (5 marks)

d) Demonstration of foetal skull, & Pelvic diameters (10 marks)

86

.4

r. of g. byest

10.52

0 47

Service of the servic

Subject: Gynaecology and Obstetrics Subject code: HomUG-ObGy-I

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

# \*\*Practical Examinations TTII:

- a) Case taking: Recording of case taking in Obstetrics & Gynaecology. (20 marks).
- b) Examination of the patient (10 marks)
- General physical examination
- Breast examination
- Obstetric examinations
- Post-natal examinations.
- New born care examination
- c) Analysis of the case (5 marks)
- d) Journal submission 5 cases (10 marks)

  Journal shall have following cases with analysisGynaec-3, ANC-1, PNC-1
- e) Dummy & Pelvis: Demonstration of fetal skull diameters, Sutures and pelvic diameters. (05 marks)

# \*\*\*Method of Calculation of Internal Assessment Marks in II BHMS for Final University Examination to be held in III BHMS:

	Marks of PA I	Marks of PA II	Periodical Assessment Average PA I+ PA II /2	Marks ofTT 1	Marks ofTT II	Terminal Test Average TT I + TT II / 200 x 20	Final Internal Assessment Marks	
1	A	B	D	E	F	G	D+G/2	

3. Ante. Long 5. my vol

6.22 2 9 8. 1

3. Gyesp

in Start

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:200 Theory- Paper1- 100 Paper2- 100

### 9 List of recommended text/reference books

- Dutta, D.C, (2023). Text book of Obstetrics, 10th edition, New Central Book Agency Pvt Ltd.,
- Dutta D.C (2020). Text book of Gynaecology, 8th edition, New Central Book Agency Pvt Ltd.
- Lilienthal Samuel (Reprint 2003), Homoeopathic Therapeutics, 5 edition B Jain Publishers (P) Ltd
- Guernsey H.N. Principles & Practice of Homoeopathy in Obstetrics & Paediatrics.
- Minton, Uterine therapeutics Materiamedica& Repertory, B Jain publishers (P) Ltd.

#### 10 List of contributors:

- I. Dr. Vilma Meera Dsouza Vice Principal, Professor & Hod, Department Of Gynaecology & Obstetrics, Father induffer Homoeopthic Medical College And Hospital, Deralakatte, Mangalore.
- II. Dr. Neetu Singh Professor & Hod, Department Of Gynaecology & Obstetrics, Mangilal Nirban Homocopathic Medical College And Research Institute, Bikaner, Rajasthan.
- III. Dr Rekha Thomas Professor And Hod, Department Of Gynecology And Obstetrics, Nehru Homoeopathic Medical College And Hospital, New Delhi.

2 But 4. June 5. my 2 6. 2 7 9 8. At 9- light 1. 52.4

Subject: Forensic Medicine and Toxiclogy

Subject code: HomUG-FMT Year of Examination: 2027

Max. Marks: 100

Theory: 100

# Instructions for paper setters:

- 1. There will be one paper only of 100 marks.
- 2. All questions compulsory.
- 3. Attempt questions in serial order.
- 4. Illustrate your answers with well labeled diagrams were ever necessary.

# Distribution of marks:

5. MCQs 10marks (1 mark each)

6. Short answer questions 40 marks (5 marks each)

7. Long answer questions 50 marks (10 marks each)

3. And V. Inal 5. 2nd

9 GEA

In Som

6 0 8 8 A

I de la companya della companya della companya de la companya della companya dell

 $\mathcal{V}$ 

Subject name: - Forensic Medicine and Toxicology

Subject code: HomUG-FMT

Index

S. No	Description	Page Number
1.	Preamble	. 2
2.	Course Outcomes (CO)	2-3
3.	Course Content and Term -wise Distribution	3
4.	Teaching Hours	4-6
5.	Content Mapping	7-23
6.	Teaching Learning Methods	23
7.	Details of Assessment	43-49
8.	List of Recommended Books	50
9.	List of Contributors	

Super Contract of the Contract

#### 1. Preamble

Forensic Medicine and Toxicology encompass a multifaceted understanding of the medical, legal, and medico-legal obligations incumbent upon physicians, alongside a profound comprehension of medical ethics, decorum, and the toxicological ramifications of poisons. This field intersects with the elucidation of symptoms associated with homeopathic remedies. It is imperative for every registered Homoeopathic medical practitioner, whether practicing privately or within governmental institutions, to undertake medico-legal examinations as mandated by statute. In the current landscape characterized by burgeoning consumerism in medical services, familiarity with laws pertinent to medical practice, doctrines of medical negligence, and ethical codes assumes paramount importance. Practitioners must be cognizant of their medico-legal responsibilities, adept at making astute observations, drawing logical inferences, and arriving at significant conclusions during investigations into criminal matters and associated medico-legal intricacies.

Furthermore, proficiency in identifying, diagnosing, and studying the management protocols of both acute and chronic poisonings is indispensable. Decisions regarding treatment and referral should be judiciously made, considering the prevailing circumstances and severity of the condition, thereby ensuring timely intervention. Moreover, an understanding of the medico-legal dimensions of poison-related incidents is crucial.

Additionally, recognizing that the toxicological manifestations of poisons may bear resemblance to either the proving or clinical symptoms of certain Homoeopathic remedies underscoring the importance of integration between these disciplines. Such integration not only sheds light on the evolving drug profiles but also enhances comprehension of toxicological and therapeutic principles.

#### 2. Course outcomes

At the end of BHMS II course in Forensic Medicine and Toxicology, the student shall -

- i. Identify, examine and prepare reports / certificates in medico-legal cases/situations in accordance with the law of land.
- ii. Demonstrate awareness of legal/court procedures applicable to medico legal/medical practice
- iii. Acquire knowledge in Forensic medicine and recognize its scope and limitations in Homoeopathic practice
- iv. Be conversant with the code of ethics, etiquette, duties and rights of medical practitioners' profession towards patients, profession, society, state and humanity at large; infamous conduct, medical negligence, and punishment on violation of the code of ethics.
- v. Be able to identify poisons/poisoning, and management of poisoning within the scope of homoeopathy.



- vi. Develop knowledge of Materia Medica by application of knowledge gained by the study of Toxicology
- vii. Develop skills in medical documentation
- viii. Be aware of the principles of environmental, occupational and preventive aspects of general Toxicology

# 3. Course content and its term-wise distribution

SI. No.	List of Topics	Term
	Forensic Medicine	TCIM
1.	Introduction to Forensic Medicine	Y
2.	Medical ethics	Y
3.	Legal procedures	1
4.	Personal Identification	T Y
5.	Death and its medico-legal importance	Ť
	Toxicology	ı
1.	General Toxicology	Υ .
2.	Clinical toxicology	1
. 3.	Injury and its medico-legal importance	
4.	Forensic psychiatry	. []
5.	Post-mortem examination (ML autopsy)	II
6.	Impotence and sterility	II
7.	Virginity, defloration; pregnancy and delivery.(Integration with OBG)	II
8.	Abortion and infanticide (Integration with OBG)	II .
9.	Sexual Offences	II
10.	Clinical Toxicology	11/
	Legislation relating to medical profession (relevant areas)	
1.	Legislation relating to medical profession	

### 4. Teaching hours

### 4.1 Gross division of teaching hours

	Forensic Medicine and Toxicology	
Year	Teaching hours- Lectures	Teaching hours- Non-lectures
II BHMS	120	50

### 4.2 Teaching hours theory

S. no.	List of Topics	Hours
1	Introduction to Forensic Medicine	02
2	Medical Ethics	03
3	Legal Procedures	04
4	Personal Identification	07
5	Death and its medicolegal importance	13
6	General Toxicology	07
7	Clinical Toxicology: Part-I	20
8	Injury and its medicolegal importance	10
9	Forensic Psychiatry	. 04
10	Postmortem Examination (ML Autopsy)	\ 04
11	Impotence and Sterility	G 12 P1 03

	Total	. 120
16	Legislation relating to Homoeopathic Medical Profession	05
15	Clinical Toxicology: Part-II	25
14	Sexual Offences	06
13	Abortion and Infanticide (Integration with OBG)	04
12 .	Virginity, Defloration, Pregnancy and Delivery (Integration with OBG)	03

# 4.3 Teaching hours: Non-lecture

Sr. No	Non-Lecture Activity	Term	Time Allotted per Activity (Hours)
1	Practical	I & II	35
l(a)	Demonstration		10
	a) Weapons		
	b) Toxicology - corrosives, irritants, systemic and miscellaneous poisons, gastric lavage		
	c) Charts, diagrams, photographs, models, bones, x-ray films of medico- legal importance		,
1(b)	Certificate Writing		3
	a) Various certificates like sickness certificate, physical fitness certificate, death certificate, consent form, birth certificate.		

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

1

	b) Knowledge of injury certificate, examination of rape victim and assailant, drunkenness, post-mortem examination report, age certification		
1(c)	Consent- Medical consent, implied consent, patient confidentiality, autonomy, role of care giver, audio-video recording of cases, safety and custody of medical records		2
1(d)	Demonstration of at least ten medico-legal autopsies.		20
2	Demonstrative	I & II	15
2(a)	Court Procedures (Moot Court)		05
2(b)	Field Visits		10
	Total		50



# 5 Content mapping (competencies tables)

# 5.1. Topic: Introduction to Forensic Medicine-

SI. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Miller Content	SLO	Bloom /Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessment		Integration
								F	S	
Hom	KS	K	Definition	1.Define	C-I	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Viva voce	None
UG-	CS		of forensic	forensic			lecture	Viva Voce		
FMT-	PBL		medicine,	medicine			-	1		
1.1	PRF		medical							
Hom		K	jurispruden	2. Define	C-I	MK	Interactive -	MCQ,	Viva voce	
UG-			ce,	Medical		•	lecture	Viva Voce		
FMT-			History of	Jurispruden						
1.2		<b>!</b>	Forensic	ce.						
			medicine in							
			India.				ALL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O			
Hom		K		2. Describe	C-I	DK	Interactive	SAQ,	Theory -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
UG-				the history	are the test of th		lecture	Assignme	SAQ, Viva	
FMT-				ofForensic				nt	voce	
1.3				medicine in					1000	
				India.	_					1







Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

0

# 5.2. Topic: Medical ethics-

Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessmen	t	Integration
110.	- Competency				, Guilbert			F	S	
Hom UG- FMT- 2.1	KS PC HO CS PBL PRF	K	Medical Ethics and etiquette - Code of ethics, Infamous conduct,	Define medical ethics	C-I	MK	Interactive lecture, Small Group Discussions , Written	MCQ, Assignme nt	Viva voce	None
			medical negligence, professiona l'secrecy,				Case Scenario, Moot court.			
Hom UG- FMT- 2.2			privileged communica tion, Rights and duties of doctors and patients etc	Discuss professiona I misconduct with 2 examples.	C-II	MK	Interactive lectures, Written Case Scenario, Moot court.	SAQ LAQ, Tutorial Assignme nt	Theory - SAQ and LAQ, Viva voce	- According to the second
ļ			National Commissio n for Homoeopat hy and							

Hom	State	Discuss	C-II	MK	Interactive	SAQ	Theory -	
UG-	Homoeopat	medical			lectures,	LAQ,	SAQ and	And the second second
FMT-	hic Medical	negligence			Written	Tutorial	LAQ, Viva	
2.3	Councils	with 2			Case	Assignme	voce	
İ	Structure,	examples.			Scenario,	nt	, , , ,	].
	functions	,			Moot court.			
	and legislation	- Andrés andrés			Appre .			
	Homoeopat						No. Application of the Control of th	The desired was the same of th
	hic							
	Practitioner	ł						
	s (Profession				,			
Iom	al Conduct,	Discuss	C-II	MK	Interactive	SAQ	Theory -	
JG-	Etiquette	privileged			lectures,	LAQ,	SAQ and	
MT-	and Code of Ethics)	communica			Written	Tutorial	LAQ , Viva	***************************************
.4	Regulations	tion in			Case	Assignme	voce	
***************************************	,1982 with	relation to			Scenario,	nt		
ļ	amendment	rights and			Moot court.	•	}	
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	s (up to	duties of			-			
	2014)	doctors and						
	Duties of	patients.					;	4
.	Registered							N. Contraction of the Contractio
	Homoeopat				,			.***
	hic Medical				,			
	practitioner	ļ			١			The comment of



Hom	The state of the s	in medico-	Explain the	C-II	MK	Interactive	LAQ	Theory -
UG-		legal cases.	duties of			Lectures,		LAQ , Viva
FMT- 2.5		Consent, types of consent and its importanc e in practice Bioethics	registered Homoeopat hic medical practitioner in medicolega I cases.					voce Examination
Hom UG- FMT- 2.6		Introducti on and principles	Discuss the principles of bioethics.	C-II	DK	Interactive lectures, Problem Based Learning.	Assignme nt	Viva voce Examination



Hom	Explain	C-II	MK	Interactive	SAQ,	Theory -
UG-	about the			lectures	LAQ	SAQ and
FMT-	types of					LAQ
2.7	consent and					Viva voce
	its					examination
	importance					
	in practice					

#### Topic: Legal procedures-5.3.

SI. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessmen	t	Integration
								F	S	
Hom	KS	K	Understandin	Define CrPC,	C-I	MK	Interactive	MCQ	Theory -	None
UG-	CS		g legal terms	IPC			lecture		Viva voce	
FMT-	PBL		- CrPC, IPC,							
3.1	PRF		IEA, offence,					-		
J.1			civil and	,						
Hom			criminal	Differentiate	C-II	MK	Interactive	SAQ	Theory -	
UG-			cases	between civil			lecture	LAQ,	SAQ and	1
FMT-			Inquest,	and criminal				Tutorial	LAQ, Viva	
3.2			types of	cases	•			Assignme	voce	
	]		inquest	·				nt		
Hom			Courts of law	Define	C-I	MK	Interactive	MCQ	Theory -	
'UG-			in India,	Inquest			lecture		Viva voce	
FMT-			jurisdiction,							ll industrial
3.3			hierarchy and					Art to the second secon		

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

Hom UG-	power of different	Explain the different	C-II	MK	Interactive	SAQ	Theory -	• • • • • •
FMT 3.4	courts of law the sentences	types of Inquest.			lecture	LAQ, Tutorial	SAQ and LAQ, Viva	
Hom	passed by them (India)		.,			Assignme nt	voce	
JG-	legal procedure	Classify the different	C-II	MK	Lecture, Field visits.	MCQ, SAQ	Theory - SAQ and	v
FMT-	Medical	courts of Law in India			. Tord violes.	LAQ	LAQ, Viva	
	evidences in courts, dying	m mgia					voce	
	declaration, dying							
	deposition, including							
	medical							
	certificates and medico-							





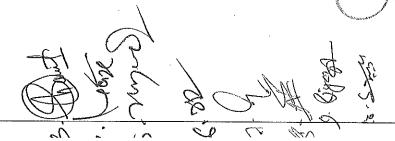
Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

Hom			Recording of	Explain the	C-II	MK	Lecture,	SAQ	Theory -	
UG-			evidence	power of			Field visits.	LAQ	SAQ and	
FMT-			Witnesses	different					LAQ , Viva	
3.6	•		and types	courts of law					voce	
			Conduct and	in India.						
			duties of doctors in							•
		}	witness box							
			witness box						·	
į										
									7-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	
				1						
Hom				Differentiate	C-II	MK	Interactive	SAQ	Theory -	-
UG-				between			lecture	LAQ,	SAQ and	
FMT-				dying				Tutorial	LAQ , Viva	
3.7				declaration				Assignme	voce	
				and dying				nt		
			-	disposition	,					
Hom				Explain the	. C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	1
UG-				types of			lecture	SAQ	MCQ, SAQ,	
FMT-			-	witnesses			and the second s		Viva voce	
3.8			\$							
Hom		·		Explain the	C-II	MK	Interactive	SAQ	Theory -	1 ,
UG-				duties of	•		lecture,	LAQ	SAQ and	
FMT-				doctors in			Moot court,		LAQ, Viva	
3.6				witness box			Field visit		voce	
			1				6/3	<b>b</b>		1

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100 15

### 5.4. Topic: Personal identification-

Sl. No.	Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessmen	<u>.</u>	Integration
								F	S	
Hom UG- FMT- 4.1	KS CS PBL PRF.	K	Determinati on of age, gender, race, religion in the living and the dead, Dactylogra	Explain the procedure for Identification of age, sex, race and religion in living and dead.	C-II	MK	Interactive lecture, , written case scenario.	SAQ LAQ, Tutorial Assignme nt	Theory - SAQ and LAQ, Viva voce	None
Hom UG- FMT- 4.2			phy, foot prints. Bones, scars and teeth, tattoo marks, handwriting, anthropome	Define Dactylography	C-I	MK	Interactive lecture,	Tutorial Assignme nt	Viva voce	



Hom UG-			try and	Explain the medicolegal	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	
	·		other				lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and	
FMT-			identificatio	importance of			written case	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	and the state of t
4.3			n data Examinatio	dactylography.			scenario.	Tutorial	voce	
		}					Demonstrati	Assignme		
			n of				on	nt		
			biological				Parameter State St			
			stains and hair.							
]			ì							
İ			DNA finger printing				•			
			1		,					
			Medicolega							
Hom			importance	Discuss the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	-
UG-				methods of	O II		lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and	
FMT-	٠			identification			written case	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	
4.4				of data, with			scenario.	Tutorial	voce	
		,		specific			Problem	Assignme	7000	
				reference to			Based	nt		
				anthropometry.			Learning,	11.		**************************************
				and the state of t			Demonstrati			
							on ·			1
Hom	÷			Explain the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory - ,	
UG-				medicolegal			lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and	
FMT-				importance of			Demonstrati	LAQ,	LAQ , Viva	
4.5				DNA			on	Tutorial	voce	The state of the s
				fingerprinting				Assignme		
				]			LI VE	ilt		104 -

#### Topic: death and its medicolegal importance-5.5.

SI. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessment		Integration
								F	S	-
Hom UG- FMT- 5.1	KS PRF CS	K	Thanatolog y, Death and its types, their medico- legal	Define Thanatology	C-I	MK	Interactive lecture, lecture	MCQ, Tutorial Assignme nt	Vivavoce	None
Hom UG- FMT- 5.2			importance somatic death, molecular death, asphyxia, coma, syncope,	Differentiate between various types of death.	C-II	MK	Interactive lecture, lecture demonstrati on, written case scenario. Field visits.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ, Tutorial Assignme nt	Theory - SAQ and LAQ, Viva voce	,

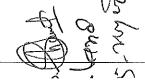
Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

T.T.							τ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Hom			suspended	Explain the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	•	
UG-			animation	mechanism of			lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and		
FMT-			Differentiat	drowning with			written case	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	,	
5.3			e cause,	its signs and			scenario,	Tutorial	voce		
			manner and	symptoms and			Problem	Assignme			
			mode of	medicolegal			Based	nt			
			death	importance.			Learning				
			Pathology								
and the state of t			of	·	:						
			asphyxial								
			death,								
			negative					<b>!</b> .		1	
			autopsy,								
Hom			sudden	Explain the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -		
UG-	:		death and	mechanism of			lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and		
FMT-			causes	hanging with			written case	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	]	
5.4	÷		Organ	its signs and			scenario,	Tutorial	voce		
		•	transplantat	symptoms and			Problem	Assignme	VOCC		
			ion and the	medicolegal			Based	nt		120	
			laws	importance.			Learning	1111		\ \	
	į		governing	,			Bouning				
			organ								
			transplantat							1 1	
			ion								1
			Signs of				- Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Ann			A 7	,
			death (1)						}		1





Hom	immediate,	Explain the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	
UG-	(2) early,	mechanism of	C-II	14114	lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and	
	į.	1			,	LAQ,		
FMT-	(3) late and their	coma.			written case	Tutorial	LAQ , Viva	
5.5	medico-	-			scenario, Problem		voce	ı
	legal	-			Based	Assignme		
	importance,			1		nt		
	1 1				Learning			
	estimation							
	of post-							
	mortem							
	interval						·	
	Asphyxial							
Hom	deaths	Explain	C-II	MK	T , ,	MGO	Theory -	
	(mechanica	suspended	C-II	IVIIX	Interactive	MCQ,	SAQ and	
UG-	l asphyxia	animation			lecture,	SAQ LAQ,		
FMT-	and				written case	Tutorial	LAQ, Viva	
5.6	drowning).				scenario, Problem		voce	
	Death from				Based	Assignme		
,	starvation,				Learning	nt		W.
	cold and	Discuss		DK			TI	
Hom	heat etc.	medicolegal	C-II	DK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	//
UG-		aspects of			lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and	
FMT-		Organ			written case	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	
5.7		Transplantation			scenario,	Tutorial	voce	
		and laws			Problem	Assignme	,	
		governing it			Based	nt		
					Learning			



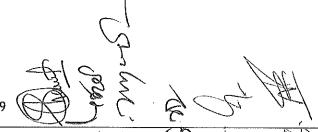


Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

Hom	Y	Explain the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	
UG-		immediate,			lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and	
FMT-		early and late			written case	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	
5.8		signs of death			scenario,	Tutorial	voce	
	·	and their			Problem	Assignme		
		medicolegal			Based	nt		
		importance			Learning			

#### 5.6. Topic: Injury and its medicolegal importance-

SI. No.		Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessmen	t	Integration
								F	S	
Hom UG- FMT- 6.1	KS CS PBL PRF	K	Mechanical, thermal, firearm, regional, transportati on and traffic injuries;	Differentiate between various types of injuries.	C-II	MK '	Interactive lecture, lecture demonstrati on, written case scenario.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ, Tutorial Assignme nt	Theory - SAQ and LAQ , Viva voce	None





Hom	injuries	Explain the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MOO	Theory -		7
UG-	from	types of	C-11	IVIIX	lecture,	MCQ, SAQ	SAQ and	·	
FMT-	radiation,	mechanical			lecture	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva		
6.2	blast,	injuries with			demonstrati	Tutorial	voce		
0.2	electrocutio	medico-legal			on, written	Assignme	Voce		
	n and	importance			case	nt			
	lightning	•			scenario.	1111			
	and their				Field visits.				
	medicolegal								
	importance						·		
	ľ					****			
	1								
	- 173401								
Hom		Explain the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -		
UG-		types of			lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and		}
FMT-	***************************************	thermal			lecture	LAQ,	LAQ , Viva		
6.3		injuries with			demonstrati	Tutorial	voce		
		medico-legal			on, written	Assignme			
		importance			case	nt		ila.	
					scenario.	-		No.	
					Field visits.			1	
Hom		Explain the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -		
UG-		types of			lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and		1
FMT-		firearm injuries			lecture	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	Contract of the Contract of th	1
6.4		with medico-			demonstrati	Tutorial	voce		1
		legal			on, written	Assignme	*		1 18
		importance			scenario.	nt			""
					Field visits.				
	<u> </u>			E 15	3	A	R In	1 /2°	J

Explain the

Hom

UG-

FMT-6.5

Hom UG-FMT-6.6

Hom UG-FMT-6.7

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100 Theory -Interactive MCQ, SAC and CAD

1			111cordou vo	moy,		
types of			lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and	,
regional			lecture	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	
injuries with			demonstrati	Tutorial	voce	
medico-legal			on, written	Assignme		
importance			case	nt		*
			scenario.			
			Field visits.			1
Explain	C-II	DK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	
injuries from			lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and	
radiation, blast,			lecture	LAQ,	LAQ , Viva	
electrocution		•	demonstrati	Tutorial	voce	
and lightning			on, written	Assignme		
with medico-			case	nt		
legal			scenario.			
importance			Field visits.			
Define	C-I	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	
Ballistics			lecture	SAQ	MCQ, Viva	
					voce	

MK

C-II

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100



#### **5.7.** Topic: Forensic psychiatry-

SI. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessme	ent	Integration
	a de la company							F	S	
Hom UG- FMT- 7.1	KS CS PBL PRF	K į	Definitions, delusion, delirium, illusion, hallucination, impulse, obsession, mania, ICD-11 classificatio	Explain delusion.	C-II	МK	Interactive lecture, lecture demonstrati on. Field visits.	SAQ	Theory - SAQ, Viva- voce	None
Hom UG- FMT- 7.2			n of Insanity, mental subnormalit y. Definition and brief overview of common	Explain delirium.	C-II	MK	Interactive	SAQ	Theory - SAQ, Viva- voce	

Hom	1	Explain	C-II	MK	Interactive	SAQ	Theory -	
UG-	illnesses.	Illusion.			lecture		SAQ, Viva-	
EMT-	True and	•					voce	
7.3	feigned						1 1000	
	mental							
	illness.							•
	Civil and							
	criminal responsibili							
	ties of a							
Hom		Explain	C-II	MK	Interactive	SAQ	Theory -	
JG-	mental illness/disa	hallucination.			lecture		SAQ, Viva-	
MT-	bility.						voce	
.4	Developme		•					
Iom	nt of	Explain	C-II	MK	Interactive	SAQ	Theory -	
JG-	insanity,	Impulsive			lecture		SAQ, Viva-	
MT-		obsession					voce	
.5	admission	disorder.		,				
Iom	to mental 1	Explain mania.	C-II	MK	Interactive	SAQ	Theory -	
IG-	asylum,				lecture		SAQ, Viva-	
MT-	care of				lectific		voce	4
.6	mentally ill		•				Voce	120
om	person and	Explain about	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory And	1
G-	: Gibelialec.	the ICD-11	·		lecture	SAQ	Practical	3h
MT-	1 1	classification			Tootine	LAQ,	Examination	
7		of Insanity,				Assignme		Marie Control of the
		mental subnormality			6	nt		Marine Service



Hom	Discuss civil C-II	MK	MCQ, Theory And
UG-	and criminal		SAQ Practical
FMT-	responsibilities		LAQ, Examination
7.8	of person with	• .	Assignme
	mental illness.		nt
Hom	Explain C-II	MK	MCQ, Theory And
UG-	Mental Health		SAQ Practical
FMT-	Act.		LAQ, Examination
7.9			Assignme
			nt .
Hom	Discuss about C-II	MK	MCQ, Theory And
UG-	the admission		SAQ Practical
FMT-	of an insane person to		LAQ, Examination .
7.10	mental asylum,		Assignmen
	care of mentally		t
	ill person and discharge.		

VE

5.8. Topic: Postmortem examination (ML autopsy)-

Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessmen	t	Integration
								F	S	1
Hom UG- FMT- 8.1	KS CS PBL PRF.	K	Purpose, procedure, legal bindings; difference between pathologica l and medico- legal autopsies. External examinatio n, internal examinatio n of adult, foetus and skeletal	Define autopsy  Enlist the	C-II	MK	Interactive lecture  Interactive	MCQ,	Viva voce examination  Theory -	None
UG- FMT- 8.2			remains. Artefacts	objectives of conducting a Medico legal Autopsy	Accounts to		lecture, lecture demonstrati on,Field visits.	LAQ, Assignme nt	SAQ, LAQ And Viva voce Examination	



Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100



Hom UG- FMT- 8.3	Forensic science Laboratory	Define Artefacts	C-I	MK	Interactive lecture	MCQ, SAQ	Theory And Practical Examination	
Hom UG- FMT- 8.4		Discuss in detail about the Forensic science Laboratory	C-II	DK	Interactive lecture, lecture demonstration, Field visits.	Assignme nt	Theory-SAQ And Viva voce Examination	

#### Topic: Impotency and sterility-5.9.

SI. No.	Domain of Miller Content SLO Competency	SLO	Bloom /Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessmen	Integration			
								F	S	
Hom UG- FMT-	KS CS PBL	K	Impotence, sterility, sterilization	Define Impotence and Sterility	C-I	MK	Interactive lecture,	MCQ, Assignme	Theory , Viva	Integration with OBG
9.1 Hom	PRF.		, Artificial Inseminatio	Explain the	C-II	MK	Integrated	SAQ	Theory -	
UG- FMT-			n, surrogacy, in-vitro	factors leading to impotency			learning	LAQ, Assignme	SAQ and LAQ, Viva	Constitution of the second
9.2			fertilization	and sterility			3	nt	voce	Constitution of the second



Hom		Legal	Explain	C-II	MK	Interactive	SAQ	Theory -		
UG-		issues	Artificial			lecture	LAQ,	SAQ and		
FMT-		related to	Insemination			-	Assignme	LAQ , Viva		ŀ
9.3		impotence,		•			nt	voce		
		sterility and								
		artificial								
***************************************		inseminatio								
		n,								
		surrogacy,								
		in-vitro								
		fertilization								
		legitimacy,								
Ì		sperm								
		donation,								
		sperm								
		banks, ova						and the state of t		
		banks,								
	ļ	freezing of								
		gametes,							,	A
		frozen								1
		embroys,								1
		medicolega								
		1								100
		importance	-					7		
Hom			Explain	C-II	MK	Interactive	SAQ	Theory -	K.	Ĵ
UG-	ĺ		surrogacy with			lecture	LAQ,	SAQ and	Adding and	
FMT-			its medico-legal		Paragraphic		Assignme	LAQ , Viva		
9.4			importance		9/9	D)	nt	voce	A The	

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

Hom UG- FMT- 9.5	Explain in- vitro fertilization with its medico-legal importance	C-II	DK	Interactive lecture	SAQ LAQ, Assignme nt	Theory - SAQ and LAQ , Viva voce
Hom UG- FMT- 9.6	Explain the functions of sperm and ova banks with its medicolegal importance	C-II	NK	Interactive lecture	SAQ LAQ, Assignme nt	Theory - SAQ and LAQ , Viva voce

28

# 5.10. Topic: Sexual abuse, exploitation in all genders, defloration; pregnancy and delivery-

Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /Guilbert	Priority	TL MM			Integration								
**	, Kg							F	S									
Hom UG- FMT- 10.1	CS PBL PRF.	presumptive e, probable and positive signs of pregnancy, sexual exploitatio , sexual abuse, pregnancy, delivery, posthumou child, pseudocyes is,	positive	Discuss about the presumptive, probable and positive signs	C-II	MK	Interactive lecture, lecture demonstra	MCQ, SAQ LAQ, Assignme nt	Theory - SAQ and LAQ, Viva voce	Integration with OBG								
Hom UG- FMT- 10.2											pregnancy, sexual exploitation , sexual	of pregnancy  Explain the medico Legal aspects of legitimacy	C-II	MK	Interactive lecture, lecture demonstra	MCQ, SAQ LAQ, Assignme	Theory - SAQ and LAQ, Viva voce	
Hom UG- FMT- 10.3			posthumous child, medicolegal importance.	superfoetation with its medicolegal	C-II	MK		MCQ, SAQ LAQ, Assignme nt	Theory - SAQ and LAQ , Viva voce									
			on,superfec undation, legitimacy and			4	P	,										

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

	paternity - legal aspects						
Hom UG- FMT- 10.4		Explain superfecundati on with its medicolegal importance.	C-II	MK	MCQ, SAQ LAQ, Assignme nt	Theory - SAQ and LAQ, Viva voce	

### 5.11. Topic: Abortion and infanticide-

SI. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessment	ţ	Integration
								F	S	
Hom	KS	K	Abortion:	Define	C-I	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	Integration
UG-	CS	•	different	abortion.			lecture	SAQ	SAQ, Viva	with OBG
FMT-	PBL		methods,						voce	<i>y</i>
11.1	PRF.		complicatio							*
Hom			ns,	Explain	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	
UG-			accidents	different			lecture,,	SAQ -	SAQ and	
FMT-			following	methods of			group	LAQ,	LAQ , Viva	· junearing
11.2			criminal	abortion with	į		discussion	Assignme	voce	No.
11.22			abortion,	its signs and			s,	nt ·		the new construction
			MTP,	symptoms and			Integrated			
			medicolegal	medicolegal			learning			
			importance	importance						Comp.

30

Hom	Abortificen	T	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	
UG-	t drugs and	Explain various signs of live			lecture,,	SAQ	SAQ and	
FMT-	methods	birth.			group	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	
11.3	Infant				discussion	Assignme	voce	
	death, signs				s,	nt		
1	of live				Integrated			
	birth, legal		3		learning			
Hom	definitions,	Discuss the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	
JG-	battered	regulations of	•		lecture,,	SAQ	SAQ and	
FMT-	baby	MTP Act 1971		entre medical formation of the formation	group	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	
11.4	syndrome,				discussion	Assignme	voce	
	cot death,				s,	nt		
	Munchause			·	Integrated			
	n's				learning			
Hom	syndrome	Explain	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	
UG-		battered baby			lecture,,	SAQ	SAQ, Viva	
FMT-	,	syndrome			group	Assignme	voce	
1.5		·			discussion	nt	İ	
					s,			
					Integrated			Sp.
Hom				3.677	learning	1.00		
JG-		Explain cot	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	
FMT-		death.			lecture, ,	SAQ	SAQ Viva	
		- And the second			group	Assignme	voce	Marie a
1.6					discussion	nt		4
				·	S,			The same
					Integrated	\		
					learning	8		

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

(	3	$\setminus$
	$\nearrow$	/

Hom UG- FMT- 11.7		Explain Munchausen's syndrome	C-II	MK	Interactive lecture, , group discussion s, Integrated learning	MCQ, SAQ	Theory - SAQ Viva voce		
----------------------------	--	-------------------------------------	------	----	--	-------------	------------------------------	--	--

## 5.12. Topic: Sexual offences-

SI.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom	Priority	TL MM	Assessment		Integration
No.	Competency		,		/Guilbert		-			
								F	S	
Hom	KS	K	Natural	Enlist the	C-I	MK	Interactive	Assignme	Theory- SAQ	Integration
UG-	CS		sexual	various sexual			lecture,	nt	Viva voce	w
FMT-	PBL		offenses,	offences			small			ith OBG
12.1	PRF.		Unnatural				group			merce control of the
			sexual				discussions	**************************************		۵
			offenses,				Integrated	,		13.
			Sexual				learning		,	, A
Hom			perversions	Classify the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	i i i
UG-			The clinical	various sexual			lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and	The state of the s
FMT-			examinatio	offences.			small	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	Si ing
12.2			n and	PAYARIA AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN			group	Assignme	voce	
			findings of				discussion	nt		
			victim and				s,		T-1-E-E-E-E-E-E-E-E-E-E-E-E-E-E-E-E-E-E-	And the same of th
			assailant				Integrated		***************************************	
					-		learning			4 2.

Hom		The	Explain the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	
UG-		medicolega	natural sexual			lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and	(,
FMT-		I aspects of	offences.			small	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	
2.3		sexual				group	Assignme	voce	
		offenses		•		discussion	nt		
		and				s,			₽ ·
		perversions				Integrated			
		. IPC, CrPC				learning			
-Iom		\ \{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\ba	Explain the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	
JG-		Bhartiya	unnatural			lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and	,
MT-		Nyay	sexual offences.			small	LAQ,	LAQ , Viva	
2.4		Sanhita Bill 2023 &	onences.			group	Assignme	voce	
İ						discussion	nt		,
	·	Bharatiya Sakshya				S,			
						Integrated	Í		
lom		(Second) Bill 2023}		СП	MK	learning.	MGG		
JG-			Explain the	C-II	IVIIX	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	8
MT-			different sexual			lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and	\
2.5			perversions.		i	small group	LAQ,	LAQ , Viva	, ,
2.3					,	discussion	Assignme	voce	
							nt		4
			- Address	:		s, Integrated			No.
			<b>1</b>			learning			Age of the state o
Iom			Discuss the	C-II	MK	Interactive	SAQ	Theory -	10
IG-			clinical			lecture,	LAQ,	SAQ and	•
MT-			examination			small	Assignme	LAQ , Viva	a Curs
2.6			and findings of victim and			1	nt	voce	1.012

		assailant of a sexual offence			discussion s, Integrated learning			
Hom UG- FMT- 12.7		Explain the medicolegal aspects of sexual offenses and perversions.	C-II	MK	Interactive lecture, small group discussion s, Integrated learning	SAQ LAQ, Assignme nt	Theory - SAQ and LAQ , Viva voce	
Hom UG- FMT- 12.8		Explain the provisions in the Bhartiya Nyay Sanhita Bill 2023 & Bharatiya Sakshya (Second) Bill 2023}	C-II	MK	Interactive lecture, small group discussion s, Integrated learning	LAQ, Assignme nt	Theory - LAQ, Viva voce	





# 5.13. Topic: General toxicology-

Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessmen	t	Integration
								F	S	
Hom UG- FMT- 13.1	KS PC HO CS PBL PRF.	K	Forensic Toxicology and Poisons, Classificati on of poisons	Classify various types of poisons	C-II	MK	Interactive lecture, lecture demonstra tion, group discussion s,	MCQ, SAQ LAQ, Assignme nt	Theory - SAQ and LAQ, Viva voce	None
	,		Medico - legal				Integrated learning			5 my in
Hom			aspects of	Explain the	C-II	MK		SAQ	Theory -	1 1
UG-			poisons,	general				LAQ,	SAQ and	6.70
FMT-			Antidotes	principles of				Assignme	LAQ , Viva	11/h. 1
13.2			and types, Diagnosis	management of poisoning				nt	voce	0 77
Hom			of	Explain the	C-II	MK		MCQ,	Theory -	
UG-			poisoning	types of				SAQ	SAQ and	
FMT-			in living	antidotes And				LAQ,	LAQ , Viva	
13.3			and dead, General	its uses				Assignme nt	voce	l luga
Hom			principles	Explain the	C-II	MK		MCQ,	Theory -	- HARA
UG-			of	diagnosis of				SAQ	SAQ and	10 STEN
FMT-			managemen	poisoning in				LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	
13.4			t of poisoning,	living and dead subjects,				Assignme nt	voce	

		Duties of Homoeopat hic Practitioner						
Hom UG- FMT- 13.5	K	s in cases of poisoning	Describe the duties of a medical practitioner in the suspected case of poisoning	C-II	DK	MCQ, SAQ LAQ, Assignme nt	Theory - SAQ and LAQ , Viva voce	,

### 5.14. Topic: General toxicology-

Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Ass	essment	Integration
				селение				F	S	
Hom	KS	K	i)	Describe the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	Integration
UG-	PC		Corrosives	action, signs and			lecture,,	SAQ	SAQ and	with
FMT-	НО		, Ii)	symptoms, fatal			group	LAQ,	LAQ , Viva	Materia
14.1	CS	•	Irritants	dose, fatal			discussion	Assignme	voce	medica
	PBL		iii)	period, post			S,	nt		
	PRF.		Asphyxian	mortem findings			Integrated			
			ts	and			learning			
			iv)	circumstances of						
			Neurotics	corrosive						White and the second se
	14.00		v) cardiac	poisoning			$\sim$			

36

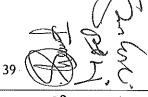
Hom UG-	vi) Miscellane	Describe the action, signs and	C-II	MK	Interactive lecture,	MCQ, SAQ	Theory - SAQ and	
FMT- T14.2	ous	symptoms, fatal			group	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	
114.2	vii) food Poisoning	dose, fatal period, post			discussion s,	Assignme nt	voce	
	viii) Drug dependenc	mortem findings			Integrated			
	e & drug	circumstances of asphyxiant poisoning.		And the second s	learning	· ·		3 Bond
Hom UG-		Describe the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	5. Ny 5
FMT-		action, signs and symptoms, fatal		1,100.1	lecture, , group	SAQ LAQ,	SAQ and LAQ, Viva	5.00
14.3		dose, fatal period, post			discussion s,	Assignme nt	voce	6.30
		mortem findings and circumstances of neurotic poisoning.			Integrated learning			1.A/
Hom UG-		Describe the action, signs and	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ, SAQ	Theory - SAQ and	a luci A
FMT- 14.4		symptoms, fatal dose, fatal period, post mortem			lecture, , group discussion s,	LAQ, Assignme	LAQ, Viva	16.5
		findings and circumstances of irritant poisoning.			Integrated learning	1 116		C 3

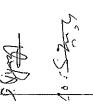
Hom	Describe the	C-II	MK <sub>.</sub>	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory~	
UG-	action, signs and			lecture,,	SAQ	SAQ and	
FMT-	symptoms, fatal			group	LAQ,	LAQ , Viva	
14.5	dose, fatal			discussion	Assignme	voce	
	period, post			s,	nt		
	mortem findings			Integrated			
	and			learning			
	circumstances of						
	cardiac poisoning.						Ant
Hom	Explain	C-II	DK	Interactive	SAQ	Theory -	770
UG-	Medicolegal			lecture,,	LAQ,	SAQ and	4 200
FMT-	aspects in			group	Assignme	LAQ , Viva	- July Les
14.6	different			discussion	nt	voce	511
	poisoning			s,	·		
		٠		Integrated			6.72
				learning			
Hom	Differentiate	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	7/1
UG-	between the			lecture,,	SAQ	SAQ and	14/
FMT-	various			group	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	11 12
14.7	presentations of			discussion	Assignme	voce	14° 1
	Arsenic and			s,	nt		
	Lead poisoning.			Integrated			1 Duch
				learning		·	12. All de
Hom	Explain	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	1 C) 12
UG-	differential			lecture, , group	SAQ	SAQ and	10.
FMT-	diagnosis of			discussions,	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva	No.
14.8	Organophosphoru s poisoning			Integrated learning	Assignment	voce	in the second second

Hom UG- FMT- 14.9		Explain bioterrorism with the bacterial borne / microbial infections,/ biologic positing	C-II	NK.	Interactive lecture, , group discussions ,Integrated learning	SAQ LAQ, Assignme nt	Theory - SAQ and LAQ, Viva voce	
----------------------------	--	--	------	-----	---	-------------------------------	--	--

## 5.15. Topic: Legislation relating to medical profession - including latest amendments and superceeding acts as and when applicable-

SI. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessmen	<b>f</b>	Integration	on
	-							F	S	-	
Hom	KS	K	Various	Explain the	C-II	MK	Interactive	MCQ,	Theory -	None.	
UG-	PC		acts as	medicolegal			lecture,	SAQ	SAQ and		
FMT-	НО		described	aspects of			lecture	LAQ,	LAQ, Viva		
15	CS		in term	various acts			demonstra	Assignme	voce		1
	PBL		wise	under Forensic			tion,	nt			\
	PRF.		contents	Medicine and			Integrated	***			
I				Toxicology			learning				3





## 5.16. Topic: Demonstration of weapons, poisons (Practical)-

Sl. No.		Content	Competency / Outcome	Entry behaviour	Specific Learning Objectives	Learner activity	Assessment
Hom UG-	a)	Weapons		Enumerate different types of weapons. Enumerate	Identify various types of weapons  Classify injury produced by them		
FMT- 16.1	b)	Toxicology - corrosives, irritants, systemic and		different types of injuries caused by weapons	Explain medicolegal importance of injuries produced by the weapons.		
Hom		miscellaneous poisons, gastric	KS	Enumerate the different names of	Identify various types of specimens of poisons	Demonstration,	-
UG- FMT-	ره	lavage	CS PBL	poisons and	Classify the poison as per their action	group discussions,	Practical Examination
16.2	c)	Charts, diagrams, photographs, models, bones, x-	PRF	methods of poisoning	Explain medicolegal importance of poisons	Spotting, PBL	į
Hom		ray films of medico-legal importance		Enumerate different emergency	Explain gastric lavage procedures,		
JG- FMT- 6.3		•		conditions related to GIT where	Explain the merits of Gastric Lavage and its indications and		
				gastric lavage is indicated	contraindications.		Sec al Sicretic Survey of the Second

# 5.17. Topic: Certificate Writing (Practical)-

Sl. No.	Content	Competency / Outcome	Entry behaviour	Specific Learning Objectives	Learner activity	Assessment
Hom UG- FMT- 17.1 Hom UG- FMT- 17.2	Various certificates like sickness certificate, physical fitness certificate, death certificate, consent form, birth certificate. Knowledge of injury certificate, examination of rape victim and assailant, drunkenness, post-mortem examination report, age certification	KS CS PBL PRF	Enlist the names of different medical certificates	Write various certificates like sickness certificate, physical fitness certificate, death certificate, consent form, birth certificate.  Write a report of examination of rape victim, Injury Certificate, Post Mortem Examination report, Age Certification.  Drunkenness Certificate.	Certificate writing. Written case scenario.	Practical Examination

### 5.18. Topic: Consent (Practical)-

SI. No.	Content	Competency / Outcome	Entry behaviour	Specific Learning Objectives	Learner activity	Assessment
Hom UG- FMT- 18	Medical consent, implied consent, patient confidentiality, autonomy, role of care giver, audio-video recording of cases, safety and custody of medical records	KS CS PBL PRF	Explain the meaning of consent.	Write consent in given format.	Written case scenario, Group discussion.	Practical Examination

### 6. Teaching learning methods

Lectures (Theory)	Non-lectures (Practical/Demonstrative)
Lectures	Clinical demonstration
Small group discussion	Problem based discussion
Integrated lectures	Case based learning
Structured interactive sessions	Tutorials
	Seminars
	Video clips
770/1970/1970/1970/1970/1970/1970/1970/1	Assignments
	Field visits (Court visit and Isolation hospitals).
	Self-learning



### 7. Details of assessment

# 7.1 Overall Scheme of Assessment (Summative)

Sr. No	Profession	onal Course	, Te	rm I (1-6 Months)		Term II(	7-12 Months)
1	Second BHMS	Professional	PA I (end of 3 months)	TT I (end of 6 months)	PA II (end of 9 months)	FUE (end of 12	2 months)
			10 Marks Viva	50 Marks Practical/ Viva  1. Viva voce -25 marks  2. Practical- 25 marks (Identification of weapons, poisons,	10 Marks Viva	100 marks theory	100 marks (Clinical/practical+ Viva+ IA)
		·		X-Rays- 10 Marks, Certificate writing- 10 Marks Case Scenario of consent taking- 5 marks)			

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100



#### 7.2 Number of papers and Marks Distribution for Final University Examination (FUE)

Sr. No.	Course Code	Papers	Theory	Practical/ Clinical	Viva Voce	Internal Assessment*	Grand Total
1	HomUG-FMT	01	100 marks	50 marks**	40 marks	10 marks	200marks
		·				(Marks of PA	
			***************************************			I + TT I + PA	
				·		II)	

\*Method of Calculation of Internal Assessment Marks for Final University Examination:

(Marks of PA-1 + Marks of TT + Marks of PA-2) / 70 X 10 Marks of IA-

#### \*\*Details of practical assessment at FUE

Sr No	Headings	Marks
1	6 spotters - Bones, weapons, Toxicology specimens, Photographs, models - with their medicolegal aspects - 5 marks Each	30
2	Certificate Writing	10
3	Journal	10
	Total	50

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

### 7.3 Paper Layout

Summative assessment(FUE):

Theory- 100 marks

MCQ	10 marks
SAQ	40 marks
LAQ	50 marks

# 7.4 Distribution of questions for theory exam

Sr.No	Paper			D		
		·		Type of Question asked. "No"should not		
	A	В	C	MCQ	SAQ(5	LAQ
	List of Topics	Term	Marks	(1 Mark)	Marks)	(10 Marks)
1	Introduction to Forensic Medicine& Medical Ethics Legal procedure	I	Refer Next Table 7.5	No	Yes	No
2	Personal Identification	I		Yes	Yes	No
3	Death and Its Medicolegal importance	I		Yes	No	Yes
4	Injury and Its medicolegal importance	II		Yes	No	Yes
5	Impotence and sterility	11		Yes	Yes	Yes

	Virginity, defloration pregnancy and	H		•	
	Delivery Abortion and infanticide	II			
	Sexual offences	ΪΙ			
6	General Toxicology	1	Yes	Yes	No
7	Clinical Toxicology- Corrosive Poisons	I	Yes	Yes	No
8	Clinical Toxicology- Irritant Poisons	I	Yes	No	Yes
9	Clinical Toxicology- Asphyxiant poisons	I	No	Yes	No
10	Clinical Toxicology- Neurotics Poisons	n	No	Yes	No
11	Clinical Toxicology- Cardiac Poisons	II	No	Yes	No
12	Clinical Toxicology- Miscellaneous Poisons	II	Yes	No	No
13	Clinical Toxicology- Food Poisoning, Drug Dependence and drug abuse	II	Yes	No	No
14	Legislation relating to medical profession	II	No	No	Yes

U

# 7.5 Theme-wise distribution of questions:

Theme	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's	
A	Introduction to Forensic Medicine Medical ethics Legal procedure	I	5	0	5	0 2.	
В	Personal Identification	I	6	1	5	0	
С.	Death and Its Medicolegal importance	I	11	1	0	10 a' 1	di
D	Injury and Its medicolegal importance	II	11	1	0	10	
Е	Impotence and sterility Virginity, defloration pregnancy and Delivery, Abortion, Infanticide Sexual offences	II	16		5	10 . S	
F	General Toxicology	I	6	. 1	5	0	1
G	Clinical Toxicology- Corrosive Poisons	I	6	1	5	0 (1)	
Н	Clinical Toxicology- Irritant Poisons	I	11	1	0	10	
I	Clinical Toxicology- Asphyxiant poisons	I	5	0	5	0	1
J	Clinical Toxicology- Neurotics Poisons	II	5	0	5	0 /	- 2
K	Clinical Toxicology- Cardiac Poisons	II	5	0	5	0	1
L	Clinical Toxicology- Miscellaneous Poisons	II	2	2	0	0 9.6	- 14
М	Clinical Toxicology- Food Poisoning, Drug Dependence and drug abuse	· II	1	1	0	0	U
N	Legislation relating to medical profession	II	10	0	0	10	7

#### 7.6 Question paper blueprint

A	В	Question Paper Format
Question Serial Number	Type of Question	(Refer table 7.5 for themes)
Q1	Multiple choice Questions (MCQ) 10 Questions  1 mark each All compulsory Must know part: 6 MCQ Desirable to know: 2 MCQ. Nice to know:2MCQ	<ol> <li>Theme B</li> <li>Theme C</li> <li>Theme D</li> <li>Theme E</li> <li>Theme F</li> <li>Theme G</li> <li>Theme H</li> <li>Theme L</li> <li>Theme L</li> <li>Theme M</li> </ol>

5. Paut 4. 180c 5. mg

6. 20 7.6

10.

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

50

Q2	Short answer Questions(SAQ)	1. Theme A
	8Questions	2. Theme B
	5 Marks Each , All compulsory	
	Must know part:7 SAQ	3. Theme E
	Desirable to know: 1 SAQ	4. Theme F
	Nice to know: Nil	5. Theme G
		6. Theme I
		7. Theme J
		8. Theme K
Q3	Long answer Questions (LAQ) 5 Questions	1. Theme C
	10 Marks each	2. Theme D
	All compulsory	3. Theme E
		4. Theme I-I
		5. Theme N
-	3. Amust 4. Legar 5.	mol 6.20, 7.4

1



#### 8. List of recommended Books

- · C. K. Parikh, 2019, Text Book of Medical Jurisprudence Forensic Medicine & Toxicology (edition 21st), CBS Publishers
- · K.S. Narayan Murty, 2022, The Essentials of Forensic Medicine & Toxicology, Jaypee Publication,
- · Modi, N.J , A Text Book of Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology
- Biswas Gautam, 2015, Review of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology (Including Clinical & Pathological Aspects), Jaypee Brothers Medical Publisher (P) Ltd;.
- Nandy Apurba, Principles of Forensic Medicine Including Toxicology,
- · Sharma D B, 2022, Essential of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology, (First edition), B. Jain Publishers

#### 9. List of contributors:

Dr. Dharmendra B. Sharma
 Principal, Professor & HOD, Department of Forensic Medicine & Toxicology
 Dr. D.Y. Patil Homoeopathic Medical College and Research Centre

II. Dr. Shiv Kumar Mishra

Professor, Department of Forensic Medicine & Toxical Cyllege and Hospital, New Delhi,

s. Show a. Lind's mil

g. byest

10. 50%

Տկեject: Pathology & Microbiology

Subject code: Hom UG-Path-M

Year of Examination: 2027

Max. Marks: 200

Theory: Paper I: 100

Paper II: 100

### Instructions for paper setters:

1. Paper 1 and paper 2 shall carry 100 marks each.

- 2. All questions compulsory.
- 3. Attempt questions in serial order.
- 4. Illustrate your answers with well labeled diagrams were ever necessary.

#### Distribution of marks:

5. MCQs 10marks (1 mark each)

6. Short answer questions 40 marks (5 marks each)

7. Long answer questions 50 marks (10 marks each)

2. sunny

7 3

9. (ita)

(1. Cary

D

Subject: Pathology and Microbiology Subject code: HomUG-Path-M Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Subject name: Pathology and Microbiology

Subject code: HomUG-Path-M

#### Index

S.No	Description	. Page Number
1.	Preamble	
2.	Course Oute - (CO)	2
۷.	Course Outcomes (CO)	2
3.	Course Content And Term -wise Distribution	2.5
4.	Teaching Hours	3-5
· <del></del>		6-10
5.	Content Mapping	11-132
6.	Teaching Learning Methods	
7.	Details of A	133
7.	Details of Assessment	134-140
8.	OSPE Stations (for practical examination)	
		140-144
9.	List of Recommended Books	145
10.	List of Contributors	
		146

Subject: Pathology and Microbiology Subject code: HomUG-Path-M

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

#### 1. Preamble

Pathology and Microbiology provide comprehensive knowledge of the pathologic basis of disease, to enable a complete understanding of the reaction of man to different morbid factors causing disease -its natural course, clinical manifestations, complications and sequel.

The students must be able to discriminate symptoms of the patient & disease satisfying the Hahnemannian requirements of physicians as mentioned in aphorism 3 of Organon of Medicine, make them competent in diagnosis and to substantiate miasmatic perspective with pathology for an accurate homoeopathic prescription.

Knowledge also helps in deciding the scope, limitation and prognosis of a case through the understanding of susceptibility. Immune-mediated illnesses are becoming important areas where homoeopathic interventions can play a significant part in alleviating suffering and in bringing about a cure. The teaching should be aligned and integrated vertically in organ systems recognizing deviations from normal structure and function and clinically correlated to provide an overall understanding of the aetiology, mechanisms, laboratory diagnosis and management of diseases and horizontally with Homoeopathic Philosophy, Homoeopathic Materia Medica and Repertory to understand the Homeopathic concept of Disease and its management. Pathology will need alignments with Anatomy and Physiology on one side and clinical subjects on the other side with the foundation of homoeopathic subjects.

#### 2. Course outcomes

At the end of the II BHMS course the students will be able to:

- 1. Recognize the importance of study of Pathology and Microbiology in Homoeopathic system of medicine
- 2. Understandthe morphological changes in cell structure in disease and recognize the mechanism of the etiological factors in the causation of such changes
- 3. Integrate the study of Pathology and Microbiology with Homoeopathic philosophy, Materia Medica, and Repertory.
- 4. Understand classification of diseases as per Master Hahnemann.
- 5. Understand common and important diseases based on their evolution, aetio-pathogenesis, pathology, progress and prognosis.
- 6. Develop skill in the identification of pathological features specifically histo-pathological features, and gross pathological specimens.
- 7. Able to interpret laboratory reports for diagnosis and treatment purpose.\
- 8. Develop a positive attitude towards the role of Pathology and Microbiology in Homoeopathic system

8 M

(A. Sam

2.\_> (

(1)

3

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

## 3. Course content and its term-wise distribution

### 3.1 Contents for Term I

	Theory	
Sr. No.	Topic	
1.	Introduction to Pathology	
2.	General Pathology	
3.	Introduction to Microbiology	
4.	Sterilisation and Disinfection	
5.	Culture medias and methods	5. 1
6.	Infection and Disease	n. Carpo
7.	Human Microbiome	5. singue
8.	Gram positive bacterias	Pan
9.	Introduction to Virology	6. 2
10.	Introduction to Parasitology	7
11.	Protozoans	A. A.
	Non -lecture- Practical/Demonstrative	
1.	Demonstration of Instruments	2. West
2.	Demonstration of Methods of sterilisation	(a. Senson
	3	100 f

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

3.	Demonstration of culture medias
4.	Estimation of haemoglobin
5.	Total count of Red Blood Cells
6.	Total count of White Blood Cells
7.	Bleeding time and clotting time
8.	Blood grouping.
9.	Gram staining
10.	Demonstration of histopathological slides
11.	Demonstration of Pathological specimen/models

#### 3.2 Contents for Term II

	Theory	100 (1)
Sr. No.	Topic	5 my vo)
1.	Systemic Pathology	6.72
2.	Gram negative bacterias	7 4
3.	Acid fast bacterias	W Ab
4.	Spirochaetes	& Quent.
5.	Virology-DNA,RNA virus	001 000

6.	Parasitology -Helminths
7.	Mycology
8.	Diagnostic procedures in Microbiology
	Non -lecture- Practical/Demonstrative
1.	Staining of thin and thick films.
2.	Differential count.
3.	Erythrocyte sedimentation rate-demonstration
4.	Urine examination-physical, chemical and microscopical examination.
5.	Examination of Faeces- demonstration
6.	Hanging drop preparation demonstration
7.	Acid fast staining -demonstration
8.	Interpretation of laboratory reports (serological tests, LFT, RFT, TFT etc.) and its clinico pathological correlation
9.	Demonstration of common pathological specimens/models from each system
10.	Demonstration of common Pathological slides from each system
_	

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

#### 4. Teaching hours

#### 4.1 Gross division of teaching hours

Pathology & Microbiology					
Year	Teaching hours- Lectures	Teaching hours- Non-lectures			
II BHMS	. 200	80			

#### 4.2 Teaching hours theory

Sr. No	Topic	Hours
	Paper I .	
1,	Introduction	3
	General Pathology	4
1.	Cell Injury and cellular adaptation	10
2.	Inflammation and repair	10
3.	Neoplasia	
4.	Immunopathology	£ 8
5.	Haemodynamic disorders	10
6.	Environmental and Nutritional diseases	2

Bod 4. 1000 5- Juny 00.6

2 77 8.1

. Gyarf-

La Sas

7

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

••	meory: Paper	7-	10
	Paper	2-	10

	Systemic Pathology	-	
1.	Diseases of the Haematopoietic system, bone marrow and blood		9
2.	Diseases of the Respiratory system.		5
3.	Diseases of the the oral cavity, salivary glands and gastro intestinal tract		6
4.	Diseases of liver, gall bladder, and biliary ducts		. 4
5.	Diseases of the Pancreas		1
6.	Diseases of blood vessels and lymphatics		2
7.	Diseases of Cardiovascular system		
8.	Diseases of kidney and lower urinary tract		5
9.	Diseases of male reproductive system and prostate		6
10.	Diseases of the female genitalia and breast		4
11.	Diseases of the skin and soft tissue		1
12.	Diseases of the musculo-skeletal system.		2
13.	Diseases of Endocrine glands -thyroid		2
14.	Diseases of nervous system		The same of the sa
	Total .	The state of the s	102

3 Dut 4. 180 5. my of 6. 22 7 38. Mg Gyest 10 Sxxxx

Year of Exam: 2027

	Microbiology and Parasitology	-
1.	General introduction, Bacterial structure, growth and metabolism & genetics	3
2.	Identification and cultivation of bacteria( staining, culture medias, methods)	3
3,	Sterilization and disinfection	2
4.	Infection and disease	2
5.	Gram positive cocci	5
6.	Gram negative cocci	2
7.	Gram positive aerobic bacilli	2
8.	Gram positive anaerobic bacilli	3
9.	Gram negative bacilli	9
10.	Acid Fast Bacterias	4
11.	Spirochaetes	3
12.	Fungi- general characters- cutaneous, systemic mycosis, opportunistic	3
13.	Introduction to parasitology	2
14.	Protozoans	9
15.	Helminths -cestodes, trematodes and nematodes	14
16.	Virology-introduction &,Bacteriophges	2
17.	DNA virus	11
18.	RNA viruses	12
19.	Emerging and re-emerging diseases	2
20.	Human Microbiome- homoeopathic concept	3
21.	Diagnostic procedures in Microbiology	2
***************************************	Total	98

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

### 4.3 Teaching hours Non-lecture

Sl. No.	Practicals	60 hrs
1.	Demonstration of common and latest equipments used in pathology and microbiology laboratory	4
2.	Estimation of haemoglobin (by acidometer)	
3.	Total count of Red Blood Cells	2
4.	Total count of White Blood Cells,	2
5.	Bleeding time and Clotting time.	2
6.	Blood grouping.	2
. 7.	Staining of thin and thick films- demonstration	2
8.	Differential count of WBC	2
9.	Erythrocyte sedimentation rate -demonstration	2
10.	Urine examination	2 (74
11.	physical, chemical and microscopical examination.  Examination of Faeces- demonstration of	2
12.	physical, chemical (occult blood) and microscopical for ova and protozoa.  Demonstration of Methods of sterilisation	Cabarine 2

g. Cycy

( ... Ship)

13.	Common culture medias- demonstration	1
14.	Gram staining .	2
15.	Acid fast staining - demonstration	2
16.	Hanging drop preparation demonstration	2
17.	Interpretation of laboratory reports (serological tests, LFT, RFT, TFT etc.) and its clinico pathological correlation.	5
18.	Demonstration of common pathological specimens/models	10
19.	Demonstration of common histopathological slides	10
	Demonstrative Activities	20
1.	Seminar/tutorials/ Symposium	8
2.	PBL/CBL	6
3.	Group discussion	6

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

## 5. Content mapping (competencies tables)

#### 5.1. Introduction to Pathology-

Sl. No.	Sl. No. Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom / Guilbert	Priorit y	TL MM	Assessment		Integration
					Gunbert			F	S	
HomU G-Path M.1.1	KS	К	Basic definitions	Define the terms "Pathology", "Pathophysiology", "Health", "Disease"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	
HomU G-Path M.1.2	KS	K	Branches of Pathology	State the branches of Pathology	C1	MK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	
HomU G-Path M.1.3	KS	K	Contributions of important scientists to Pathology	List the contribution of important scientists to Pathology	Cl	NK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce MCQ	NA	
HomU G-Path M.1.4	KS	K	Common terms for study of diseases	Enumerate the common terms for study of diseases	Cl	MK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	
HomU G-Path M.1.5	KS	K	Definition of health as per Homoeopathic philosophy	Define Health according to Homoeopathic concept – Aphorism -9	C1	MK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	Organon o Medicine

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU G-Path M.1.6	KS	K	Definition of disease as per Homoeopathic philosophy	Define Disease according to Homoeopathic concept-Aphorism -11	C1	MK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	Organon of Medicine
HomU G-Path M.1.7	KS	K	Homoeopathic concept of evolution of disease and cure	Describe the Homoeopathic concept of evolution of disease and cure	C1	MK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce SAQ	Viva Voce SAQ	Organon of Medicine

#### 5.2. Cell injury and cellular adaptation-

Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom / Guilbert	Priorit y	TL MM	Assessi	nent	Integration
							Ì	F	S	
HomU G-Path M 2.1	KS	K	Definition of Cell injury	Define the term "Cell injury"	C 1	MK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	
HomU G-Path M 2.2	KS	K	Etiology of cell injury	Describe the causes of cell injury	C 1	MK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce SAQ MCQ	Viva Voce SAQ MCQ	
HomU G-Path M 2.3	KS	KH	Cellular response to injurious stimuli	Describe the types of cellular response to injurious stimuli and stress.	C 2	MK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce SAQ MCQ	

12

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU KS Cellular K Define the MK "cellular Viva term C 1 Lecture Viva G-Path adaptation adaptation" Voce Voce M 2.4 SAQ SAO LAQ HomU KS K Discuss the various types of C 1 MK Viva Viva Lecture G-Path cellular adaptation with Voce Voce Slide M 2.5 examples MCQ MCQ present SAQ ation LAQ HomU KS K Atrophy Define the term "atrophy" C 1 MK Lecture Viva Viva G-Path Voce Voce M 2.6 SAQ SAQ MCO MCO LAO HomU KS KH Explain the etiopathogenesis C 2 MK Viva Viva Lecture G-Path atrophy with examples Voce Voce Slide M2.7SAQ SAQ present MCQ MCO ation LAQ HomU KS KH Describe C 2 ΜK the morphologic Viva Viva Lecture G-Path features of atrophied cell Voce Voce Slide M 2.8 SAQ SAQ present MCQ MCQ ation LAQ HomU KS K Hyperplasia Define the term "Hyperplasia" C 1 MK Lecture Viva Viva G-Path Voce Voce M 2.9 SAQ SAQ MCQ MCQ LAQ

y v

6.29 3 9 8 5

bysa

la Sagar

HomU G-Path	KS	KH		Describe types of hyperplasia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva Voce		
M 2.10				with examples			Slide	Voce	1		
W 2.10		.	·				present	SAQ	SAQ	-	
							ation	MCQ	MCQ		
HomU	KS	KH	-			3.477		77'	LAQ		
G-Path	KB	KIT		Discuss the morphologic	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva		
ļ				features of hyperplasia			Slide	Voce	Voce		
M 2.11							present	SAQ	SAQ		
		,					ation	MCQ	MCQ		
HomU	IZCI	. 72	TT						LAQ		
G-Path	KS	K	Hypertrophy	Define the term hypertrophy	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva		
			P	1.				Voce	Voce		
M 2.12								SAQ	SAQ		ļ
								MCQ	MCQ		
									LAQ		
HomU	KS	KH		Describe the types of	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva		$\dashv$
G-Path				hypertrophy with examples.	C Z	1711	Slide	Voce	Voce		
M 2.13	-			hypertrophy with examples.			present	SAQ	SAQ		
	•						ation	MCQ	MCQ -		
							auon		LAQ		
HomU	KS	KH	-	Describe the morphologic	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva		
G-Path				features of hypertrophy	O Z		Slide	Voce	Voce		
M 2.14				a substitution of the period o			present	SAQ	SAQ		
				•			ation	MCQ	MCQ		
							auon		LAQ		
HomU	KS	KH	Differences	Enumerate differences between	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva		-
G-Path			between	Hypertrophy and Hyperplasia			Slide	Voce	Voce		
M 2.15	A <sup>pri</sup>		Hypertrophy and				present	SAQ	SAQ		
	(	100			ļ		*	MCQ	MCQ		
	a/-	4/	Hyperphyla		X ()		ation	MCQ	LAQ		_

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU	KS	K	Metaplasia	Define the term "Metaplasia"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path				·			Bootaro	Voce	Voce	
M 2.16					Ì			SAQ	SAQ	
								MCQ	MCQ	
HomU	Va								LAQ	]
G-Path	KS	KH		Describe the types of metaplasia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
M 2.17				with examples.			au.	Voce	Voce	
IVI Z.17							Slide	SAQ	SAQ	
Ī							present	MCQ	MCQ	
HomU					l		ation		LAQ	
G-Path	KS	K	Dysplasia	Define the term "Dysplasia"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
								Voce	Voce	}
M 2.18		.						MCQ	MCQ	
					•			-	SAQ	
HomU	KS	KH		Evaloin the aut 1		2.617				
G-Path				Explain the cytological changes in Dysplasia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	ļ
M 2.19		-		ui Dyspiasia			Slide	Voce	Voce	
				]			present	MCQ	MCQ	
HomU	KS	KH	Biochemical and	Describe the sequential	C 2	MK	ation	X /:	SAQ	
G-Path			ultra structural	biochemical and ultrastructural	C 2	IVIIX	Lecture	Viva	Viva Voce	
M 2.20			changes in	changes in reversible cell injury			Slide	Voce	SAQ	
			reversible cell	due to Ischaemia and hypoxia	į	•	present	SAQ	MCQ	
	•		injury	за пурока			ation	MCQ	LAQ	
HomU	KS	KH	Biochemical and	Describe the sequential		N ATZ		T.1.		
G-Path		ĺ	ultrastructural	Describe the sequential biochemical and ultrastructural	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
M 2.21			changes in	changes in irreversible cell			Slide	Voce	Voce	1
	galaine.		Irreversible cell	injury due to Ischaemia and			present	MCQ	SAQ	5
	64	1	injury ()	hypoxia			ation	SAQ	MCQ	
	1		3-1		J. C.	/>			LAQ	

15 6 7 9 B. A

J. At 9. May

(a. S. 157

HomU G-Path M 2.22	KS	KH	Pathogenesis of cell injury	Describe the pathogenesis of Free Radical-mediated cell injury	C 2	MK	Lecture Slide present	Viva Voce SAQ	Viva Voce SAQ	
HomU G-Path M 2.23	KS	K	Morphology of Reversible cell injury	Enumerate the common morphologic forms of reversible cell injury	CI	MK	ation  Lecture Slide present ation	MCQ Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	MCQ Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
HomU G-Path M 2.24	KS	K	Hydropic change	Define the term "Hydropic change"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
HomU G-Path M 2.25	KS	КН	Hydrophic change	Describe the etiopathogenesis of Hydropic change	C 2	MK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	
HomU G-Path M 2.26	KS	KH		Describe morphology of hydropic change with an example	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	
HomU G-Path M 2.27	KS	K	Fatty change	Define the term "Fatty change"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	

HomU	KS	KH	-	Describe the etiopathogenesis	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path				of Fatty change			Slide	Voce	Voce	
M 2.28							present	MCQ	MCQ	
							ation	SAQ	SAQ	
	,								LAQ	
HomU	KS	KH		Describe mounted on of Fatte	C 2	MK	<b>.</b>	Viva	Viva	
G-Path				Describe morphology of Fatty change in various organs	0.2	IVIE	Lecture	1	1 ' ' '	
M 2.29		ĺ		change in various organs			Slide	Voce	Voce	
							present	MCQ	MCQ	
							ation	SAQ	SAQ	
HomU	KS	KH	Types of mucoid	Describe the two C	C2	MK		X 7!	LAQ	
G-Path			change with	Describe the types of mucoid change with examples	C2 .	IVIIX	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
M 2.30			examples	change with examples				Voce	Voce	
111 215 (			Champies					MCQ	MCQ	
HomU	KS	KH	Types of	Describe the types of Lastin	C 2	MK		SAQ	77:	
G-Path			Hyaline change	Describe the types of hyaline change with examples	C2	IVIIX	Lecture	Viva	Viva	İ
M 2.31			with examples	change with examples	,		Slide	Voce	Voce	
	·		with examples				present	MCQ	MCQ	
HomU	KS	K	Morphological	Time I Dr. 1 1 1 1 C	<i>α</i> ,	N 432	ation	SAQ		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
G-Path	110	1	1 -	List the Morphological forms of	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
M 2.32				Irreversible cell injury				Voce	Voce	
141 2,52,			Irreversible cell injury					MCQ	MCQ .	
HomU	KS	K	Necrosis	Define the term "Necrosis"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path								Voce	Voce	
M 2.33			b					MCQ	MCQ	
	.gov	٠.		,				SAQ	SAQ	
		$b \mathcal{L}$	MA						LAQ	

HomU G-Path	KS	K		Describe the types of Necrosis	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
		}		with examples				Voce	Voce	
M 2.34								MCQ	MCQ	
				,				SAQ	SAQ	
									LAQ	
HomU	KS	K	Coagulative	Describe the etiopathogenesis	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path			Necrosis	of Coagulative necrosis	-		Slide	Voce	Voce	
M 2.3							present	MCQ	MCQ	
5							ation	SAQ	SAQ	
							- Cition	`	LAQ	
HomU	KS	KH		Describe themorphological	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	- V44-000, W-12
G-Path				features of Coagulative necrosis			Slide	Voce	Voce	
M 2.3				in affected organs			present	MCQ	MCQ	·
6		1					ation	SAQ	SAQ	
									LAQ	
HomU	KS	KH	Liquefactive	Describe the etiopathogenesis	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path			necrosis	of liquefactive necrosis			Slide	Voce	Voce	
M 2.3							present	MCQ	MCQ	
7		İ					ation	SAQ	SAQ	
			~						LAQ	
HomU	KS	KH		Describe the morphological	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path				features of liquefactive necrosis			Slide	Voce	Voce	
M 2.3			:	in affected organs			present	MCQ	MCQ	
8		·					ation	SAQ	SAQ	
									LAQ	
HomU	KS	KH	Differences	Enumerate differences between	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path			between coagulative	coagulative necrosis and			Slide	Voce	Voce	
M 2.39	6	- Art	necrosis and	liquefactive necrosis				SAQ	SAQ	
2.37	6		liguesactive				present ation/	MCQ	MCQ	·
***************************************		1/2	neesosis ()				auon	LIVICY	MICQ	

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU G-Path M 2.40	· KS	KH	Caseous necrosis	Describe the etiopathogenesis caseous necrosis	C 2	MK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
HomU G-Path M 2.41	KS	КН		Describe themorphological features of caseous necrosis inaffected organs	C 2	MK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
HomU G-Path M 2.42	KS	КН	Fat necrosis	Describe the etiopathogenesis, morphological features of fat necrosis	C2	MK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
HomU G-Path M 2.43	KS	KH	Fibrinod necrosis	Describe the etiopathogenesis, microscopic features offibrinod necrosis	C2	MK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
HomU G-Path A 2.4	KS	K	Gangrene	Define the term "Gangrene"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	Surgery
FlomU G-Path 1 2.4	KS	K	B.A	State the types of gangrene	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	Surgery

19

8. 1

3. Offer 10 S

1

KS	KH	Dry gangrene	Explain the etiopathogenesis	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	Surgery
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
			gangrene with examples				`	, ,	
							SAQ	SAQ	
							,	LAQ	
KS	KH	Wet gangrene	Describe the etiopathogenesis	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	Surgery
			morphological features of wet	•			Voce	Voce	
,			gangrene with examples			1	MCQ	MCQ	]
						:	SAQ	SAQ	
								LAQ	
KS	KH	Differences	Enumerate the differences	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
		between dry	}				Voce	Voce	•
	-	1	,				SAQ	SAQ	
		wet gangrene					MCQ	MCQ	
KS	KH	Etiopathology of	Explain the etiopathogenesis	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
		1 1					Voce	Voce	
			1		:		MCQ	MCQ	
	ļ					1 *	SAQ	-	
		,				across .		LAQ	
KS	K	Pathological	Define the term "Pathological	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
			1	0.	1	{	Voce	Voce	
						1	MCQ	MCQ	
						1.	1 `	_	
						dilon			
KS	KH		Enumerate the types of	C 1	MK	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	
				<b>O</b> 1					
			pamorogram amorriamion			present	1		
		1 60) 1)				ation	Voce	Voce	
	KS KS	KS KH  KS KH  KS K	KS KH Wet gangrene  KS KH Differences between dry gangrene and wet gangrene  KS KH Etiopathology of Gas gangrene  KS K Pathological calcification	KS KH Wet gangrene Describe the etiopathogenesis morphological features of dry gangrene with examples  KS KH Differences between dry gangrene and wet gangrene wet gangrene  KS KH Etiopathology of Gas gangrene  KS KH Etiopathology of Gas gangrene  KS KH Differences between dry gangrene and wet gangrene  KS KH Differences between dry gangrene and wet gangrene  KS KH Differences between dry gangrene and wet gangrene  KS KH Differences between dry gangrene and wet gangrene  KS CH Differences between dry gangrene and wet gangrene  CEXPLAIN THE CHOPATHOR STORM TO STORM	KS KH Wet gangrene Describe the etiopathogenesis morphological features of wet gangrene with examples  KS KH Differences between dry gangrene and wet gangrene with gangrene and wet gangrene  KS KH Etiopathology of Gas gangrene  KS KH Pathological calcification  KS KH Pathological calcification  KS KH Pathological calcification  Enumerate the differences between dry gangrene and wet gangrene  C 2  Explain the etiopathogenesis and morphological features of Gas gangrene  C 1  C 2  Explain the etiopathogenesis and morphological features of Gas gangrene	KS KH Wet gangrene    Describe the etiopathogenesis morphological features of dry gangrene with examples   C 2   MK	KS KH Differences between dry gangrene with examples  KS KH Etiopathology of Gas gangrene  KS K Pathological calcification  KS K Pathological calcification  KS KH Differences between dry gangrene and wet gangrene  Enumerate the differences between dry gangrene and wet gangrene  Enumerate the differences between dry gangrene and wet gangrene  Explain the etiopathogenesis C 2 MK Lecture  C 2 MK Lecture  C 2 MK Lecture  C 3 MK Lecture  C 4 MK Lecture  C 5 MK Lecture  C 5 MK Lecture  C 6 MK Lecture  C 8 MK Lecture  C 9 MK Lecture  C 1 MK Lecture  C 1 MK Lecture  C 2 MK Lecture  C 3 MK Lecture  C 4 MK Lecture  C 5 MK Lecture  C 6 MK Lecture  C 7 MK Lecture  C 8 MK Lecture  C 8 MK Lecture  C 9 MK Lecture  C 1 MK Lecture  C 1 MK Lecture  C 1 MK Lecture  C 2 MK Lecture  C 2 MK Lecture  C 3 MK Lecture  C 4 MK Lecture  C 5 MK Lecture  C 6 MK Lecture  C 7 MK Lecture  C 8 MK Lecture  C 8 MK Lecture  C 9 MK Lecture  C 1 MK Lecture  C 1 MK Lecture  C 1 MK Lecture  C 1 MK Lecture  C 1 MK Lecture  C 2 MK Lecture  C 3 MK Lecture  C 4 MK Lecture  C 5 MK Lecture  C 6 MK Lecture  C 7 MK Lecture  C 8 MK Lecture  C 8 MK Lecture  C 9 MK Lecture  C 9 MK Lecture  C 1 MK Lecture  C 1 MK Lecture  C 1 MK Lecture	morphological features of dry gangrene with examples  KS KH Wet gangrene  Describe the etiopathogenesis morphological features of wet gangrene with examples  C 2 MK Lecture Viva Voce MCQ SAQ  KS KH Differences between dry gangrene and wet gangrene and wet gangrene  Wet gangrene  Enumerate the differences between dry gangrene and wet gangrene  Enumerate the differences between dry gangrene and wet gangrene  KS KH Etiopathology of Gas gangrene  KS KH Etiopathology of Gas gangrene  Gas gangrene  C 2 MK Lecture Viva Voce SAQ  MCQ  KS KH Etiopathology of Gas gangrene  Gas gangrene  C 2 MK Lecture Viva Voce SIIde present ation  KCQ  KS K Pathological calcification  C 1 MK Lecture Viva Voce present ation  KS KH Etiopathological calcification  KS K Pathological calcification  C 1 MK Lecture SIIde Voce present ation  KS KH Enumerate the types of C 1 MK Lecture SIIde Voce present ation  KS KH Enumerate the types of C 1 MK Lecture SIIde Voce present ation  KS KH Enumerate the types of C 1 MK Lecture SIIde Voce present ation  KS KH Enumerate the types of C 1 MK Lecture SIIde Voce present ation  KS KH Enumerate the types of C 1 MK Lecture SIIde Voce pathological calcification	MS KH Betiopathology of Gas gangrene  KS KH Pathological calcification

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

HomU G-Path	KS	KH		Describe the etiopathogenesis	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
M 2.52				of Dystrophic calcification with			Slide	Voce	Voce	
		ļ		examples			present	MCQ	MCQ	
							ation	SAQ	SAQ	
HomU	KS	KH	,	Describe the etiopathogenesis	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path				of Metastatic calcification with	O Z		Slide	Voce	Voce	
M 2.53				examples		ļ	present	MCQ	MCQ	
			·				ation	SAQ	SAQ	
			j				ation		briQ	
HomU	KS	KH		Enumerate the differences	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path				between Dystrophic			ĺ	Voce	Voce	
M 2.54				calcification and Metastatic				MCQ	MCQ	
				calcification				SAQ	SAQ	
HomU	KS	K	Apoptosis	Define the term "Apoptosis"	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path					0 1			Voce	Voce	
M 2.55								MCQ	MCQ	
						}		SAQ	SAQ	·
HomU	KS	KH		Denovihe the velocity visit	0.2	DK	-	17'		
G-Path				Describe the role of apoptosis in pathologic processes with	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
M 2.56				pathologic processes with examples			Slide	Voce	Voce	
				CAUMPIOS			present	MCQ	MCQ	
				i			ation	SAQ	SAQ	
HomU	KS	K	Intracellular	Define the term "Intracellular	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path			accumulation	accumulations"	C I	17117	Looung	Voce	Voce	
M 2.57			(10) h					МСQ	MCQ	
		ا ج	(SK) . D =		7 2			.,,,,,,	11100	

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

KS	KH		Enumerate the types of	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
			abnormal intracellular				Voce	Voce	
			accumulations with examples				MCQ	MCQ	
KS	K			C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
		· ·	"Russell bodies", "Mallory				i		
		"Russell	body", "Brown atrophy",				MCQ	MCQ	
		bodies",	"Heart failure cells"						
•		"Mailory body",		·					
İ		"Brown							
		atrophy", "Heart							
		failure cells"				Parameter 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
	KS	KS K	Xanthomas, "Russell bodies", "Mallory body", "Brown atrophy", "Heart	KS K Definition of Xanthomas, "Russell bodies", "Mallory body", "Brown atrophy", "Heart failure cells"	KS K Definition of Xanthomas, "Russell bodies", "Mallory body", "Brown atrophy", "Brown atrophy", "Brown atrophy", "Heart failure cells"	KS K Definition of Xanthomas, "Russell bodies", "Mallory body", "Brown atrophy", "Brown atrophy", "Heart failure cells"	KS K Definition of Xanthomas, "Russell bodies", "Mallory bodies", "Brown atrophy", "Brown atrophy", "Heart failure cells"	KS K Definition of Xanthomas, "Russell bodies", "Mallory bodies", "Brown atrophy", "Heart failure cells"  KS K Definition of Xanthomas, "Russell bodies", "Mallory body", "Brown atrophy", "Heart failure cells"  MCQ Viva Voce MCQ	KS K Definition of Xanthomas, "Russell bodies", "Mallory bodies", "Brown atrophy", "Heart failure cells"  KS Definition of Xanthomas, "Russell bodies", "Mallory body", "Brown atrophy", "Heart failure cells"  MCQ MCQ  Viva Viva Voce Voce MCQ  MCQ MCQ

#### 5.3. Inflammation and repair-

Sl.No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priorit	$ _{\mathrm{TL}}$	Assessi	nent	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert	у	ММ	F	S	
HomU G-Path M.3.1	KS	K	Inflammation	Define the term "Inflammation"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	Physiology
HomU G-Path M.3.2	KS	Ķ	Causes of inflammation	State the Causes of inflammation	С 1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce SAQ	Viva Voce SAQ	
HomU G-Path M.3.3	KS	K	Types of inflammation	State the types of Inflammation	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	SAQ Viva Voce MCQ	

HomU G-Path M.3.4	KS	K	Cardinal signs of inflammation	State the cardinal signs of inflammation	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	SAQ Viva Voce MCQ
HomU G-Path M.3.5	KS	K	Definition of Acute inflammation"	Define the term "Acute inflammation"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ
Hom UG- Path M.3.6	KS	KH	Vascular events of the acute inflammation	Describe the mechanism of vascular events in acute inflammatory response	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ
Hom UG- Path M.3.7	KS	KH	Cellular phase of acute inflammation	Describe the steps of cellular phase of acute inflammation	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ
Hom UG- Path M.3.8	KS	KH	Process of Phagocytosis	Describe the three processes of Phagocytosis in cellular phase of acute inflammation	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ
HomU G-Path M.3.9	KS	K	Chemical mediators of inflammation	List the Chemical mediators of inflammation	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ
Hom UG- Path M H.3.10	KS	KH	Role of cell derived Chemical mediators	State the various sources and functions of cell derived chemical mediators of inflammation	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ

Year of Exam: 2027

HomU G-Path	KS	KH	Role of plasma	State the various sources and	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce	Viva Voce	
M.3.11			derived Chemical	functions of Plasma derived chemical mediators of				MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ	
	•		mediators	inflammation					LAQ	
					·				Viva	···
HomU	KS	KH	Inflammatory	Describe the functions of cells	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Voce	
G-Path			cells	participating in acute and				Voce	MCQ	
M.3.12				chronic inflammation				MCQ	SAQ	
HomU	KS	TZTT				N ATZ	Τ ,	SAQ	17'	
G-Path	172	KH	Giant cells	Describe the three types of	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce	Viva Voce	
M.3.13				macrophages derived giant cells				MCQ	MCQ	
101.5.15								SAQ	SAQ	
								BAQ	BAQ	
HomU	KS	K	Morphologic	State the Morphologic Patterns	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path			Patterns of Acute	of Acute Inflammation				Voce	Voce	
M.3.14			Inflammation	377.5555 777.557.				MCQ	MCQ	
								SAQ	SAQ	
HomU	VG	1/11			<i>C</i> 20	2.617	T			
G-Path	KS	KH	Classification of	Describe the classification of	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce	Viva	
M.3.15			inflammatory	inflammatory lesion based on			i i	MCQ	Voce	
IVI.3.13			lesion	duration, type of exudates, and				SAQ	MCQ	
				anatomic location affected in acute inflammation				SAQ		
		*		acute inflammation					,	
HomU	VC	VII			CO	3.477	T 4	17:		
Hom∪ G-Path	KS	KH	Systemic effects	Describe the systemic effects of	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce	Viva	
			of inflammation	acute inflammation				MCQ	Voce	
M.3.16								SAQ	MCQ	

HomU G-Path M.3.17	KS	КН	Outcomes of Acute Inflammation	Describe the end result of Acute Inflammation	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ	
HomU G-Path M.3.18	KS	K	Chronic inflammation	Define the term "chronic inflammation"	CI	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
HomU G-Path M.3.19	KS	K	Types of chronic inflammation	Mention the types of chronic inflammation	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	
HomU G-Path M.3.20	KS	KH	Morphologic Features of chronic inflammation	Describe the general features of chronic inflammation	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
HomU G-Path M.3.21	KS	КН	Granulomatous inflammation	Describe chronic non-specific inflammation with examples	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	de general
HomU G- PathM. 3.22	KS	КН	Granuloma	Describe the mechanism of evolution of a granuloma	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	

Hom UG- Path M 3.23	KS	KH		Describe the morphology of granuloma	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
Hom UG- Path M 3.24	KS	K	Examples of granulomatous inflammation	State common examples of granulomatous inflammation	. C1	MK	lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
Hom UG- Path M 3.25	KS	KH	Systemic effects of chronic inflammation	State the systemic effects of chronic inflammation	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ	
HomU G-Path M.3.26	KS	. K	Definition of Healing	Define the term "Healing"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
HomU G-Path M.3.27	KS	KH	Repair and regeneration	Describe the processes involved in repair and regeneration	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	
HomU G-Path M.3.28	KS	KH	Wound healing by primary intention	Describe Wound healing by primary intention	C2	МК	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	Surgery

HomU	, arm. 10.1101		Wound healing	Describe Wound healing by			Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path	· KS	KH	by secondary	secondary intention	C2	MK		Voce	Voce .	Surgery
M.3.29			intention	·				MCQ	MCQ	
								SAQ	SAQ	
7 7 7 7	· ····································				<del></del>		···		LAQ	
HomU	KS	KH	Complications	Describe the complications in	C2	MK	Lecture	   Viva	Viva	Curgany
G-Path	Kb		Complications in healing of	Describe the complications in healing of skin wounds	C2	IVIIX	Lecture	Voce	Voce MCQ	Surgery
M.3.30			skin wounds	nouning of sixth wounted				MCQ	MCQ	
	***************************************	1					-	SAQ	ŞAQ	
HomU	KS	17	337 11 11	Discuss difference in wound	C1	3.444	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path		K	Wound healing	healing by primary and	C1	MK		Voce	Voce	
M.3.31				secondary intention	,			MCQ	MCQ	
								SAQ	SAQ	
									LAQ	
HomU	KS		Factors	Explain the process of			Lecture		LAQ	
G-Path	- m	K	modifying the	Fracture Healing	CI	NK	Bootaro	Viva	NA	
M.3.32			healing process	. 0				Voce		
		-							-	
HomU	KS	KH	Homoeopathic	Correlate the events of	0.0	DK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	ON A MANA
G-Path	IXO		aspect in inflammation	inflammation and outcome of	C 2			Voce MCQ	Voce MCQ	OM, MM, Repertory
M.3.33			mmammation	various types of inflammation with miasm and representation				SAQ	SAQ	reportery
				in repertory and different					57.19	
				MateriaMedica.						

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

#### 5.4. Haemodynamic disorders

SI. No.	Domains of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom / Guilbert	Priorit y	TL MM	Assess	ment	Integration
(ALVALAS SALVEY)	•							F	S	
HomU G-Path M.4.1	KS	K	Definition of Oedema.	Define the term "Oedema"	C1	МК	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	Physiology
HomU G-Path M.4.2	KS	КН	Types of Oedema.	Describe the pathogenesis of oedema	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	
HomU G-Path M.4.3	KS	КН	Transudate and exudate	Enumerate the differences between transudate and exudate	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
HomU G-Path M.4.4	KS	KH	Etiopathogenesi s of Oedema	Describe the etiopathogenesis of various types of oedema with its clinical correlation	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	
HomU G-Path M.4.5	KS	K A GO	Definition of Hyperaemia	Define the term "Active Hyperemia"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	·

HomU G-Path M.4.6	KS	K	Definition of Venous congestion	Define the term "Venous congestion" or "Passive hyperaemia"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	
HomU G-Path M.4.7	KS	КН	Chronic venous congestion	Describe the mechanisms involved in chronic venous congestion of different organs	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
HomU G-Path M.4.8	KS	КН		Explain morphology of Chronic Venous Congestion in Lung	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
HomU G-Path M.4.9	KS	K	Definitions	Define the terms "Haemorrhage", "Haematoma", "Ecchymosis", "Purpuras", "Petechiae",	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	Forensic medicine
HomU G-Path M.4.10	KS	K	Shock	Define the term "Shock"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQS AQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	
Hom UG- Path M 4.11	KS	K		Classify shock based on aetiology	Cl	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Surgery
Hom UG- Path M 4.12	KS	КН	1.4	Describe the pathogenesis of various types of shock	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQS AQ	LAQ Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	

Hom	IZ C	7211		Describe the stages of shock	<i>C</i> 10	3	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
UG-	KS	KH			C2	MK		Voce	Voce	Surgery
Path M								MCQ	MCQ	
4.13				·				SAQ	SAQ	
				-					LAQ	
Hom	TZ CI	,K	Thrombosis	Define the term "Thrombosis"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
UG- Path	KS		Pro-physical states and the states a	,"Thrombus" .				Voce	Voce	
M.4.14								MCQ	MCQ	
VI.4.14								SAQ	SAQ	
									LAQ	
Hom	KS	K		Enumerate the primary events	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
UG- Path	K2			in Thrombogenesis-Virchow's				Voce	Voce	
M.4.15				triad				MCQ	MCQ	
171.77.13								SAQ	SAQ	
				-					LAQ	
Hom UG-	KS	KH		Describe the etio-pathogenesis	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
Path	Ko			of thrombosis				Voce MCQ	Voce	
M.4.16				1				SAQ	MCQ	
.,,,,,,,,,,									SAQ	
									LAQ	
Hom		KH		Describe the morphologic	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
UG-	KS			features of thrombi				Voce	Voce	
Path								MCQ	MCQ	
M.4.17				{				SAQ	SAQ	
Hom				Describe the fate of thrombus			Lecture	Viva	Viva	
UG-	KS	KH		besome the face of unfollous	C2	DK	200101	Voce	Voce	
Path								MCQ	MCQ	
M.4.18			lan 1					SAQ	SAQ	
		_و_ل	CK) CD		and	4	<u> </u>			
		13.	X James		1	7 9	\$ 9.	Syacas	La.	SATU

Hom UG- Path M.4.19	KS	KH	Clinical effects of thrombi	Describe the clinical effects of various types of thrombi	C2	DK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
Hom UG- Path M.4.20	KS	K	Embolism	Define the term "Embolism", "Embolus"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	
Hom UG- Path M 4.21	KS	K		Describe the various types of Emboli	Cl	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
Hom UG- Path M 4.22	KS	КН	Etiopathogenesi s of Pulmonary thromboembolis m	Describe the aetiopathogenesis of Pulmonary thromboembolism	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
Hom UG- Path M 4.23	KS	КН	Pathogenesis of Thromboemboli sm	Describe the consequences of pulmonary thromboembolism	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Practice of medicine
Hom UG- Path M 4.24	KS	KH	Pathogenesis of fat embolism	Describe the pathogenesis offat embolism	C2	DK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ	

Year of Exam: 2027

Hom UG- Path M.4.25	KS	KH	Pathogenesis of air embolism	Describe the pathogenesis of air embolism	C2	DK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ	
Hom UG- Path M.4.26	KS	KH	Pathogenesis of aminiotic fluid embolism	Describe the pathogenesis aminiotic fluid embolism	C2	NK	Lecture	NA		
Hom UG- Path M.4.27	KS .	K	Ischaemia	Define the term "Ischaemia"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
Hom UG- Path M.4.28	KS .	КН		Describe the etiopathogenesis of Ischaemia	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
Hom UG- Path M.4.29	KS	КН		Describe the factors determining severity of Ischaemic injury	C2	DK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
Hom UG- Path M.4.30	KS	К	Infarction	Define the term "Infarction"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
Hom UG- Path M.4.31	KS	KH	Radio	Describe the etiopathogenesis of Infarction	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Practice of medicine

Subject: Pathology and Microbiology

Subject code: HomUG-Path-M Year of Exam: 2027 Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Hom UG- Path M.4.32	KS	K	State the types of Infract	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
------------------------------	----	---	----------------------------	----	----	---------	----------------------------	----------------------------	--

### 5.5. Immunopathology-

SI. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom / Guilbert	Priorit y	TL MM	Assess	ment	Integration
		5	79.8					F	S	
HomU G-Path M.5.1	KS	K	Definition of Immunity	Define the term "Immunity"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	Physiology
HomU G-Path M.5.2	KS	K	Types of immunity	State the types of immunity	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	Physiology
HomU G-Path M.5.3	KS	КН	Components of Innate immunity	Describe the four components of Innate immunity	C2	MK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Physiology
HomU G-Path M.5.4	<i>l</i> /	, KH	Functions of Innate immunity	Describe the functions of lnnate immunity	C2	MK	Lecture Slide present ation	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	LAQ Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	Physiology

·

336.7

J 9.6

M. Sviji

HomU G-Path			Definition of	Define the term "Adaptive	Cl	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce	Viva Voce				
M.5.5	1.5.5 KS	K	Adaptive immunity"	immunity"	Ì			MCQ	MCQ SAQ				
			,		1			SAQ	LAQ				
HomU	- 3150004 207	_~~						Viva	Viva				
G-Path	,		Classification	Classify Adaptive immunity	C1	MK.	Lecture	Voce	Voce				
M.5.6	KS	K	of Adaptive	with examples for each type				MCQ	MCQ				
IVI.5.6		IX.	immunity					SAQ	SAQ				
	1		,						LAQ				
HomU								Viva	Viva				
G-Path			Features of	Describe the features of Active	C2	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce				
M.5.7	KS		Active immunity	immunity				MCQ	MCQ				
WI.J./	, , ,							SAQ	SAQ				
									LAQ				
HomU								Viva	Viva				
G-Path		КН	Features of	Describe the features of	C2	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce				
M.5.8	KS			17.1.1	1711	Passive	Passive immunity		<u> </u>		MCQ	MCQ	
0.0.191			immunity					SAQ	SAQ				
		 							LAQ	1			
HomU	As he will be a second							Viva	Viva				
G-Path	KS		Local	Explain Local immunity	C1	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce				
M.5.9	KS	K	immunity					MCQ	MCQ SAQ				
								SAQ Viva	Viva				
HomU		KS K Herd immunit	Herd immunity	Explain Herd immunity	C1	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce				
G-Path	KS		1 7 1	Dapiem Hora minimity	~	1411	Dectare	MCQ	MCQ				
M.5.10						and the state of t		SAQ	SAQ				
HomU					,			Viva	Viva				
G-Path	<u></u> κs	V	Organs of	State the organs of immune	C1	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce SAQ	Physiology			
M.5.11	100		immune system	system				SAQ MCQ	MCQ LAQ				

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU G-Path M.5.12	KS	K	Cells and Organs of Immune system	State the cells of the immune system	Cl	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce SAQ MCQ	Viva Voce SAQ MCQ LAQ	Physiology
HomU G-Path M.5.13	KS	КН	Humoral immunity	Explain the mechanism of humoral immunity	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	Physiology
HomU G-Path M.5.14	KS	КН	Differences between Primary and Secondary immune response	Enumerate the differences between Primary and Secondary immune response"	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	-
HomU G-Path M.5.15	KS	KH	Mechanism of cell mediated immunity	Describe the mechanism of cell mediated immunity	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	
HomU G-Path M.5.16	KS	K	Definition of "Antigen"	Define the term "Antigen"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	Physiology
HomU G-Path M.5.17	KS	K	Definition of "Antibody", "Immunoglobu	Define the terms "Antibody", "Immunoglobulin"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	Physiology

6.00 75 8. A 9. Gyest 1. 525

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU G-Path M.5.18	KS	K	Immunoglobuli n and their function	State the types of Immunoglobulin classes and their function.	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ
HomU G-Path M.5.19	KS	КН	Biological functions of Complement	Describe the biological functions of Complement	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ
HomU G-Path M.5.20	KS	K	Types of antigen-antibody reaction with examples	Discuss the types of antigen- antibody reactions with examples	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ
HomU G-Path M.5.21	KS	K	Definition of Hypersensitivit y	Define the term "Hypersensitivity"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ
HomU G-Path M.5.22	KS	K	Types of hypersensitivit y reactions	List the types of hypersensitivity reactions	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ
HomU G-Path M.5.23	KS	кн	Type I Hypersensitivit y	Describe the mechanism of type I hypersensitivity reaction	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ

.

36 C. 00 7 58. Al

9. Gyezp.

0- ST!

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU						1		Viva	Viva
G-Path			Type I	Describe the examples oftype I	C2	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce
M.5.24	KS	KH	Hypersensitivit					MCQ	MCQ
			y reaction with				,	SAQ	SAQ
:			examples					D/ LQ	LAQ
HomU							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Viva	Viva
G-Path			Type II	Describe the mechanism of type	C2	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce
M.5.25	KS	KH	Hypersensitivit	II hypersensitivity reaction			20011110	MCQ	MCQ
			y reaction				İ	SAQ	SAQ
				-					LAQ
HomU						-		Viva	Viva
G-Path	W.C	KS KH	Type II Hypersensitivit y reaction -	hypersensitivity reaction	C2	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce
M.5.26	M.5.26 KS							MCQ	MCQ
			examples					SAQ	SAQ
			Train prob						LAQ
HomU								Viva	Viva
G-Path	-		Type III	Describe the mechanism of type III hypersensitivity reaction	C2	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce
M.5.27	KS	KH	Hypersensitivit y reaction					MCQ	MCQ
		KH	) reaction					SAQ	SAQ
114							1111111		LAQ
HomU								Viva	Viva
G-Path			Type III	Describe the examples of type	C2 `	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce
M.5.28	KS		Hypersensitivit	III hypersensitivity reaction				MCQ	MCQ
.	Kb	KH	y reaction -					SAQ	SAQ
			examples	·					LAQ
							<u></u>		

3. There is a series of the se

6. 2 75 8. A 9. Bygy 1. Smin

Year of Exam: 2027

HomU G-Path			Type IV	Describe the mechanism of type	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce	Viva Voce		
M.5.29	KS	17.1.6	Hypersensitivit					MCQ	MCQ		
171.3.29		KH	y reaction					SAQ	`		
								SAQ	SAQ LAQ		
								·			
HomU			Type IV	Describe the second of	C2	MK	T 6	   Viva	Viva		
G-Path	KS		Hypersensitivit y reaction –	Describe the examples of type IV hypersensitivity reaction	CZ	IVIK	Lecture	Viva	Voce		
M.5.30	140	KH	examples	1 v Hypersonsitivity reaction				SAQ	SAQ MCQ		
			Champios					MCQ	LAQ		
HomU						The second of the second of	Lecture	Viva .	Viva		
G-Path	KS	K	Autoimmunity	Define the term	C1	DK		Voce	Voce		
M.5.31			K	"Autoimmunity"				MCQ	MCQ		
			_					SAQ	SAQ		
HomU		S KH	,	,			CO	DV	r .	Viva	Viva
G-Path	KS			Describe the pathogenesis of autoimmunity	C2	DK	Lecture	Voce	Voce		
M.5.32								MCQ	MCQ		
								SAQ	SAQ		
HomU		KS K		,			C1			Viva	Viva
G-Path	KS			Autoimmune	State the autoimmune diseases	C1	DK	Lecture	Voce	Voce	
M.5.33			diseases					MCQ	MCQ		
HomU				·				SAQ Viva	SAQ Viva		
G-Path		KS K	Amyloidosis	Define the term "Amyloidosis"	C1	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce		
M.5.34	KS			N/	l v				Lecture		]
VI,3,34								MCQ	MCQ		
			1					SAQ	SAQ		
HomU								Viva	Viva		
G-Path			No. of the last of	Classify amyloidosis	C1	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce		
M.5.35	KS	<sub>IV</sub>	1	9. de			Parket and the second s	MCQ	MCQ		
			h W	and the second				SAQ	SAQ		
	3	white to	y ( )					2.14	LAQ		

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU C. Poth				Describe the self-self-self-self-self-self-self-self-	C2	MIZ	Lastura	Viva	Viva	
G-Path	KS			Describe the pathogenesis of amyloidosis	C2	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce	
M.5.36		KH		amyloidosis				MCQ	MCQ	
								SAQ	SAQ	
									LAQ	1
HomU								Viva	Viva	
G-Path	KS	KH	***	Describe the features of	C2	DK	Lecture	Voce	Voce	
M.5.37		1311		amyloidosis of various organs .				MCQ	MCQ	
								SAQ	SAQ	, ·
HomU								Viva	Viva	Organon of
G-Path			Homoeopathic	Explain the concept of	C1	NK	Lecture	Voce	Voce	
M.5.38	KS	17	concept of	immunity and hypersensitivity				MCQ	MCQ	Medicine
		K	immunity	and correlate it with the			'	SAQ	SAQ	
				Homoeopathic concepts of susceptibility					LAQ	

#### 5.6. Neoplasia-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priorit	TL	Assessn	nent	Integration
	Competency		·		Guilbert	у	MM	F	$\mid$ s	
HomU G-Path M.6.1	KS	K	Definition of Neoplasia	Define the term "Neoplasia"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
HomU G-Path M.6.2	KS	к 2 . (Д	Nomenclature of tumours	Explain the nomenclature of tumours	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	

4. Smil

6. MAS 8 A 2. BYDE

( STE

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU G-Path M.6.3	KS	К	Classification of tumours	Classify tumours based on histogenesis and anticipated	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ
				behaviour				SAQ	SAQ LAQ
HomU	T.C						Lecture	Viva	Viva
G-Path	KS	K	Special	State the special categories of	C 1	DK		Voce	Voce
M.6.4			categories of tumours	tumours with examples				MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ
HomU —			tamouis				Lecture	Viva	Viva
G-Path	KS	K	Characteristics	State the characteristics of	C 1	MK		Voce	Voce
M.6.5			of benign and	tumours				MCQ	MCQ
			malignant neoplasms		•			SAQ	SAQ
			neoptasins						LAQ
HomU			Differentiating			·		Viva	Viva
G-Path	KS	KH	features of	Differentiate benign and	C 2	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce
M.6.6			benign and	malignant neoplasms based on				MCQ	MCQ
	,		malignant	the clinical and gross features				SAQ	SAQ
			neoplasms						LAQ
HomU	KS	KH			<b>.</b>		Lecture	Viva	Viva
G-Path				Differentiate benign and	C2	MK		Voce	Voce
M.6.7	•			malignant neoplasms based on microscopic features				MCQ	MCQ
				interescopic features				SAQ	SAQ
									LAQ
HomU	KS ·	K	Definition of					Viva	Viva
G-Path			"Differentiatio	Define the terms	C1	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce
M.6.8			n",	"Differentiation", "Anaplasia"				MCQ	MCQ
			"Anaplasia"	W.				SAQ	SAQ

6-02-15 8- A 9. Bigest 10. Smith

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU	· KS	KH					Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path				Differentiate benign and	C2	MK		Voce	Voce	
M.6.9				malignant neoplasms based on				MCQ	MCQ	
ĺ			Differentiating	their rate of growth				SAQ	SAQ	
TT			features of						LAQ	
HomU	KS	KH	benign and				Lecture	Viva	Viva	-
G-Path	·		malignant	Differentiate benign and	C2	MK		Voce	Voce	
M.6.10	,		neoplasms	malignant neoplasms based on				MCQ	MCQ	
			1	their spread - local invasion and metastasis				SAQ	SAQ	
	7/12		77000	and metastasis					LAQ	
HomU	KS	K						Viva	Viva	
G-Path			Definition of Metastasis	Define the term "Metastasis"	Cl	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce	
M.6.17			Metastasis					MCQ	MCQ	
								SAQ	SAQ	
		-	·						LAQ	
HomU	KS	K			*****		Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path			Routes of	Discuss the routes of Metastasis	C1	MK	Bottano	Voce	Voce	Surgery
M.6.18			Metastasis	with examples				MCQ	MCQ	
						ļ		SAQ	SAQ	
								,2114	LAQ	
HomU	KS	KH	* 1 .		***************************************		Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path			Lymphatic spread of	Describe the mechanism of	C2	MK		Voce	Voce	
M.6.19	•		malignant	lymphatic spread of malignant				MCQ	MCQ	
			tumours	tumours			!	SAQ	SAQ	
-lomU	KS	IZI I							LAQ	
G-Path	1/2	KH	Unamata car	Dogovileo de martario	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
M.6.20			Haematogenou s metastasis	Describe the mechanism of Haematogenous spread of	C2	IVIK		Voce	Voce	
v1.0.20		/		malignant tumours				MCQ	MCQ	
		, /	(H) 1					SAQ	SAQ	•

(0. Sv.

HomU	KS	KH	Spread of		CO	2.477	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path			cancer along	Describe the mechanism of	C2	MK		Voce	Voce	
M.6.21			body cavities	spread of cancer along body cavities and natural passages	•			MCQ	MCQ	
			and natural passages	cavities and natural passages				SAQ	SAQ	
HomU	KS	KH	Molecular	Describe Molecular basis of	ANAMAN			NA	NA	
G-Path			basis of cancer	cancer	C2	NK	Lecture			
M.6:22			·							
HomU	KS	·K			A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A			Viva	Viva	
G-Path		•	Definition of	Define the terms	C1	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce	
M.6.23			Carcinogenesis, Carcinogen	"Carcinogenesis", "Carcinogen"		· variety · vari		MCQ	MCQ	
HomU	KS	K	Carcinogens	Enumerate the various types of	•			Viva	Viva	
G-Path				carcinogens	Cl	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce	
M.6.24								MCQ	MCQ.	
								SAQ	SAQ	
									LAQ	
HomU	KS	KH	Chemical	Describe the three sequential	CO	N ATZ	Т	Viva	Viva	
G-Path			Carcinogenesis	stages in chemical	C2	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce	
M.6.25				carcinogenesis				MCQ	MCQ	
				,				SAQ	SAQ	
									LAQ	
HomU	KS	KH	Physical	Describe the mechanism of				Viva	Viva	
G-Path			carcinogenesis	physical carcinogenesis	C2	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce	
M.6.26								MCQ	MCQ	
			404					SAQ	SAQ	

HomU	KS	КН	Biological	Describethe mechanism of	G22	N ATZ	T (	Viva	Viva	
G-Path			carcinogenesis	biological carcinogenesis	C2	MK	Lecture	Voce	Voce	
M.6.27								MCQ	MCQ	
								SAQ	SAQ	
HomU	KS	KH	Effects of	·			Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path			tumour on the	Describe the effects of tumour	C2	MK		Voce	Voce	
M.6.28			host	on the host				MCQ	MCQ	
**								SAQ	SAQ	
HomU	KS	K	Definition of		G1		Lecture		Viva	
G-Path			Paraneoplastic	Define the term "Paraneoplastic	C1	MK	,	Viva	Voce	
M.6.29			syndromes	syndromes"	,			Voce	MCQ	
	-					,		MCQ	SAQ	+
HomU	KS	KH	Paraneoplastic	State the various clinical			Lecture	Viva	Viva	
G-Path			syndromes	syndromes included in	C2	MK		Voce	Voce	
M.6.30				Paraneoplastic syndromes				MCQ	MCQ	
								SAQ	SAQ	
HomU	KS	KH					Lecture	Viva	Viva	Surgery
G-Path			Definition of	Define the terms "Grading",	C1	MK		Voce	Voce	
M.6.31			"Grading",	"Staging"				MCQ	MCQ	
TITY	<b>T</b>	7777	"Staging"		***************************************			SAQ	SAQ	
HomU	KS	KH	Tumour		C2	1 417	Lecture	Viva	Viva	Surgery
G-Path			grading	Explain about the grading of	C2	MK		Voce	Voce	
M.6.32			grading	tumour.				MCQ	MCQ	
					•			SAQ	SAQ	
HomU	KS	KH					Lecture	Viva	Viva	Surgery
G-Path			Staging of	Explain about the staging of	C2	MK		Voce	Voce	
M.6.33		/-	tumours	tumour				MCQ	MCQ	
				,				SAQ	SAQ	

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU G-Path M.6.34	KS	К	Laboratory Diagnosis of Cancer	State the various methods of Laboratory diagnosis of tumours	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
HomU G-Path M.6.35	KS	K	Tumour markers	State the important liquid based biomarkers in tumour diagnosis	Cl	MĶ	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	
HomU G-Path M.6.36	KS	KH	Homoeopathic concept	Discuss about the miasmatic concept of neoplastic disorder	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	OM,MM,Re pertory

#### 5.7. Environmental and nutritional diseases-

SI, No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priorit	TL	Assessi	nent	Integration
•	Competency		·		Guilbert	У	MM	F	S	
HomU G-Path M.7.1	KS	КН	Obesity	Define the term "Obesity" .	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Physiology Community medicine
HomU G-Path M.7.2	KS	КН	Obesity	Describe the etiopathogenesis of Obesity	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Physiology Community medicine
HomU G-Path M.7.3	KS	KH 2	Pathogenesis of protein energy malnutrition	Describe the pathogenesis of protein energy malnutrition	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Physiology Community medicine

L. Jungo

44 6:00 - 13 6. 20

. YEL

Stair

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU G-Path M.7.4	KS	КН	Difference between Kwashiorkor and marasmus	Enumerate the differences between Kwashiorkor and Marasmus	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Physiology Community medicine
HomU G-Path M.7.5	KS	KH	Vitamin A	Describe the lesions in Vitamin A deficiency	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Physiology Community medicine
HomU G-Path M.7.6	KS	<b>KH</b> .	Vitamin C	Describe the lesions in Vitamin C deficiency	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Physiology Community medicine
HomU G-Path M.7.7	KS	KH	Vitamin D	Describe the lesions in Vitamin D deficiency	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Viva Voce MCQ SAQ	Physiology Community medicine
HomU G-Path M.7.8	KS	КН	Vitamin E	Describe the lesions in Vitamin E deficiency	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	Physiology Community medicine
HomU G-Path M7.9	KS	КН	Vitamin K	Describe the lesions in Vitamin K deficiency	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	Physiology Community medicine
HomU G-Path M.7.10	KS	КН	Vitamin B1	Describe the lesions in Vitamin B1(Thiamine) deficiency	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	Physiology Community medicine
HomU G-Path M.7.11	KS	KH	Vitamin B2	Describe the lesions in Vitamin B2 (Riboflavin) deficiency	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	Physiology Community medicine

78. 15 6. 10 7 5 8. Mersh

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU G-Path M.7.12	KS	КН	Vitamin B3	Describe the lesions in Vitamin B3 (Niacin) deficiency	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	Physiology , Community medicine
HomU G-Path M.7.13	KS	КН	Vitamin B6	Describe the lesions in Vitamin B 6 (Pyridoxine) deficiency	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva Voce MCQ	Viva Voce MCQ	Physiology , Community medicine

#### 5.8. Diseases of the haematopoietic system, bone marrow and blood-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priorit	TL	Assessi	nent	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert	у	MM	F	s	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.1	KS	K·	Red cell disorders	Define the term "Anaemia"" Megaloblastic Anaemia"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ Vivav oce MCQ	Physiology
HOMU G-Path M. 8.2	KS	КН	Classification of Anaemia	State the patho-physiologic classification of anaemia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQ SAQ Viva .MCQ	Physiology
HOMU G-Path M. 8.3	KS	K		State the morphologic classification of anaemia	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQS AQ. Viva MCQ	Physiology
HOMU G-Path M. 8.4	KS	КН		Explain the scheme of laboratory investigations for anaemia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQ, SAQ. Viva . MCQ	Physiology Practice of medicine
HOMU G-Path M. 8.5	KS	K 3. Aplu	Iron deficiency Anaemia	Define Iron deficiency Anaemia	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	Physiology

i, James

De 6.00 35

3. Orga

(v. S)

Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priorit	TL	Assess	ment	Integration
HONGE	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ļ			Guilbert	У	MM	F	S	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.6 HOMU	KS	KH		Describe the etio-pathogenesis of Iron deficiency anaemia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQ SAQ. Viva . MCQ	
G-Path M. 8.7		KH		Describe the laboratory findings of iron deficiency anaemia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQ SAQ Viva MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMU G-Path M. 8.8	KS	KH	Megaloblastic Anaemia	Describe the etio-pathogenesis of Megaloblastic anaemia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQ SAQ Viva MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.9	KS	KH		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Megaloblastic Anaemia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQ SAQ. Viva . MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMU G-Path M. 8.10	KS	K.	Pernicious Anaemia	Define Pernicious Anaemia	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.11	KS	КН		Discuss the etio- pathogenesis of Pernicious Anaemia	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.12	KS	КН		Discuss the laboratory diagnosis of Pernicious Anaemia	C <sub>2</sub> 2	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMU G-Path M. 8.13	ks 2	K	Haemolytic Anaemia	Define the term "Haemolytic Anaemia"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priorit	TL	Assessi	ment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert	у	MM	F	S	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.14	KS	КН		Classify Haemolytic Anaemias	C2	МК	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQ SAQ. Viva MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.15	KS	КН		Describe laboratory evaluation of Haemolytic Anaemia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQ SAQ. Viva . MCQ	,
HOMU G-Path M. 8.16	KS	K	types of Haemoglobinop athies	Classify Haemoglobinopathies	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.17	KS	К	Sickle cell Anaemia	Define Sickle cell Anaemia	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.18	KS ·.	КН		Discuss theetio- pathogenesis of sickle cell anaemia	C2	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQS AQ, Viva . MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.19	KS	KH		Discuss the laboratory findings of sickle cell anaemia	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQS AQ. Viva . MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.20	KS	K AD	Thalassemia	Define Thalassemia	CI	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priorit	TL	Assess	ment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert	y	MM	F	S	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.21	KS	КН		Classify Thalassaemia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.22	KS	КН		Discuss the pathophysiology of anaemia in Thalassemia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQS AQ. Viva . MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.23	KS	KH		Describe the laboratory findings of Thalassaemia.	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQS AQ. Viva . MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMU G-Path M. 8.24	KS	K	Aplastic anaemia.	Define the term "Aplastic anaemia"	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.25	KS	КН	•	State the etiology of Aplastic anaemia.	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.26	KS	КН		Describe laboratory findings of Aplastic anaemia.	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva .MCQ	Practice of medicine
IOMU G-Path M. 8.27	KS	K	Polycythaemia	Define Polycythaemia	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priorit	TL	Assessi	nent	Integration
	Competency	:			Guilbert	y	MM	F	S	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.28	KS	КН	Classification of Polycythaemia	Classify Polycythaemia on the basis of etiology	C2	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.29	KS	KI-I	laboratory diagnosis of Polycythaemia	Describe laboratory features of Polycythaemia	C2	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMU G-Path M. 8.29	KS	K	WBC disorders	Define the terms "Leukocytosis" "Leukopenia", "Leukaemoid reaction", "Leukaemias"	C 1	МК	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	Viva MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.30	KS	KH	Leukaemia	Classify Leukaemias	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.31	KS	K		Describe the aetiology of Leukaemia	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.32	KS ·	КН	Leukaemia	Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMU G-Path M. 8.33	KS	КН		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Acute Myeloid Leukaemia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	Practice of medicine

3. Chaut

1. Inv

Dy C.D

6. \$

Biyespa M. St.

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priorit	$\mathbf{TL}$	Assessi	ment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert	у	MM	F	S	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.34	KS	KH		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Acute lymphoblastic Leukaemia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMU G-Path M. 8.35	KS	K	Haemorrhagic disorders	State the aetiology of bleeding disorders	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	Viva SAQ MCQ	
HOMU G-Path 4. 8.36	KS	K		Define Haemophilia A	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	Viva MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.37	KS	K		Describe the laboratory features of Haemophilia A	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	Practice of medicine
IOMU G-Path 1. 8.38	KS	K		Define the terms "Thrombocytopenia", "Thrombocytosis"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	Viva . MCQ	
OMU -Path I. 8.39	KS	K		State the causes of Thrombocytopenia	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	
OMU -Path I. 8.40	KS	КН	Plasma cell myeloma	Define multiple myeloma.	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	

9. Byer 10. S. M.

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

SI. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priorit	TL	Assessi	nent	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert	$\mathbf{y}$	MM	F	S	**
HOMU G-Path M. 8.41	KS	KH	Plasma cell myeloma	Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Multiple myeloma	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMU G-Path M. 8.42	KS	K	Hodgkin's lymphoma	Discuss features of Hodgkin's lymphoma	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMU G-Path M. 8.43	KS	K		Explain the appearance of Reed Sternberg cell in tissues	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ. Viva . MCQ	
HOMU G-Path M. 8.44	KS	K		Discuss features of Non Hodgkin's lymphoma	C 1	NK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	NA	Practice of medicine
HOMU G-Path M. 8.45	KS	K	Splenomegaly	State the causes of Splenomegaly	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	Viva SAQ MCQ	

G. Hos

5 romprod

62 49

8 1

9 liyeza

le Styl

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

## 5.9. Diseases of the Respiratory System

l. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assessn	nent	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert		MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.1	KS	K	Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Describe the three components of Primary complex or Ghon complex	C 1	МК	Lecture	Viva LAQ SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ Viva MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 9.2	KS	K		Describe the fate of primary tuberculosis	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ Viva MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.3	KS	K		Describe the morphology of Secondary pulmonary tuberculosis	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ Viva MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.4	KS	K		Enumerate the differences between Primary tuberculosis and Secondary tuberculosis	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ Viva SAQ MCQ	.`
HOMUG- Path M. 9.5	KS	K		Describe the fate of secondary pulmonary tuberculosis	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ Viva MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.6	KS	K		Discuss the diagnosis of pulmonary tuberculosis	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ Viva MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 9.7	KS	K	Pneumonia	Define the term "Pneumonia"	Cl	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	Viva MCQ	

53

7)

1. Byz

le-Sport

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

1. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	$ _{\mathrm{TL}}$	Assessm	ent	Integration
1. 140.	Competency	1.2222			Guilbert		MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.8	KS	K		State the Anatomic classification of Pneumonia	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ Viva MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 9.9	KS	K	,	State the Aetiologic classification of Pneumonia	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ Viva MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 9.11	KS	KH		Discuss the morphologic features of lobar Pneumonia	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva LAQ SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ Viva MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.12	KS	K		Discuss the morphologic features of bronchopneumonia	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	Viva SAQ MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9,16	KS	КН		State the complications of Pneumonia	C2	МК	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ Viva MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 9.17	KS ·	K	Lung abscess	Define the term "Lung abscess" .	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	Viva MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.18	KS	КН		Describe actionathogenesis of lung abscess	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	Viva MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 9.19	KS	KH		Explain the morphology of lung abscess	C2	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	Viva MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.20	KS	К	Obstructive lung diseases	Classify chronic obstructive lung diseases	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ Viva SAQ MCQ	

54 6 50 7 8 - J 9. Right

10-CV55

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

l. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	$T_{\mathbf{L}}$	Assessn	ıent	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert		MM	F	S	9
HOMUG- Path M. 9.21	KS	K	Chronic bronchitis.	Define the term "Chronic Bronchitis"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ Viva MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.22	KS	КН		Describe the etio-pathogenesis of chronic bronchitis	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva LAQ SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ Viva MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 9.23	KS	KH		Describe the morphologic features of chronic bronchitis.	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ Viva MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 9.24	KS	K	Emphysema	Define the term "Emphysema"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ Viva MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.25	KS	K		Classify Emphysema	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQ Viva SAQ MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.26	KS	КН		Explain the aetio-pathogenesis of Emphysema	C2	МК	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ Viva SAQ MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 9.27	KS	K	Emphysema	Describe the morphologic features of emphysema.	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ Viva SAQ MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. D.28	KS	K	Bronchial Asthma	Define the term "Bronchial Asthma"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ Viva MCQ	

4. Simal

6.20 7

( A ) Wash

M. Som

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

I. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assessm	ent	Integration
1. 110.	Competency	·			Guilbert		MM	F	S	99.64
HOMUG- Path M. 9.29	KS	K		Classify Bronchial Asthma	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ Viva SAQ MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.30	KS	К		Enumerate the differences between Extrinsic Asthma and Intrinsic Asthma	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ Viva MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 9.31	KS	КН		Describe the morphologic features of Bronchial asthma	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ Viva SAQ MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.32	KS	K	Bronchiectasis	Define the term "Bronchiectasis"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ Viva MCQ	- MARIA MARI
HOMUG- Path M. 9.33	KS	KH		Describe the aetiopathogenesis of bronchiectasis	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ Viva MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 9.34	KS	K		Describe the morphology of bronchiectasis	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ Viva MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.35	KS	K	Pneumoconiosis	Define the term "Pneumoconioses"	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ Viva MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.36	KS	K		Classify Pneumoconiosis	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ Viva MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.37	KS	KH	coal worker's pneumoconiosis.	Describe the etio-pathogenesis of coal worker's pneumoconiosis.	1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ Viva MCQ	Practice of medicine

3. Hemi

4 y 56 6.00 7

Defil. C

o. Shir

Subject: Pathology and Microbiology

Subject code: HomUG-Path-M

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

l. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assessn	ent	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert		MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.38	KS	K		Describe the morphologic features of coal worker's pneumoconiosis.	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ Viva MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.39	KS	K	Lung cancer	Describe the aetiology of Lung cancer	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ Viva MCQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 9.40	KS	K	·	Describe the morphology of lung cancer	C1	DK ,	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCO	SAQ Viva MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.41	KS	K		Explain the spread of lung cancer	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ Viva MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 9.42	KS	KH		Describe the clinical features of lung cancer	C 2	NK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCO	NA	Practice of medicine, Surgery

# 5.10. Diseases of the oral cavity and salivary glands and gastrointestinal tract-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assess	ment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert		MM	F	s	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.1	KS	K		Definition of "Stomatitis", "Glossitis"	СI	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.2	KS	K	Oral leukoplakia	Define the term "Oral leucoplakia"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	4
HOMUG- Path M. ½0.3	KS	K D		Describe the aetiology of Oral Leukoplakia	C I	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine, Surgery

3 ( South 4 19 of 5. mg - 2 57 6.70

5 8

A 9. Graff

10, Sty 5

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assessi	1	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert		MM	F	S	,
HOMUG- Path M. 10.4	KS	K		Describe the morphologic features of oral leukoplakia	C 1	NK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 10.5	KS	K	Diseases of GI system	Define reflux oesophagitis.	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.6	KS	КН	Reflux esophagitis	Describe the aetiopathogenesis of Reflux esophagitis	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.7	KS	KH		Describe the morphology of Reflux Oesophagitis	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.8	KS	КН	Barrett's oesophagus	Describe the aetiopathogenesis, of Barrett oesophagus	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 10.9	KS	K	·	Describe the morphology of Barret oesophagus	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.10	KS	K	Carcinoma oesophagus	Describe the actiology of carcinoma oesophagus	C 1	NK	Lecture	NA	NA	Practice of medicine, Surgery

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assess	ment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert		MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.11	KS	K	· .	Describe the morphology of Carcinoma of oesophagus	<b>C</b> 1	NK	Lecture	Viva SAQ	NA	
								MCQ		
HOMUG- Path M. 10.12	KS	КН		Describe the spread of Carcinoma oesophagus.	C2	NK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	NA	Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 10.13	KS	K	Gastritis	Classify Gastritis	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	Viva SAQ MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.14	KS	К	Gastritis	Describe the aetiopathogenesis of Acute gastritis	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	Viva MCQ	Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 10.15	KS	K		Describe the aetiopathogenesis of Chronic gastritis	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	Viva MCQ	,
HOMUG- Path M. 10.16	KS	K	Peptic ulcer	Define the term "Peptic ulcer"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.17	KS	KH		Describe the aetiopathogenesis of chronic peptic ulcer	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva LAQ	Practice of medicine, Surgery

(200 8. ma) B. 20

Year of Exam: 2027

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assessi	ment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert		MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.18	KS	KH		Describe the morphology of chronic peptic ulcer	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 10.19	KS	KI-I		Describe the complications of Peptic ulcer	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 10.20	KS	KH		Discuss differences between gastric ulcer and duodenal ulcers.	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.21	KS	. К	gastric carcinoma,	Describe the aetiology of Gastric carcinoma	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 10,22	KS	K	gastric carcinoma,	Describe morphology of gastric carcinoma	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 10.23	KS	K		Describe the spread of gastric carcinoma.	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.24	KS	K	Acute appendicitis	Define the term "Acute appendicitis"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.25	KS	KA		Describe the etio- pathogenesis of acute appendicitis	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	Practice of medicine, Surgery

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assess	ment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert		MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.26	KS	KH		Describe the morphology of Acute appendicitis	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.27	KS .	KH	Inflammatory bowel disease	Describe the aetio- pathogenesis of Inflammatory bowel disease	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 10.28	KS	K		Describe the morphologic features of Crohn's disease	C 1	МК	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.29	KS	K		Describe the morphologic features of Ulcerative colitis	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.30	KS	K	Inflammatory bowel disease	Enumerate the differences between Crohn's disease and Ulcerative Colitis.	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.31	KS	K	·	Discuss the complications of Inflammatory bowel disease	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.32	KS	K	Carcinoma Colon	Describe the aetiology of Colorectal cancer	С 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	LAQ . SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine, Surgery

800 5.00 FT 8. B. S. WOR 10.8251

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assessi	ment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert		MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.33	KS	K		Describe the morphology of Colorectal cancer	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.34	KS	K		Describe the spread of Colorectal cancer	Сl	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 10.35	KS	K	Intestinal tuberculosis	Describe the pathology of Intestinal tuberculosis	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	

#### 5.11. Diseases of liver, gall bladder and biliary ducts-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priorit	TL	Assessi	ment	Integration
	Competenc				Guilbert	у	MM	F	S	<u>.</u>
HOMUG- Path M. 11.1	KS	К	Liver Function Tests	Discuss the liver function tests alongwith clinical significance of each	C 1	MK	Lecture	OSPE Viva MCQ	OSPEL AQ SAQ MCQ Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 11.2	KS	K	Jaundice	Define the term "Jaundice"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 11.3	KS	K 2.	Andust	State the pathophysiologic classification of jaundice.	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
		74	· Anal	62	6.00	750	C. A.	9	. Step	10.227

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priorit	TL	Assess	ment	Integration
	Competenc y	77	444		Guilbert	у	MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 11.4	KS	K	Cholestatisis	Define Cholestasis	C 1.	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
HOMUG- Path M. 11.5	KS	K	Alcoholic Liver Disease	Define the term "Alcoholic liver disease"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 11.6	KS	K		Explain the pathogenesis of alcoholic liver disease	Сl	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 11.7	KS	K		Describe the morphologic spectrum of alcoholic liver disease	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 11.8	KS	K	Liver Cirrhosis	Define the term "Liver cirrhosis"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQVi va	
HOMUG- Path M. 11.9	KS	K	Liver Cirrhosis	Classify Cirrhosis based on morphology and actiology	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQVi va	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 11.10	KS	КН 3.	Anama	Describe the morphology of Alcoholic cirrhosis	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQVi va	

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priorit	TL	Assessi	nent	Integration
	Competenc				Guilbert	у	MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 11.11	KS	K	Hepatocellular Carcinomas	State the aetiology of Hepatocellular Carcinomas	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	Viva SAQ MCQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 11.12	KS	K		Describe the morphology of hepatocellular carcinoma.	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	Viva SAQ MCQ	Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 11.13	KS	K	Cholelithiasis.	State the risk factors of cholelithiasis.	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 11.14	KS	КН	Property of the Control of the Contr	Describe the pathogenesis of cholelithiasis/ gall stones	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 11.15	KS	K		Describe the various types of gall stones	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	

## 5.12. Diseases of the pancreas-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO		Bloom /	Priority	$ _{\mathrm{TL}}$	Assessr	nent	Integration
·	Competency					Guilbert		MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 12.1	KS	K	Acute Pancreatitis	Define the term pancreatitis"	"Acute	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 12.2	KS	KH	Auch	Describe the pathogenesis of pancreatitis	aetio- acute	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine, Surgery

64 6 10 9 9 8 1 3. By S. G.

Year of Exam: 2027

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assessn	nent	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert		MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 12.3	KS	K		State the morphologic features of acute pancreatitis.	C 1	МК	Lecture	Viva voce, SAQ MCQ	MCQ, Viva voce	
HOMUG- Path M. 12.4	KS	K	Chronic Pancreatitis	Define the term "Chronic pancreatitis"	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 12.5	KS	КН		Describe the aetio- pathogenesis of chronic Pancreatitis	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, SAQ MCQ	MCQ, Viva voce	Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 12.6	KS	K		State the morphologic features of Chronic Pancreatitis.	·C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, SAQ MCQ	MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 12.7	KS	K	Diabetes mellitus	Define the term "Diabetes mellitus"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 12.8	KS	K		Enumerate the aetiologic classification of diabetes mellitus	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	MCQ Viva SAQ	,
HOMUG- Path M. 12.9	KS	K	·	Describe the pathogenesis of Type1 diabetes mellitus	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	MCQ Viva SAQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 12.10	KS	K		Describe the pathogenesis of Type 2 diabetes mellitus	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	MCQ Viva SAQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 12.11	KS	к Ъ	Ruh	Discuss the laboratory diagnosis of Diabetes Mellitus	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	LAQ MCQ Viva	Practice of medicine

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assessi	nent	Integration
DI 1101	Competency				Guilbert		MM	F	$\cdot$ S	
· · · · ·									SAQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 12.12	KS	K		Describe the Acute metabolic complications of diabetes mellitus	С 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	LAQ MCQ Viva SAQ	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 12.13	KS	K		Describe the Late systemic complications of diabetes mellitus	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	LAQ MCQ Viva SAQ	

#### 5.13. Diseases of blood vessels and lymphatics-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assess	ment	Integration
S. 110.	Competency				Guilbert		MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 13.1	KS	K	Arteriosclerosis	Define Arteriosclerosis	СI	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 13.2	KS	K		State the types of Arteriosclerosis	C I	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	L 1
HOMUG- Path M. 13.3	KS	K	Atherosclerosis	Define the term "Atherosclerosis"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 13.4	KS	KH		Describe the aetiology of Atherosclerosis	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	Practice of medicine
			3. James	W 66 6.	70 3	5 8	#	9.	GATA.	No. Sugar

Subject: Pathology and Microbiology

Subject code: HomUG-Path-M Year of Exam: 2027 Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assess	ment	Integration
	Competency	ļ			Guilbert	·	MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 13.5	KS	KH		Describe the pathogenesis of Atherosclerosis	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	
HOMUG- Path M.13.6	KS	K	Atherosclerosis	Describe the morphologic features of Atherosclerosis	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ LAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- PathM.13.7	KS	K	Hypertension.	Define the term "Hypertension"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 13.8	KS	K		Enumerate the aetiologic classification of Hypertension	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 13.9	KS	KH		Describe the actio- pathogenesis of Primary/essential Hypertension	C 2	МК .	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 13.10	KS	КН		Describe the actio- pathogenesis of Secondary Hypertension	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	
HOMUG- Path M. 13.11	KS	КН	<b>A</b> +	State the major effects of systemic hypertension on the organs	C 2	МК	Lecture	Viva voce, SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	

Ý.

Jung Con con

67 (1.72)

8:Ab

9 Part

es. Sant

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL ·	Assessment		Integration
	Competency				Guilbert		MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 13.12	KS	K	Aneurysm	Define the term "Aneurysm"	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 13.13	KS	К		Classify Aneurysm	CI	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	
HOMUG- Path M. 13.14	KS	KH	Aneurysm	Describe the clinical effects of aneurysms	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	
HOMUG- Path M. 13.15	KS	K	Tumors of blood vessels	State the benign tumours of blood vessels	C 1	NK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	NA	
HOMUG- Path M. 13.16	KS	K		State the malignant tumours of blood vessels	C 1	NK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	NA	
HOMUG- Path M. 13.17	KS	K	(A)	Define the term "Lymphangitis"	C 1	NK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	Viva MCQ	

3. Janet

4. May

5. mod

}

g. jb

9. Beyer

( Sin

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

# 5.14. Diseases of cardiovascular system-

K KH	Ischaemic Heart Disease	Define the term "Ischaemic Heart Disease"  Describe the etiopathogenesis of Ischaemic Heart Disease  State the effects of Myocardial ischaemia	C 1	MK MK	MM Lecture Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ Viva MCQ SAQ	S SAQ, MCQ, Viva LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine	
KH		Heart Disease"  Describe the etio-pathogenesis of Ischaemic Heart Disease  State the effects of Myocardial	C 2	MK	Lecture	voce, MCQ Viva MCQ SAQ	MCQ, Viva LAQ SAQ, MCQ,		
K		pathogenesis of Ischaemic Heart Disease  State the effects of Myocardial				Viva MCQ SAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ,		
710			C 1	MK	Lecture				
K				IVIIX	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine	
	Angina Pectoris	Define the term "Angina Pectoris"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCO	SAQ, MCQ,		
K			Describe Stable or Typical angina	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
K		Explain Prinzmetal's variant Angina	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva		
K	Robert	Describe Unstable or Crescendo angina.	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva		
	K K	K K	Explain Prinzmetal's variant Angina  K  Describe Unstable or Crescendo angina.	Explain Prinzmetal's variant C 1 Angina  Describe Unstable or C 1 Crescendo angina.	K Explain Prinzmetal's variant C 1 MK Angina  Describe Unstable or C 1 MK Crescendo angina.	Explain Prinzmetal's variant C 1 MK Lecture Angina  Describe Unstable or C 1 MK Lecture Crescendo angina.	angina    K   Explain Prinzmetal's variant   C   MK   Lecture   Viva   Voce,   MCQ   SAQ	K Describe Stable or Typical angina  C ! MK Lecture Viva SAQ, voce, MCQ, MCQ Viva SAQ voce  K Explain Prinzmetal's variant Angina  C ! MK Lecture Viva SAQ, voce, MCQ, MCQ Viva SAQ voce  K Describe Unstable or C ! MK Lecture Viva SAQ, voce, MCQ, MCQ Viva SAQ voce  Crescendo angina.	

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of Competenc	Miller	Content		Bloom / Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessment		Integratio n
	y	1					IVIIVI	F	S	
HomUG- Path M. 14.8	KS	KH	Myocardial Infarction.	Describe the aetio- pathogenesis of Myocardial Infarction.	C 2	.MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	Practice of medicine
HomUG- Path M. 14.9	KS	KH		Describe the gross changes in Myocardial infarction	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	*
HomUG- Path M. 14.10	KS	KH		Describe the microscopic changes in Myocardial infarction	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HomUG- Path M. 14.11	KS	KH	•	Describe the diagnosis of Myocardial Infarction.	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	Practice of medicine
HomUG- Path M. 14.12	KS .	K	Rheumatic heartdisease.	Define the terms "Rheumatic fever", "Rheumatic heart disease"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	MCQ, Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M. 14.13	KS	КН		Describe etio-pathogenesisof Rheumatic heart disease.	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	Practice of medicine
HomUG- Path M. 14.14	KS	Х 3.	Dent	Describe the Cardiac lesions of Rheumatic heart disease	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	LAQS AQ, MCQ, Viva voce	, C. 4

706.00

( ) A

By ESA\_

o- SALT

Subject: Pathology and Microbiology

Subject code: HomUG-Path-M Year of Exam: 2027

Competer	Domain of Competenc	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom / Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assess	ment	Integratio n
	<b>y</b> .	-					112112	F	S	,
HomUG- Path M. 14.15	KS	K	Rheumatic heart disease.	Describe the extra-cardiac lesions in Rheumatic heart disease.	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	÷
HomUG- Path M. 14.16	KS	K		Enumerate the diagnostic criterion of Rheumatic heartdisease.	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	LAQS AQ, MCQ, Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M. 14.17	KS	K	Infective Endocarditis	Define the term "Infective endocarditis"	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HomUG- Path M. 14.18	KS	KH	Infective Endocarditis	Describe the aetio- pathogenesis of Infective Endocarditis	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine
HomUG- Path M. 14.19	KS ,	K		Describe the morphologic changes of Infective Endocarditis	Cl	NK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	NA	
HomUG- Path M. 14.20	KS	K		Enumerate the Duke criteria for diagnosis of Infective endocarditis	C 1	NK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	NA	
HomUG- Path M. 14.21	KS	КН		Define the term "Pericardial effusion"	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	MCQ, Viva	
HomUG- Path . 14.22	KS	KH 3.	Faut	Define the term "Pericarditis"	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

#### 5.15. Diseases of kidney and lower urinary tract-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assessment		Integratio
or no.	Competenc				Guilbert	v	MM	F	S	n
HOMUG- Path M. 15.1	KS	K	Renal function tests	Discuss renal function tests in detail	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MC Q	OSPE LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 15.2	KS	K	Glomerular disease	Define the term "Glomerulonephritis" "Nephrotic syndrome" "Acute nephritic syndrome"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MC Q SAQ	MCQ Viva SAQ	
HOMUG- Path M. 15.3	KS	K	Acute nephritic syndrome.	Enumerate the aetiology of Acute nephritic syndrome	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce , MC Q SAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	
HOMUG- Path M. 15.4	KS	KH	Acute nephritic syndrome.	Describe the clinical features of Acute nephritic syndrome.	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva voce , MC Q SAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 15.5	KS	K	Nephrotic syndrome	Enumerate the causes of Nephrotic syndrome	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MC Q SAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine

72 G. 02 7 S B. # 9. Graph

(10. Say 5)

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of Competenc	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Asse	ssment	Integration
HOMUG-	KS	K			Guilbert		MM	F	S	n n
Path M. 15.6	KS	KH		Describe the characteristic features of Nephrotic syndrome	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MC Q SAQ	SAQ, MCQ.	Practice of medicine
Path M. 15.7				Enumerate the differences between Nephrotic syndrome and Acute Nephritic syndrome	C 2	МК	Lecture	Viva voce , MC	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 15.8	KS	K	Glomerulonep hritis	Define Glomerulonephritis	C 1	DK	Lecture	Q SAQ Viva MC Q	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 15.9	KS	KH	Acute Post- Streptococcal Glomerulonep hritis	Describe the actio- pathogenesis of Acute post- streptococcal glomerulonephritis.	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva MC O	LAQ SAQ, MCQ,	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 15.10	KS		Nephrolithiasis	State the types of Renal calculi	C 1	MK	I	Viva voce	Viva LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	
Path 4.15.11	KS	K	Nephrolithiasis  The The	Describe the etio-pathogenesis of each type of renal stones	C 1		Lecture	Viva MC Q	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of Competenc	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Asses	sment	Integratio
- MILL	<u>y</u>				Guilbert		MM	F	S	n
HOMUG- Path M.15.12	KS	K		Describe the morphology of each type of renal stones	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MC Q	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	,
HOMUG- Path M.15.	KS	K	Urinary tract infections	Define the term "Acute pyelonephritis" "ureteritis", "Cystitis", "Urethritis"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MC Q	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 15.14	KS		Renal Cell Carcinoma	Discuss the etiology of Renal Cell Carcinoma	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce , MC Q SAQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 15.15	KS	K	·	Describe the morphology of Renal Cell Carcinoma	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce , MC Q SAQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	
HOMUG- Path M. 15.16	KS	K	Wilm's tumour	Describe the morphology of Wilm's tumour	C 1	NK	Lecture	Viva voce , MC Q SAQ	NA	Practice of medicine, Surgery

4. Con

6.00

8.1

ligary 10. Sug

5. my 20)

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

# 5.16. Diseases of male reproductive system-

SI. No.	Domain of Competenc	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom / Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessi	ment	Integratio n
HOMUG-	KS	v	I. Cl					F	S	
Path M. 16.1		K	Inflammatory diseases	Define the terms "Orchitis", "Epididymitis"	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 16.2	KS	K.	Testicular Tumors	Classify testicular tumors	СІ	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	SAQ, MCQ Viva	Practice of medicine,
HOMUG- Path M. 16.3	KS	K		Discuss the morphology of Germ cell tumors	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	SAQ, MCQ Viva	Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 16.4	KS	K	Inflammatory diseases	Define the term "Prostatitis"	C 1	NK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	NA	
HOMUG- Path M. 16.5	KS	K		State the types of Prostatitis	C 1	NK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	NA	Practice of medicine,
HOMUG- Path M. 16.6	KS		Benign Nodular Hyperplasia Of Prostate	Describe the etio-pathogenesis of Benign nodular hyperplasia of prostate	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ, Viva	Surgery Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 16.7	KS	KH		Describe the pathology of Benign nodular hyperplasia of prostate	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 6.8	KS	К 3	Ca Prostate	Describe the aetiologyof Carcinoma of Prostate	C 1	NK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	NA	

5. my 2)

6.70 79

1. By-

B. Shin

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

SI. No.	Domain of Competenc	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom / Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessi	ment	Integratio n
	уу							F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 16.9	KS	КН		Describe the morphology of Carcinoma of Prostate	C 2	NK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	NA	Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 16.10	KS	KH	Ca Prostate	Explain the spread of Carcinoma of Prostate	C2	NK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	NA	

#### 5.17. Diseases of the female genitalia and breast-

SI. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL MM	Assess	ment	Integration
none de la constante de la con	Competency				Guilbert	-		F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 17.1	KS	K	Cervicitis	Define the term "Cervicitis"	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	MCQ, Viva	OBG
HOMUG- Path M. 17.2	KS	K		State the types of Cervicitis	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 17.3	KS	K		Define the term Endometritis.	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	MCQ Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 17.4	KS	K	About	Define the term Endometriosis	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	MCQ, Viva	OBG

h. John S

76

: 00 A & B. A.

o. Gyorf

6 多次

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL MM	Asses	sment	Integration
HOMUG-	KS	1775		·	Guilbert			F	S	
Path M. 17.5	IKS	KH		Define the term Leiomyomas	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	MCQ Viva SAQ	OBG
HOMUG- Path M. 17.6	KS	KH		Discuss the morphology of Leiomyoma uterus	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	MCQ Viva SAQ	OBG
HOMUG- Path M. 17.7	KS	K		Define the term 'Adenomyosis,	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	MCQ Viva	OBG
HOMUG- Path M. 17.8	KS	КН	Ovarian Tumors.	Classify ovarian tumours	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	LAQ MCQ Viva SAQ	OBG
HOMUG- Path M. 17.9	KS	K		Discuss the morphology of germ cell tumors of ovary	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	LAQ MCQ Viva SAQ	OBG
HOMUG- Path M.	KS	K		Discuss the morphology of serous tumors of ovary	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ, Viva	OBG
IOMUG- Path M. 7.11	KS	K		Discuss the morphology of mucinous tumors of ovary	C.2	МК	Lecture	Viva MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	OBG
IOMUG- ath M. 7.12	KS	KH .		Describe the pathology of Fibroadenoma breast	C 2		Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ,	

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL MM	Assess	sment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert			F	S	
	W.G.						}	SAQ,	Viva voce	
HOMUG- Path M. 17.13	KS	K	Tumors of breast	Classify breast tumors as per WHO	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	LAQ MCQ Viva SAQ	Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 17.14	KS	K		Describe the etiology of Carcinoma Breast	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 17.15	KS	КН		Describe the morphologic features of Carcinoma Breast	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	

3. Dout 4. Jung 5. my 6 32 # 8. It 9. Virest 10. Sugs

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

# 5.18. Diseases of the skin and soft tissue-

Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL MM	Assessr	nent	Integration
LIOMIC	<u>'</u>		<u> </u>		Guilbert			F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 18.1	KS	K	Tumors of	State the predisposing conditions of Squamous cell carcinoma	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 18.2	KS	KH		Describe the pathology of squamous cell carcinoma of skin	C 2	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 18.3	KS	K		State the pre-disposing factors for basal cell carcinoma (Rodent ulcer)	C 1	NK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	. '
HOMUG- Path M. 18.4	KS	KH	······································	Describe morphologic features of basal cell carcinoma of skin	C 2	NK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ SAQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine, Surgery
HOMUG- Path M. 18.5	KS	KH	Soft tissue tumors	Describe morphologic features of lipoma.	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	

3 Hours

a Agral

J. myrd)

6.20 79 8. 16

9. YEL

1. 545

Sa.

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

### 5.19. Diseases of the musculo-skeletal system-

SI. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assessn	nent	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert		MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 19.1	KS	K	Bone tumors	Classify bone tumors	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 19.2	KS	K	Bone tumors	Discuss morphology of osteosarcoma	C I	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 19.3	KS	K	Osteo - arthritis	Define Osteo Arthritis	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	MCQ, Viva voce	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 19.4	KS	K	Rheumatoid arthritis	Define rheumatoid arthritis	CI	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 19.5	KS	K	Gout	Define Gout	С 1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce, MCQ	MCQ, Viva voce	V.

3. Frank

5. my vd)

(De 6.02 7) 8: A

9. Oyext

lo Berio

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

# 5.20. Diseases of endocrine glands-

Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom / Guilbert	Priority	TL	^-	sment	Integration
HOMUG- Path M. 20.1	KS	KH	Thyroid function tests	Interpret the abnormalities in a panel containing thyroid function tests	C 2	MK	MM Lecture	F Viva MC Q	S OSPE MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 20.2	KS	K	Goitre	Define the term "Goitre"	C 1	МК	Lecture	Viva MC Q	SAQ, SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 20.3	KS	K		Describe the etio- pathogenesis of Goitre	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva MC Q	LAQ SAQ, MCQ,	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 20.4	KS	К .	,	Classify Goitre on the basis of morphology	C 1	MK	Lecture	SAQ Viva voce , MC Q	Viva LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva voce	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 20.5	KS	КН	Goitre	Describe the morphology of Colloid Goitre	C 2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce , MC Q SAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
IOMUG- lath M. 0.6	KS 2	К	Jours	Describe the morphology of Multi-nodular Goitre	C 1	MK	Lecture	Viva MC Q SAQ	LAQ SAQ, MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine

4. Jusel

6.20 7

9. Grey

10, 22

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Asses	sment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert	-	MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 20.7	KS	K	Cushing syndrome	State the aetiologic types of Cushing syndrome	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MC Q	MCQ, Viva	Practice of medicine
HOMUG- Path M. 20.8	KS	K		Describe the clinical features of Cushing syndrome	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MC Q SAQ	SAQ MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 20.9	KS	K	Gigantism	Describe the features of Gigantism	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MC Q SAQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 20.10	KS	K	Acromegaly	Describe the features of Acromegaly	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MC . Q SAQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 20.11	KS	K	Diabetes Insipidus	Describe the features of Diabetes Insipidus	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MC Q SAQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 20.12	KS	K	differences between Diabetes Mellitus and Diabetes Institute	Discuss differences between Diabetes Mellitus and Diabetes Insipidus	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MC Q SAQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

## 5.21. Diseases of the nervous system-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom /	Priority	TL	Assess	ment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert		MM	F	S	
HOMUG- Path M. 21.1	KS	К,	Meningitis	Define the term, Meningitis"	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 21.2	KS	KH		Enumerate the CSF findings in Bacterial meningitis	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 21.3	KS	KH		Enumerate the CSF findings in Tubercular meningitis	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 21.4	KS	КН		Enumerate the CSF findings in Viral meningitis	C 1	DK	Lecture	Viva MCQ SAQ	SAQ, MCQ, Viva	
HOMUG- Path M. 21.5	KS	K	CNS tumors	Classify CNS tumours	C 1	NK	Lecture	Viva MCQ	NA	

3 9 8 A 9. 6402

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

### 5.22. Introduction to Microbiology-

Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TI	Assessi	ment	Integration
				Guilbert	v	MM	F		- Anna British
KS	K	Basic	Define the terms	C1	NK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
			"Microbiology", "Medical Microbiology "Clinical Microbiology".				voce MCQ	voce MCQ	
KS	K	of important scientists to	List the contribution of important scientists to Microbiology	C1	NK	Lecture	Viva Voce	NA	
KS	K	Koch's	State the Koch's postulate	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva	SAO	
		postulate	_				1	Viva	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,							MCQ	voce	
KS	K		List the anatomical location	C1	MK	Lecture	MCQ	SAQ	
A thirt was							Viva	MCQ	
		microbiota	human body				voce	Viva	
								voce	
KS	KH	Role of	Explain the role of human	C2	MK	Lecture	MCO	SAO	
		normal	microbiota in health and				Viva	MCQ	
			disease.			] .	voce	Viva	
		iniciobiota						voce	
KS	KH	Role of	Explain the role of probiotics.	C2	MK	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	
	-	problotics					-Viva	Viva	
<u> </u>		-3 / Haw	12 1009/-1	<i>*</i>			voce	voce	
			die	dD 5	1518	· A 2	Ey.	Grap	10 S.F
		T. Mm	ud'	•	.				
	KS  KS  KS	KS K  KS K  KS K  KS K  KS K  KS K	KS K Contributions of important scientists to Microbiology KS K Koch's postulate  KS K Normal Human microbiota  KS KH Role of normal human microbiota  KS KH Role of probiotics of probiotics of important scientists to Microbiology  KS K Koch's postulate	KS K Contributions of important scientists to Microbiology KS K Koch's postulate  KS K Normal Human of normal human microbiota  KS KH Role of probiotics  KS KH Role of probiotics.	KS K Contributions of important scientists to Microbiology  KS K Koch's postulate  KS K Normal Human microbiota  KS KH Role of normal human microbiota  KS KH Role of probiotics  C1	KS K Contributions of important scientists to Microbiology  KS K Koch's postulate  KS K Normal Human microbiota  KS KH Role of probiotics  C2 MK	Competency  KS  K  Basic definitions  KS  K  Contributions of important scientists to Microbiology  KS  K  K  K  Koch's postulate  KS  K  K  Koch's postulate  KS  K  K  KS  K  Koch's postulate  KS  K  Koch's postulate  KS  K  Koch's postulate  KS  K  Koch's postulate  KS  K  Koch's postulate  KS  K  Koch's postulate  KS  K  Koch's postulate  C1  KS  K  Koch's postulate  C1  KS  K  Koch's postulate  C1  KS  K  Koch's postulate  C1  KS  K  Koch's postulate  C1  KS  K  Koch's postulate  C1  KS  K  Koch's postulate  C1  KS  K  Koch's postulate  C1  KS  KA  Koch's postulate  C1  KS  KA  Koch's postulate  C1  KS  KA  Koch's postulate  C1  KS  KA  Koch's postulate  C1  KS  KA  Koch's postulate  C1  C1  C1  C2  MK  C2  MK  C2  C2  MK  C2  C2  MK  C3  C4  C4  C4  C4  C4  C4  C4  C4  C4	Competency  KS  K  Basic definitions  Microbiology", "Medical Microbiology", "Medical Microbiology", "Medical Microbiology", "Clinical Microbiology", "Medical Microbiology", "Medical Microbiology", "Medical Microbiology", "Clinical Microbiology", "Medical Microbiology "Clinical Microbiology", "Medical Microbiology "Clinical Microbiology", "Medical Microbiology", "Microbiology "Clinical Microbiology "Clinical	Competency   Salter   Competency   Salter   Competency

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

## 5.23. Bacterial structure, growth and nutrition-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessi	ment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert			F	S	
HomUG -Path M 23.1	KS	K	Morphology of bacteria	Explain the morphological characteristics of bacteria	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG -Path M 23.2	KS	K	Classificatio n of bacteria	Classify bacteria based on shape	C1	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG -Path M 23.3	KS	КН	Bacterial Cell structure	Describe the detailed structure of the bacterial cell envelope	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG -Path M. 23.4	KS	K	Cell wall appendages	Define flagella	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG -Path M. 23.5	KS	КН		Describe the types of flagellar arrangement in a bacterial cell	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG Path M. 23.6	KS	KH	Bacterial spore	Describe the structure of bacterial spore	C2	DK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ SAQ	Viva voce MCQ SAQ	
HomUG Path M. 23.7	KS	KH	3.9	Describe the types of bacterial spores based on shape, position of spores	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	

4, 100

85 G-20 A S

9. Sy 03/2

6 5757

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG	KS	KH	Bacterial	Describe bacterial growth curve	C2	DV		Tava		
-Path M.			growth and	2 3507700 Subtortal growth edite	C.2.	DK	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ	
23.8			0				ļ	MCQ	MCQ	
23.0			nutrition				Ī	Viva	Viva voce	
ļ								voce		
HomUG	KS	KH	-	Describe the classification of	C2	DK	Locture	X7:		
-Path M					CL	DK	Lecture	Viva	Viva voce	
23.9				requirements				voce	MCQ	
HomUG	KS	KH						MCQ		
-Path M.	110	1211		Describe the classification of	C2	DK	Lecture	Viva	SAQViva	
23.10		-		bacteria based on oxygen			]	voce	voce	
25.10				requirements		,		MCQ	MCQ	
HomUG	KS	KH	-	Describe the classification of	C2	DV	1 1	171		
-Path M.					C2	DK	Lecture	Viva	Viva voce	
23.11				bacteria based on temperature requirements				voce	MCQ	
				roquirements			and the second s	MCQ		

### 5.24. Sterilization and disinfection-

Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessn	ient	Integration
						}	171171	F	S	
HomUG- Path M 24.1	KS	K	Definitions	Define 'Sterilization', "Disinfection", "Asepsis", "Decontamination", "Bactericidal agents", "Bacteriostatic agents"	Cl	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	SAQ Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 24.2	KS	K	Methods of sterilization	Describe the various methods of sterilization	C1	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 24.3	KS	KH	Physical methods of sterilization 2.	Describe the various physical methods of sterilization	C2	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M'	KS	KH	-	Describe the procedure of sterilization using hot air oven	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ	LAQ	
24.4				stermzation using not air oven				MCQ Viva	SAQ MCQ	
								voce	Viva	
HomUG-	KS	1711	_ ·						voce	
Path M	V2	KH		Describe the procedure of	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ	LAQ	
24.5				sterilization using Autoclave				MCQ	SAQ	
			İ					Viva	MCQ	
								voce	Viva	
				·					voce	
HomUG- Path M	KS	KH		Explain the uses of Pasteurization	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ	LAQ	
24.6				in the process of sterilization				MCQ	SAQ	
								Viva	MCQ	
		}					,	voce	Viva	
									voce	
HomUG- Path M	KS	KH	Chemical	Discuss on various types of	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ	LAQ	Community
24.7			methods of	chemical agents of sterilization		,		MCQ	SAQ	medicine
24.7			sterilization					Viva	MCQ	medicine
								voce	Viva	
									voce	
HomUG-	KS	K		State the characteristics of	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ	LAQ	
Path M				disinfectant	-,	1,111	Doctare	MCQ	SAQ	Community
24.8					İ			Viva	MCQ	medicine
								voce	Viva	
								1000	voce	
									1000	ļ

4. That

6.00 35 8

9. WEX

De Letter

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

## 5.25. Staining, culture medias and methods-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessm	ent	Integration
···	Competency				Guilbert			F	S	
HomUG- Path M 25.1	KS	K	Staining methods	Discuss the various staining methods of bacteria	C1	MK	Lecture	MCQ Viva voce	MCQ Viva Voce	
HomUG- Path M 25.2	KS	KH		Discuss the steps of gram staining	. C2	MK	Lecture	MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva Voce	5
HomUG- Path M 25.3	KS	КН	Classification of bacteria	Classify bacteria based on gram staining property	CI	MK	Lecture	MCQ Viva voce	SAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 25.4	KS	K	Staining methods	Discuss differences between gram positive and gram negative bacteria	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva	
HomUG- Path M 25.5	KS	K	Staining methods	Discuss the steps of Acid fast staining	. C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	voce MCQ Viva Voce SAQ	
HomUG- Path M 25.6	KS	K	Culture media	Describe types of culture media based on consistency with examples	CI	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	
HomUG- Path M 25.7	KS	K		Describe culture media based on constituents with examples	CI	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	
-IomUG- Path M 25.8	KS (M)	К	,	Describe culture media based on functional requirement with examples	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	Voce LAQ SAQ MCQ	

3. Among

4.

8 suns 9.55

l. B

2. Gyerl

do. Shit

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG-	KS	K						Viva voce	Viva voce	
Path M 25.9	NO.		Culture	Enumerate various methods used for culturing bacteria.	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva	SAQ MCQ Viva	
HomUG- Path M 25.10	KS	K	methods	Describe various anaerobic culture methods	C2	DK	Lecture	Not to be assessed	SAQ MCQ Viva	

#### 5.26. Infection and disease-

Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessn	nent	Integration
HomUG-	KS	T/			Guilbert	,		F.	S	
Path M	KS	K	Infection and	Define the terms" infection"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva	SAQ	
			Disease	pathogen, pathogenesis,			ļ	voce	Viva	
26.1				pathogenicity, Virulence",				MCQ	voce	
HomUG-	¥		1	infectious disease					MCQ	
Path M	KS	KH		Describe the various types of	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ	LAQ	
				infections				MCQ	SAQ	
26.2									MCQ	
		•							Viva	
TI LICE					ĺ		1		voce	
HomUG-	KS	KH		Describe the sources of infection	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ	LAQ	
Path M						,	Booting	MCQ	SAQ	
26.3							1	MCQ	MCQ	
					ĺ		-		Viva	
		···			ļ					
HomUG-	KS	KH		Describe the methods of	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ	voce	
Path M				transmission of infection	- J	34112	Lecture	MCQ	LAQ	
26.4	-							WICQ	SAQ	
									MCQ	
				į					Viva	
				, per 2011					voce	

Marcis my wo

6.00 7 9

8 · A

3. bysf

6 3750

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 26,5	KS	K	Virulence of micro-organisms	State the factors influencing virulence of micro-organisms.	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	LAQ SAQ Viva	
							,	_	voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 26.6	KS	KH	Exotoxins and Endotoxins	Describe the features of exotoxins	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva	
20.0			Endotoxins						voce	
HomUG- Path M	KS	KH		Describe the features of Endotoxins	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	
26.7									Viva	
HomUG- Path M 26.8	KS	KH		Differentiate the features of Exotoxins and Endotoxins	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva	
HomUG- Path M 26.9	KS	К	Classification of infectious diseases	Describe the classification of infectious diseases	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 26.10	KS	K	Nosocomial infection	Define nosocomial infection	CI	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 26.11	KS	K		Discuss some common nosocomial infections.	Cl	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ VIVA	

4 - Horas

S. rung

6-22

9. Wife

to. Sal

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

## 5.27. Gram positive bacterias-

Sl. No.	Domains of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessn	1ent	Integration
	Competency	**			Guilbert			F	S	
HomUG- Path M	KS	K	Staphylococci	Explain the morphology of	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva	SAQ	
27.1				Staphylococci				voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG-	KS	K		List the virulence factors of	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ	
Path M				Staphylococcus aureus			2001010	MCQ	MCQ	İ
27.2								Viva	Viva	
	Yra							voce		
IomUG-	KS	KH		Explain the pathogenesis	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ	LAQ	
Path M	Ì			of staphylococcus aureus				MCQ	SAQ	
27.3				infections				Viva	MCQ	
lomUG-	KS	KH				***************************************		voce	Viva voce	ĺ
ath M	KG	ХĦ		Describe the laboratory	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ	LAQ	Practice of
7.4				diagnosis of staphylococcal				MCQ	SAQ .	medicine
				infections				Viva	MCQ	medicine
lomUG-	KS	K	Pneumococci	Evolving the second to the	C1	X ATT	•	voce	Viva voce	
ath M		~ ~	x 110-1111 (00-00)	Explain the morphology of Pneumococci	CI	MK	Lecture	Viva	SAQ	
7.5				T detimococci	[			voce MCQ	MCQ	
lomUG-	KS	KH		Describe the virulence factors	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ	Viva voce SAQ	
ath M		Î		of Pneumococci		1111	Decigie	MCQ	MCQ	
7.6								Viva	Viva voce	
	11.0					•		voce	VIVA VOCC	•
lomUG-	KS	KH		Describe the pathogenesis of	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ	
ath M 7.7				Pneumococcus				MCQ	MCQ	
'.' [			•						Viva voce	
		j								
omUG-	KS	KH		Describe the laboratory	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ	
ath M				diagnosis of Pneumococcal		A. E.E. E.	Socialo	MCQ	MCQ	
7.8			·	infections					Viva voce	

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 27.9	KS	K	Streptococci	Explain the morphology of Streptococcus pyogenes	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 27.10	KS .	KH		Describe the virulence factors of Streptococcus pyogenes	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 27.11	KS	KH		Explain the pathogenicity of Streptococcus pyogenes	C2	MK	Lecture	Voce SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	
HomUG- Path M 27.12	KS	KH		Explain the pathogenesis of post streptococcal sequelae caused by streptococcus pyogenes	C2 .	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	Voce LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 27.13	KS	КН		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of streptococcal infections	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 27.14	KS	K	Corynebacterium diphtheriae	Explain the morphology of Corynebacterium diphtheriae	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 27.15	KS	KH		Describe the pathogenicity of Corynebacterium diphtheriae	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 27.16	KS	K		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of diphtheria	C1	NK	Lecture	NA	NA	Practice of medicine

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 27.17	KS	K	Bacillus anthracis	Explain the morphology of Bacillus anthracis	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
TY TYO	Va.	7777						voce		
HomUG- Path M 27.18	KS	КН		Describe the pathogenicity of Bacillus anthracis	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 27.19	KS	KH		Describe the clinical features of Human anthrax	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 27.20	KS	KH	·	Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Human anthrax	C2	NK	Lecture		NA .	
27.20					The state of the s		\$	Not to be assessed	Trida esta francisco de la constanta de la con	
HomUG- Path M 27.21	KS	K	Bacillus cereus	Discuss the clinical manifestations of Bacillus cereus	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 27.22	KS	K	Clostridium tetani	Explain the morphology of Clostridium tetani	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 27.23	KS	KH		Describe pathogenesis of Clostridium tetani	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	
HomUG- Path M 17.24	KS	КН		Explain the Clinical manifestation of tetanus	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	Community medicine, Practice of medicine

.93

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 27.25	KS	K		Describe the Laboratory diagnosis of tetanus	C1	NK	Lecture	NA	NA
HomUG- Path M 27.26	KS	K	Clostridium perfringens	Explain the morphology of Clostrium perfringens	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 27.27	KS	КН		Describe the clinical manifestation of Clostridium perfringens	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 27.28	KS	K		Describe laboratory diagnosis of Clostridium perfringens	Cl	NK	Lecture	NA	NA
HomUG- Path M 27.29	KS	K	Clostridium botulinum	Explain the morphology of Clostrium botulinum	CI	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 27.30	KS	КН		Describe pathogenicity of Clostridium botulinum	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 27.31	KS.	K		Describe laboratory diagnosis of Clostridium botulinum	CI	NK	Lecture	NA	NA .
HomUG- Path M 27.32	KS	KH	Clostridium Difficile	Describe the pathogenicity of Clostridium difficile	C2	NK	Lecture	NA	NA

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

## 5.28. Gram negative bacterias-

Sl.No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessn	ient	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert	J		F	S	
HomUG- Path M 28.1	KS	K	Neisseria gonorrhoeae	Explain the morphology of Neisseria gonorrhoeae	CI	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva	SAQ MCQ Viva	
HomUG- Path M 28.2	KS	КН		Describe the pathogenesis of Neisseria gonorrhoeae	C2	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	
HomUG- Path M 28.3	KS	K		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Neisseria gonorrhoeae	C1	NK	Lecture	NA	voce	
HomUG- Path M 28.4	KS	K	Neisseria meningitidis	Explain the morphology of Neisseria meningitidis	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	SAQ Viva	
HomUG- Path M 18.5	KS	КН		Describe the clinical spectrum of meningococcal infections	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ Viva voce MCQ	MCQ SAQ Viva voce MCQ	
lomUG- ath M 8.6	KS	K		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Neisseria meningitidis	C1	NK	Lecture	NA		
lomUG- ath M 8.7	KS	K	Escherichia coli	Explain the morphology of Escherichia coli	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva	SAQ MCQ Viva	
omUG- ath M 8.8	KS	KH		Describe the virulence factors of Escherichia coli	C2	MK	Lecture	voce SAQ MCQ	Voce MCQ Viva Voçe	

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 28.15	KS	K	Salmonellae	Explain the morphology of Salmonellae	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva	MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 28.14	KS	K.		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Shigellosis.	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ
HomUG- Path M 28.13	KS	КН	-	Describe the clinical manifestations of Shigellosis.	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 28.12	KS	КН	Shigella	Describe the pathogenicity of Shigella	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 28.11	KS	КН		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Escherichia coli	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Voce LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 28.10	KS	КН		Describe the clinical syndromes caused by Escherichia coli	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva
HomUG- Path M 28.9	KS	KH		Describe the pathogenicity of Escherichia coli	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 28.17	KS	КН		State the clinical syndromes caused by Salmonellae in humans	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ SAQ LAQ	Community medicine Practice of medicine
HomUG- Path M 28.18	KS	КН		Describe the pathogenesis and clinical manifestations of Enteric fever	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 28.19	KS	KH		Explain the laboratory diagnosis of Salmonella infection	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	Practice of medicine
HomUG- Path M 28.20	KS	K	Klebsiella	Describe the morphology of Klebsiella pneumonia	C1	МК	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 28.21	KS	КН		Describe the pathogenicity of Klebsiella pneumoniae	C2	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 28.22	KS	K		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Klebsiella pneumoniae	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 28.23	KS	KH	Proteus	Describe the pathogenicity of Proteus bacilli	C2	NK	Lecture		e assessed	
HomUG- Path M 28.24	KS	KH	Yersinia	Describe the pathogenicity of Yersinia pestis	C2	NK	Lecture	110000		
HomUG- Path M 28.25	KS	K	Vibrio cholera	Explain the morphology of Vibrio cholera	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	MCQ Viva voce	

about h. In

6.20

7 5 8 7

s. Oyel 1. Si

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

Path M 28.26	KS	KH		Describe pathogenesis and clinical features of cholera	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	Community medicine, Practice of medicine
HomUG- Path M 28.27	KS	KH		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Cholera	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	Voce LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 28.28	KS	KH	Pseudomonas	Describe the pathogenicity of pseudomonas aeruginosa	Cl	NK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 28:29	KS	K	H.influenzae	State the diseases caused by H.influenzae	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce	Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 28.30	KS	К		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of H.influenzae	C1	NK	Lecture	MCQ Not to be	MCQ assessed	
HomUG- Path M 28.31	KS	K	Bordetella pertussis	Explain the morphology of Bordetella pertussis	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 28.32	KS	КН		Describe the clinical manifestation of B. pertussis	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva	Community medicine Practice of
HomUG- Path M 28.33	KS	K		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Bordetella Pertussis	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva	SAQ MCQ Viva	medicine

ine 5. July

6.22 75

9. Gyaf

4 6.5年39

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M	KS	K	Brucella	Explain the morphology of Brucellae	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva	Viva	
28.34				Brucenae				voce MCQ	voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 28.35	KS	KH		Describe the pathogenesis of Brucellosis.	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 28.36	KS	K		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Brucellae	Cl	NK	Lecture	NA	NA	
HomUG- Path M 28.37	KS	K	Helicobacter pylori	Describe the morphology of Helicobacter pylori	C1	NK	Lecture	NA	NA	
HomUG- Path M 28.38	KS	КН		Describe the pathogenicity of Helicobacter pylori infection	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 28.39	KS	K		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Helicobacter pylori infection	C1	NK	Lecture	NA	NA	
HomUG- Path M 28.40	KS	K	Rickettsiae	Discuss the human diseases caused by Rickettsiae group of organism	C1	DK	Lecture	MCQ Viva voce	MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 28.41	KS	K	Chlamydia	Describe the diseases caused by chlamydia	C1	МК	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	

3. June 4.

6.72 75

E. Se

byez.

10 Sag 51

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

#### 5.29. Acid fast bacterias-

SI. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessm	ent	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert			F	S	
HomUG- Path M.	KS	K	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Explain the morphology of Mycobacterium tuberculosis	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce	Viva voce	- MAINWAY
29.1	A						, man	MCQ	MCQ	
HomUG- Path M.	KS	KH		Explain the pathogenesis of Mycobacterium tuberculosis	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ	Community
29.2				Wycobacterium tuperemosis				Viva	SAQ MCQ	medicine, Practice of
								voce	Viva voce	medicine
HomUG-	KS	KH	-	Describe the pathology of	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ	LAQ	
Path M.				Primary tuberculosis	İ			MCQ	SAQ	
29.3	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A							Viva	MCQ Viva	
								voce	voce	
HomUG-	KS	KH		Explain pathology of	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ	LAQ	
Path M.				Secondary tuberculosis				MCQ	SAQ	
29.4								Viva	MCQ	
								voce	Viva	
									voce	
HomUG-	KS	K.	_	Explain laboratory diagnosis of	C1	MK	Lecture		LAQ	
Path M.				Mycobacterial tuberculosis				SAQ	SAQ	
29.5								MCQ	MCQ	
								Viva	Viva	
HomUG-	KS	K	Mycobacterium	Explain the morphology of	C1	MK	Lagtura	Voce	voce	
Path M.		x %.	leprae	Mycobacterium leprae	CI	WIN	Lecture	Viva voce	Viva	
29.6			L.					MCQ	voce MCQ	
HomUG-	KS	KH		Discuss the pathology of	C2	MK	Lecture	Viva	SAQ	
Path M.				Leprosy	-			voce	Viva	
29.7	\		DA \	'				MCQ	voce	

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M. 29.8	KS	КН	Differentiate between Lepromatous and Tuberculoid leprosy	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	MCQ LAQ SAQ MCQ LAQ Viva	Community medicine, Practice of medicine
HomUG- Path M. 29.9	KS	К	Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Mycobacterium Leprae	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M. 29.10	KS	КН	Discuss Lepromin test	C2	DK :	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	

## 5.30. Spirochaetes

Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessmen	t	Integration
					Guilbert			F	S	
HomUG- Path M, 30.1	KS	K	Treponema pallidum	Explain the morphology of Treponema pallidum	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M. 30.2	KS	KH		Describe the pathogenesis of Syphilis	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQViva voce	MCQ LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	·
HomUG- Path M. 30.3	KS	КН		Describe the clinical manifestations of Syphilis	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQViva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	Practice of medicine

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M.	KS	KH		Describe the laboratory diagnosis for syphilis	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ LAQ	
30.4								Viva voce	Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M. 30.5	KS	K	Non venereal treponematoses	State the three distinct forms of non venerealtrepanomatoses	CI	NK	Lecture	Not to be as		
HomUG- Path M. 30.6	KS	K		Describe the features of Endemic syphilis	CI	NK	Lecture	NA		
HomUG- Path M. 30.7	KS	K		Describe the features of Yaws	C1	NK	Lecture			
HomUG- Path M. 30.8	KS	K		Describe the features of Pinta	Cl	NK	Lecture			
HomUG- Path M. 30.9	KS	K	Borrelia	Mention the types of Borrelia	C1	NK	Lecture	NA	NA	
HomUG- Path M. 30.10	KS	. K		State the diseases caused by Borrelia	C1	NK	Lecture	NA		
HomUG- Path M. 30.11	KS	K	Leptospira	Explain the morphology of Leptospira	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 30.12	KS	КН		Describe pathogenicity of Leptospira	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQViva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva	

102 6. 2 7. S 8. A 3. GYEL

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

11 110	VC	MII	)					r··	~				
HomUG-	17.2	KH		Describe	the	clinical	C2	MK	Lecture	MCOVin	MCQVi		
Path M.				1		Ommoun			Dooren	MCQViva	MCCVI		
			ļ · '	manifestation	ons	of				voce	va voce	1	
30.13		1		Leptospirosi	S					1000	,	[	
			A	1 <u>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 </u>		i			1	!	I	;	

#### 5.31. Fungi

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessr	nent ·	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert	•		F	S	
HomUG- Path M. 31.1	KS	K	Fungi	State the characteristics of fungi	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 31.2	KS	K		Classify fungi based on morphological forms	CI	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M. 31.3	KS	K		Classify fungi based on type of infection	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 31.4	KS	K		Discuss the laboratory diagnosis of fungal infections	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 31.5	KS	K		State examples for superficial mycoses	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 31.6	KS	K		State the types of Subcutaneous mycoses	Cl	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	- The state of the
HomUG- Path M. 31.7	KS	K		State four fungi causing Systemic mycoses	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva yoce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 31.8	KS	K		State examples of fungi causing Opportunistic Mycoses	CI	DK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	-

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M. 31.9	KS	КН		Describe the pathogenesis of Candidiasis	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M. 31.10	KS	KH	Homoeopathic concept	Explain the significance of susceptibility in fungal infections	C2	NK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	Organon of medicine

#### 5.32. Parasitology: Introduction to Parasitology, Protozoans

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	<b>Priority</b>	TL MM	Assessn	nent	Integration
	Competenc y				Guilbert		•	F	S	
HomUG- Path M 32.1	KS	K	Introduction to parasitology	Define the terms "parasite","Host"	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.2	KS	K		State the types of parasites with examples	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.3	KS	K		State the types of Host with examples	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.4	KS	K		List the three categories of host parasite relationship	· C1	МК	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	SAQ Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.5	KS	К		Define the terms Symbiosis,Commensalism,Pa rasitism	<b>C</b> 1	МК	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.6	KS	K	Protozoa — Intestinal — Entamoeba Shistolytica	Describe the morphology of Entamoeba histolytica	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	

May

104

6.2 75

8.5

9 Byer 1. sin

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 32.7	KS	КН		Describe the life cycle of Entamoeba histolytica	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.8	KS	КН		Describe the clinical manifestations of Entamoeba histolytica	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ LAQ SAQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.9	KS	KH		Enumerate the differences between Amoebic dysentery and Bacillary dysentery	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva	MCQ LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.10	KS	K		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of amoebiasis	CI	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	Viva voce LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.11	KS	K	Protozoa – Intestinal - Giardia lamblia	Describe the morphology of Giardia lamblia	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	SAQViva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.12	KŞ	КН		Describe the life cycle of Giardia lamblia	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.13	KS	КН		Describe the pathogenicity and clinical features of Giardia lamblia	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 32.14	KS	K	Protozoa – Urogenital – Trichomonas vaginalis	Describe the morphology of Trichomonas vaginalis	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	SAQViva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.15	KS	КН	rugilians .	Describe the life cycle of Trichomonas vaginalis	Cl	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.16	KS	KH		Describe the pathogenesis of Trichomonas vaginalis	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	OBG

105

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 32.17	KS	K	Blood a Tissues plasmodium	and –	Explain the life cycle of Plasmodium species	(	CI	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.18	KS	КН	species		Describe the pathogenesis Plasmodium species	(	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 32.19	KS	KH			Describe the clinical features of malaria.	(	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	Community medicine
HomUG- Path M 32.20	KS	K			Explain the laboratory diagnosis of malaria	(	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 32.21	KS	K	Blood a Tissues Toxoplasma gondii	and —	Describe the Mode of transmission of Toxoplasma gondii	(	21	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 32.22	KS	KH	<i>G</i>		Describe the Pathogenesis of Toxoplasma gondii	(	<b>32</b>	NK	Lecture			
HomUG- Path M 32.23	KS	КН			Describe the Clinical features of human toxoplasmosis	(	<b>C2</b>	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 32.24	KS	K			Describe the Lab diagnosis of human toxoplasmosis	(	CI	NK	Lecture	Not to b	e assessed	
HomUG- Path M 32.25	KS 	К	Blood a Tissues	and —	Describe the Trypanosoma brucei	(	C1	NK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ	

3

b 4.

Ino Sorry

- 3383

9. bijest 10. State

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 32.26	KS	KH	Trypanosoma brucei	Describe the Life cycle of Trypanosoma brucei	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.27	KS	КН		Describe the Pathogenecity of Trypanosoma brucei	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva	MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 32.28	KS	КН		Describe the Clinical features of trypanosomiasis	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva	SAQMCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 32.29	KS	K	-	Describe the Lab diagnosis of trypanosomiasis	C1	NK	Lecture	Not to b	e assessed	
HomUG- Path M 32.30	KS	K	Blood and Tissues – Trypanosoma	Describe the morphology of Trypanosoma Cruzi	C1 .	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.31	KS	K	Cruzi	Describe the Life cycle of Trypanosoma Cruzi	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ LAQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.32	KS	KH	The state of the s	Describe the Pathogenicity of Trypanosoma Cruzi	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ LAQ	
HomUG- Path M 32.33	KS	КН		Describe the Clinical features of Chagas disease	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ LAQ	Community medicine
HomUG- Path M 32.34	KS	K		Describe the Lab diagnosis of Chagas disease	C1	CK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	Viva voce SAQ MCQ Viva voce	

107

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 32.35	KS	K	Blood and Tissues – Leishmania	Describe the morphology of Leishmania donovani	C1	МК	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	9 L
HomUG- Path M 32.36	KS	КН	species	Describe the Life cycle of Leishmania donovani	C2	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 32.37	KS	КН		Describe the pathogenicity of Leishmania donovani	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 32.38	KS	KH		Describe the clinical features of Leishmaniasis	C2	MK ·	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 32,39	KS	K		Describe the Laboratory diagnosis of Leishmaniasis.	CI	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	

6 D = 5 4 . A 5. Cysp 10. 5253

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

#### 5.33. Helminths-

Sl. No. Domain of Competency			SLO Bloom/ Guilbert	Bloom/	Priority	TL	Assessment		Integration	
				í J		MM	F	S	integration	
HomUG- Path M 33.1	KS	K	Helminths – Cestodes – Echinococcus granulosus	Describe the morphology of Echinococcus granulosis	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 33.2	KS	КН		Describe the life cycle of Echinococcus granulosis	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	Viva LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	
HomUG- Path M 33.3	KS	KH		Describe the pathogenesis of Echinococcus granulosis	C2	MK	Lecture	MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	
HomUG- Path M 33.4	KS	КН		Describe the clinical features of hydatid disease	C2	MK	Lecture	MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 33.5	KS	K		Describe Laboratory diagnosis of hydatid disease	C1	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	Viva LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 3.6	KS	K	Helminths – Cestodes – Taenia saginata and Taenia solium	Describe the morphological difference between T.saginata and T.solium	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	Viva LAQ SAQ MCQ	
lomUG- ath M 3.7	KS	КН		Describe the life cycle of Taenia saginata	C1	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	Viva LAQ SAQ MCQ	
omUG- ath M 3.8	KS	KH		Describe the life cycle of Taenia solium	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	Viva LAQ SAQ MCQ	

3. Gyor In Stay

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 33.9	KS	KH		Describe the pathogenicity and clinical features of taeniasis	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	Community medicine
HomUG- Path M 33.10	KS	K		Describe the lab diagnosis of taeniasis.	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva	A control of the cont
HomUG- Path M 33.11	KS	K	Helminths – Trematodes – Paragonimuswestermani	Describe the morphology of Paragonimuswestermani	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 33.12	KS	K		Describe the life cycle of Paragonimuswestermani	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 33.13	KS	KH		Describe the pathogenicity and clinical features of Paragonimus westermani	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 33.14	KS	K		Describe the lab diagnosis of paragonimiasis	C1	NK	Lecture	Not to be as	ssessed	
HomUG- Path M 33.15	KS	K	Helminths – Trematodes  – Schistosoma haematobium	Describe the morphology of Schistosoma haematobium	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	-
HomUG- Path M 33.16	KS	KH		Describe the life cycle of Schistosoma haematobium	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 33.17	KS	KH		Describe the pathogenicity and clinical features of Bilharziasis	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 33.18	KS	K		Describe the lab diagnosis of Bilharziasis	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	

(

 $S = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}}{1}$ 

6.20 35

A 7. 649

to. Sagar

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 33.19	KS	K	Helminths – Trematodes – F.hepatica	Describe the morphology of Fasciola hepatica	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 33.20	KS	. K		Describe the life cycle of Fasciola hepatica	C1	NK	Lecture	NA NA	NA	
HomUG- Path M 33.21	KS	KH		Describe the pathogenicity of Fascioliasis	C2	DK	Lecture	MCQ Viva voce	MCQ Viva voce	707.1
HomUG- Path M 33.22	KS	K	Helminths – Nematodes – Ankylostoma duodenale	Describe the morphology of Ancylostoma duodenale	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 33.23	KS	KH		Describe the life cycle of Ancylostoma duodenale	C2	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 33.24	KS	KH		Describe the pathogenicity and clinical features of hook worm infection.	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	Viva voce LAQ SAQ MCQ	Community medicine
HomUG- Path M 33:25	KS	K		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of hook worm infection.	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	Viva voce LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 33.26	KS	K	Helminth — Nematodes — Ascaris lumbricoides	Describe the morphology of Ascaris lumbricoides	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	Viva voce LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 33.27	KS	КН		Describe the life cycle of Ascaris lumbricoides	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	Viva voce LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	

3. Blant L. May S. My us)

6.327 }

9. lycz

la Sans

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 33.28	KS	КН		Describe the pathogenicity and clinical features of Ascariasis	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 33.29	KS	K		Describe laboratory diagnosis of Ascariasis	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 33.30	KS	K	Helminths – Nematodes  – Enterobius vermicularis	Describe the morphology of Enterobius vermicularis	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 33.31	KS	KH		Describe the life cycle of Enterobius vermicularis	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 33.32	KS	K		Describe the pathogenicity and clinical features of Enterobiasis	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 33.33	KS	K		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Enterobiasis	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 33.34	ĶS	K	Helminths – Nematodes – Strongyloidesstercoralis	Describe the morphology of Strongyloidesstercoralis	C1	NK	Lecture	NA	NA NA
HomUG- Path M 33.35	KS	KH		Describe the life cycle of Strongyloidesstercoralis	Cl	NK	Lecture	NA	NA .
HomUG- Path M 33.36	KS	КН		List the diseases caused by S.stercoralis	C2	NK	Lecture	NA	NA

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 33.37	KS	K	Helminths – Nematodes –Trichuristrichiura	Describe the morphology of Trichuris trichiura	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ
HomUG- Path M 33.38	KS	KH		Describe life cycle of Trichuris trichiura	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ
HomUG- Path M 33.39	KS	КН		Describe the pathogenicity and clinical manifestation of Trichuritrichiura	C2	DK .	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ
HomUG- Path M 33.40	KS	K		Describe the lab diagnosis of trichuriasis	C1	NK	Lecture	Not to be as	ssessed
HomUG- Path M 33.41	KS	K	Helminths — Filarial Nematodes — Wuchereriabancrofti	Describe the morphology of Wuchereriabancrofti	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQViva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ
HomUG- Path M 33.42	KS	KH		Describe the life cycle of Wuchereriabancrofti	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	Viva voce  LAQ SAQ MCQ
HomUG- Path M 33.43	KS	КН		Describe pathogenesis of Wucheririabancrofti	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQViva voce	Viva voce  LAQ SAQ MCQViva voce
HomUG- Path M 33.44	KS	К		Describe the lab diagnosis of Wuchereriasis	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQViva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQViva voce
HomUG- Path M 33.45	KS	КН	Helminths – Filarial Nematodes – Brugiamalayi	Describe pathogenesis of Brugiamalayi	C2	NK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ

But

5,747

6. D. J.J

9. byezz

6. Sury

HomUG- Path M 33.46	KS	KH	Loa Loa	Describe pathogenesis of Loa Loa	C2	NK	Lecture	NA	NA	
HomUG- Path M 33.47	KS	KH	Onchocerca volvulus	Describe pathogenesis of Onchocerca volvulus	C2	NK	Lecture	NA	NA	
HomUG- Path M 33.48	KS	KH	Dracunculus medinensis	Describe pathogenesis of Dracunculus medinensis	C2	NK	Lecture	NA	NA	
HomUG- Path M 33.49	KS	KH	Homoeopathic concepts	Explain the Homoeopathic concepts in parasitic infections	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	Organon of medicine
HomUG- Path M 33.50	KS	KH		Explain the application of Homoeopathic concepts in management of parasitic infections	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	Organon of medicine

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

### 5.34. Virology: Introduction-

Sl.No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessm	ent	Integration
	Competency			•	Guilbert			F	S	
HomUG- Path M 34.1	KS	. K	Virology – Introduction - Structure	Describe the morphology of virus	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 34.2	KS	K	Virology — Introduction — Viral replication	Discuss the steps of viral replication	CI	DK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	SAQ Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 34.3	KS	К	Virology – Introduction – Viral inclusion bodies	Describe the viral inclusion bodies with examples	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 34.4	KS	K	Pathogenesis of viral infections	Describe the pathogenesis of viral infections	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 34.5	KS	K	Virology – Introduction – Lab diagnosis of Viral infections	Discuss about cultivation of viruses	C1	NK	Lecture	Not to be assessed	Not to be assessed	

-3 (1)

7ay 5

6.70

\$ 9. (

1234 16. 57

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 34.6	KS	K	Virology – Introduction - Classification	Describe the classification of viruses based on type of nucleic acid	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 34.7	KS	K	Virus host interactions and its Significance in Homoeopathy	State the various virus host interactions	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ Viva	
HomUG- Path M · 34.8	KS	K	Bacteriophages	Explain the morphology of bacteriophage	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	alian v
HomUG- Path M 34.9	KS	K		Explain the significance of bacteriophages in medical microbiology	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	

#### 5.35. DNA viruses-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TLMM	Assessm	ent	Integration
Sii 1101	Competency				Guilbert			F	S	
HomUG- Path M 35.1	KS	K	DNA virus – Pox virus-	State the pox virus which infect humans	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 35.2	KS	K		Describe the clinical features of Molluscum contagiosum	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 35.3	KS	K	DNA virus – Papova virus-Human papillomavirus	Discuss the diseases caused by Human Papilloma virus	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	

3. About h. A ray 5. Mino

6.00 7 9 6. B

Brigh.

do. Sheri

HomUG- Path M 35.4	KS	KH	DNA virus —Herpes virus Herpes simplex virus		C2	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 35.5	KS	K	Ynus	Describe the clinical features of Herpes simplex virus infection	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 35.6	KS	K		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Herpes virus infection	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 35.7	KS	K	DNA virus –Herpes virus- Varicella-zoster	Describe the pathogenesis of Varicella zoster	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 35.8	KS	KH		Describe the clinical manifestation and complications of Chicken pox	C2	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 35.9	KS	КН		Describe the pathogenesis of Herpes zosteror shingles	C2	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 35.10	KS	K		Explain the laboratory diagnosis of Varicella-zoster infection	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 35.11	KS	K	DNA virus —Herpes virus- Cytomegaloviruses	Explain the morphology of Cytomegalovirus	CI	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 35.12	KS	K		Describe the clinical features of Cytomegalovirus disease	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 35.13	KS	K		Explain the laboratory diagnosis of Cytomegalovirus disease	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 35.14	KS CO	K	DNA virus –Herpes virus-Human herpes virus	List the two variants of Human Herpes Virus	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 35.15	KS	K		Explain the clinical features of Human Herpes virus	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 35.16	KS	K	DNA virus —Herpes virus-Epstein —Barr virus	List the clinical conditions caused by Epstein-Barr virus	Cl	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 35.17	KS	K		Describe the pathogenesis of Epstein  —Barr virus infection	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 35.18	KS	K		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Epstein-Barr virus infection	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ Viva voce
HomUG-Path M35.19	KS	KH	DNA virus – Adenoviruses	Describe the pathogenicity and clinical manifestations of Adenoviruses	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 35.20	KS	K		Explain the laboratory diagnosis of Adenovirus disease	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ Viva voce
HomUG- Path M 35.21	KS	K	DNA virus —Hepadna virus — Hepatitis B virus	Explain the morphology of Hepatitis B virus	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ LAQ
HomUG- Path M 35.22	KS	K		Describe the mode of transmission of Hepatitis B virus infection	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ
HomUG- Path M 35.23	KS	K	,	Describe the pathogenesis of hepatitis B virus infection	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ

3 But. Jone 5. my of)

6.20 35

2- 9. By 34

o. Sign

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 35.24	KS	K	Describe the clinical features of hepatitis B virus infection	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	Community medicine, Practice of
HomUG- Path M 35.25	KS	K	Explain the laboratory diagnosis of Hepatitis B virus infection	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	medicine

#### 5.36. RNA viruses-

Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessn	nent	Integration
77 770					Guilbert			F	S	
HomUG- Path M 36.1	KS	K	RNA virus – Orthomyxovirus- Influenza virus	Describe the morphology of Influenza virus	C1	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 36.2	KS	KH		Describe the pathogenesis of Influenza virus	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 36.3	KS	K		Describe the clinical features of Influenza virus infection	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	Community medicine, Practice of
HomUG- Path M 36.4	KS	K		Explain the laboratory diagnosis of Influenza virus infection	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ Viva voce	medicine
HomUG- Path M 36.5	KS	K	RNA virus – Paramyxovirus-Mumps	Explain the morphology of Mumps virus	C1	МК	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 36.6	KS	K		Describe the clinical features of mumps	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	Community medicine, Practice of medicine

I Routh, I mad

6.70

9. Byeza

10, 52,95

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 36.7	KS	K		Explain the complications of Mumps	CI	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 36.8	KS	K		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Mumps virus infection	Cl	NK	Lecture	Not to be	e assessed	
HomUG- Path M 36.9	KS	K	RNA virus – Paramyxovirus-Measles	Explain the morphology of Measles virus	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 36.10	KS	КН		Explain the pathogenesis of Measles	C2	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 36.11	KS	K		Describe the clinical features and complications of Measles	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	Community medicine, Practice of medicine
HomUG- Path M 36.12	KS	К		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Measles virus	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 36,13	KS	K	RNA virus – Paramyxovirus-Rubella virus	Explain the morphology of Rubella virus	`C1	MK.	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 36.14	KS	K		Describe the clinical features of Rubella virus infection	CI	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 36.15				Describe the features of congenital Rubella syndrome	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 36.16	KS	K		Explain the laboratory diagnosis of Rubella	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	į
HomUG- Path M 36.17	KS	K	RNA virus – Paramyxovirus-RSV	Describe the morphology of Respiratory syncytial virus	C1	NK	Lecture	Not to l	ne assessed	

3. Jours. 120

6.72 75 8.78

BiyerA

o. Sign

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 36.18	KS	КН		Describe the clinical features of Respiratory syncytial virus infection	C2	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 36.19	KS	K	RNA virua – Corona virus	Explain the morphology of Coronavirus	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 36.20	KS	K		State the types of corona virus infecting humans	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	LAQ SAQ Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 36.21	KS	K		Describe the clinical features of Corona virus disease	CI	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M 36.22	KS	К		Explain the laboratory diagnosis of Corona virus disease	C1	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 36.23	KS	. K	RNA virus – Rhabdovirus – Rabies virus	Explain the morphology of Rabies virus	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M 36.24	KS	K		Describe the mode of transmission of Rabies	CI	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M. 36.25	KS	K		Describe the pathogenicity of Rabies	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 36.26	KS	K		Describe the clinical stages of Rabies	CI	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	Viva voce SAQ MCQ Viva	Community medicine
HomUG- Path M. 36.27	KS	K		Explain the laboratory diagnosis of human rabies	C1	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	

3. Dudy. Mss. mss. my vol 6.00 35 8. A

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M 36.28	KS	K	RNA virus —Picorna virus-Polio virus	Explain the morphology of Polio virus	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 36.29	KS	K		Describe the pathogenesis of Polio virus infection	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 36.30	KS	Ιζ ·		Describe the clinical features of polio	CI	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	Community medicine
HomUG- Path M 36.31	KS	K		Describe the laboratory diagnosis polio	C1	MK .	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 36.32	KS	K	RNA virus –Arboviruses –	Describe the general features of Arboviruses	C1	NK	Lecture	NA	NA	
HomUG- Path M. 36.33	KS	K		Describe the types of Dengue	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 36.34	KS	K		Describe the pathogenesis and clinical classification of Dengue	C1	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	Community medicine, Practice of medicine
HomUG- Path M · 36.35	KS	K		Explain the laboratory diagnosis of Dengue	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 36.36	KS	K	RNA virus –Arbo virus – Chikungunya virus	Describe the clinical features of Chikungunya	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M. 36.37	KS	K		Explain the laboratory diagnosis of Chikungunya	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M. 36.38	KS	K	RNA virus – Arbo virus – Yellow fever	Describe the clinical features of Yellow fever	Cl	NK	Lecture	Not to b	oe assessed	

- 3

G. John

y S. Wy U) (

8 1 2

ligare

(a. S.)

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M .36.39	KS	K	RNA viruses – Arbo virus – Japanese encephalitis -	Describe the clinical features of Japanese encephalitis	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M. 36.40	KS	K	RNA viruses – Retro virus – HIV	Explain the morphology of Human immunodeficiency virus	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 36.41	KS	K		State the major antigens of HIV	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	LAQ SAQ Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 36.42	KS	K		Describe the pathogenesis of HIV infection	C1	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 36.43	KS	К		Describe the clinical features of HIV infection	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	Practice of medicine
HomUG- Path M. 36.44	KS	КН		Describe confirmatory tests for diagnosis of HIV and AIDS	C1	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	LAQ SAQ MCQ	Practice of medicine
HomUG- Path M. 36.45	KS	K	RNA viruses – Hepatitis virus – HAV	Describe the morphology of Hepatitis A virus	C1	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 36.46	KS	K		Describe the pathogenesis of type A Hepatitis	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M. 36.47	KS	K		Describe the clinical features of type A hepatitis	Cl	MK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	

123

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- Path M. 36.48	KS .	К		Describe the laboratory diagnosis of type A hepatitis	C1	МК	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ Viva voce	
HomUG- Path M. 36.49	KS	K	RNA viruses – Hepatitis virus –C,D,E	Discuss the comparative features of the viral hepatitis type C,D and E viruses	C1	DK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 36.50	KS	K	Emerging/re-emerging infections	Describe the factors contributing to emerging and re-emerging infectious diseases	CI	MK	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	
HomUG- Path M. 36.51	KS	K		State the emerging infections in India	Cl	МК	Lecture	Viva voce MCQ	Viva voce MCQ	

#### 5.37. Homoeopathic correlation with microbiology-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessm	ent	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert			F	S	_
HomUG- Path M 37.1	KS	К .	Homoeopathic correlation	Discuss the correlation of study of microbiology and parasitology with homoeopathic philosophy	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	Organon of medicine
HomUG- Path M 37.2	KS	K		Discuss Homoeopathic prophylaxis	CI	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	Organon of medicine
HomUG- Path M 37.3	KS	К		Discuss genus epidemics	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	Organon of medicine
HomUG- Path M 37.4	KS	K		Discuss the correlation of study of microbiology and parasitology with	C1	DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	Materia medica

-3. Showeth 4. May 5-myor 6. 22 -75 8:45 5. Cyrap 10 Story

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomUG- KS Path M 37.5 HomUG- KS	K	homoeopathic materiamedica  Discuss the correlation C1 of study of microbiology	C1 DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ			
		and parasitologywith Repertory							
HomUG- Path M 37.6	KS	K	Discuss the significance of study of microbiology and parasitology for homoeopathic physician		DK	Lecture	SAQ MCQ	SAQ MCQ	Organon of medicine

### 5.38. Practicals and demonstration-

Sl. No.	Content	Competency/ Outcome	Entry behaviour	Specific Learning Objectives	Learner activity	Assessment
HomU G-Path M38.1	Blood grouping-A B O Grouping – Slide technique	Learner should be able to perform the blood grouping test of the blood sample	ABO blood group system RH blood group system	1.Perform estimation of blood group and Rh system using slide method 2.Interpret the results of experiment to determine the blood group and Rh grouping of blood sample.	1.Perform the procedure as per the methodology 2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	Viva voce OSPE Checklist
HomU G-Path M38.2	Estimation of Haemoglobin	Learner should be able to perform the estimation of Haemoglobin with accuracy and interpret the results	Normal Haemoglobin content in children, adult males, Adult females	<ol> <li>Perform estimation of Haemoglobin using Sahli's haemoglobinometer</li> <li>Interpret of Haemoglobin concentration of the blood sample</li> </ol>	1.Perform the procedure as per the methodology 2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	Viva voce OSPE Checklist
HomU G-Path M38.3	Red Blood Cell Count	Learner should be able to perform the RBC count with accuracy and interpret the results	Normal values of RBC count in children, Adult males, Adult females	1. Perform the counting of RBC using haemocytometer 2. Calculate total RBC count of blood sample.	1.Perform the procedure as per the methodology 2.Make entries into the pathology practical record practical record	Viva voce OSPE Checklist

3. Speed 9. 120 5. My us

C. 2 7 8.1

0. SA551

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU G-Path M38.4	Total White blood cell count	Learner should be able to do the WBC count with accuracy and interpret the results	Normal values of WBC count in children,Adultmales,A dult females	1. 1 oriorini die counting of	1.Perform the procedure as per the methodology  2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	Viva voce OSPE Checklist
HomU G-Path M38.5	Differential count and morphology	Learner should be able to perform the Differential count with accuracy and interpret the results	Normal values in percentage of each type of white blood cell.  Morphology of various WBC	<ol> <li>Examine the blood smear for counting of differential leucocyte count.</li> <li>Calculate the differential leukocyte count of blood sample.</li> </ol>	1.Perform the procedure as per the methodology 2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	Viva voce OSPE Checklist
HomU G-Path M38.6	Erythrocyte sedimentation rate [Demonstration]	Learner should be able to explain the significance of ESR and interpret the results	Stages of sedimentation of RBCs Normal values of ESR	<ol> <li>Observe the experiment using Westergren method.</li> <li>Interpret the value of ESR of blood sample</li> </ol>	1.Observe the procedure  2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	NA
HomU G-Path M38.7	Erythrocyte sedimentation rate [Demonstration]	Learner should be able to describe the significance of ESR and interpret the results	Stages of sedimentation of RBCs Normal values of ESR	<ol> <li>Observe the experiment using Wintrobe method.</li> <li>Interpret the value of ESR of blood sample</li> </ol>	1.Observe the procedure  2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	NA
HomU G-Path M38.8	Bleeding time – Duke's method	Learner should be able to perform with accuracy and reliability the bleeding time of the given sample of blood	Normal value of Bleeding time	<ol> <li>Perform the experiment using Duke's method</li> <li>Calculate the bleeding time of blood sample.</li> </ol>	1.Perform the procedure as per the methodology  2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	Viva voce OSPE Checklist

De 3. Dut v. m 5. my S.

l'A

Groff to Said

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU G-Path M38.9	Clotting time- fingertip method	Learner should be able to perform with accuracy and reliability the clotting time of the given sample of blood	Factors involved in blood clotting Sequence in clotting mechanism Normal value of clotting time	<ol> <li>Perform the experiment using fingertip method</li> <li>Calculate the clotting time of blood sample.</li> </ol>	1.Perform the procedure as per the methodology 2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	Viva voce OSPE Checklist
HomU G-Path M38.10	Staining of thick and thin films [Demonstration]	Learner should be able to explain the procedure of staining of thin film,	Principle and technique of preparation of Staining of thick films	Observe the procedure of staining of thin blood film	1.Observe the procedure as per the methodology  2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	NA
HomU G-Path M38.11	Staining of thick and thick films [Demonstration]	Learner should be able to explain the procedure of staining of thick film,	Principle and technique of preparation of Staining of thin films	Observe the procedure of staining of thick blood film	1.Observe the procedure as per the methodology 2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	Viva voce OSPE Checklist
HomU G-Path M38.12	Platelet count [Demonstration]	Learner should be able to describe the significance of platelet count and interpret the results	Normal value of Platelet count  Principle and technique of counting of Platelet	Observe the experiment of counting of Platelet of blood sample     Calculate platelet count of blood sample	1.Observe the procedure as per the methodology 2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	NA
HomU G-Path M38.13	Urine examination: Physical examination	Learner should be able to perform physical examination of urine with logical interpretation of results	Principle and technique of Physical examination of urine Clinical significance of physical examination of urine	Perform the physical examination of urine sample     Interpret the results	1.Perform the procedure as per the methodology 2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	Viva voce OSPE Checklist

Short h. ton S

6.70-1.5

· KIPY

ارتباد ک

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU Urine examination: Principle Learner should be able and 1. Perform the chemical 1.Perform G-Path the Chemical Viva voce to perform chemical technique of Chemical examination of urine for procedure as per the M38.14 examination **OSPE** examination of given methodology examination of urine of presence glucose. sample of urine with Checklist proteins. 2. Make entries into the ketones, bile logical interpretation of Clinical significance derivatives and blood pathology practical results of record chemical 2. Interpret the results examination of urine HomU Urine examination: Principle Learner should be able and 1. Perform the microscopical 1.Perform G-Path Microscopic the Viva voce do microscopic technique examination of urine sample procedure as per the M38.15 examination examination of urine **OSPE** microscopical 2. Interpret the results methodology and interpret the results Checklist examination of urine 2. Make entries into the pathology practical record Clinical significance microscopical examination of urine HomU Examination Principle Learner should be able and 1.Observe G-Path 1. Observe the procedure of Faeces:Physical the NA describe technique of physical procedure physical examination of M38.16 [Demonstartion] procedure of physical examination of faeces faeces 2.Make entries into examination offeaces pathology practical Clinical significance 2. Interpret the results of record of physical Physical Examination of examination of faeces Faeces HomU Examination Principle Learner should be able 1. Observe the procedure of 1.Observe G-Path the Faeces:Microscopi NA describe technique microscopical examination procedure c for ova and M38.17 procedure microscopic of faeces for ova and 2.Make entries protozoa into microscopical protozoa examination of faeces [Demonstration] pathology practical examination of faeces record and interpret the results Clinical significance 2. Interpret the results of microscopic microscopical Examination examination of faeces of Faeces 5- My ve 128 6- 10 7 5

	HomU G-Path M38.18	Examination of Faeces:Chemical (occult blood) [Demonstration]	Learner should be able to describe the procedure of chemical examination of faeces and interpret the results	technique of chemical examination of faeces  Clinical significance of chemical examination of faeces	faeces	1.Observe the procedure 2.Make entries into pathology practical record	NA
	G-Path M38.19	Semen analysis [Demonstration]	Learner should be able to list the physical characteristics and microscopic features of semen	Principle and technique of Semen analysis  Clinical significance of semen analysis	<ol> <li>Observe the procedure of examination of semen</li> <li>Interpret the results of the test</li> </ol>	1.Observe the procedure 2.Make entries into pathology practical record	Not to be assessed
	HomU G-Path M38.20	Microbiology: Use of microscope	Learner should be familiar with the different parts of microscope and their uses	Parts of compound microscope	Identify the different parts of microscope     Learn the function of each part	1. Will use and familiarise with the parts of microscope  2. Make entries into the pathology practical record	Viva voce OSPE Checklist
	21	Microbiology: Demonstration of Methods of sterilisation: Using Hot air oven, Autoclave,	Learner should be able to explain the methods of sterilization using Hot air oven, Autoclave,	Agents of sterilization Principles of dry heat and moist heat in process of sterilization	<ol> <li>Observe the method of sterilization using hot air oven</li> <li>Observe the method of sterilization using autoclave</li> <li>Observe the method of sterilization using flaming</li> </ol>	1.Observe the procedure  2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	Viva voce OSPE Checklist
ľ	G-Path M38.	Microbiology: Motility preparation [Demonstration]	to explain the procedure of motility preparation	Principle and technique of Motility preparation	1. Observe the procedure of Motility preparation 2. Interpret the results	1. Observe the procedure  2. Make entries into and pathology practical record	Not to be assessed

HomU G-Path M38. 23	Microbiology: Gram staining	Learner should be able to stain the given smear by gram stain and examine under microscope and interpret the results	Principle and technique of Gram staining	<ol> <li>Perform gram staining on the given sample</li> <li>Observe under the microscope</li> <li>Interpret the results.</li> </ol>	1.Perform the procedure 2.Make entries into pathology practical record	Viva voce OSPE Checklist
HomU G-Path M38. 24	Microbiology: Acid fast staining [Demonstration]	Learner should be able to list the steps in Acid fast staining	Principle and technique of Acid fast staining	<ol> <li>To observe the procedure of Acid fast staining</li> <li>To observe the slide for presence of acid fast bacteria</li> </ol>	1.Observe the procedure  2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	Not to be assessed
HomU G-Path M38. 25	Common culture medias: Preparation of common culture media [Demonstration]	Learner should be able to list the ingredients of culture medias	Principle and technique of culture media preparation	Observe the steps of preparation of common culture media	1.Observe the procedure  2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	Not to be assessed
HomU G-Path M38. 26	Commonly used instruments / Equipments in pathology laboratory:  1.Haemoglobinome ter 2.RBC pipette 3.WBC pipette 4.Neubauer's chamber	Awareness of application and method of use of instruments, equipments in laboratory	Enumerate the commonly used instruments equipments in laboratory and its use	<ul> <li>Identify the instrument / Equipment</li> <li>Enumerate the purpose/ use/utility of the instrument / Equipment</li> </ul>	1.Identify,describe the parts and list the uses of the instrument / Equipment 2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	OSPE Checklist

etc. HomU Interpression of tests Lipid pression of tes	clave ator idish trifuge erbath ulating loop retation of ory reports its clinico regical tion ete gram eports inction tests inction tests function rofile cardiac ters markers osis ical tests, re to latest	Learner should be able to interpret the values in the given laboratory reports	Significance interpretation laboratory tests diagnosis	of of for	•	Identify whether laboratory report is normal or abnormal in relation to physiological values Identify the probable reason for abnormal values in laboratory report and its clinical significance	1.Study the laboratory reports 2.Interpret the values in the laboratory reports 3.Make entries into the pathology practical record	Viva voca OSPE Checklist	
G-Path equipment of the sequence of the sequen	ent:Auto- ; Cell ELISA	to explain the utility of latest equipment				Observe the functioning of the Equipment	procedure  2.Make entries into the pathology practical record	Not to assessed	Ь

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

HomU G-Path M38. 29	Histopathology: (a)Demonstration of common slides Any 15	Learner should be able to do identify the slide and mention its distinguishing features	Histopathological changes of particular condition.	Observe the histopathology slide  Identify the distinguishing features of the given histopathology slide	nointe	OSPE Checklist
HomU G-Path M38. 30	(b)Demonstration of gross pathological specimens / models Any 15	Learner should be able to identify the gross specimen	Gross pathological changes in specimen as per General pathology and Systemic pathology topics	Identify the specimen  List three characteristic identification features of the specimen	1.	OSPE Checklist

3. Shout

6.22

9. ligas

.. San

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

## 6. Teaching learning methods

Lectures (Theory)	Non-lectures (Practical/Demonstrative)
Lectures	Clinical demonstration
Group discussion	Practicals /Experiential learning
Integrated lectures	Problem based discussion
	Case based learning
	Tutorials/Seminars/Symposium
	Assignments
	Library reference
	Self-learning

#### Details of assessment

## 6.1 Overall Scheme of Assessment (Summative)

Sr. No	<b>Professional Course</b>	Term I (1-6 Months)		Term II (7-12 Months)		
1	Second Professional BHMS	PA I (end of 3 months)	TT I (end of 6 months)	PA II (end of 9 months)	FUE (end of 1	2 months)
•		20 Marks Viva	100 Marks Practical/ Viva i) Viva voce -50 marks ii) Practical – 50 marks	20 Marks Viva	200 marks theory	200 marks Practical+ Viva+ IA

PA: Periodical Assessment; TT: Term Test; FUE: Final University Examinations; IA: Internal Assessment

-1 m 5, m, Sign 6 00 75 - 8 - A 9. Gyref 10. Sign

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

### 7.1 Number of papers and Mark Distribution for Final University Examination (FUE)

Sr. No.	Course Code	Papers	Theory	Practical/ Clinical	Viva Voce	Internal Assessment*	Grand Total
1	HomUG-Path M	02	200 marks*	100 marks	80 marks	20 marks (Marks of PA I + TT I + PA II)	400 marks

#### \*Method of Calculation of Internal Assessment Marks for Final University Examination:

Marks of IA- (Marks of PA-1 + Marks of TT + Marks of PA-2) / 140 X 20

#### 7.2 Paper Layout

Summative assessment (FUE):

Theory- 200 marks

Paper I (100 Mark)		
Paper I (100 Mark) General Pathology and Systemic Pathology		
1.	LAQ	50
2.	SAQ	40
3.	MCQ	10
Paper II (100) Microbiology and Parasitology		
Microbiology and Parasitology	•	
1.	LAQ	50
2.	SAQ	40
3.	MCQ	· 10

a. In

134

6. 00 1 S 8. Ab 9. Cycef. 1. S. 5.

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

# 7.3 Theme-wise distribution of questions for theory exam paper I

PAPER – 1							
Theme	Topics	Term	Marks	LAQ's	SAQ's	MCQ's	
A	Cell Injury and cellular adaptation, Inflammation and repair and Homoeopathic concept	I	21	Yes	Yes	Yes	
В	Neoplasia ,Immunopathology and Homoeopathic concept	I	21	Yes	Yes	Yes	
С	Haemodynamic disorders ,Environmental and Nutritional diseases and Homoeopathic concept		17	Yes	Yes	Yes	
D	Diseases of the haemopoetic system, bone marrow and blood, CVS system blood vessels and lymphatics	II	17	Yes	Yes	Yes	
E	Diseases of Respiratory, GIT, Liver and gall bladder, Pancreas, kidney and lower urinary tract, Endocrine glands	П	17	Yes	Yes	Yes	
F	Diseases of male and female reproductive system, skin and soft tissue, nervous, Musculo-skeletal system	II	7	No	Yes	Yes	
			L. I				

3. ( July 12)

5. mg ~ D

6.00 75

8.76

5. by czA-

(0, 52,55

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

## Question paper blue print Paper II

A Question Serial Number	B Type of Question	Question Paper Format (Refer table 7.4 for themes)
Q1	Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ)  10 Questions  1 mark each  All compulsory	(Refer table 7.4 for themes)  1. Theme A 2. Theme A 3. Theme B 4. Theme B 5. Theme C 6. Theme C 7. Theme D 8. Theme E
Q2	Short answer Questions (SAQ) Eight Questions 5 Marks Each All compulsory	9.Theme E 10. Theme F  1. Theme A 2.Theme A 3.Theme B 4. Theme C 5. Theme D 6. Theme D 7.Theme E 8.Theme F
Q3	Long answer Questions (LAQ) Five Questions 10 marks each All compulsory	1. Theme B 2. Theme C 3. Theme D 4. Theme E 5. Theme F

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

## Details of practical assessment

1.	PRACTICAL EXAM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1766
. l.	Laboratory reports		Marks	Total marks	Time
	Interpretation of laboratory reports and its clinico- pathological correlation: Complete Haemogram Urine reports	<ul> <li>Identify whether laboratory report is normal or abnormal in relation to physiological</li> </ul>	3	10 marks	10 mins
	Liver function tests Renal function tests Thyroid function tests Lipid profile Diabetic profile	values  Discuss the probable reason for abnormal values in laboratory report and its clinical	7	TO WAIKS	TO MINS
	Serum cardiac biomarkers Enzyme markers for necrosis Serological tests	significance			
	Any one of the above				
2.	EXPERIMENT:			Total marks	Time
a. b.	Estimation of Haemoglobin % WBC -Total count	Procedural and Practical skills	15		AMIC
c. d.	RBC - Total count Differential count	Result and Discussion	·	25 marks	30 minutes
e f f.	Bleeding time and Clotting time Determination of Blood group Physical examination of urine		10		
g. 1.	Chemical examination of urine Urine microscopy				
i.	Gram staining				
	Any one of the above	und		1	
	Jee K.	170 6-7	2/35	R. A. G	liyeza In.

139

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

3.		Spotters (5):25	5 marks	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		•Identify the spot	2		
	ANY FIVE SPOTTERS  (Instruments/ Equipments/ Specimens / Models)	•List the characteristic features/ utility of the spot.	3	5 marks X 5 = 25 marks	3 minutes for each spotting=15 minutes
4.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Spotting -Slides (5	): 25 marks		
	Any five Slides	•Identify the slide	2	Angel 1808	
	(Histopathology/parasitology/microbiology )	•List three features of the given slide	3	5 marks X 5 = 25 marks	3 minutes for each slide=15 minutes
5.	Journal or Practical record			15 marks	
	Total Pra	ctical marks		100 marks	

#### 8. OSPE STATIONS

Station #01 (Unobserved Station)

For Organizer:

Topic Specification: Lab report interpretation

Subject Material: Clinical scenario and Laboratory report

For Candidate:

Marks: 10 Time Allowed: 10 minutes.

Task: Carefully read the given clinical scenario and Laboratory report and answer the questions:

Answer the following questions:

1) Identify whether laboratory report is normal or abnormal in relation to physiological values (02)

2) Discuss the probable reason for abnormal values in laboratory report and its clinical significance (03)

1406-2

8 Gyesa

la. Shin

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

#### For Examiner:

Sr. No	Key	Max. Marks
1.	Identify whether laboratory report is normal or abnormal in relation to physiological values	2
2.	Discuss the probable reason for abnormal values in laboratory report and its clinical significance	. 3

## STATION # 02 (UNOBSERVED STATION)

For Organizer:

TOPIC SPECIFICATION: Identification of Histopathological slide(5 nos)

SAMPLE MATERIAL: Histopathological slide

#### For Candidate:

Max. Marks: 05 Time Allowed: 03minutes for each slide

Task: Carefully identify the spotter -Histopathological slide and answer the following questions:

•Identify the histopathology slide (2)

•List three features of the given histopathology slide (3)

#### For Examiner:

Sr. No	Key	Max. Marks
1.	Identify the histopathology slide	2
2.	•List three features of the given histopathology slide	3

4. Jos

6.72 75

8.A

). by sa

to Star

SmyooL

Subject: Pathology and Microbiology

Year of Exam: 2027

Subject code: HomUG-Path-M

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

#### STATION # 03 (UNOBSERVED STATION)

For Organizer:

**TOPIC SPECIFICATION: Identification of appliances: (2 nos)** 

**SAMPLE MATERIAL: Appliances** 

For Candidate:

Max. Marks: 05 Time Allowed: 03minutes- for each spotter

Task: Carefully identify the spotter -Appliance and answer the following questions:

•Identify the spotter (1)

• Description of the appliance (2)

• Uses of the appliance (2)

#### For Examiner:

Sr. No	Key	Max. Marks
1.	Identification	1
2.	Description	2
3.	Uses	2

#### STATION # 04 (UNOBSERVED STATION).

For Organizer:

TOPIC SPECIFICATION: Gross specimens/models(2 nos)

SAMPLE MATERIAL: Gross specimen /model

For Candidate:

Max. Marks: 05 Time Allowed: 03minutes -for each spotter

Task: Carefully identify the specimen/model and answer the following questions:

•Identify the specimen (2)

·List three characteristic featy f,the specimen (3)

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

#### For Examiner:

Sr. No	Key	Max. Marks
1.	Specimen identification	2
2.	three characteristic features of the specimen	2
1111022	*	J

## STATION # 05(UNOBSERVED STATION)

For Organizer:

TOPIC SPECIFICATION: Spotter-disinfectant

SAMPLE MATERIAL: disinfectant

For Candidate:

Max. Marks: 05 Time Allowed: 03minutes.

Task: Carefully identify the spotter -disinfectant and answer the following questions:

•Identify the disinfectant (2)

•Enumerate the uses of the disinfectant (3)

#### For Examiner:

Sr. No	Key	Max. Marks
. 1.	Identify the disinfectant	7
2.	Enumerate the uses of the disinfectant	3

STATION # 06 (OBSERVED STATION)

For Organizer:

TOPIC SPECIFICATION: Practical (haematology/urine/gram staining)

SAMPLE MATERIAL: Blood /Urine/Smeared slide

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

#### For Candidate:

Max.Marks: 25 Time Allowed: 30minutes. Task: Carefully perform the experiment given

•Write the procedure and perform the experiment (15)

•Write the result obtained and its Discussion (10)

#### For Examiner:

Sr. No	Key	Max. Marks
1.	Procedural and Practical skills	. 15
2.	Result and Discussion	10

#### **OSPE STATIONS**

Satation I Interpertati on of lab report

Station VI Perform the given experiment

Station II Spotting slides (5)

.

6.20 75

a figal ens

5. my v8.

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

Station V Spotter disinfecta nt

Station III Spotting Appliances (2)

Station IV Spotter

specimen/ model(2)

144

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100 Paper 2- 100

#### 9. List of recommended text/reference books

#### Theory

1. Harsh Mohan (2023), Textbook of Pathology (9th Edition). Jaypee Publisher (CBME)

- 2. Vinay Kumar and Abul K Abbas(2023) , Robbins & Kumar Basic Pathology (11th SAE), Elsevier
- 3. Apurba S Sastry , Sandhya Bhat ( 2023), *Essentials of Medical Microbiology* (4 <sup>th</sup> Edition), ARYA Publications. (CBME) CBS publihers.
- 4. Ananthanarayan.R and Jayaram Paniker CK (2022), Ananthanarayan and Paniker's Textbook of Microbiology (12th Edition), Universities Press (CBME)
- 5. Chatterjee K D, (2023), Parasitology (Protozoology and Helminthology), (13th Edition), CBS publihers.
- 6. Ghosh Sougata (2021), Paniker's Textbook of Medical Parasitology, (9th Edition), Jaypee Publisher (CBME)
- 7. Fiona Roberts, (2018), Pathology Illustrated International, (8th Edition), Elsevier
- 8. Nayak Ramadas(2017), Essentials in Hematology and Clinical Pathology, (2 nd Edition), Jaypee Publishers.
- 9. Sunil Kumar Mohanty (2014), Text Book of Immunology, (2 nd Edition), Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers

#### Practical

- 1. Harsh Mohan, (RP 2023) Practical Pathology, (5th Edition), Jaypee Publisher (CBME)
- 2. Santosh Kumar Mondal, (2024) Pathology Practicals With OSPE, (2 nd Edition), CBS Publishers. (CBME)
- 3. Anamika Vyas, Sheethal. S (2023), Concise Workbook in Practical Microbiology, Jaypee Publishers. (CBME)
- 4. Dr Baveja C P(2021), Practical Microbiology for MBBS, (5 th Edition), ARYA Publications

3. Hours.
6. Ans

6.70 75

8.JB

3. Graff 10. Saga

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:200 Theory: Paper 1- 100

Paper 2- 100

#### 10. List of contributors:

#### I. Dr.Gopika .R.S

Professor & HoD Dept of Pathology and Microbiology Sarada Krishna Homoeopathic Medical College ,KK dist, Tamil Nadu.

#### II. Dr.Shahida A'S

Dean, Faculty of Homoeopathy RGUHS
Professor & HoD Dept of Pathology and Microbiology
Govt Homoeopathic Medical College, Bangalore

#### III. Dr Sapua Gupta

Professor & HoD Dept of Pathology and Microbiology Nehru Homoeopathic Medical College and Hospital, Govt of NCT of Delhi

3. Put

who

5. mg u 5

6.2

8. B

S. lyof 10. Smi

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

Subject: Practice of Medicine

Subject code: HomUG PM-1

## Index

S.No	Description	Page Number
i.	Preamble	a ago i tumber
2.	Course Outcomes (CO)	2
3.	Learning Objectives (LO)	2-3
4.		3-4
	Course Content And Term -wise Distribution	5
5.	Teaching Hours	5-16
6.	Content Mapping	17-165
7.	Teaching Learning Methods	166
8.	Details of Assessment	167-168
9.	List of Recommended Books	•
10.	List of Contributors	168-169
		169



Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

### 1. Preamble

Practice of Medicine with Homoeopathic therapeutics is concerned with study of clinical methods, clinical presentations of systemic diseases, differential diagnosis and prognosis, general management and integration with Homoeopathic principles to evolve homoeopathic therapeutics.

Homoeopathy has a distinct approach to the concept of disease. It recognizes the ailing individual by studying him as a whole rather than in terms of sick parts and emphasizes the study of the man, his state of health, state of Illness. The emphasis is on study of man in respect of health, disposition, diathesis, disease, taking all predisposing and precipitating factors, i.e. fundamental cause, maintaining cause and exciting cause. The study of the concept of individualization is essential so that the striking features which are characteristic to the individual become clear, in contrast to the common picture of the respective disease condition. Hahnemann's theory of chronic miasms provides us an evolutionary understanding of the chronic diseases: psora, sycosis, tubercular and syphilis, and acute manifestations of chronic diseases and evolution of the natural disease shall be comprehended in the light of theory of chronic miasms.

This will demand correlation of the disease conditions with basics of anatomy, physiology, biochemistry and pathology. Application of Knowledge of Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic Philosophy, Materia Medica and Repertory in dealing with the disease conditions should be actively taught.

Life style disorders have burgeoned in modern times. Homoeopathy has a great deal to offer through its classical holistic approach. There are plenty of therapeutic possibilities which Homoeopathy needs to exploit in the years to come.

### 2. Course outcomes

- i. Develop as a sound homoeopathic clinician who can function indifferent clinical settings by applying knowledge, clinical skills and attitudes in studying the individual as a whole.
- ii. Able to correlate the disease conditions with the basics of anatomy, physiology, biochemistry and pathology.
- iii. Able to apply the knowledge of causation, pathophysiology, pathogenesis, manifestations, and diagnosis (including differential diagnosis) to understand the disease.
- iv. Develop adequate knowledge for rational use of investigations and its interpretation to arrive at a final diagnosis of disease.
- v. Ability to make a rational assessment of prognosis and general management of different disease conditions,

艺

A

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

- vi. Ability to understand and provide preventive, curative, palliative, rehabilitative and holistic care with compassion, following the principles of Homoeopathy.
- vii. Able to integrate the clinical state of the disease with the concepts of Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic Philosophy, Repertory and Homoeopathic Materia Medica for the management of the patient.

### 3. Learning objectives

At the end of BHMS II course, the students should be able to-

- i. Clinico-pathological evaluation of common signs and symptoms with miasmatic integration.
  - a. Understanding Common Signs and Symptoms: By the end of the course, students will be proficient in recognizing and evaluating common signs and symptoms presented by patients, utilizing a holistic approach that integrates clinical and pathophysiological processes involved.
  - b. Diagnostic Competence: Through case-based learning and clinical exposure, students will develop the skills necessary to conduct comprehensive clinico-pathological evaluations, to identify underlying disease tendencies and susceptibilities.
  - c. Therapeutic Proficiency: Students will be able to able to select Homoeopathic remedies based on the disease expression.
- ii. Infectious Diseases general outline and introduction and common expression and investigation; Water & Electrolyte Disturbances, Acid Base Metabolism
  - a. Comprehensive Understanding: Students will acquire a comprehensive understanding of the principles of infectious diseases, including their aetiology, pathogenesis, epidemiology, and clinical manifestations, within the context of homeopathic philosophy.
  - b. Recognition of Common Infections: Through case studies and practical sessions, students will learn to identify common infectious diseases encountered in clinical practice, integrating homeopathic principles with conventional approaches to diagnosis.
  - c. Diagnostic Approach: Students will develop proficiency in employing diagnostic methods relevant to infectious diseases, including physical examination findings, laboratory tests, and imaging studies, while considering holistic aspects of the patient's health.

\$ 60 B

2 BIREL

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

- d. Introduction to Prevention and Control Measures: Students will be able to define preventive strategies and public health measures aimed at controlling the spread of infectious diseases, incorporating principles of homeopathy into discussions of hygiene, immunity, and environmental factors.
- iii. General Considerations of Immunity & Susceptibility
  - a. Understanding Immune Function: Students will acquire a comprehensive understanding of the immune system, including its cellular and humoral components, mechanisms of recognition, and response to pathogens and foreign antigens.
  - **b.** Exploration of Susceptibility: Through theoretical study and clinical case discussions, students will explore the concept of susceptibility in homoeopathy, examining factors that influence an individual's predisposition to disease and their response to homoeopathic treatment.
  - c. Integration of Immune Concepts: Students will learn to integrate concepts of immunity and susceptibility into the homoeopathic framework, considering the role of constitutional factors, miasmatic influences, and environmental exposures in shaping an individual's health status.
- iv. Introduction to Medical Genetics
  - a. Foundational Principles: Students will gain aintroductory understanding of medical genetics, including principles of inheritance, genetic variation, and gene-environment interactions relevant to human health and disease.
  - b. Genetic Disorders: Through theoretical study, students will familiarize themselves with common genetic disorders, including single gene disorders, chromosomal abnormalities, and their clinical manifestations.

These course outcomes aim to equip second-year homoeopathy degree students with the knowledge, skills, and perspectives necessary to approach the evaluation and management of common clinical presentations, infectious diseases and establishing the relationship between knowledge of genetics and immunology with Homoeopathic concept of qualitative aspects of Susceptibility.

A Sie

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

# 4. Course content and its term-wise distribution

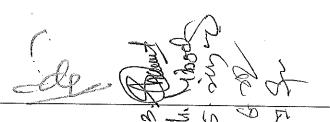
Theory	Non-lectures (Clinical/Demo	onstrative)
	Term I	
<ol> <li>Clinico - pathological evaluation of common signs and symptoms with miasmatic integration*</li> <li>Introduction to Medical genetics</li> </ol>	Clinical: 10 Demonstrative: 2	
	Term II	
Immunity & Susceptibility - General considerations*	Clinical: 10	
<ol><li>Infectious Diseases and Tropical Diseases*</li></ol>	Demonstrative: 2	

<sup>\*</sup>Refer clause 5.4 and tables 5.4.1 - 5.4.5 for detailed content (topics breakup)

### 5. Teaching hours

# 5.1. Gross division of teaching hours

Practice of Medicine			
Year	Teaching hours- Lectures	Teaching hours- Non-lectures	Total
II BHMS	80	24	104



Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

# **5.2.** Teaching hours theory

Sr. No.	Торіс	Hours
1	Clinico - pathological evaluation of common signs and symptoms with miasmatic integration	35
2	Immunity & Susceptibility - General considerations	5
3	Introduction to Medical genetics	5
4	Infectious Diseases and Tropical Diseases	35
	Total	80 .

# 5.3. Teaching hours Non-lecture

Sr. No.	Non-lectures	Hours
	Clinical	
1	Approach to Patient:  a) Doctor & Patient: General Principles of History Taking  b) Physical Examination General Principles  c) Differential Diagnosis: The beginning of management plan	3 .
2	General Assessment:  a) Psychological Assessment  b) Nutritional Assessment	.3
3 .	General Physical Examination Skill  Demonstrative	14
4	Case Based / Problem Based Discussion on any of the topic of II BHMS Syllabus topic to be conducted [as per availability of the case material or patient]	4
	Total	24





Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

# 5.4. Distribution of teaching hours with breakup of each topic

### 5.4.1. Clinico - pathological evaluation of Common signs and symptoms with miasmatic integration

Cardinal Manifestations and Presentation of Diseases with relevant investigations

(Ref: Harison's Principles of Internal Medicine 21stEd)

Sr. No.	Торіс	Topic breakup	Hours
1	Pain	1) Pain: Pathophysiology, types of pain	4
		2) Chest Discomfort	
		3) Abdominal Pain	
		4) Headache	
		5) Back and Neck Pain	·
2	Alterations in Body Temperature	6) Fever: Definition, types of fever, aetiology, pathophysiology, physical examination, investigations and management	3
		7) Fever and Rash: Definition of rash, Approach - causes and its presentation, examinations, investigations and management	
		8) Fever of Unknown Origin: Definition, types, aetiology and epidemiology, diagnostic tests, differential diagnosis and management	
3	Neurological Symptoms	9) Syncope: Definition, classification and its aetiology and its pathophysiology, clinical features as per the types, investigations, management	. 6
		10) Dizziness and Vertigo: Definition, clinical approach with its pathophysiology and management	
		11) <i>Fatigue</i> : Definition, differential diagnosis, clinical approach and management	Col



Sr. No.	Topic	Topic breakup	Hours
		12) Neurologic Causes of Weakness and Paralysis: Definition	
İ		[Weakness, Paralysis, Tone, Spasticity, Rigidity, Paratonia,	
		flaccidity, Fasciculations], Pathogenesis [Upper Motor	•
į		Neuron Weakness, Lower Motor Neuron Weakness,	
	•	Neuromuscular Junction Weakness, Myopathic Weakness,	
		& Psychogenic Weakness], Distribution and its approach.	
		13) Numbness, Tingling, and Sensory Loss: Definition,	
		pathophysiology and differential diagnosis	
		14) Gait Disorders, Imbalance, and Falls:	
		a) Anatomy and physiology related to Gait balance.	
		b) Definition, pathophysiology and clinical	
		significance related to different types of gait	
		disorders.	
		c) Definition, pathophysiology and clinical	
		manifestation of disorders of balance.	
		d) Assessment for the patient with falls.	
		15) Confusion and Delirium: Definition, epidemiology, risk	
		factors, pathogenesis, clinical features, physical	
	,	examinations, investigations, diagnostic criteria,	
	,	differential diagnosis and general management.	
-		16) Coma and disorders of consciousness: Definition, stages,	
		Diagnostic approach: History, actiology and its differential	
		diagnosis, neurological examinations, investigations,	
		management and prognosis	
		17) Dementia: Definition, functional anatomy of dementia,	
		aetiology and its differential diagnosis, Diagnostic	1600 - 10
		approach: History physical & neurological examinations	#1 BV 1.1

Sr. No.	Topic	Topic breakup	Hours
		cognitive and neuropsychiatric examination, investigations and management	
		18) Aphasia, Memory Loss, and Other Cognitive Disorders: Definition, applied anatomy, clinical examination	
		19) Sleep Disorders: Physiology of sleep and wakefulness, approach to sleep disorders and treatment; evaluation of insomnia and its treatment	
4	Circulatory and Respiratory Dysfunctions	20) <b>Dyspnoea:</b> Definition, epidemiology, mechanisms underlying dyspnoea, assessment, differential diagnosis; Clinical approach: history, physical examination, investigations and management.	
		21) Cough: Definition, mechanism of cough, impaired cough, aetiology, classification, assessment of chronic cough, differential diagnosis, approach: history, physical examination, investigations and management.	
		22) <i>Haemoptysis:</i> Definition, understanding anatomy & physiology of it, aetiopathogenesis, evaluation of haemoptysis: history, physical examination, diagnostic evaluation, and management.	
		23) Hypoxia and Cyanosis:	
•		a) <i>Hypoxia</i> : Definition, response to hypoxia, actiology, pathophysiology, adaptation to hypoxia.	÷
		b) <i>Cyanosis:</i> Definition, types, differential diagnosis with its aetiology, approach to cyanosis.	
		24) <i>Oedema:</i> Definition, aetiopathogenesis, differential diagnosis — Generalized and Loçalized oedema;	$\infty$

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

Sr. No.	Торіс	Topic breakup	Hours
		distribution of oedema; Approach: History taking, Clinical examination and investigations.	
		25) Palpitations: Definition, aetiopathogenesis, differential diagnosis, Approach: History taking, Clinical examination, investigations and management.	
5	Abdominal/GIT Dysfunctions	26) <i>Dysphagia:</i> Definition, physiology of swallowing, pathophysiology; Approach: history taking, Clinical examination, diagnostic procedures and management.	6
		27) Nausea, Vomiting and Indigestion: Definition, mechanism, causes & differential diagnosis, Approach: history taking, Clinical examination, diagnostic testing and management.	·
		28) <i>Diarrhoea and Constipation:</i> Definition, Normal physiology, types and causes, differential diagnosis, Approach: history taking, Clinical examination, diagnostic testing and management.	
		29) <b>Dysentery:</b> Definition, causes, differential diagnosis, Approach: history taking, Clinical examination, diagnostic testing and management.	
		30) Unintentional Weight Loss: Definition, physiology of weight regulation with aging, causes and differential diagnosis, assessment and testing, management.	
		31) Gastrointestinal Bleeding: Definition, source of the bleeding and its causes and its mechanism, Approach: history taking, differentiation of UGIB & LGIB - its assessment, evaluation and management.	

Sr. No.	Торіс	Topic breakup	Hours
		32) <i>Jaundice:</i> Definition, clinical evaluation, metabolism of bilirubin, aetiopathogenesis, classification and its causes, differential diagnosis, Approach: history taking, Clinical examination, diagnostic testing and management.	
		33) Abdominal Swelling & Ascites: Definition, causes, differential diagnosis, Approach: history taking, Clinical examination, investigations and its evaluation. Ascites: Definition, aetiopathogenesis, evaluation, management and complications.	
6	Renal and Urinary Tract Dysfunctions	34) Interstitial Cystitis / Bladder Pain Syndrome: Definition, aetiopathogenesis, clinical presentation, investigations, diagnostic evaluation, management, complication and prognosis.	4
		35) <i>Dysuria:</i> Definitions, aetiology, pathophysiology, assessment and diagnostic evaluation.	÷
		36) Azotaemia and Urinary Abnormalities: Definitions, aetiology, pathophysiology, assessment and diagnostic evaluation.	
		37) Fluid and Electrolyte Imbalance: Causes, pathophysiological evaluation, Investigations	
7	Haematological alterations	38) Anaemia: Definition, applied anatomy & physiology of RBC, regulation of its production; classification, clinical presentation; Approach: History taking, clinical examination, investigations and diagnostic evaluation	4
		39) Leucocytosis & Leukopenia: Definition, Aetiology, differential diagnosis.	





Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

Sr. No.	Topic	Topic breakup	Hours	
		40) Bleeding diatheses: Bleeding & Thrombosis: Definitions, applied anatomy & physiology of Haemostasis, aetiology of disorder of haemostasis, clinical presentation and history taking, clinical examination, laboratory evaluation.		
		41) Interpretation of Peripheral Blood Smears		***
8	Psychological symptoms	42) Causes of asthenia, anxiety, sadness, thought disorders and delusions, perceptual disorders and hallucinations and relevant investigations	2	-
	1	Total	35	

5.4.2 Medical genetics:

Sr. No.	Topic lecture	Hours
1	Cytogenetics - definition, classification of chromosomal abnormality	1
2	Down's Syndrome	1
3	Turner's & Klinefelter's Syndrome	l l
4	Cystic fibrosis, Huntington's disease & Marfan's syndrome	
5	Poly cystic kidney disease	
6	Neoplasia	
7	Rare diseases – basic concept	
8	Integrating concept of Genetics with Homoeopathy	1
,	Total	5



Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

5.4.3 Immunological factors in disease with concept of susceptibility:

Sr. No.	Topic lecture	Hours
1	Introduction and Primary & Secondary Immunodeficiency States	1
2	Hypersensitivity reactions: I, II, III, IV	1
3	Autoimmune diseases	
4	Transplants, Graft rejection	ı
5	HIV	1
6	Integrating concept of Immunity with Homoeopathy: Susceptibility	1
	TOTAL	5



- 5.4.4 For study of infectious and tropical diseases: Emphasis shall be on the following headings:
  - i. Definition
- ii. Causative agents
- iii. Epidemiology
- iv. Pathogenesis
- v. Clinical features
- vi. Investigations
- vii. Diagnostic features
- viii. Differential Diagnosis
- ix. Complications
- x. Management
- xi. Prevention
- xii. Prognosis
- xiii. Homoeopathic classification of disease with its reasons
- xiv. Repertorial coverage / reference related to the disease
- xv. Homoeopathic therapeutics to the disease



Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

Sr. No.	Topic Lecture *	Hours
1	Herpes simplex viruses [HSV] infections	1
2	Varicella-zoster virus (VZV) infection	1
3	Epstein-Barr virus [EBV] Infections	1
4	Poliovirus Infections	1
5	Measles	ĺ
6	Mumps	į į
7	Rabies	l
8	Dengue	1
9	Japanese B Encephalitis	1
10	BIRD FLU	
11	Influenza A H1N1 virus	2
12	Chikungunya	
13	COVID 19 Virus Infection	1
14	Yellow fever	1
15	Smallpox (variola) - poxvirus infection	1
16	HIV Infection	1
17	Zika virus infection	
18	Rickettsial infection	· · ·
19	Staphylococcal, streptococcal infections	1
20	Typhoid Fever	1
21	Gastroenteritis	1
22	Cholera	1
23	Tetanus	
24	Anthrax, brucellosis, plague	1
25	Leprosy	I
26	Sexually Transmitted Disease, Syphilis	

ができる

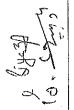
Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

Sr. No.	Topic Lecture	Hours
27	Amoebiasis, Amoebic Liver Abscess	1
28	Filariasis / Worm infestations	1
29	Malaria &Kalazar	1
30	Leptospirosis	1
31	Tuberculosis	1
32	Extra pulmonary tuberculosis	1
33	Diphtheria	1
34	Pertussis (whooping cough)	1
35	Therapeutics of Infectious Disorders	3
	TOTAL	35

# 5.4.5 Teaching hours distribution to clinical / practical / demonstrative activities (Non-lectures):

Sr. No.	Non-lectures	Hours
1	Approach to Patient:	
	d) Doctor & Patient: General Principal of History Taking	
	e) Physical Examination General Principal	3
	f) Differential Diagnosis: The beginning of management plan	
2	General Assessment:	
	c) Psychiatric Assessment	3
	d) Nutritional Assessment	5
3	General Examination Skill:	14
	i.) Temp recording and its documentation and interpretation	
	ii.) Pulse examination at different site and its documentation and interpretation	1
	iii.) RR examination and its documentation and interpretation	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	iv.) BP Recoding and its documentation and its interpretation	1
	v.) Height measurement and its documentation and interpretation	1

Sr. No.	Non-lectures	Hours
	vi.) Weight measurement and its documentation and interpretation	
	vii.) BMI and Nutrition Assessment and its documentation and interpretation	
	viii.) Observation of Appearance, Built, and assessing Body proportion: Documentation and interpretation	
	ix.) Observation of Gait and its Assessment& documentation	1
	x.) Observation of Decubitus and its assessment& documentation	
	xi.) Ear examination and its documentation and interpretation	
	xii.) Nose examination and its documentation and interpretation	3
	xiii.) Throat examination and its documentation and interpretation	
	xiv.) Eye examination and its documentation and interpretation	2
	xv.) Face examination and its documentation and interpretation	
	xvi.) Mouth examination and its documentation and interpretation	2
	xvii.) Lymph Nodes examination at different sites and documentation and interpretation	
•	xviii.) Nails examination and its documentation and interpretation	3
	xix.) Skin examination and its documentation and interpretation	
4	Case Based / Problem Based Discussion on any of the following topic to be conducted [as per availability of the case material or patient]	
	a) Approach to Case ofFever with any system presenting symptoms [GIT / RS / Skin / Renal / MSS etc.]	
	b) Approach to Case presenting with Neurological Symptoms	
	c) Approach to Case presenting with Circulatory and / or Respiratory Symptoms	4
	d) Approach to Case presenting with Abdominal/GIT Symptoms	
	e) Approach to Case presenting with Renal and Urinary Tract symptoms	
	f) Approach to Case presenting with Haematological symptoms	
	g) Approach to Case presenting with psychological symptoms	





Maximum marks: NA

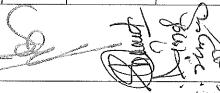
Theory: NA

# 6. Content mapping (competencies tables)

# 6.1. Competency tables for clinico-pathological evaluation of common signs and symptoms with miasmatic integration:

# 6.1.1. Pain-

SI. No	Domain	Millers	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priority -	T-L	Asses	sment	Integration
	of Compete ncy	Level:			Domain/ Guilbert 's Level		Metho ds	Formative	Summative	
HomU G-PM I.I.1	K&S	K	Define pain and its types	Define pain and     Differentiate between acute and chronic pain	C1	MK	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Anatomy, Physiology
HomU G-PM I.1.2		KH	Differentiate between types of pain	Differentiate between nociceptive, neuropathic, and inflammatory pain	C2	MK	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Anatomy, Physiology
HomU G-PM I.1.3			Role of inflammation in pain	Describe how inflammation contributes to pain sensation and hypersensitivity	C2	МК	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Anatomy, Physiology
HomU G-PM I.1.4		К	Define chest discomfort and its significance	1. define chest discomfort and 2. explain its importance in diagnosing	C1	MK	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Anatomy, Physiology



Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

7			various conditions						Anatomy,
HomU G-PM I.1.5	КН	Describe the common causes of chest discomfort	Describe the common etiologies of chest discomfort, such as angina, heartburn, and musculoskeletal pain	C2	MK	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Anatomy, Physiology
HomU G-PM I.1.6	K	Define abdominal discomfort and its significance	1. Define abdominal discomfort and 2. Explain its importance in diagnosing various conditions	C1	MK	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Anatomy, Physiology
HomU G-PM I.1.7	КН	Describe the common causes of abdominal discomfort	Describe the common etiologies of abdominal discomfort, such as gastritis, appendicitis, and constipation	C2	Must Know	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Anatomy, Physiology



						•				
HomÜ G-PM I.1.8	К	Define headache and its types	1. define headache and 2. differentiate between primary and secondary	CI	MK	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Anatomy, Physiology	6/3/00
			headaches							
HomU G-PM I.1.9	KH	Describe the common causes of headache	Describe the common etiologies of	C2	MK ·	Lecture, Group discussi	Quiz, Written test, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Anatomy, Physiology	
			headache, such as tension-type headache, migraine, and cluster headache			on				, and the second
HomU G-PM I.1.10	K	Define back and neck pain and their types	1. define back and neck pain and 2. differentiate between mechanical and non-mechanical causes	C1	MK	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Anatomy, Physiology	
HomU G-PM I.1.11	KH	Describe the common causes of back and neck pain	Describe the common etiologies of back and neck pain, such as muscle strain, disc herniation, and osteoarthritis	C2	MK	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Anatomy, Physiology	

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU G-PM I.1.12	НО	K	Define the principles of homoeopathic management of pain	define homoeopathic principles for pain management, emphasizing 1. individualizatio n and 2. similars	CI	MK	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Organon and Homoeopathic Philosophy
HomU G-PM I.1.13	The second secon	KH	Describe the concept of the simillimum in homoeopathy	Describe how remedies are selected based on symptom similarity in pain management	C2	MK	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Organon and Homoeopathic Philosophy
HomU G-PM I.1.14			Explain the role of repertories in homoeopathic prescribing	Discuss repertory usage to find the most suitable remedy for pain	C2	MK	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Repertory
HomU G-PM I.1.15		SH	Demonstrate the process of selecting a homoeopathic remedy	Demonstrate remedy selection based on totality symptoms in case of pain	P2	MK	Case studies	OSCE, Practical exam	Bedside examinatio n, Viva voce	Materia Medica
HomU G-PM I.1.16		KH	Explain the principles of case management in homoeopathy	Discuss posology in pain treatment	C2	Must Know	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Organon, Homoeopthic Pharmacy

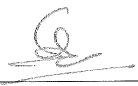




Sl. No.	Domain	Millers Level	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priori	T-L	Asses	sment	Integration	
	of Compete ncy	Level			Domain/ Guilbert 's Level	ty -	Metho ds	F	S		
HomU G-PM 1.2.1	K&S	K	Define fever and its significance	Define fever and explain its role in the body's immune response	C1	MK	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test		Physiology, Pathology	
HomU G-PM 1.2.2		KH	Describe the types of fever and their characteristics	Describe different types of fever, such as intermittent and continuous	C2	MK	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test		Physiology, Pathology	
HomU G-PM I.2.3			Explain the causes of fever	Explain the causes of fever, including infection and inflammation	C2	MK	Lecture, Group discussi on	Quiz, Written test		Microbiology, Immunology	
HomU G-PM I.2.4		K	Define the different types of fever (e.g., intermittent, remittent, continuous, relapsing).	Explain the characteristics and patterns of different types of fever.	C1	МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	Theory and Viva voce	Internal Medicine, Infectious Diseases	



HomU G-PM 1.2.5	КН	Describe the etiology of each type of fever.	Explain the underlying causes of intermittent, remittent, continuous, and relapsing fevers.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	Theory and Viva voce	Internal Medicine, Infectious Diseases
HomU G-PM I.2.6		Discuss the clinical manifestations and symptoms associated with each type of fever.	Identify the clinical features and presentations of intermittent, remittent, continuous, and relapsing fevers.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	Theory and Viva voce	Internal Medicine, Infectious Diseases
HomU G-PM I.2.7	K .	Define fever with rash.	Explain the clinical presentation of fever accompanied by a rash.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	Theory and Viva voce	Internal Medicine, Infectious Diseases, Dermatology
HomU G-PM I.2.8	K	Identify the common causes of fever with rash (e.g., viral infections, bacterial infections, allergic reactions).	Describe the etiological factors contributing to the development of fever with rash.	C2	МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	Theory and Viva voce	Internal Medicine, Infectious Diseases, Dermatology





HomU	KH	Discuss the	Explain the	C2	Must	T .		CTAL	
G-PM 1.2.9		differential diagnosis of fever with rash.	process of differentiating between various infectious and non-infectious causes of fever with rash.		Know	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	Theory and Viva voce	Internal Medicine, Infectious Diseases, Dermatology
HomU G-PM I.2.10 HomU	K	Define Fever of Unknown Origin (FUO).	Explain the criteria/definition ofFUO.	C1	MK -	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	Theory and Viva voce	Internal Medicine, Infectious Diseases
G-PM I.2.11	КН	Discuss the etiology and pathophysiology of FUO.	Describe the possible causes and underlying mechanisms of FUO.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	Theory and Viva voce	Internal Medicine, Infectious Diseases
HomU G-PM I.2.12		Identify the diagnostic approach to FUO.	Explain the stepwise approach to diagnosing and investigating FUO.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	Theory and Viva voce	Internal Medicine, Infectious Diseases
HomU G-PM .2.13		Discuss the differential diagnosis of FUO.	Explain how to differentiate between various causes of FUO.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	Theory and Viva voce	Internal Medicine, Infectious Diseases

HomU G-PM I.2.14			Describe the management strategies for FUO.	Explain the treatment options and approaches for patients with FUO.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	Theory and Viva voce	Internal Medicine, Infectious Diseases
HomU G-PM I.2.15	- or any analysis of	К	Describe the fever totality.	Define how to erect a fever totality	C1	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Totorials, Asignments	4	Organon, Repertory
HomU G-PM 1.2.16		КН	Discuss the characteristic indications of various indicated drugs	List the PQRS symptoms of a drug in Fever	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	Theory & Viva voce	Materia Medica



Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

# 6.1.3. Neurological Symptoms-

Sl. No.	Domain	Millers	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priori	T-L	Asses	sment	Integration
	of Compete ncy	Level			Domain/ Guilbert 's Level	ty -	Metho ds	F	S	
HomU G-PM 1.3.1	K&S	K	Define the pathophysiology of neurological symptoms (e.g., weakness, numbness, tingling).	Explain the underlying mechanisms that lead to neurological symptoms.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	MCQs	Anatomy, Physiology, Neurology
HomU G-PM I.3.2		КН	Describe the neuroanatomical basis of common neurological symptoms.	Explain how specific neurological structures are involved in producing symptoms such as weakness or sensory changes.	C2	МК	Lecture, Small group. discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	SAQ, MCQs	Anatomy, Physiology, Neurology
HomU G-PM 1.3.3			Discuss the pathophysiological processes underlying various neurological conditions.	Explain how different diseases and disorders affect the nervous system to produce specific symptoms.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	SAQ, MCQs	Physiology, Pathology

HomU G-PM I.3.4			Identify the role of neurotransmitter s and receptors in neurological symptoms.	Explain how alterations in neurotransmissi on can lead to neurological symptoms.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	SAQ, MCQs	Physiology, Pathology
HomU G-PM I.3.5	K&S	КН	Define the principles of management for neurological symptoms.	Explain the basic approaches to managing common neurological symptoms.	C2	МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	SAQ, MCQs	Physiology
HomU G-PM I.3.6		K	Describe the complete symptom	Define the symptom under LSMC	C1	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	LAQ, SAQ, Viva voce	Organon
HomU G-PM I.3.7		S	Demonstrate the process of selecting a homoeopathic remedy for neurological symptoms based on totality of symptoms	remedy based on	P2	МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Assignment s, Tutorials	SAQ, MCQs	Materia medica



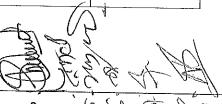
Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

HomU G-PM 1.3.8	КН	characteristic	List the PQRS symptoms of a drug in different Neurological symptoms	CI	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Structured Oral Examinatio n, Tutorials, Assignment s, MCQs	SAQ, Viva voce	Materia medica	
-----------------------	----	----------------	---	----	----	--	---	-------------------	-------------------	--

# 6.1.4. Circulatory and Respiratory Dysfunctions

Sl. No.	Domain	Millers Level	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priori	T-L	Ass	essment	Integration
	of Compete ncy	Devel			Domain/ Guilbert 's Level	ty -	Meth ods	F	S	
HomU G-PM 1.4.1	K&S	K	Define dyspnea.	Define dyspnea as the sensation of difficult or uncomfortable breathing, often described as shortness of breath.	C1	MK	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Quizzes, Peer assessmen t	SAQ	Physiology
HomU G-PM I.4.2		KK	Describe the physiology of dyspnea.	e Explain the	C2	MK	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Structured Oral Examinati on, Tutorials, Assignme nts, MCQs	SAQ, MCQs	Physiology





Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU		Discuss the	Explain the	C2	MK	Lectur	Structured	SAQ, MCQs	Physiology,
G-PM I.4.3		etiology of dyspnea.	various conditions and diseases that can cause dyspnea, such as respiratory disorders, cardiovascular diseases, or metabolic			e, Small group discus sion	Oral Examinati on, Tutorials, Assignme nts, MCQs		Pathologý ·
HomU		Identify the	conditions.  Explain the steps	C2	MK	Lectur	Observati	OSCE,	Clinical
G-PM		clinical	involved in			e,	ons,	Bedside	Medicine
I.4.4		evaluation and	assessing and			Small	Simulatio	examination	
		diagnostic	diagnosing			group	ns		
		approach for patients	patients with dyspnea,			discus			
		presenting with dyspnea.	including history taking, physical examination, and diagnostic tests.			sion			
HomU	K	Define cough.	Define cough as a	C1	MK	Lectur	Quizzes,	Written	Clinical
G-PM			protective reflex	,		e, Small	Peer	examination,	Medicne
I.4.5			that helps clear the airways of mucus,			group	assessmen	Objective Structured	
			irritants, or			discus	L	Clinical	
			foreign particles.			sion		Examination (OSCE)	
HomU	KH	Describe the	Explain the neural	C2	MK	Lectur	Case	OSCE,	Clinical
G-PM		physiology of	and mechanical			e,	studies,	Practical	Medicine
I.4.6		cough.	processes involved in the			Small group	Role- playing	examination	
			myorved in the		<u></u>	1 Broat	Thunking 6		

				generation of a cough reflex.			discus sion			
HomU G-PM 1.4.7	·		Discuss the different types of cough.	Explain the characteristics and classification of cough, such as acute, subacute, or chronic.	C2	MK	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Problem- based learning	MCQs, Short-answer questions	Pathology
HomU G-PM I.4.8	· .		Identify the common causes of cough.	Describe the etiology and pathophysiology of cough, including respiratory infections, asthma, and GERD.	C2	MK	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Presentati ons, Group projects	Written examination, Case-based discussion	Physiology, Pathology
HomU G-PM 1.4.9	K&S		Describe the characteristics of different types of cough.	Explain the differences between dry, wet, productive, and non-productive coughs, and their potential underlying causes.	C2	MK	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Quizzes, Peer assessmen t	Written examination, OSCE	
HomU G-PM I.4.10		K	Define hemoptysis.	Define hemoptysis as the expectoration of blood that originates from the respiratory tract.	C2	MK	Lectur e, Small group discuss ion	Quizzes, Peer assessmen t	Written examination, OSCE	Pathology

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU G-PM		KH	Describe the etiology of	Explain the various causes of	C2	MK	Lectur	Case	OSCE, Practical	Pathology
I.4.11			hemoptysis.	hemoptysis, including respiratory infections,			e, Small group discus	studies, Role- playing	examination	1201
				pulmonary embolism, and lung cancer.			sion			
HomU G-PM I.4.12			Discuss the clinical evaluation and diagnostic approach for patients presenting with hemoptysis.	Explain the steps involved in evaluating patients with hemoptysis, including history taking, physical examination, and diagnostic tests.	C2	MK	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Observati ons, Simulatio ns	OSCE, Practical examination	Pathology
HomU G-PM I.4.13	K&S		Discuss the complications associated with hemoptysis.	Explain the potential complications of hemoptysis, such as respiratory compromise or hemorrhagic shock, and their management.	C2	МК	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Problembased learning, Assignments	MCQs, Short-answer questions	Pathology



HomU G-PM	K	Define hypoxia	1	CI	MK	Lectur	Quizzes	Written	Pulmonology,
I.4.14		and cyanosis.	a condition characterized by insufficient oxygen supply to tissues and cyanosis as a bluish discoloration of the skin and mucous membranes due to			e, Small group discus sion		examination, Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE)	Cardiology, Critical Care Medicine
			deoxygenated hemoglobin.						
HomU G-PM I.4.15	КН	Describe the pathophysiolog y of hypoxia and cyanosis.	Explain the mechanisms that lead to hypoxia and cyanosis, including impaired oxygen delivery or utilization.	C2	MK	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Case studies	OSCE, Practical examination	Pulmonology, Cardiology, Critical Care Medicine
HomU G-PM I.4.16		Discuss the common causes of hypoxia and cyanosis.	Explain the various conditions and diseases that can manifest with hypoxia and cyanosis, such as respiratory disorders, cardiac conditions, or anemia.	C2	MK	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Case studies	MCQs, Short-answer questions	Pulmonology, Cardiology, Critical Care Medicine

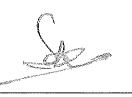
HomU G-PM I.4.17	PC		Discuss the clinical evaluation and diagnostic approach for patients presenting with hypoxia and cyanosis.	Explain the steps involved in evaluating patients with hypoxia and cyanosis, including history taking, physical examination, and diagnostic tests.	C2	МК	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Tutorials, Group projects	OSCE, Practical examination	Pulmonology, Cardiology, Critical Care Medicine
HomU G-PM I.4.18		K	Define edema.	Define edema as the accumulation of excessive fluid in the interstitial spaces, leading to swelling and tissue enlargement.	C1	MK	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Quizzes, Peer assessmen t	SAQ	Cardiology, Nephrology, Internal Medicine
HomU G-PM I.4.19		КН	Describe the pathophysiolog y of edema.	Explain the mechanisms involved in the development of edema, including changes in hydrostatic pressure, oncotic pressure, and capillary permeability.	C2	MK	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Case studies, MCQs	LAQ, SAQ	Cardiology, Nephrology, Internal Medicine





HomU G-PM		Discuss the causes and	Explain the various factors	C2	MK	Lectur	Problem-	MCQs, SAQ,	Cardiology,
1.4.20		classification of edema.	that can lead to edema, such as heart failure, kidney disease, liver cirrhosis, and venous	: :	- CANADA-LANDER - A TRANSPORT	e, Small group discus sion	based learning	LAQ	Nephrology, Internal Medicine
			insufficiency. Classify edema based on its location and underlying cause.						,
HomU G-PM I.4.21		Describe the pathophysiolog y of edema.	Explain the mechanisms that lead to the accumulation of fluid in tissues, including increased	C2	MK	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Tutorials, Assignme nts	SAQ, LAQ	Cardiology, Nephrology, Internal Medicine
			capillary permeability and impaired lymphatic drainage.						
HomU G-PM I.4.22		Identify the clinical features of edema.	Describe the signs and symptoms associated with edema, including swelling, pitting, and changes in skin texture.	C2	MK	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Presentati ons, Group projects, Assignme nts	SAQ, LAQ	Cardiology, Nephrology, Internal Medicine

HomU G-PM I.4.23	K	Define palpitations.	Define palpitations as the sensation of a rapid, irregular, or forceful heartbeat that may be felt in the chest, throat, or neck.	CI	МК	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Quizzes	SAQ	Cardiology, Internal D Medicine
HomU G-PM I.4.24	KH	Describe the pathophysiolog y of palpitations.		C2	MK	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Assignme nts	SAQ, MCQs	Cardiology, Internal Medicine
HomU G-PM I.4.25		Discuss the common causes of palpitations.	Explain the various conditions and factors that can cause palpitations, such as atrial fibrillation, ventricular tachycardia, anxiety, and caffeine intake.	C2	MK	Lectur e, Small group discus sion	Tutorials, Assignme nts, MCQs	MCQs, Short-answer questions	Cardiology, Internal Medicine





	Identify the	Describe the signs	C2	MK	Lectur	Tutorials,	MCQs,	Cardiology,
	clinical features of palpitations.	and symptoms associated with palpitations, including			e, Small group discus	Assignme nts, MCQs	Short-answer questions	Cardiology, Internal Medicine
		rest, palpitations with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.			Sion			
K	Define the principles of homoeopathic management	Students should be able to define the basic principles of homoeopathic treatment	C1	MK	Lectur e, Group discus sion	Quiz, Assignme nts	SAQ	Homoeopathic Materia Medica
KH	Describe the concept of the simillimum in homoeopathy	Students should be able to describe how the selection of the simillimum is based on the totality of symptoms in homoeopathic treatment	C2	MK	Lectur e, Group discus sion	Quiz, Assignme nts	SAQ	Homoeopathic Materia Medica
SH	Demonstrate the process of selecting a homoeopathic	Students should be able to demonstrate how to select a	C4	MK	Case studie s	Quiz, Assignme nts	SAQ	Homoeopathic Materia Medica, Repertory
		K Define the principles of homoeopathic management  KH Describe the concept of the simillimum in homoeopathy  SH Demonstrate the process of selecting a	clinical features of palpitations.  Respectively applications associated with palpitations, including palpitations at rest, palpitations with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  Respectively applications with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  Respectively applications with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  Respectively applications with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  Respectively applications with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  Students should be able to describe how the selection of the simillimum is based on the totality of symptoms in homoeopathic treatment.  SH Demonstrate the process of selecting a demonstrate how demonstrate how	clinical features of palpitations.  Reatures of palpitations.  Reatures of palpitations.  Reatures of palpitations.  Reatures of palpitations.  Reatures of palpitations.  Reatures of palpitations.  Reatures of palpitations.  Reatures of palpitations at rest, palpitations with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  Reatures of palpitations with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  Reatures of palpitations at rest, palpitations with exertion, and associated with palpitations, including palpitations, including palpitations, at rest, palpitations at rest, palpitations with exertion, and associated with palpitations, including palp	clinical features of palpitations.  Clinical features of palpitations.  Including palpitations at rest, palpitations with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  K Define the principles of homoeopathic management  KH Describe the concept of the simillimum in homoeopathy  KH Describe the concept of the simillimum in homoeopathy  KH Describe the concept of the simillimum is based on the totality of symptoms in homoeopathic treatment  KH Demonstrate the process of selecting a stream stream stream stream stream to the process of selecting a and symptoms associated with palpitations, including palpitations at rest, palpitations at rest, palpitations with exertion, and associated with palpitations, including palpitations at rest, palpitations at rest, palpitations at rest, palpitations at rest, palpitations at rest, palpitations, including palpitations, including palpitations, including palpitations, including palpitations, including palpitations, including palpitations, including palpitations, including palpitations, including palpitations, including palpitations at rest, palpitations at rest, palpitations at rest, palpitations at rest, palpitations at rest, palpitations at rest, palpitations, including palp	clinical features of palpitations.  It is a palpitation of palpitations.  It is a palpitation of palpitations.  It is a palpitation of palpitation of palpitation of palpitations with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  It is a palpitation of palpitations with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  It is a palpitation of palpitations with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  It is a palpitation of palpitations with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  It is a palpitation of palpitations with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  It is a palpitation of the sable to define the basic principles of homoeopathic treatment  It is a palpitation of the sable to define the basic principles of homoeopathic treatment  It is a palpitation of the sable to describe how the selection of the simillimum is based on the totality of symptoms in homoeopathic treatment  It is a palpitation of the sable to describe how the selection of the simillimum is based on the totality of symptoms in homoeopathic treatment  It is a palpitation of the simil group discus sion  It is a palpitation of the should be able to describe how the selection of the simillimum is based on the totality of symptoms in homoeopathic treatment  It is a palpitation of the should be able to describe how the selection of the simillimum is based on the totality of symptoms in homoeopathic treatment  It is a palpitation of the should be able to describe how the selection of the simillimum is based on the totality of symptoms in homoeopathic treatment  It is a palpitation of the should be able to describe how the selection of the simillimum is based on the totality of symptoms in homoeopathic treatment total treatment	clinical features of palpitations.  Including palpitations at rest, palpitations with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  K Define the principles of homoeopathic management  KH Describe the concept of the simillimum in homoeopathy  KH Describe the concept of the simillimum is based on the totality of symptoms in homoeopathic treatment  SH Demonstrate  SH Demonstrate  SH Demonstrate  Students should be able to describe to demonstrate the process of selecting a group discus sion  C1 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C2 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C2 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C3 MK Case studie Assignme nts  C4 MK Case studie Assignme nts	clinical features of palpitations.  Including palpitations at rest, palpitations with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  K Define the principles of homoeopathic management  KH Describe the concept of the simillimum is based on the totality of symptoms in homoeopathic treatment  SH Demonstrate the process of selecting as the process of selecting as a sociated with palpitations at rest, palpitations with exertion, and associated dizziness or syncope.  C1 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts, MCQs group discus sion  C2 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C3 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C4 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C5 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C6 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C7 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C8 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C8 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C9 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C9 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C1 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C8 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C8 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C8 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C8 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C9 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C9 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C8 MK Lectur e, Assignme nts  C9 MK Lectur e, Assignme

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

		on totality of symptoms	the totality of symptoms							京本
HomU G-PM I.4.30	КН	case	Students should be able to discuss the principles of case management, including the importance of follow-up and potency selection	C5	МК	Lectur e, Group discus sion	Quiz, Assignme nts	LAQ	Homoeopathic Materia Medica	D of in

# 6.1.5. Abdominal/GIT Dysfunctions

of Compete	Level		SLO	Blooms Domain/ Guilbert 's Level	Priori ty -	T-L Metho ds	Assessment		Integration
of Compete ncy	Level						F	S	,
K&S	KH	Describe the common causes of GIT dysfunctions.	Explain how factors such as diet, lifestyle, stress, and genetics can contribute to the development of GIT dysfunctions.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Quizzes, Peer assessmen t	SAQ	Pathology, Microbiology, PSM
	,	Discuss the pathophysiologic al mechanisms underlying GIT	Explain how disturbances in gastrointestinal motility,	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi	Case studies, MCQ	LAQ, SAQ	Physiology, Pathology
			pathophysiologic al mechanisms	Discuss the explain how pathophysiologic disturbances in gastrointestinal underlying GIT motility,	Discuss the pathophysiologic al mechanisms underlying GIT Explain how disturbances in gastrointestinal motility,	Discuss the pathophysiologic al mechanisms underlying GIT Explain how disturbances in gastrointestinal motility,	Discuss the pathophysiologic al mechanisms underlying GIT  Discuss the pathophysiologic disturbances in gastrointestinal motility,  Explain how discussion with the pathophysiologic disturbances in gastrointestinal motility,  C2  MK  Lecture,  Small group  discussion	Discuss the pathophysiologic al mechanisms underlying GIT  Explain how disturbances in gastrointestinal motility,  Case Small group MCQ  MK Lecture, Case studies, MCQ	Discuss the pathophysiologic al mechanisms underlying GIT Explain how disturbances in gastrointestinal underlying GIT MK Lecture, Small studies, group MCQ discussi



		absorption can lead to symptoms of GIT dysfunctions.				,		
HomU G-PM I.5.3	Identify the risk factors associated with GIT dysfunctions.		C2	DK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Problem- based learning	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Physiology, Pathology
HomU G-PM 1.5.4	Explain the role of inflammation in GIT dysfunctions.	Describe how inflammatory processes can contribute to conditions such as gastritis, enteritis, and colitis.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	MCQ, Assignme nts	SAQ	Pathology, Microbiology
HomU G-PM I.5.5	Discuss the role of the microbiome in GIT health.	Explain how alterations in the gut microbiome can impact GIT function and contribute to the development of GIT dysfunctions.	C2	DK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Tutorials, Group projects	LAQ, SAQ	Physiology, Pathology

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU G-PM I.5.6	Describe the pathophysiology of dysphagia.	Explain how dysphagia can result from structural abnormalities, neurological disorders, or muscular	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Quizzes, Peer assessmen t	LAQ, SAQ	Physiology, Pathology
HomU G-PM 1.5.7	Discuss the common causes of dysphagia.	dysfunction.	C2	МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Case studies	SSQ	Pathology
HomU G-PM I.5.8	Identify the key symptoms and clinical features of dysphagia.	Describe how symptoms such as difficulty swallowing, pain with swallowing, and regurgitation can help diagnose dysphagia.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Problem- based learning	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Clinical medicine



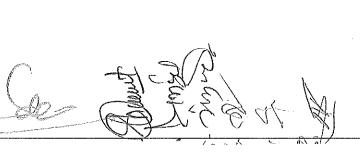
HomU G-PM I.5.9	НО	Discuss the role of homoeopathic remedies in the management of dysphagia.	Explain how remedies such as Lachesis, Phosphorus, and Belladonna can be used to treat symptoms of dysphagia.	C2	МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Assignme nts	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Homoeopathic Materia Medica
HomU G-PM 1.5.11		Describe the pathophysiology of nausea and vomiting.	Explain how various triggers, such as chemical stimulation, sensory input, and central nervous system disorders, can lead to nausea and vomiting.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Quizzes, Peer assessmen t	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Physiology, Pathology
HomU G-PM I.5.12		Discuss the common causes of nausea and vomiting.	Explain how conditions such as gastroenteritis, motion sickness, and pregnancy can cause nausea and vomiting.	C2	МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Case studies	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Physiology, Pathology



Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU G-PM I.5.13		Identify the key symptoms and clinical features of nausea and vomiting.	Describe how symptoms such as retching, hypersalivation, and pallor can help diagnose nausea and vomiting.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Case studies	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Clinical medicine
HomU G-PM I.5.14	НО	Discuss the role of homoeopathic remedies in the management of nausea and vomiting.	remedies such as Ipecacuanha,	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Observati ons, Assignme nts	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Homoeopathic Materia Medica
HomU G-PM I.5.15	K&S	Describe the importance of hydration and dietary modifications in the management of nausea and vomiting.	Explain how maintaining hydration and following a bland diet can help alleviate symptoms of nausea and vomiting.	C2	DK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Tutorials, Group projects	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Physiology



HomU G-PM I.5.16	Define diarrhea and its characteristics.	Define diarrhea as the passage of loose or watery stools three or more times a day, often accompanied by abdominal cramping, bloating, and	C1	MK	Lectu re, Small group discussi on	MCQ	SAQ	Physiology
HomU G-PM I.5.17	Describe the pathophysiology of diarrhea.	Explain how disturbances in gastrointestinal motility, secretion, and absorption can lead to diarrhea.	C2	МК	Lectu re, Small group discussi on	MCQ, Assignme nts	LAQ, SAQ	Physiology. Pathology
HomU G-PM I.5.18	Discuss the common causes of diarrhea.	Explain how infections, dietary factors, medications, and stress can contribute to the development of diarrhea.	C2	MK	Lectu re, Small group discussi on	Case studies	SAQ	Pathology, Microbiology
HomU G-PM 1.5.19	Identify the key symptoms and clinical features of diarrhea.	Describe how symptoms such as loose stools, abdominal cramping, and	C2	MK	Lectu re, Small group	SAQ, LAQ	LAQ, SAQ	Clinical medicine

	10.2		dehydration can help diagnose diarrhea.			discussi on			
HomU G-PM I.5.20	НО	Discuss the role of homoeopathic remedies in the management of diarrhea.	Explain how remedies such as Podophyllum, Arsenicum album, and Chamomilla can be used to treat symptoms of diarrhea.	C2	MK	Lectu re, Small group discussi on	Assign ments, MCQ	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Homoeopathic Materia Medica
HomU G-PM I.5.21	K&S	Describe the importance of fluid and electrolyte management in the management of diarrhea.	Explain how maintaining hydration and electrolyte balance is crucial in the treatment of diarrhea.	C2	MK	Lectu re, Small group discussi on	Tutorial s, Goup projects	LAQ, SAQ	Physiology
HomU G-PM I.5.22		Define constipation and its characteristics.	Define constipation as infrequent bowel movements or difficulty passing stools, often associated with hard, dry stools and straining.	C1	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Quizzes, Peer assessmen t	SAQ	Physiology

HomU G-PM	Describe the pathophysiology	Explain how	C2	MK	Lecture,	Tutorials,	LAQ, SAQ	Physiology .
1.5.23	of constipation.	factors such as slow colonic transit, pelvic floor dysfunction,			Small group discussi on	Group projects		
HomU	·	and lifestyle factors can contribute to constipation.					- The state of the	
G-PM I.5.24	Discuss the common causes of constipation.	Explain how factors such as inadequate dietary fiber, dehydration, sedentary	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Tutorials, Assignme nts	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Physiology
		lifestyle, and certain medications can cause constipation.		1.000				
HomU G-PM I.5.25	Identify the key symptoms and clinical features of constipation.	Describe how symptoms such as straining, lumpy or hard stools, and a feeling of incomplete	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	MCQ, Assignme nts	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Clinical medicine
		evacuation can help diagnose constipation.	- 1VA					

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU G-PM I.5.26	НО	 Discuss the role of homoeopathic remedies in the management of constipation.	Explain how remedies such as Bryonia, Nux vomica, and Lycopodium can be used to treat symptoms of constipation.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Observati ons	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Homoeopathic Materia Medica	
HomU G-PM I.5.27	K&S	Describe the importance of lifestyle modifications in the management of constipation.	Explain how dietary changes, increased physical activity, and regular bowel habits can help alleviate constipation.	C2	DK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Tutorials, Assignme nts	LAQ, SAQ	Physiology	
HomU G-PM I.5.28		Define dysentery and its characteristics.	Define dysentery as a type of diarrhea that contains blood or mucus, often accompanied by abdominal pain and fever.	C2	МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Quizzes, Peer assessmen t	SAQ	Physiology	The state of the s
HomU G-PM 1.5.29		Describe the pathophysiology of dysentery.	Explain how infections, particularly bacterial and parasitic, can lead to	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Tutorials, Assignme nts	LAQ, SAQ	Pathology	

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

			inflammation of the intestines and the characteristic symptoms of dysentery.						
HomU G-PM 1.5.30		Discuss the common causes of dysentery.	Explain how pathogens such as Shigella, Salmonella, and Entamoeba histolytica can cause dysentery.	C2	МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Case studies	SAQ	Pathology
HomU G-PM I.5.31		Identify the key symptoms and clinical features of dysentery.	Describe how symptoms such as bloody diarrhea, abdominal cramps, and tenesmus can help diagnose dysentery.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Problem- based learning	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Clinical medicine
HomU G-PM I.5.32	НО	Discuss the role of homoeopathic remedies in the management of dysentery.	Explain how remedies such as Merc sol, Aloe socotrina, and Podophyllum	C2	МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Observati ons	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Homoeopathic Materia Medica
			can be used to treat symptoms of dysentery.		and the second		4 3 3	) <u>(</u>	

45

HomU G-PM	K&S		Explain how maintaining	C2	MK	Lecture, Small	Tutorials, Assignme	LAQ, SAQ	Physiology	
I.5.33	-	hydration and	hydration and electrolyte			group discussi	nts			
		the management of dysentery.	balance is crucial in the treatment of dysentery.			on				
HomU G-PM 1.5.34		unintentional weight loss and its significance.	Define unintentional weight loss as a decrease in body weight that occurs without purposeful dieting or exercise, often	CI	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Quizzes, Peer assessmen t	SAQ	Physiology	
			indicating an underlying health issue.						·	
HomU G-PM 1.5.35		Describe the pathophysiology of unintentional weight loss.	Explain how various factors, such as increased metabolism, reduced nutrient absorption, and	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Tutorials, Assignme nts	LAQ, SAQ, MCQ	Physiology	
			chronic inflammation, can lead to unintentional weight loss.		Service Control of th		125			

HomU G-PM 1.5.36		of	cuss t mon caus unintentior tht loss.	as cancer, gastrointestinal disorders, hyperthyroidis	-	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Case studies	SAQ	Physiology, Pathology
HomU				m, and depression can cause unintentional weight loss.						
G-PM I.5.37		sym clini asso unin	tify the keptoms and all feature ciated with the the the the the the the the the t	nd symptoms such as fatigue,		MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Problem- based learning	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Clinical medicine
HomU G-PM 1.5.38	НО	of h reme man unin	uss the roomoeopath dies in the gement entional ht loss.	ic remedies such as	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Assignme nts	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Homoeopathic Materia Medica
·				causes of unintentional weight loss.					Q Q	

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU G-PM I.5.39	K&S	Describe the importance of a comprehensive evaluation in the management of unintentional weight loss.	Explain how assessing medical history, conducting physical examinations, and performing diagnostic tests are essential in identifying the cause of unintentional weight loss.	C2	DK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Tutorials, Assignme nts	LAQ, SAQ	Clinical medicine
HomU G-PM I.5.40		Describe the pathophysiology of gastrointestinal bleeding	Explain the mechanisms by which various conditions, such as peptic ulcers, esophageal varices, and inflammatory bowel disease, can lead to GI bleeding.	. C2	МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Tutorials, Assignme nts	LAQ, SAQ	Pathology
HomU G-PM I.5.41		Discuss the risk factors associated with GI bleeding	Identify and explain the risk factors, such as NSAID use, alcohol consumption, and coagulopathy,	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Case studies	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Physiology, Pathology

(15-21) (c.

			that can predispose individuals to GI bleeding.					, con	
HomU G-PM I.5.42		Explain the clinical presentation of GI bleeding	Describe the signs and symptoms, such as hematemesis, melena, and hematochezia, that are indicative of GI bleeding.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Problem- based learning	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Clinical medicine
HomU G-PM I.5.43	НО	common homoeopathic remedies used in the management of GI bleeding	Explain the indications for remedies such as Phosphorus, Hamamelis, and Ferrummetallic um in treating various causes of GI bleeding.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Case studies	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Homoeopathic Tteria Medica
HomU G-PM I.5.44		concept of miasmatic prescribing in homeopathy	Describe how miasmatic factors are considered in chronic cases of GI bleeding for long-term management.	C2	DK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Observati ons, Simulatio ns	SAQ	Organon

	Define jaundic		C1	MK	Lecture, Small	Quizzes, Peer	SAQ	Physiology, Pathology
	significance	discoloration of			group	1		
		the skin and			discussi	1		
	·	mucous			on			
	11.0	membranes due						
		to elevated						
		1 ''' 8			,			
	i l			•				
		1 4						
	D- ii ii			N 437			* 10 0 10	
			C2	IVIK			LAQ, SAQ	Physiology,
		Į.			1			Surgery
	- Jugnates	1 - 1			]			
	***				i	pittymg		
		hepatocellular			OII			
		dysfunction,						
		and biliary						
		obstruction,						1
		1						
		*   · .	C2	MK.	Lecture,	Problem-		Physiology,
		a.   - ;			1	based	Short-	Surgery
	Jaundice				, -	learning	answer	
		1 3 1				-treating the training to the	questions	
		hepatitis,			on		ALAN CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRAC	
		alcoholic liver						
•			D	Name of Street			L .	
	1.00	obstruction.	7 (			l (S	ŊΨ	
		Describe the pathophysiology of jaundice  Discuss the	and its clinical significance  as the yellow discoloration of the skin and mucous membranes due to elevated bilirubin levels and explain its importance in clinical diagnosis.  Describe the pathophysiology of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice, including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract	and its clinical significance  as the yellow discoloration of the skin and mucous membranes due to elevated bilirubin levels and explain its importance in clinical diagnosis.  Describe the pathophysiology of jaundice  Describe the pathophysiology of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice, including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract	and its clinical significance  as the yellow discoloration of the skin and mucous membranes due to elevated bilirubin levels and explain its importance in clinical diagnosis.  Describe the pathophysiology of jaundice  Describe the pathophysiology of jaundice  Explain the mechanisms of hyperbilirubine mia, including hemolysis, hepatocellular dysfunction, and biliary obstruction, leading to jaundice.  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice, including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract	and its clinical significance  as the yellow discoloration of the skin and mucous membranes due to elevated bilirubin levels and explain its importance in clinical diagnosis.  Describe the pathophysiology of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice, including various etiologies of jaundice, including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract  Discuss the causes of jaundice, including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract	and its clinical significance  as the yellow discoloration of the skin and mucous membranes due to elevated bilirubin levels and explain its importance in clinical diagnosis.  Describe the pathophysiology of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice  Discuss the causes of jaundice disease, and biliary tract  Discuss the causes of jaundice disease, and biliary tract  Discuss the causes of disease, and biliary tract  Discuss the causes of disease, and biliary tract  Discuss the causes of disease, and biliary tract	and its clinical significance discoloration of the skin and mucous membranes due to elevated billirubin levels and explain its importance in clinical diagnosis.  Describe the pathophysiology of jaundice playing obstruction, leading to jaundice.  Discuss the causes of jaundice playing the playing of jaundice playing to jaundice.  Discuss the causes of jaundice including hemolysis, hepatocellular dysfunction, leading to jaundice.  Discuss the causes of jaundice including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including viral hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, and biliary tract including discussion on vival discussion vival discussion vival discussion vival discussion vival vival hepatitis, alcoholic liver discussion vival vival hepatitis, alcoholic liver discussion vival vival hepatitis, alcoholic liver discussion vival vival hepatitis, alcoholic liver discussion vival vival vival hepatitis, alcoholic liver discussion vival vival hepatitis, alcoholic liver discu

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

HomU G-PM I.5.48		cl	explain the linical features fjaundice			МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Observati ons, Simulatio ns	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Clinical medicine
HomU G-PM I.5.49	НО	cc hc re th	escribe the ommon omoeopathic emedies used in the management fjaundice	indications for remedies such as Chelidonium,		МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Case studies, Role- playing	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Homoeopathic Tteria Medica
HomU G-PM I.5.50	K&S	an	efine ascites nd its clinical gnificance	Define ascites as the abnormal accumulation of fluid in the peritoneal cavity and its importance in clinical diagnosis.	1	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Quizzes, Peer assessmen t	SAQ	Anatomy, Physiology

51

HomU G-PM I.5.51	Describe the pathophysiology of ascites	Explain the mechanisms of fluid accumulation in ascites, including portal hypertension, hypoalbuminem ia, and lymphatic obstruction.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Case studies, Role- playing	LAQ, SAQ	Physiology, Pathology
HomU G-PM I.5.52	Discuss the causes of ascites	Identify the various etiologies of ascites, including liver cirrhosis, heart failure, and malignancy.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Problemands based learning	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Pathology
HomU G-PM I.5.53	Explain the clinical features of ascites	Describe the signs and symptoms of ascites, such as abdominal distension and shifting dullness, and their significance in diagnosis.	C2	МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Observati ons, Simulatio ns	LAQ, SAQ	Surgery, Clinical Medicne



HomU G-PM 1.5.54	Differentiate between transudative and exudative ascites	Define transudative and exudative ascites and the pathophysiological differences between them.	C1	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Quizzes, Peer assessmen t	SAQ	Pathology
HomU G-PM 1.5.55	Discuss the classification of ascites based on the underlying cause	1 -	C2	МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	#NAME?	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Pathology
HomU G-PM 1.5.56	Describe the grading of ascites based on severity	Explain the use of imaging modalities, such as ultrasound, in grading ascites from mild to severe based on fluid accumulation.	C2	МК	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Problem- based learning	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Pathology, Surgery
HomU G-PM I.5.57	Explain the role of ascitic fluid analysis in diagnosis	Describe the use of ascitic fluid analysis, including cell count, albumin gradient, and	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Presentati ons, Group projects	SAQ	Physiology, Laboratory Medicine

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

			culture, in diagnosing the cause of ascites.						
HomU G-PM 1.5.58	НО	Describe the common homoeopathic remedies used in the management of ascites	Explain the indications for remedies such as Apis mellifica, Lycopodium, and Carduus marianus in treating ascites.	C2	MK	Lecture, Small group discussi on	Case studies,	MCQs, Short- answer questions	Homoeopathic Materia Medica

### 6.1.6. Renal and Urinary Tract Dysfunctions

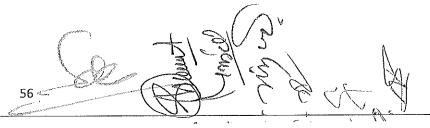
Sl. No.	Domain	Millers	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priori	T-L	Asse	ssment	Integration
	of Compet ency	Level			Domai n/ Guilbe rt's Level	ty	Metho ds	F	S	·
HomU G-PM I.6.1	K&S	K	Define the terms "renal dysfunction" and "urinary tract dysfunction"	be able to define these terms and	C1	МК	Lecture , Group discuss ion	~/	SAQ	Anatomy, Pathology



( July 10. 59

HomU G-PM 1.6.2			Identify the various causes of renal dysfunction	The state of the s	Cl	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ	Medicine, Pathology
HomU G-PM 1.6.3			Identify the various causes of urinary tract dysfunction	Students should be able to list the factors that can lead to dysfunction of the urinary tract	C1	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ	Medicine, Pathology
HomU G-PM 1.6.4		KH	Describe the underlying pathophysiology of renal dysfunction	Students should be able to describe the pathophysiologic al processes involved in renal dysfunction	C2	NK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ	Physiology, Pathology
HomU G-PM J.6.5		K	Define the terms "cystitis" and "bladder pain syndrome"	Students should be able to define these terms and differentiate between them	Ċ1	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Pathology, Surgery
HomU G-PM .6.6	The second secon		cystitis/bladder pain syndrome	Students should be able to list the common symptoms associated with cystitis and bladder pain syndrome	C1	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Surgery, Urology

HomU G-PM 1.6.7		KH	Discuss the causes and risk factors associated with cystitis/bladder pain syndrome	Students should be able to discuss the various factors that can lead to the development of cystitis and bladder pain syndrome	C2	NK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Pathology, Urology
HomU G-PM 1.6.8	НО		Describe the principles of homoeopathic management for cystitis/bladder pain syndrome	Students should be able to describe the basic principles of homoeopathic treatment for cystitis and bladder pain syndrome	C2	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Homoeopathic Materia Medica
HomU G-PM I.6.9		SH	Demonstrate the process of selecting a homoeopathic remedy for cystitis/bladder pain syndrome based on the totality of symptoms	Students should be able to demonstrate how to select a homoeopathic remedy for a case of cystitis/bladder pain syndrome	P2	MK	Role- playing , Simulat ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Homoeopathic Materia Medica



Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

HomU G-PM 1.6.10	K&S	K	Define the term "dysuria" and differentiate it from other urinary symptoms	Students should be able to define dysuria with its characteristic features	CI	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Physiology, Urology
HomU G-PM 1.6.11			Describe the various causes of dysuria	Students should be able to list the factors that can lead to the development of dysuria	C1	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Pathology, Urology
HomU G-PM 1.6.12		KH	Explain the underlying pathophysiology of dysuria	Students should be able to explain the pathological processes that cause dysuria	C2	NĶ	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Physiology, Pathology
HomU G-PM 1.6.13			Discuss the clinical features and presentation of dysuria	Students should be able to describe the common symptoms and signs associated with dysuria	C2	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Surgery, Pathology
HomU G-PM I.6.14	НО		management for dysuria	Students should be able to describe the basic principles of homoeopathic	C2	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Homoeopathic Materia Medica
1	HO		principles of homoeopathic management for dysuria	with dysuria  Students should be able to describe the basic principles of	C2	MK	, Group discuss	Written		

57

HomU G-PM I.6.15			Demonstrate the process of selecting a homoeopathic remedy for dysuria based on the totality of symptoms	Students should be able to demonstrate how to select a homoeopathic remedy for a case of dysuria	P2	MK	Role- playing , Simulat ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Homoeopathic Materia Medica
HomU G-PM I.6.16	K&S	K	Define the term "azotemia" and explain its significance	Students should be able to l.defineazotemia and 2. understand its clinical implications	C1 .	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Physiology, Pathology, Nephrology
HomU G-PM I.6.17			Describe the various causes and mechanisms leading to the development of azotemia	Students should be able to list the factors that can lead to the development of azotemia	C1	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Pathology, Nephrology
HomU G-PM I.6.18		КН	Explain the underlying pathophysiologic al processes involved in the development of azotemia	Students should be able to explain the pathological processes that lead to elevated blood urea nitrogen (BUN) and creatinine levels in azotemia	C2	NK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Physiology, Pathology, Nephrology

HomU G-PM 1.6.19			Discuss the clinical presentation and signs associated with azotemia	Students should be able to describe the common clinical manifestations of azotemia	C2	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Nephrology
HomU G-PM I.6.20			Discuss the diagnostic tests and procedures used to evaluate and diagnose azotemia	Students should be able to discuss the clinical investigations used to evaluate azotemia	C2	NK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Laboratory Medicine, Nephrology
HomU G-PM I.6.21	НО		Explain the principles of homoeopathic management for azotemia	Students should be able to describe the basic principles of homoeopathic treatment for azotemia	C2	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Homoeopathic Materia Medica
HomU G-PM 1.6.22			Demonstrate the process of selecting a homoeopathic remedy for azotemia based on the totality of symptoms	Students should be able to demonstrate how to select a homoeopathic remedy for a case of azotemia	Р2	МК	Role- playing , Simulat ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Homoeopathic Materia Medica
KHom UG- PM I.6.23		K	Define the terms "fluid imbalance" and "electrolyte imbalance"	Students should be able to define these terms	Cl	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Physiology

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU		Describe the	Students should	CI	MK	Lecture	MCQ,	SAQ,	Medicine,
G-PM		various causes	be able to list the			, Group	Written	MCQ	Physiology
1.6.24		and factors	factors that lead			discuss	test		
		contributing to	to the			ion		· ·	
		fluid and	development of					****	
		electrolyte	fluid and						
		imbalances	electrolyte imbalances	To the state of th					
HomU	KH	Explain the	Students should	- C2	NK	Lecture	MCQ,	SAQ,	Physiology,
G-PM		underlying	be able to explain			, Group	Written	MCQ	Pathology
1.6.25		pathophysiologic	the pathological mechanisms that			discuss	test		
		al processes involved in the	lead to fluid and			ion			
		development of	electrolyte						
		fluid and	imbalance						
		electrolyte						-	
		imbalances							
HomU G-PM		Discuss the	Students should	C2	MK.	Lecture	MCQ,	SAQ, MCQ	Physiology
1.6.26		clinical signs and symptoms	be able to describe the			, Group discuss	Written	MCQ.	
1.0.20		associated with	common clinical			ion	test		
		fluid and	manifestations			1011			
	•	electrolyte	seen in patients						
		imbalances	with fluid and						7
			electrolyte						
HomU		T 1	imbalances	C2	NK	Lecture	MCQ,	SAQ,	Dhysiology
G-PM		Identify the various risk	Students should be able to discuss	\ \C2	INIX	, Group	Written	MCQ	Physiology, Pathology
I.6.27		factors that	the factors that			discuss	test		1 3310108)
,,0,2,		predispose	influence the			ion	icai		
		individuals to the	fluid and						
		development of		1	l	<u> </u>	1-4-1	F(1)	

A SEE

HomU	НО	fluid and electrolyte imbalances	electrolyte imbalances		•				
G-PM I.6.28	HO	homoeopathic management for fluid and electrolyte imbalances	Students should be able to describe the basic principles of homoeopathic treatment for fluid and electrolyte imbalances	C2	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion		SAQ, MCQ	Homoeopathic Materia Medica
G-PM I.6.29	K&S	Demonstrate the process of selecting a homoeopathic remedy for fluid and electrolyte imbalance based on symptoms	Students should be able to demonstrate how select a comoeopathic emedy in case of luid and lectrolyte mbalance	P2	МК	Role- playing , Simulat ion	MCQ, Written test	SAQ, MCQ	Homoeopathic Materia Medica
G-PM .6.30	ras	Discuss the impact of be lifestyle factors ho such as diet and ch fluid intake on fluid and ele	tudents should a able to discuss ow lifestyle hanges can help anage fluid and ectrolyte halances	C2		, Group	MCQ, Written est	LAQ, SAQ, MCQ	Nutrition, Lifestyle Medicine

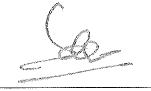


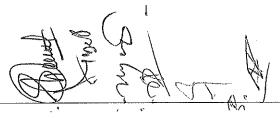
Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

## 6.1.7. Hematological alterations-

Sl. No.	Domain	Millers	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priorit	T-L	Asses	sment	Integration
	of	Level			Domai	y	Meth	F	S	
	Compet ency				n/ Guilbe		ods			
					rt's Level					
7.1a 7.1a 7.1a 7.1a	K&S	K	Define the terminologies used.	Students should be able to define following hematological alterations with their characterestics  1. Anemia,  2. Leukocytosis,  3. Leucopenia,  4. Bleeding	C1	MK	Lectur e, Group discus sion	Quiz, Written test	MCQ, SAQ	Physiology, Pathology
HomU G-PM I.7.2		КН	Identify the various risk factors that predispose individuals to the development of hematological alterations	diatheses  Students should be able to discuss the factors that increase the likelihood of	C2	MK	Lectur e, Group discus sion	Quiz, Written test	MCQ, SAQ	Physiology, Pathology





Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

HomU G-PM 1.7.3	Explain underlying pathophysic al procing involved in development hematologic alterations	mechanisms that he the lead to the he of following hematological disorders  1. Anemia,	MK	Lectur e, Group discus sion	Quiz, Assignme nts, Written test	MCQ, SAQ	Physiology, Pathology
7.3a 7.3a 7.3a		<ul><li>2. Leukocytosis,</li><li>3. Leucopenia,</li><li>4. Bleeding diatheses</li></ul>			,		
HomU G-PM I.7.4		1 21	MK	Lectur e, Group discus sion	Quiz, Assignme nts, Written test	MCQ, LAQ, SAQ	Pathology, Hematology
7.4a 7.4a 7.4a		<ol> <li>Anemia,</li> <li>Leukocytosis,</li> <li>Leucopenia,</li> </ol>					
7.4a		4. Bleeding diatheses		:		}	

63

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU		Discuss the	Students should	C2	MK	Lectur	Quiz,	MCQ,	Pathology,
G-PM 1.7.5		diagnostic tests and procedures used to evaluate and diagnose hematological	be able to discuss the various tests and procedures used to evaluate hematological			e, Group discus sion	Assignme nts, Written test	SAQ	Laboratory Medicine, Hematology
		alterations	disorders						
HomU G-PM I.7.6		Explain the principles of homoeopathic management for	Students should be able to describe the basic principles of	C2	MK	Lectur e, Group discus	Quiz, Assignme nts, Written	SAQ	Organon of Medicine
		hematological alterations	homoeopathic treatment for hematological disorders		7	sion	test		. ,
HomU G-PM		Explain how homoeopathic	Students should be able to explain	C2	MK	Lectur e,	Quiz, Assignme	SAQ	Organon, Materia medica
I.7.7		remedies are selected for hematological alterations	the process of selection homoeopathic remedies for hematological alterations			Group discus sion	nts, Written test		
HomU	SH	Demonstrate the	Students should	P2	MK	Group	Assignme	SAQ	Organon,
G-PM		process of	be able to			Discu	nts		Materia medica
1.7.8		selecting a homoeopathic remedy for hematologicalalt	demonstrate how to select a homoeopathic remedy for a case	·		ssion, Case study			
		erations based on symptoms	of hematological dysfunction					1	

A.





Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

#### 6.1.8. Psychological symptoms-

Sl. No.	Domain	Millers	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priori	T-L	Asses	ssment	Integration
	of Compet ency	Level			Domain / Guilber t's	ty	Metho ds	F	S	
HomU G-PM I.8.1	K&S	K	Define the terms "psychological symptoms" and explain their relevance	1. Psychological disorders are patterns of behavioral or psychological symptoms that impact multiple areas of life. 2. These disorders create distress for the person experiencing the symptoms.  3. They can be temporary or lifelong, and affect how you think, feel, and behave	C1	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ	Psychiatry, Psychology
HomU G-PM I.8.2			Define the term "fatigue" and explain its relevance	Define fatigue and its significance	C1	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ	Physiology, Medicine
HomU G-PM I.8.3			Describe the various factors and conditions that can lead to fatigue	List the factors that can contribute to the onset of fatigue	Cl	MK.	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ	Physiology, Medicine

Elegan (

HomU G-PM I.8.4		КН	Explain the underlying physiological processes involved in the	Explain the physiological mechanisms that underlie the manifestation of	C2	NK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ	Physiology, Medicine
HomU G-PM		K	development of fatigue  Define the term "asthenia"	fatigue  Define asthenia and its significance	C1	MK	Lecture , Group	Quiz, Written	SAQ	Physiology, Medicine
I.8.5 HomU G-PM	- Control of the cont		Describe the various factors	List the factors that can contribute to the	C2	MK	discuss ion Lecture , Group	test Quiz, Written	SAQ	Physiology, Medicine
1.8.6			and conditions that can lead to asthenia	onset of asthenia			discuss	test		
HomU G-PM I.8.7		KH	Explain the underlying physiological processes involved in the development of asthenia	Explain the physiological mechanisms that underlie the manifestation of asthenia	C2	NK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ	Physiology, Medicine
HomU G-PM 1.8.8		K	Define the term "anxiety"	Define anxiety and its significance	C1	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ	Psychiatry, Psychology
HomU G-PM 1.8.9	The second secon		Describe the various factors and conditions that can lead to anxiety	List the factors that can contribute to the onset of anxiety	C2	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ	Psychiatry, Psychology

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU G-PM 1.8.10		КН	Explain the underlying physiological processes involved in the development of anxiety	Explain the physiological mechanisms that underlie the manifestation of anxiety		NK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ .	Physiology, Psyc
HomU G-PM I.8.11		K	Define the term "sadness"	Define sadness and its significance	CI	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ .	Psychiatry, Psychology
HomU G-PM 1.8.12	a de la companya de l	КН	Describe the various factors and conditions that can lead to sadness	List the factors that can contribute to the onset of sadness	C2	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ	Psychiatry, Psychology
HomU G-PM I.8.13		K	Define the term "disorders of thought" and explain its relevance	Define disorders of thought and understand their significance	C1	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ	Psychiatry, Psychology
HomU G-PM 1.8.14		КН	Describe the various factors and conditions that can lead to disorders of thought	List the factors that can contribute to the onset of disorders of thought	C2	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ	Psychiatry, Psychology
HomU G-PM I.8.15		K	Define the term "disorders of perception" and explain its relevance	Define disorders of perception and their significance	C1	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ	Psychiatry, Psychology

HomU G-PM 1.8.16	КН	Describe the various factors and conditions that can lead to disorders of perception	can contribute to the onset of disorders of	C2	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ	Psychiatry, Psychology
HomU G-PM 1.8.17	K	Define the term "sleep disorders" and explain its relevance	Define sleep disorders.	C1	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ	Psychiatry, Psychology
HomU G-PM 1.8.18	КН .	Describe the various factors and conditions that can lead to sleep disorders	List the factors that can contribute to the onset of sleep disorders	C2	MK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ	Psychiatry, Psychology
HomU G-PM I.8.19		Explain the underlying physiological processes involved in the development of sleep disorders	Explain the physiological mechanisms that underlie the manifestation of sleep disorders	C2	NK	Lecture , Group discuss ion	Quiz, Written test	SAQ	Physiology, Psychiatry



Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

# 6.2. Competency tables for immunity and susceptibility – general considerations 6.2.1. Introduction and primary & secondary immunodeficiency states-

Sl. No.	Domain	Millers	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priorit	T-L	Asse	ssment	Integration
	of Compete ncy	Level			Domain/ Guilbert's Level	y	Meth ods	F	S	
HomU G-PM 1.9.1	K&S		Explanation of primary and secondary immunodeficien cy states	Understanding the difference between primary and secondary immunodeficien cy	CI	MK	Lectur e, Discu ssion	Quizzes, Written test	SAQ	Physiology, Pathology, Microbiology
HomU G-PM I.9.2			Overview of common genetic and acquired causes	Recognition of common primary immunodeficien cy disorders	C2	MK	Case studie s, Group work	Quizzes, Written test	MCQ, SAQ	Pathology, Microbiology
HomU G-PM I.9.3		КН	Description of clinical signs and symptoms	Identification of clinical features suggestive of immunodeficien cy	C2	MK	Group Discu ssiion, Assig nment s	Quizzes, Written test, Tutorials	MCQ, SAQ	Pathology, Microbiology
HomU G-PM I.9.4			Description of therapeutic interventions and preventive measures	Demonstration of appropriate management plans for immunodeficien cy disorders	C3	DK	Debat es	Tutorials	SAQ	Pathology, Microbiology

De Single

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

## 6.2.2. Hypersensitivity reactions: I,II,III,IV-

Sl. No.	Domain	Millers	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priorit	T-L	Asses	sment	Integration
	of Compete ncy	Level			Domain/ Guilbert's Level	у	Meth ods	F	S	
HomU G-PM I.10.1	K&S	K	Explanation of hypersensitivity reaction types	Understanding the classification and mechanisms of hypersensitivit	C1	MK	Lectur e, Discu ssion	MCQ ·	SAQ	Pathology, Microbiology
01a				y reactions Type I hypersensitivit y reactions Type II						
01c			,	hypersensitivit y reactions  Type III hypersensitivit						
01d			,	y reactions  Type IV hypersensitivit y reactions				,		
HomU G-PM 1.10.2			Overview of common allergens and mediators such as IgE, histamine, cytokines	Recognition of allergens and mediators associated with type I hypersensitivit	C2	MK	Group discus sion	Assignme nts, MCQ	SAQ	Pathology, Microbiology

HomU G-PM 1.10.3	КН	Explanation of IgE-mediated mast cell degranulation	Understanding the sequence of events leading to type I hypersensitivity reactions	C2	NK	Lectur e, Group Discu ssion	Assignme nts, MCQ	SAQ	Physiology, Pathology
HomU G-PM I.10.4		Description of allergic rhinitis, asthma, anaphylaxis, and atopic dermatitis	Identification of clinical features suggestive of type I hypersensitivit y	C2	MK	Lectur es, Group discus sion	MCQ	SAQ, Bedside examinati on	Physiology, Pathology, Clinical medicine
HomU G-PM I.10.5		Explanation of skin prick tests and serum IgE assays	Application of diagnostic strategies for type I hypersensitivit y assessment	C2	DK	Debat es	Tutorials	SAQ	Physiology, Pathology, Clinical medicine
HomU G-PM 1.10.6	K	Overview of common antigens and antibodies such as blood group antigens and autoantibodies	Identify common antigens and antibodies involved in type II hypersensitivit y reactions	C1	MK	Lectur e	Assignme nts, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology, Microbiology
HomU G-PM I.10.7	КН	Explanation of antibody-mediated cell destruction and complement activation	Understanding the sequence of events leading to type II hypersensitivity reactions	C2	МК	Lectur e	Assignme nts, MCQ	SAQ	Physiology, Pathology

HomU G-PM I.10.8		Description of autoimmune hemolytic anemia, Goodpasture syndrome, and hemolytic disease of the newborn	Identification of clinical features suggestive of type II hypersensitivit y	C2	MK	Lectur e, case based learni ng	Assignme nts, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology, clinical medicine	
HomU G-PM 1.10.9		Explanation of direct and indirect Coombs tests	Application of diagnostic strategies for type II hypersensitivit y assessment	C2	DK	Debat es	Tutorials	SAQ, Viva voce	Physiology, pathology	
HomU G-PM I.10.10	K	Overview of common antigens and antibodies such as immune complexes and autoantibodies	Identify common antigens and antibodies involved in type III hypersensitivit y reactions	C1	MK	Lectur e	Assignme nts, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology, Microbiology	
HomU G-PM I.10.11	KH	Explanation of immune complex deposition and complement activation	Understanding the sequence of events leading to type III hypersensitivit y reactions	C2	MK	Lectur e	Assignme nts, MCQ	SAQ	Physiology, Pathology	



HomU G-PM 1.10.12			Description of serum sickness, Arthus reaction, and systemic lupus erythematosus	Identification of clinical features suggestive of type III hypersensitivit y	C2	MK	Lectur e, case based learni ng	Assignme nts, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology, clinical medicine
HomU G-PM I.10.13			Explanation of laboratory tests such as complement levels and immunofluoresc ence	Application of diagnostic strategies for type III hypersensitivit y assessment	C2	DK	Debat es	Tutorials	SAQ, Viva voce	Physiology, pathology
HomU G-PM I.10.14		K	Overview of common antigens and cells such as haptens and T cells	Identify common antigens and cells involved in type IV hypersensitivit y reactions	C1	MK	Lectur e	Assignme nts, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology, Microbiology
HomU G-PM I.10.15	•	KH	Explanation of T cell-mediated inflammation and cytokine release	Understanding the sequence of events leading to type IV hypersensitivity reactions	C2	MK	Lectur	Assignme nts, MCQ	SAQ	Physiology, Pathology
HomU G-PM 1.10.16			Description of contact dermatitis, tuberculin reaction, and	Identification of clinical features suggestive of type IV	C2	МК	Lectur e, case based	Assignme nts, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology, clinical medicine

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

		autoimmune diseases	hypersensitivit y			learni ng				
HomU G-PM I.10.17	·	patch testing and lymphocyte proliferation	, 3, 3,	C2	DK	Debat es	Tutorials	SAQ, Viva voce	Physiology, pathology	1
		-	y assessment							

#### 6.2.3. Autoimmune Diseases-

Sl. No.	Domain	Millers	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priorit	T-L	Assess	sment	Integration
	of Compete	Level			Domai n/ Guilbe	у	Method s	F	S	
	ncy				rt's Level					
HomU G-PM I.11.1	K&S	К .	Explanation of autoimmune disease etiology and pathogenesis	Understandin g the basics of autoimmune diseases and their mechanisms	C1	МК	Lecture, Discuss ion	MCQ	SAQ	Pathology, Microbiology
HomU G-PM I.11.2			Overview of common autoimmune disorders such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus crythematosus, and multiple sclerosis	Recognition of autoimmune diseases and their clinical presentations	C1	MK	Lecture, Discuss ion	Assignme nts, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology, Microbiology, Clinical medicine

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU G-PM 1.11.3	KH	Explanation of immune dysregulation in autoimmune disorders	Understanding the involvement of autoantibodie s and T cells in autoimmune pathophysiol ogy	C2	MK	Proble in- based learning	Tutorials, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Physiology, pathology
HomU G-PM I.11.4		Description of systemic symptoms and organ involvement in autoimmune disorders	Identification of systemic and organ-specific manifestation s of autoimmune diseases	C2	MK	Lecture, Discuss ion	Tutorials, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology, Clinical medicine

#### 6.2.4. HIV Disease-

Sl. No.	Domain	Millers	Content	SLO	Bloo	Priorit	T-L	Asses	ssment	Integration
	of Compete ncy	Level			ms Doma in/ Guilb ert's	y	Method s	F	S	
HomU G-PM 1.12.1	K&S	K	Explanation of HIV virus and its transmission	Understanding the basics of HIV/AIDS and its causative agent	C1	MK	Lecture, Group Discuss ion,	MCQ	SAQ	Pathology, Microbiology

75

HomU G-PM			Overview of HIV	Identify	C1	MK	Lecture,	Assignmen ts, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology,
I.12.2			transmission	common risk factors and			Group Discuss	is, wicq	viva voce	Microbiology , PSM
			routes such as sexual contact, blood exposure, and vertical transmission	modes of transmission for HIV infection			ion			
HomU G-PM	,	KH	Explanation of	Understanding	C2	MK	Lecture	Tutorials,	SAQ,	Clinical
I.12.3	·		HIV progression from acute infection to AIDS	the stages and clinical course of HIV disease			s, case based learning	Assignmen ts, MCQ	Viva voce	medicine
HomU			Description of	Identification	C2	MK	Worksh	Assignmen	SAQ,	Clinical
G-PM I.12.4			HIV-related symptoms and AIDS-defining illnesses	of clinical features suggestive of HIV infection and AIDS			ops, Case- based learning	ts, MCQ	Viva voce	medicine
HomU G-PM			Explanation of HIV replication	Understand the pathophysiolog	C2	DK	Lecture s,	Assignmen ts, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology, Microbiology
I.12.5			and immune depletion	y of HIV infection and its effects on the immune			Group Discuss ion			
		The control of the co	•	system						
HomU G-PM		SH	Description of HIV prevention	Demonstration of appropriate	P2	DK	Seminar s	Tutorials, Assignmen	SAQ, Viva voce	Community outreach
1.12.6			methods and harm reduction approaches	prevention strategies for HJV infection				ts, MCQ		programs on HIV prevention



Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

## 6.2.6. Homoeopathic relation of immunity and susceptibility-

Sl. No.	Domain	Millers	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priorit	T-L	Asses	sment	Integration
	of Compete ncy	Level			Domain/ Guilbert 's Level	у	Meth ods	F	S	
HomU G-PM I.14.1	K&S	K	Overview of factors such as genetic predisposition, miasmatic influence, and constitutional characteristics	Recognition of factors influencing individual's susceptibility according to homeopathic principles	C2	МК	Lectur e, Group Discus sion	Case presentatio ns, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Organon and Hom. Philosophy
HomU G-PM I.14.3		KH	Description of the individualized approach in homeopathy	Identification of the importance of individualization in homeopathic treatment based on susceptibility	C2	MK	Lectur es, Case- based learni ng	Quiz competitio ns, Tutorials	SAQ, Bedside examinati on	Organon and Hom. Philosophy
HomU G-PM I.14.4	·		Explanation of homeopathic remedies and constitutional treatment for improving vitality	Explain the role of homeopathic treatment strategies in enhancing immunity	C2	DK	Proble m-solvin g scenar ios, Group discus sions	Case presentatio n, Guided discussion s	Viva voce	Organon and Hom. Philosophy

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

#### 6.2.5. Transplants and graft rejection-

Sl. No	Domain	Millers	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priorit	T-L	Assess	ment	Integration
	of Compete ncy	Level			Domain / Guilber t's Level	y	Metho ds	F	S	
HomU G-PM I.13.1	K&S	K	Explanation of transplantation and immune response against grafts	Understandin g the basics of transplantation and graft rejection	Cl	MK	Lectur e, Group Discus sion	MCQ	SAQ	Pathology, Microbiology
HomU G-PM I.13.2			Overview of different types of transplants and their sources	Recognition of various transplantatio in methods and their differences	C1	MK.	Lectur e, Group Discus sion	Assignmen ts, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology, Microbiology
HomU G-PM I.13.3		KH	Explanation of the alloimmune response and mechanisms of graft rejection	Understandin g the immune- mediated rejection process	C2	MK ,	Lectur es, case based learnin	Tutorials, Assignmen ts, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology, Microbiology
HomU G-PM I.13.4			Description of acute and chronic rejection symptoms	Identification of clinical features suggestive of graft rejection	C2	MK	Works hops, Case- based learnin	Assignmen ts, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology, Microbiology

HomU G-PM I.14.5		Description of the principle of similars and its role in strengthening immunity	concept of the	C2	DK	Group Discus sions	Tutorials, Assignmen ts		Organon and Hom. Philosophy
HomU G-PM I.14.6	SH	Analysis of patient outcomes and changes in susceptibility following homeopathic treatment	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PI	DK	Patien t encou nters - OPD		Objective Structured Clinical Examinati on (OSCE)	Organon and Hom. Philosophy

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

#### 6.3. Competency tables for medical genetics – an introduction

#### 6.3.1. Introduction-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priorit	T-L	Assessme	nt	Integration
	Competenc	s Level			Domain/ Guilbert' s Level	У	Methods	F	S	
HomUG -PM 1.15.1	K&S	K	Explanation of medical genetics and its scope	Understanding the definition and scope of medical genetics	C1	MK	Lecture, Discussion	MCQ	SAQ	Physiology, Biochemistry
HomUG -PM I.15.2			Overview of Mendelian principles, non-Mendelian inheritance, and genetic variation		C2	MK	Lecture, Discussion	MCQ, Assignemnts	Viva voce	Physiology, Pathology
HomUG -PM I.15.3		KH	Explanation of DNA structure, gene expression, and regulation	Describe the structure and function of DNA and genes	C2	MK	Problem- based learning	Assignments , MCQ	SAQ ,	Physiology, Biochemistry

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

HomUG -PM 1.15.4		Description of inheritance patterns (autosomal dominant, autosomal recessive, X- linked, etc.) and common genetic disorders	Describe the patterns of inheritance and genetic disorders	C2	MK	Interactive workshops , Case- based learning	MCQ, Assignments	SAQ	Pathology, Clinical medicine
HomUG -PM 1.15.5		Explanation of genetic testing methods, indications, and implications	Application of genetic counseling principles	C3	DK	Problem- solving scenarios, Group Discussion	Tutorials, MCQ	SAQ , Viva voce	Biochemistry , Clinical Medicine
HomUG -PM 1.15.6	Shows	Description of ELSI (ethical, legal, and social implications ) issues in clinical practice	Demonstration of understanding ELSI principles	P1	DK	Seminars	Tutorials, Assignments		Clinical Medicine, PSM

81

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

## 6.3.2. Cytogenetics-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Millers Level	Content	SLO	Blooms Domain/	Priority	T-L Methods	Assessn	ient	Integratio n
	Compete ney				Guilbert 's Level			F	S	
HomU G-PM I.16.1	K&S	K	Explanation of cytogenetics and its role in studying chromosome s and their abnormalitie	Understanding the definition and scope of cytogenetics	C1	MK	Lecture, Discussion	MCQ	SAQ	Pathology
HomU G-PM I.16.2			Overview of chromosome structure, function, and organization	Identify the basic structure and function of chromosomes	C1	МК	Lecture, Discussion	MCQ, Assignemnt s	Viva voce	Biochemist ry, pathology
HomU G-PM I.16.3	T. Tay Constitution of the	KH	Explanation of cytogenetic techniques such as karyotyping, FISH, and chromosoma I microarray	Understanding the principles and applications of cytogenetic methods	C2	MK	Lecture, Assgnments	Assignment s, MCQ	SAQ,	Pathology

W. F. S. E. G. S. W.

¥.

HomU G-PM	Description of different	Identification and	C2	MK	Workshops,	MCQ,	SAQ	Pathology
1.16.4	chromosoma l abnormalitie s (numerical and structural) and their subtypes (e.g., trisomy, translocation , deletion)	and categorization of chromosomal abnormalities		To the control of the	Case-based learning	Assignment s		The state of the s
HomU G-PM 1.16.5	Explanation of inheritance patterns for chromosoma l abnormalitie s (e.g., autosomal dominant, autosomal recessive, X-linked)	Recognize patterns of inheritance for chromosomal abnormalities	C2	MK	Interactive workshops, Case-based learning	Tutorials, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Physiology , Biochemist ry, pathology

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

#### 6.3.3. Down's Syndrome-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Millers Level	Content	SLO	Blooms Domain/	Priority	T-L Methods	Assessm	ent	Integratio n
	Compete				Guilbert 's Level			F	S	
HomU G-PM I.17.1	K&S	K	Explanation of Down's Syndrome, its causes, and characteristics	Understandi ng the definition and basic features of Down's Syndrome	CI ·	MK	Lecture, Discussion	Quizzes, Class participatio n	SAQ	Pathology
HomU G-PM I.17.2		КН	Overview of trisomy 21 and the genetic mechanisms leading to Down's Syndrome	Describe the genetic basis of Down's Syndrome	C2	MK	Lecture, Discussion	MCQ, Assignemnt s	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology
HomU G-PM I.17.3		Knows how	Description of physical characteristics, developmental delays, and medical issues associated with Down's Syndrome	Identification of clinical features suggestive of Down's Syndrome	СЗ	MK	Lecture, Assgnments	Assignment s, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Pathology, Paediatrics

5. 6 12 1 S. S

A SERVIN

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU G-PM I.17.4	Knows	Explanation of prevalence, risk factors, and screening methods for Down's Syndrome	Application of knowledge regarding Down's Syndrome epidemiolog y and risk assessment	C4	DK	Workshops	MCQ, Assignment s	SAQ	Pathology, ObG, PSM, Paediatrics
HòmU G-PM I.17.5	Shows	Description of medical interventions, therapies, and support services for individuals with Down's Syndrome	Discuss the medical and developmen tal managemen t of individuals with Down's Syndrome	C5	DK	Interactive workshops, Case-based learning	Tutorials, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Paediatrics

#### 6.3.4. Turner's Syndrome-

Sl. No.	Domain of	Millers Level	Content	SLO	Blooms Domain/	Priority	T-L Methods	Assessn	nent	Integratio n
	Compete ncy				Guilbert 's Level		-	F	S	
HomU G-PM I.18.1	K&S	K	Explanation of Turner's Syndrome, its causes, and characteristics	Understandi ng the definition and basic features of Turner's Syndrome	C1	MK	Lecture, Discussion	Quizzes, Class participatio	SAQ	Pathology

85

an - + 1 1 (1) 17 (1)

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU G-PM	KH	Overview of monosomy X	Describe the genetic	C2	MK	Lecture, Discussion	MCQ, Assignemnt	SAQ, Viva	Pathology
I.18.2		and the genetic	basis of Turner's Syndrome				S	voce	
		mechanisms leading to Turner's Syndrome	·		-				
HomU		* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Identificatio	C3	MK	Lecture,	Assignment	SAQ,	Pathology,
G-PM		Description of physical	n of clinical	03	IVIX	Assgnments	s, MCQ	MCQ	Paediatrics
I.18.3		characteristics	features suggestive			,	3,1120 Q		
		developmental	of Turner's						
		issues, and	Syndrome						
		medical							
		conditions				L 1			
		associated with Turner's		ŧ					
		Syndrome							
HomU		Explanation of	Understand	C4	DK	Workshops	MCQ,	SAQ	Pathology,
G-PM		prevalence,	the				Assignment		ObG, PSM,
1.18.4		risk factors, and screening	epidemiolog y and risk				S		Paediatrics
		methods for	factors for						
		Turner's	Turner's						
		Syndrome	Syndrome		F . T .			GAO	Paediatrics
HomU		Description of		C5	DK	Interactive workshops,	Tutorials, MCQ	SAQ, Viva	raediatrics
G-PM		medical	medical and			Case-based	IVICQ	voce	
1.18.5		interventions,	developmen tal			learning		YOUE	
		hormone therapy, and	managemen			Carring			
		support	t of		p=	11/1-	1 V2/		

Mines (8. Say

86

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

	individuals with Turner's	individuals with Turner's Syndrome							- Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Car
--	------------------------------	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

#### 6.3.5. Klinefelter's Syndrome-

Sl. No.	Domain of Compete	Millers Level	Content	SLO	Blooms Domain/ Guilbert	Priority	T-L Methods	Ass	essment	Integratio n
11 11	ney				's Level					
HomU G-PM 1.19.1	K&S	K	Explanation of Klinefelter's Syndrome, its causes, and characteristics	Understandin g the definition and basic features of Klinefelter's Syndrome	C1	MK	Lecture, Discussion	Quizzes , Class particip ation	SAQ	Pathology
HomU G-PM I.19.2		<b>КН</b>	Overview of aneuploidy (47, XXY) and the genetic mechanisms leading to Klinefelter's Syndrome	Describe the genetic basis of Klinefelter's Syndrome	C2	MK	Lecture, Discussion	MCQ, Assigne mnts	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU G-PM	Description of physical	Identification of clinical	C3	MK	Lecture, Assgnments	Assign ments,	SAQ, MCQ	Pathology ,
I.19.3	characteristics, developmental issues, and medical conditions associated with Klinefelter's Syndrome	features suggestive of Klinefelter's Syndrome	·			MCQ		Paediatric s
HomU G-PM 1.19.4	Explanation of prevalence, risk factors, and screening methods for Klinefelter's Syndrome	Understand the epidemiology and risk factors for Klinefelter's Syndrome	C4	DK	Workshops	MCQ, Assign ments	SAQ	Pathology , ObG, PSM, Paediatric s
HomU G-PM I.19.5	Description of medical interventions, hormone therapy, and support services for individuals with Klinefelter's Syndrome	_ · · · · ·	C5	DK	Interactive workshops, Case-based learning	Tutorial s, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Paediatric s

The state of the s

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

#### 6.3.6. Cystic Fibrosis-

Sl. No.	Domain	Millers	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priorit	T-L	Asso	essment	Integration
	of Compete ncy	Level			Domain/ Guilbert' s Level	y	Methods	F	S	J
HomU G-PM 1.20.1	K&S	K	Explanation of CF, its causes, and characteristics	Understandin g the definition and basic features of CF	CI	МК	Lecture, Discussion	Quizzes , Class particip ation	SAQ	Pathology
HomU G-PM 1.20.2			Overview of mutations in the CFTR gene and their effects on chloride transport	Describe the genetic basis of CF	C1	MK	Lecture, Discussion	MCQ, Assigne mnts	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology
HomU G-PM 1.20.3		КН	Description of respiratory, digestive, and other symptoms associated with CF	Identification of clinical features suggestive of CF	C2	MK	Lecture, Assgnments	Assign ments, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Pathology, Paediatrics
HomU G-PM 1.20.4			Explanation of the mechanisms leading to mucus buildup and organ damage in CF	Understandin g the pathophysiolo gical processes underlying CF	C2	MK	Workshops	MCQ, Assign ments	SAQ	Pathology, ObG, PSM, Paediatrics

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU G-PM I.20.5	Description of treatment modalities including airway	Discuss the medical management of CF	C2	DK	Interactive workshops, Case-based learning	Tutorial s, MCQ	SAQ, Viva	Paediatrics
	clearance techniques, medications,							
	and nutritional support							

#### 6.3.7. Huntington's disease-

Sl. No.	Domain	Millers	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priori	T-L	Ass	essment	Integration
	of Compete ncy	Level			Domain/ Guilbert's Level	ty	Methods	F	S	
HomU G-PM I.21.1	K&S	K	Explanation of HD, its causes, and characteristics	Understandin g the definition and basic features of HD	C1	MK	Lecture, Discussion	Quizze s, Class particip ation	SAQ	Pathology
HomU G-PM I.21.2			Overview of the mutation in the HTT gene and its inheritance pattern	Describe the genetic basis of HD	C1	МК	Lecture, Discussion	MCQ, Assign emnts	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology

90

S. Com Contraction of the second

HomU G-PM I.21.3	КН	Description of motor, cognitive, and psychiatric symptoms associated with HD	Identification of clinical features suggestive of HD	C2	MK	Lecture, Assgnments	Assign ments, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Pathology, Paediatrics
HomU G-PM I.21.4		Explanation of the mechanisms leading to neuronal dysfunction and degeneration in HD	Understandin g the physiological processes underlying HD	C2	MK	Workshops	MCQ, Assign ments	SAQ	Pathology, ObG, PSM, Paediatrics
HomU G-PM I.21.5		Explanation of genetic counseling services, predictive testing, and family planning options for HD	Explain the importance of genetic counseling and testing in HD	C2	DK	Workshop, Seminar	Tutoria ls, assign ment		Psychology, PSM

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

#### 6.3.8. Marfan's syndrome-

Sl. No.	Domain	Millers	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priorit	T-L	Assessm	ent	Integration
	of Compete ncy	Level			Domain/ Guilbert 's Level	у	Methods	F	S	
HomU G-PM I.22.1	K&S	K	Explanation of Marfan Syndrome, its causes, and characteristics	Understanding the definition and basic features of Marfan Syndrome	CI	MK	Lecture, Discussio n	Quizzes, Class participati on	SAQ	Pathology
HomU G-PM I.22.2	,		Overview of mutations in the FBN1 gene and their effects on connective tissue	Describe the genetic basis of Marfan Syndrome	CI .	MK	Lecture, Discussio n	MCQ, Assignem nts	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology
HomU G-PM I.22.3		KH	Description of skeletal, cardiovascular, and ocular manifestations associated with Marfan Syndrome	Identification of clinical features suggestive of Marfan Syndrome	C2	MK	Lecture, Assgnmen ts	Assignme nts, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Pathology, Paediatrics
HomU G-PM 1.22.4			Explanation of the mechanisms leading to connective tissue abnormalities and organ dysfunction in Marfan Syndrome	Understanding the pathophysiolo gical processes underlying Marfan Syndrome	C2	MK	Workshop s	MCQ, Assignme nts	SAQ	Pathology, ObG, PSM, Paediatrics

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU G-PM I.22.5	Description of treatments including medications, surgery, and lifestyle modifications for managing Marfan Syndrome symptoms	Discuss the medical management of Marfan Syndrome	C2	DK	Interactive workshops , Case- based learning	Tutorials, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Paediatrics	7.44.
HomU G-PM 1.22.6	Explanation of genetic counseling services, family screening, and	importance of	C2	DK	Workshop , Seminar	Tutorials, assignme nts		Psychology, PSM	

## 6.3.9. Polycystic kidney disease-

Sl. No.	Compete	Millers	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priorit	T-L	Assessm	ent	Integration
	ncy	Level:	no constitution of the con		Domain / Guilber t's Level	<b>y</b>	Methods	F	S	
HomU G-PM 1.23.1	K&S	K	Explanation of PKD, its causes, and characteristics	Understanding the definition and basic features of PKD	C1	MK	Lecture, Discussio	Quizzes, Class participatio	SAQ	Pathology

Constant of the second of the

93

HomU		Overview of	Describe the	Cl	MK	Lecture,	MCQ,	SAQ	Pathology
G-PM		mutations in the	genetic basis of			Discussio	Assignemn	, V!:	
I.23.2		PKD1 and PKD2	PKD			n	ts	Viva	
		genes and their effects on kidney						voce	
		development							
HomU	KH	Description of	Identification	C2	MK	Lecture,	Assignmen	SAQ	Pathology,
G-PM		renal and	of clinical			Assgnmen	ts, MCQ	,	Paediatrics
1.23.3		extrarenal	features			ts		MC	
***		manifestations	suggestive of					Q	
		associated with	PKD				·		
		PKD		- CO	N A I Z		MCO	SAO.	Pathology,
HomU		Explanation of	,	C2	MK	Workshop	MCQ,	SAQ	ObG, PSM,
G-PM		the mechanisms	the			S	Assignmen		Paediatrics
1.23.4		leading to cyst formation,	physiological processes		**************************************		ts		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
***		kidney	underlying						
		enlargement, and	PKD						
		renal dysfunction							
		in PKD							
HomU		Description of	1	C2	DK	Interactive	Tutorials,	SAQ	Paediatrics
G-PM		treatments	medical			workshops	MCQ	, Viva	
1.23.5		including blood	_			, Case-			
i i		pressure control,	PKD			based learning	1	voce	
		management, and	•			Journing			
		dialysis/transplan							
		tation for							The state of the s
		managing PKD							
	,	complications				1		1	

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU G-PM 1.23.6	genetic counseling services, family	importance of genetic counseling and screening in	C2 DK	Workshop , Seminar	Tutorials, assignment s	Psychology, PSM
------------------------	---	---	-------	-----------------------	-------------------------------	--------------------

# A STATE OF THE STA

## 6.3.10. Neoplasia-

Sl. No.	Domain	Millers	Content		SLO	Blooms	Priorit	T-L	Assessn	nent	Integration
	of Compete ncy	Level				Domai n/ Guilber t's Level	У	Methods	F	S	
HomU G-PM I.24.1	K&S	K	neoplasia,	of its ind	Understanding the definition and basic features of neoplasia	C1	MK	Lecture, Discussio n	Quizzes, Class participati on	SAQ	Pathology
HomU G-PM 1.24.2			benign a malignant neoplasms, including carcinomas,	of ind	Recognition of different types of neoplasms based on histological and molecular characteristics	C1	MK	Lecture, Discussio n	MCQ, Assignem nts	SAQ, Viva voce	Pathology



HomU G-PM I.24.3	KH	multistep process of carcinogenesis, including initiation, promotion, and progression	Understanding the molecular and cellular events leading to the development of cancer	C2	MK	Lecture, Assgnmen ts	Assignme nts, MCQ	SAQ, MCQ	Pathology
HomU G-PM 1.24.4		environmental, genetic, and lifestyle factors	Recognition of modifiable and non-modifiable risk factors for cancer	C2	MK	Workshop s	MCQ, Assignme nts	SAQ	PSM, Clinical medicine
HomU G-PM 1.24.5		Description of screening tests and preventive	Discuss the principles of cancer screening prevention	C2	DK	Interactive workshops , Case- based learning	Tutorials, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	PSM, Clinical medicine
HomU G-PM I.24.6		Description of common signs and symptoms associated with cancer, including pain, weight loss, and fatigue	Identification of clinical features suggestive of cancer	C2	MK	Interactive workshops , Case- based learning	Tutorials, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Clinical medicine

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomU G-PM I.24.7	diagnostic tests	workup	the	C2	DK	Assignme nts	Tutorials, MCQ	SAQ, Viva voce	Clinical Medicine, Radiology, Laboratory medicine, Pathology
------------------------	------------------	--------	-----	----	----	-----------------	-------------------	----------------------	--

### 6.4. Competency Tables for Infectious Diseases and Tropical Diseases

SI. No.	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priorit	T-L	Assessm	ent	Integration
	Competenc y	s Level			Domain/ Guilbert' s Level	У	Methods	F	S	
HomUG -PM I.25.1	K&S	K	Herpes simplex viruses [HSV] infections	Define Herpes simplex viruses [HSV] infections	C1	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Case Based	MCQ, Quiz, Case Based, Morpholog y Chart, Viva	LQ, SQ, MCQ , Case Based , Viva	Pathology, Community Medicine, Paediatrics, Dermatolog
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for HSV Infections	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			,
	·			Identify the epidemiology dimension of HSV Infections	Ç2	MK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine
				Explain how HSV Infections	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine

									I	
			spreads from						<u>.</u>	
			Describe t different clinic spectrum of HS Infections		2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
			investigations be done for t patient suffert from differe clinical spectro	the ing ent		МК	Lecture, Case Based			Pathology
	KH		Enumerate diagnostic features for Historians	the C1	1	MK	Lecture, Case Based	,		
			Describe differential diagnosis HSV Infection	the C2	2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
	K	·	Describe potential complications HSV Infection	the C2	2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
1	KH		Discuss prognosis HSV Infection	the Ca	2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

	- the section of the		Summarize the treatment and management options for HSV	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Organon
	K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the HSV Infections	C1	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Materia Medica
	КН		Describe the strategies to prevent HSV Infections transmission	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Community Medicine
K&S	K	Varicella- zoster virus (VZV) infection	Define Varicella- zoster virus infection (VZV)	C1	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Case Based	MCQ, Quiz, Case Based, Morpholog y Chart, Viva	LQ, SQ, MCQ , Case Based	Pathology, Community Medicine, Pediatrics, Dermatolog
			Discuss etiopathogeneis for Varicella- zoster virus (VZV) infection	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
	The state of the s		Identify the epidemiology dimension of Varicella-zoster virus (VZV)	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit		J\	Community Medicine
	K&S	KH	KH  KWS  K Varicella-  zoster virus  (VZV)	K  K  Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the HSV Infections  KH  Describe the strategies to prevent HSV Infections transmission  K&S  K  Varicella- zoster virus (VZV) infection  Discuss etiopathogeneis for Varicella- zoster virus (VZV) infection  Discuss etiopathogeneis for Varicella- zoster virus (VZV) infection  Identify the epidemiology dimension of Varicella-zoster	K K Varicella- zoster virus (VZV) infection  Discuss etiopathogeneis for Varicella- zoster virus (VZV) infection  Discuss etiopathogeneis for Varicella- zoster virus (VZV) infection  Discuss etiopathogeneis for Varicella- zoster virus (VZV) infection  C1  C2  Discuss etiopathogeneis for Varicella- zoster virus (VZV) infection  C2  Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the HSV Infections  C2  Difine Varicella- zoster virus infection (VZV)  C2  etiopathogeneis for Varicella- zoster virus (VZV) infection  Identify the epidemiology dimension of Varicella-zoster virus (VZV)	K  K  Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the HSV Infections  KH  Describe the strategies to prevent HSV Infections  K&S  K  Varicella-zoster virus (VZV) infection  Discuss etiopathogeneis for Varicellazoster virus (VZV) infection  Discuss etiopathogeneis for Varicellazoster virus (VZV) infection  Identify the epidemiology dimension of Varicella-zoster virus (VZV)	KH    K	R   R   R   R   R   R   R   R   R   R	R   Based   C2   MK   Lecture, Case Based   C3   MK   Lecture, Case Based

99

	Explain how Varicella-zoster virus (VZV) infection spreads from person to person	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit		Community Medicine
	Describe the different clinical spectrum of Varicella-zoster virus (VZV) infection	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based		
	State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from Varicellazoster virus (VZV) infection	CI	МК	Lecture, Case Based		Pathology .
KH	Enumerate the diagnostic features for Varicella-zoster virus (VZV) infection	C1	MK	Lecture, Case Based	of the state of th	
	Describe the differential diagnosis of Varicella-zoster virus (VZV) infection	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based		3

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

		Describe the potential complications	C2 Mk	Lecture, Case Based	-
		arising from Varicella-zoster virus (VZV) infection as per the different			
}		clinical spectrum			
			C2 MK	Lecture, Case Based	
		Summarize the treatment and management options for different clinical spectrum of Varicella-zoster virus (VZV) infection	C2 MK	Lecture, Case Based	Organon
	K	Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for different clinical spectrum of Varicella-zoster	C1 MK	Lecture, Case Based	Materia Medica

101

		·		virus (VZV) infection	-					
		КН		Describe the strategies to prevent Varicella-zoster virus (VZV) infection	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Community Medicine
HomUG -PM I.25.3	virus [EBV]	virus [EBV]	Define EBV Infections	Cl	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Assignmen t - Literature Review	MCQ, Quiz, Viva	LQ, SQ, MCQ , Viva	Pathology, Community Medicine, Pediatrics, Dermatolog y	
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for EBV Infections	C2	MK	Lecture			
				Identify the epidemiology dimension of EBV Infections	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine
		and the second s		Explain how EBV Infections spreads from person to person	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine

		clinical presentations EBV Infections infectious mononucleosis	S -	C2	MK	Lecture			
•		State to investigations be done for to patient suffering EF Infections	the ng	CI .	MK	Lecture			Pathology
	KH	Enumerate t diagnostic features for EB Infections	the BV	C1	MK	Lecture			
		differential	he of s	C2	МĶ	Lecture		A CARA MILLIA MILLIA MANAGANAN MANAGANAN MANAGANAN MANAGANAN MANAGANAN MANAGANAN MANAGANAN MANAGANAN MANAGANAN	
	K	Describe t potential complications EBV Infections	he of	C2	MK	Lecture			
	KH		the of	C2	MK	Lecture		}	
		 <b>f</b>	he nd BV	C2	MK	Lecture	- C	R	Organon

		K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the EBV Infections	C1	MK	Lecture			Materia Medica
		KH		Describe the strategies to prevent EBV Infections transmission	C2	MK	Lecture			Community Medicine
HomUG -PM I.25.4	K&S	K	Poliovirus Infections	Define Poliovirus Infections	C1	DK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Assignmen t - Literature Review	MCQ, Quiz, Viva	LQ, SQ, MCQ , Viva	Pathology, Community Medicine, Pediatrics, Dermatolog y
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for Poliovirus Infections	C2	DK	Lecture, Case Based			
				Identify the epidemiology dimension of Poliovirus Infections	C2	DK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine
				Describe the clinical presentations of Poliovirus Infections	C2	DK	Lecture, Case Based	4 8	3/	

		State the C1	DK Lecture,	Pathology
		investigations to be done for the patient suffering	Case Based	
		from Poliovirus Infections		
	KH	Enumerate the C1 diagnostic features for	DK Lecture, Case Based	
•		Poliovirus Infections		
		Describe the C2 differential diagnosis of	DK Lecture, Case Based	
		Poliovirus Infections		
	K .	Describe the C2 potential complications of	DK Lecture, Case Based	
		Poliovirus Infections		
	KH	Discuss the C2 prognosis of Poliovirus Infections	DK Lecture, Case Based	
·		Summarize the C2 treatment and management	DK Lecture, Case Based	Organon, Immunolog y
		options for Poliovirus Infections		

		K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the Poliovirus Infections	C1	DK	Lecture, Case Based			Materia Medica
		КН		Describe the strategies to prevent Poliovirus Infections transmission	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Community Medicine, Immunolog y
HomUG -PM I.25.5	M	Measles	Define Measles	C1	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Case Based	MCQ, Quiz, Case Based, Morpholog y Chart,	LQ, SQ, MCQ , Case Based	Pathology, Virology Community Medicine	
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for measles	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based	Viva	, Viva	
				Identify the epidemiology dimension of measles	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit		·	Community Medicine
				Explain how measles Infections from person to person	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine
				Describe the clinical features of measles	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based	6/2	3/	

	State the C1 investigations to be done for the patient suffering from Measles	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Pathology
KH	Enumerate the C1 diagnostic features for Measles	MK	Lecture, Case Based	***		
K	Describe the C2 potential complications of measles	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
KH	Describe the C2 differential diagnosis of measles	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
	Discuss the C2 prognosis of Measles	MK	Lecture, Case Based		·	
	Summarize the C2 treatment and management options for Measles	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Organon, Immunolog y
K	Enumerate the C1 indications of homoeopathic medicines for the Measles	MK	Lecture, Case Based		7	Materia Medica

		KH		Describe the strategies to prevent Measles	C1	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Community Medicine, Immunolog
HomUG K&S -PM I.25.6	K&S	K	Mumps	Define Mumps	C1	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Case Based	MCQ, Quiz, Case Based, Morpholog y Chart,	LQ, SQ, MCQ , Case Based	Pathology, Virology Community Medicine
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for Mumps	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based	Viva	, Viva	
		,	Identify the epidemiology dimension of mumps	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine	
				Explain how mumps infections spreads from person to person	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine
				Describe the clinical manifestations of Mumps	C2	MK .	Lecture, Case Based			
				State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from Mumps	C1	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Pathology

KH	Enumerate the C diagnostic features for Mumps	1 MK	Lecture, Case Based	
K	Describe the Complications of Mumps	2 MK	Lecture, Case Based	
KH	Describe the Condition of Mumps	2 MK	Lecture, Case Based	
	Discuss the Caprognosis of Mumps	2 MK	Lecture, Case Based	,
	Summarize the Catreatment and management options for Measles	2 MK	Lecture, Case Based	Organon, Immunolog y
K	Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the Mumps	I MK	Lecture, Case Based	Materia Medica
K	Describe the C1 strategies to prevent Mumps	. MK	Lecture, Case Based	Community Medicine, Immunolog

HomUG -PM I.25.7	K&S	K	Rabies	Define Rabies	C1 ·	DK	Lecture, Multimedia	MCQ, Quiz, Viva	SQ, MCQ , Viva	Pathology, Virology
1.23.7		wed the control of th					presentatio n, Assignmen		, viva	Community Medicine
							t - Literature Review			
		- Allen Andrews (Allen and Andrews (Allen and Andrews (Allen and Andrews (Allen and Andrews (Allen and Andrews		Discuss etiopathogeneis for Rabies	C2	DK	Lecture			
	·	da pipelakan pira menjeban menjebah kelaban pendikan menjebah kelaban pendikan menjebah kelaban pendikan menje		Identify the epidemiology dimension of mumps		DK	Lecture			Community Medicine
		Explain how rabies infections spreads from person to person	C2	DK	Lecture			Community Medicine		
			·	Describe the different clinical sprectrum of Rabies	C2	DK	Lecture			
				State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from Rabies	C1	DK	Lecture			Pathology
		KH		Enumerate the diagnostic features for different	C1	DK	Lecture	CP.		

Maximum marks: NA

		m pyry		spectrum of Rabies						
		K		Describe the potential complications of Rabies		DK	Lecture			
		KH		Describe the differential diagnosis of Rabies		DK	Lecture			
				Discuss the prognosis of Rabies	1	DK	Lecture			
				Summarize the treatment and management options for Rabies	C2	DK	Lecture		and the second s	Organon, Immunolog y
		K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the Rabies	C1	DK	Lecture			Materia Medica
		K		Describe the strategies to prevent Rabies	C1	DK	Lecture			Community Medicine, Immunolog
IomUG PM 25.8	K&S	K	Dengue Virus Infection	Define Dengue	C1	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio	MCQ, Quiz, Case	LQ, SQ, MCQ	Pathology, Virology,

		u		n, Case Based	based, Viva	Case Based	Community Medicine
	Discuss etiopathogeneis for dengue infection	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based		Viva	
	Identify the epidemiology dimension of dengue infection	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine
	State the risk factors and high risk patients for dengue infection	C1	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
	Describe the different clinical spectrum of dengue infection	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based	·		
	State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from Dengue infection	C1	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Pathology
КН	Enumerate the diagnostic features for dengue infection	C1	MK	Lecture, Case Based			

Maximum marks: NA

K	Describe the C2 complications of dengue infections as per the different clinical spectrum	MK Lecture, Case Based		lo. Singl
KH	Describe the C2 differential diagnosis of dengue infection	MK Lecture, Case Based		4.0.0
	Discuss the prognosis of dengue infection as per the different clinical spectrum	MK Lecture, Case Based		
	Summarize the C2 treatment and management options for dengue infection	MK Lecture, Case Based	Organon	
K	Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the dengue infections as per the different clinical spectrum	MK Lecture, Case Based	Materia Medica	
K	Describe the C1 preventive stretegies for the dengue infection	MK Lecture, Case Based	Community Medicine	

HomUG -PM 1.25.9	K&S	K	Japanese encephalitis virus [JEV] Infection	Define JEV Infection	Cl	NK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Assignmen t - Literature Review	MCQ, Quiz, Viva	SQ, MCQ , Viva	Pathology, Virology, Community Medicine
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for JEV infection	C2	NK	Lecture			
				Identify the epidemiology dimension of JEV infection	C2	NK	Lecture			Community Medicine
				Explain how JEV infections spreads from person to person	C2	NK	Lecture			Community Medicine
				Describe the different clinical sprectrum of JEV infection	C2	NK	Lecture			
				State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from JEV infection	C1	NK	Lecture			Pathology

	<del>,</del>					
KH	Enumerate the diagnostic	C1	NK	Lecture		
	features for different					
	spectrum of JEV infection			•		
K	Describe the potential complications of JEV infection	C2	NK	Lecture		•
KH	Describe the differential diagnosis of JEV infection	C2	NK	Lecture		
	Discuss the prognosis of JEV infection	C2	NK	Lecture		174
	Summarize the treatment and management options for JEV infection	. C2	NK	Lecture		Organon
K	Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the JEV infection	C1	NK	Lecture		Materia Medica
	Describe the strategies to prevent JEV infection	Cl	NK ·	Lecture	9	Community Medicine

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

HomUG -PM I.25.10	PM	BIRD FLU	Define BIRD FLU Infection	CI	NK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Assignmen t - Literature	MCQ, Quiz, Viva	SQ, MCQ , Viva	Pathology, Virology, Community Medicine	
				Discuss	C2	NK	Review Lecture			
				etiopathogeneis for BIRD FLU infection			- interest			
				Identify the epidemiology dimension of BIRD FLU infection	C2	NK	Lecture, field visit		Community Medicine	
				Explain how BIRD FLU Infections spreads from person to person	C2	NK	Lecture, field visit	•		Community Medicine
				Describe the clinical sprectrum of BIRD FLU infection	C2	NK	Lecture	-		
				State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering		NK	Lecture			Pathology

さらを

	from BIRD FLU infection	
KH	Enumerate the C1 NK Lecture diagnostic	
	features for different	
	spectrum of BIRD FLU infection	
K	Describe the C2 NK Lecture potential complications of BIRD FLU infection	
KH	Describe the C2 NK Lecture differential diagnosis of BIRD FLU infection	
	Discuss the prognosis of BIRD FLU infection	
	Summarize the treatment and management options for BIRD	Organon
	FLU infection	

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

		K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the BIRD FLU infection	CI	NK	Lecture			Materia Medica
				Describe the strategies to prevent JEV infection	C1	NK	Lecture			Community Medicine
HomUG -PM 1.25.11	-PM	Influenza A H1N1 virus		C1	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Case based, Assignmen t - Literature Review	MCQ, Quiz, Case based, Viva	SQ, MCQ , Case Based , Viva	Pathology, Virology, Community Medicine	
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for Influenza A H1N1 virus Infection	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
				Identify the epidemiology dimension of Influenza A H1N1 virus Infection		MK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine

T. T.

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

		Explain how iH1N1 Infections spreads from person to person		МК	Lecture, field visit		Community Medicine
		Describe the clinical sprectrum of Influenza A H1N1 virus Infection	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based		
ec an		State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from Influenza A H1N1 virus Infection		MK	Lecture, Case Based		Pathology
	K	Enumerate the diagnostic features for different spectrum of Influenza A H1N1 virus Infection		MK	Lecture, Case Based		
	K	Describe the potential complications of Influenza A HIN1 virus Infection		MK	Lecture, Case Based	1/5	

119

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

	KH	Describe the C2	MK Lecture,	
	IXII	differential	Case Based	
		diagnosis of		
•		Influenza A H1N1 virus		
		Infection		
		Discuss the C2	MK Lecture,	
		prognosis of	Case Based	
		Influenza A H1N1 virus		
		Infection		
		Summarize the C2	MK Lecture, Case Based	Organon
		treatment and management	Case Based	
		options for		
f	·	Influenza A		
2		H1N1 virus Infection		
	K	Enumerate the C1	MK Lecture,	Materia
	-   -	indications of	Case Based	Medica
		homoeopathic		
		medicines for the Influenza A		
		H1N1 virus		
		Infection	NAV Lastura	Community
		Describe the C1 strategies to	MK Lecture, Case Based	Medicine
		prevent		
		Influenza A		
		H1N1 virus Infection		

100° C

Maximum marks: NA

HomUG -PM 1.25.12	virus	Define Chikungunya virus Infection - Chikungunya virus Disease	CI	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Case based, Assignmen t - Literature Review	MCQ, Quiz, Case based, Viva	SQ, MCQ , Case Based , Viva	Pathology, Virology, Community Medicine	
			Discuss etiopathogeneis for Chikungunya virus Infection	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			·
			Identify the epidemiological dimensions of Chikungunya virus Infection, and Explain how it spreads from person to person	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine
			Describe the clinical features of Chikungunya virus Infection	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based	110000000000000000000000000000000000000		
	·		State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from Chikungunya virus Infection	Cl	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Pathology

Maximum marks: NA

	КН	diagnostic features for Chikungunya virus Infection	CI MK	Lecture, Case Based	
·	K	potential complications of Influenza A H1N1 virus Infection	C2 MK	Lecture, Case Based	
	KH	Describe the differential diagnosis of Chikunguny virus Infection	C2 MK	Lecture, Case Based	
		Discuss the prognosis of Chikungunya virus Infection	C2 MK	Lecture, Case Based	
		Summarize the treatment and management options for Chikungunya virus Infection	C2 MK	Lecture, Case Based	Organon
	K	Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the Chikungunya virus Infection	C1 MK	Lecture, Case Based	Materia Medica

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

					Describe the strategies to prevent Chikungunya virus Infection	C1	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Community Medicine
HomUG -PM I.25.13	K&S	K	COVID Virus Infection	19	Define COVID 19 Virus Infection	C1	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Case based, Assignmen t - Literature Review	MCQ, Quiz, Case based, Viva	SQ, MCQ , Case Based , Viva	Pathology, Virology, Community Medicine
					Discuss etiopathogeneis for COVID 19 Virus Infection	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
		***************************************			Identify the epidemiology dimension of COVID 19 Virus Infection	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine
					Explain how COVID 19 Virus Infections spreads from person to person	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine
					Describe the different clinical sprectrum of	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based		G	

123

Maximum marks: NA

	COVID 19 Virus Infection		
	State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from different clincial spectrum of COVID 19 Virus Infection	MK Lecture, Case Based	Pathology
KH	Enumerate the diagnostic features for different spectrum of COVID 19 Virus Infection	MK Lecture, Case Based	
K	Describe the C2 potential complications of COVID 19 Virus Infection	MK Lecture, Case Based	
KH	Describe the differential diagnosis of COVID 19 Virus Infection	MK Lecture, Case Based	
	Discuss the prognosis of	MK Lecture, Case Based	

				COVID 19 Virus Infection						
				Summarize the treatment and management options for COVID 19 Virus Infection	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Organon
		K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the COVID 19 Virus Infection	Cl	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Materia Medica
				Describe the strategies to prevent COVID 19 Virus Infection	CI	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Community Medicine
HomUG -PM 1.25.14	K&S	K	Yellow Fever virus [YFV] Infection	Define Yellow Fever virus [YFV] Infection	C1	NK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n	MCQ, Quiz, Viva	SQ, MCQ , Viva	Pathology, Virology, Community Medicine
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for Yellow Fever virus [YFV] Infection	C2 ·	NK	Lecture, Case Based			

Maximum marks: NA

		Identify the epidemiology dimension of Yellow Fever virus [YFV] Infection	C2	NK	Lecture, field visit	Me	mmunity dicine	The second
•		Explain how Yellow Fever virus [YFV] Infection spreads from person to person		NK	Lecture, field visit		mmunity edicine	13.5°
		Describe the clinicalsprectrum of Yellow Fever virus [YFV] Infection		NK	Lecture, Case Based			
		State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from Yellow Fever virus [YFV] Infection		NK	Lecture, Case Based	Pa	thology	
	KH	Enumerate the diagnostic features for Yellow Fever virus [YFV]		NK	Lecture, Case Based			

Maximum marks: NA

			- <del>r</del> -		 
K	Describe the potential complications of Yellow Fever virus [YFV] Infection		NK	Lecture, Case Based	
K	Describe the differential diagnosis of Yellow Fever virus [YFV]	. C2	NK	Lecture, Case Based	
	Discuss the prognosis of Yellow Fever virus [YFV]		NK	Lecture, Case Based	
•	Summarize the treatment and management options for Yellow Fever virus [YFV] Infection		NK	Lecture, Case Based	Organon
K	Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the Yellow Fever virus [YFV] Infection		NK	Lecture, Case Based	Materia Medica

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

				Describe the strategies to prevent Yellow Fever virus [YFV] Infection	CI	NK <sub>.</sub>	Lecture, Case Based			Community Medicine
HomUG -PM 1.25.15	K&S	К .	Smallpox (variola) - poxvirus infection	Define Smallpox (variola) - poxvirus infection	C1 .	NK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Assignmen t - Literature Review	MCQ, Quiz, Viva	SQ, MCQ , Viva	Pathology, Virology, Community Medicine
		To a second		Discuss etiopathogeneis for Smallpox (variola) poxvirus infection	C2	NK	Lecture		a sip.	
The state of the s				Identify the epidemiology dimension of Smallpox (variola) - poxvirus infection	C2	NK	Lecture			Community Medicine
				Explain how Smallpox (variola) - poxvirus infection spreads	C2	NK	Lecture		2	Community Medicine

128

Maximum marks: NA

											-
			from person person	to							in the
			Describe the clinical		C2	NK	Lecture				٥
	·		sprectrum Smallpox (variola)	of -				·			英
.			poxvirus infection			***************************************	~~~				0
-			State the state of	to	C1	NK	Lecture			Pathology	
			patient suffering from clinci	ng							1100
			spectrum Smallpox (variola)	of	***************************************	·					
			poxvirus infection								
		KH	diagnostic		C1.	NK	Lecture				MANAGE TO THE PARTY OF THE PART
			features Smallpox (variola)	of _							
			poxvirus infection								:
		K	potential complications	of	C2	NK	Lecture	1	12.		
			Smallpox (variola poxvirus infection	) -				3	5 3	1	
				1	.29	<i>y</i> "			7 6	tro f	U

KH  Describe the C2  NK  Lecture  differential diagnosis of	J
differential	
diagnosis of	731
	V
Smallpox	é
(variola) -	
poxvirus	1
infection Discuss the C2 NK Lecture	100
D100000 1110 022	1
prognosis of Smallnov	~ (·
Smallpox (variola)	
poxvirus	
infection	
Summarize the C2 NK Lecture Organon	
treatment and	
management	
options for	
Smallpox	
(variola) -	
poxvirus infection	
Materia	
K Enumerate the C1 NK Lecture Medica	
homoeopathic	
medicines for the	
different stages	
related to	
Smallpox	
(variola) -	
poxvirus	
infection	

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

				Describe the strategies to prevent Smallpox (variola) - poxvirus infection	C1	NK	Lecture			Community Medicine
HomUG -PM 1.25.16	K&S	K.	HIV Infection	Define the terms "HIV Infection" and "AIDS Syndrome"	CI	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Case based, Assignmen t - Literature Review	MCQ, Quiz, Case based, Chart, Model, Viva	LQ, SQ, MCQ , Case Based , Viva	Pathology, Virology, Community Medicine
Province to the second				Discuss etiopathogeneis for HIV Infection	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
				Identify the epidemiology dimension of HIV Infection	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine
				Explain how HIV Infections spreads from person to person	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine
				Describe the different clinical sprectrum of HIV Infection	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			

131

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

				State the	C1	MK	Lecture,		Pathology
j				investigations to			Case Based	ļ	
				be done for the					
			}	patient suffering from different					
			,	clincial spectrum					
				of HIV Infection					
	4	KH		Enumerate the	C1	MK	Lecture,		
			ļ	diagnostic	1		Case Based		
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	features for					<u> </u>
	·			different					·
				spectrum of HIV Infection					
		K		Describe the	C2	MK	Lecture,		
}				potential			Case Based		
				complications of					
				HIV Infection		3.417	Lecture,		
		KH		Describe the	C2	MK	Case Based		
				differential diagnosis of HIV			Cust Bused		
		ļ		Infection					
				Discuss the	C2	MK	Lecture,		
}				prognosis of HIV			Case Based		
				Infection		N 477			Organon,
				Summarize the		MK	Lecture, Case Based	ļ	Immunolog
				treatment and			Case Dased		у
	_			management options for HIV					
	,			Infection					

A HA

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

		K		-	Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the HIV Infection  Describe the strategies to prevent HIV Infection	C1 C1	MK	Lecture, Case Based  Lecture, Case Based			Materia Medica  Community Medicine
HomUG -PM 1.25.17	K&S	K	Zika infection	virus	Define Zika virus infection	CI	NK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio	MCQ, Quiz, Viva	SQ, MCQ , Viva	Pathology, Virology, Community Medicine
*r					Discuss etiopathogeneis for Zika virus infection	C2 <sub>.</sub>	NK	Lecture			
					Identify the epidemiology dimension of Zika virus infection	C2	NK	Lecture			Community Medicine
					Explain how Zika virus infection spreads from person to person		NK	Lecture			Community Medicine
					Describe the different clinica sprectrum of Zika virus infection	1	NK	Lecture	8/3	5	·

Viscos to Same

133

Maximum marks: NA

	State the C1 investigations to be done for the patient suffering	NK	Lecture	Pathology
	from clincial spectrum of Zika virus infection		ļ	
КН	Enumerate the C1 diagnostic features for Zika virus infection	NK	Lecture	
K	Describe the potential complications of Zika virus infection	NK	Lecture	
КН	Describe the C2 differential diagnosis of Zika virus infection	NK	Lecture	
	Discuss the prognosis of Zika virus infection	NK	Lecture	
	Summarize the treatment and management options for Zika virus infection	NK	Lecture	Organon



Maximum marks: NA

		K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the Zika virus infection	ĊI	NK	Lecture			Materia Medica
				Describe the strategies to prevent HIV Infection	C1	NK	Lecture			Communițy Medicine
HomUG -PM 1.25.18	K&S	K	Rickettsial infection	Define Rickettsial infection	C1	NK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n	MCQ, Quiz, Viva	SQ, MCQ , Viva	Pathology, Virology, Community Medicine
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for Rickettsial infection	C2	NK	Lecture			
				Identify the epidemiology dimension of Rickettsial infection	C2	NK	Lecture			Community Medicine
				Explain how Rickettsial infection spreads from person to person	C2	NK	Lecture		a real distribution of the second of the sec	Community Medicine
				Describe the common clinical sprectrum of Rickettsial infection	C2	NK	Lecture			

Maximum marks: NA

		State the	CI	NK	Lecture		Pathology	$\mathcal{Y}^{\omega}$
		investigations to						15.
-		be done for the						$\mathcal{A}$
		patient suffering						O THE
		from different		· ·		ļ		~ t
		clincial spectrum of Rickettsial	,					100
		of Rickettsial infection						
	KH	Enumerate the	Cl	NK	Lecture			5
	KII	diagnostic						
		features for				l		•
		different						
		spectrum of Rickettsial			ŧ			1
		infection						. :
	K	Describe the potential	C2	NK	Lecture			ï
		complications of Rickettsial infection						
	КН	Describe the	C2	NK	Lecture			
	KII	differential						
		diagnosis of						
		Rickettsial infection						
		Discuss the	C2	NK	Lecture			
		prognosis of						
		Rickettsial						
		infection	1					J

		K		Summarize the treatment and management options for Rickettsial infection  Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the Rickettsial	C2	NK NK	Lecture			Organon  Materia  Medica	Glisch les Sings
HomUG -PM I.25.19	K&S	K	Staphylococc us aureus infection	infection  Describe the strategies to prevent Rickettsial infection  Define  Staphylococcus aureus infection	C1	NK DK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio	MCQ, Quiz, Case Based,	SQ, MCQ , Case Based	Community Medicine  Pathology, Bacteriolog y Community	
	·			State the factors predisposing to S. aureus colonisation and its infections / disease	Cl	DK	n, Case Based Lecture, Case Based	Morpholog y Chart, Viva	, Viva	Medicine	
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for S. aureus infection	C2	DK	Lecture, Case Based		1 3	3	

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

	Identify the epidemiology dimension of S. aureus infection	C2	DK	Lecture, field visit	Community Medicine
	Explain how S. aureus infection spreads from person to person	C2	DK	Lecture, field visit	Community Medicine
	Enumate the common clinical illness caused by S. aureus infection	CI	DK ·	Lecture, Case Based	
	Describe the clinical manifestation of coomon clinical illness which are caused by S. aureus infection	C2	DK	Lecture, Case Based	
	State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from common clinical illness caused by S.	C1	DK	Lecture, Case Based	Pathology
	aureus infection				 

O. With to Sing

									,
KH		Enumerate the diagnostic features for	Cl	DK	Lecture, Case Based			•	1/2/2
		common clinical							\frac{1}{2}
		illness caused by							التوني ماسكة
	The second secon	S. aureus infection							HEND.
K		Describe the	C2	DK	Lecture,			,	
		potential			Case Based				3
		complications of common clinical							5
		illness caused by						-	
		S. aureus							
	_	infection							,
KH		Describe the	C2	DK	Lecture,				
		differential		A TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON OF THE PERS	Case Based				
		diagnosis of common clinical							
		illness caused by							
		S. aureus							
		infection	CO	DK	r				-
		Discuss the prognosis of	C2	DK	Lecture, Case Based				
		common clinical			Case Based				
		illness caused by							
		S. aureus		-		ı	,		
		infection			1.				
		Summarize the	C2	DK	Lecture, Case Based			Organon	
	The state of the s	treatment and management			Case Dased			1	
		options for	and the state of t					)	
		common clinical				<u>-£7</u>	3	h	
				•	$C_{\Lambda}$	3	المعتقد المعتق	ann	.1.

				illness caused by S. aureus infection						Materia
		K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the common clinical illness caused by S. aureus infection	Cl	DK	Lecture, Case Based	·		Medica
				Describe the strategies to prevent common clinical illness caused by S. aureus infection	C1	DK	Lecture, Case Based			Community Medicine
HomUG -PM I.25.20	K&S	K	Streptococcal infections	Define Streptococcal infections	CI	DK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Case Based	MCQ, Quiz, Case Based, Morpholog y Chart,	SQ, MCQ , Case Based , Viva	Pathology, Bacteriolog y Community Medicine
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for Streptococcal infections	C2	DK	Lecture, Case Based	Viva		
				Identify the epidemiology dimension of Streptococcal infections		DK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine

Maximum marks: NA

		Explain how Streptococcal infections spreads from person to person	C2	DK	Lecture, field visit			Community Medicine	Triber 3
		Enumate the common clinical illness caused by Streptococcal infections	СІ	DK	Lecture, Case Based		***************************************	·	P. SKEET
		Describe the clinical manifestation of comon clinical illness which are caused by Streptococcal infections	C2	DK	Lecture, Case Based				
		State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from common clinical illness caused by Streptococcal infections	C1	DK	Lecture, Case Based		Carried to the carried and the	Pathology	·
THE THE PARTY SHAPE SHAP	KH	Enumerate the diagnostic features for common clinical illness caused by S. aureus infection	C1	DK	Lecture, Case Based	<b>A</b>	Par la la la la la la la la la la la la la	٠ ١	

Maximum marks: NA

K	Describe the C2 potential	DK	Lecture, Case Based	
	complications of common clinical illness caused by S. aureus infection		•	
KH	Describe the differential diagnosis of common clinical illness caused by Streptococcal infections	DK	Lecture, Case Based	
	Discuss the prognosis of common clinical illness caused by S. aureus infection	DK	Lecture, Case Based	
	Summarize the treatment and management options for	DK	Lecture, Case Based	Organon
	common clinical illness caused by Streptococcal infection			

Maximum marks: NA

		K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for the common clinical illness caused by Streptococcal infection	C1	DK	Lecture, Case Based	~	·	Materia Medica
				Describe the strategies to prevent common clinical illness caused by Streptococcal infection	C1	DK	Lecture, Case Based			Community Medicine
HomUG -PM 1.25.21	K&S	K .	Typhoid Fever	Define Typhoid Fever	C1	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Case based, Assignmen t - Literature Review	MCQ, Quiz, Case based, Viva	LQ, SQ, MCQ , Case Based , Viva	Pathology, Bacteriolog y Community Medicine
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for Typhoid Fever	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
				Identify the epidemiology dimension of Typhoid Fever	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit	5/3	3	Community Medicine

Maximum marks: NA

	Explain how C2 Typhoid Fever spreads from person to person	MK Lecture, field visit	Community Medicine
	Describe the clinical course of clinical manisfestation of Typhoid Fever	MK Lecture, Case Based	
	State the C1 investigations to be done for the patient suffering from Typhoid Fever	MK Lecture, Case Based	Pathology
КН	Enumerate the CI diagnostic features for Typhoid Fever	MK Lecture, Case Based	
K	Describe the C2 potential complications of Typhoid Fever	MK Lecture, Case Based	
KH	Describe the C2 differential diagnosis of Typhoid Fever	MK Lecture, Case Based	
	Discuss the prognosis of Typhoid Fever	MK Lecture, Case Basec	

		·		Summarize the treatment and management options for Typhoid Fever	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Organon
•		K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for Typhoid Fever	C1	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Materia Medica
				Describe the strategies to prevent Typhoid Fever	C1	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Community Medicine
HomUG -PM 1.25.22	K&S	K	Acute Viral Gastroenteriti s	Define Acute Viral Gastroenteritis	C1	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Case based, Assignmen t - Literature Review	MCQ, Quiz, Case based, Viva	SQ, MCQ , Case Based , Viva	Pathology, Bacteriolog y Community Medicine
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for Acute Viral Gastroenteritis	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
·				Identify the epidemiology dimension of Acute Viral Gastroenteritis	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit	61/2	1	Community Medicine

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

	Explain how infection of Acute Viral Gastroenteritis spreads from	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit		Community Medicine
	person to person  Describe the clinical manisfestation of Acute Viral Gastroenteritis	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based		
	State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from Acute Viral Gastroenteritis	CI	MK	Lecture, Case Based		Pathology
КН	Enumerate the diagnostic features for Acute Viral Gastroenteritis	C1	MK	Lecture, Case Based	·	
K	Describe the potential complications of Acute Viral Gastroenteritis	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based		
КН	Describe the differential diagnosis of TAcute Viral Gastroenteritis	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based		

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

				Discuss the prognosis of Acute Viral Gastroenteritis	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based	u		
				Summarize the treatment and management options for Acute Viral Gastroenteritis	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Organon
		K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for Acute Viral Gastroenteritis	CI	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Materia Medica
				Describe the strategies to prevent Acute Viral Gastroenteritis	Cl	MK	Lecture, Case Based		·	Community Medicine
HomUG PM .25.23	K&S	K	Cholera	Define Cholera	C1	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Case based,	MCQ, Quiz, Case based, Viva	LQ, SQ, MCQ , Case Based	Pathology, Bacteriolog y Community Medicine
							Assignmen t - Literature Review		, Viva	

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

	Discuss C2 etiopathogeneis for Cholera	MK	Lecture, Case Based		
	Identify the epidemiology dimension of Cholera	MK	Lecture, field visit		Community Medicine
	Explain how infection of Cholera spreads from person to person	MK	Lecture, field visit		Community Medicine
	Describe the C2 clinical manisfestation of Cholera	MK	Lecture, Case Based		
	State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from Cholera	MK	Lecture, Case Based		Pathology
KH	Enumerate the C1 diagnostic features for Cholera	MK	Lecture, Case Based		
K	Describe the C2 potential complications of Cholera	MK	Lecture, Case Based	_	
KH	Describe the C2 differential	MK	Lecture, Case Based	G	

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

L	•									
				diagnosis of Cholera						
				Discuss the prognosis of Cholera	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
			,	Summarize the treatment and management options for Cholera	C2	МК	Lecture, Case Based	The state of the s	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Organon
		K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for Cholera	C1	МК	Lecture, Case Based			Materia Medica
				Describe the strategies to prevent Cholera	Cl	MK	Lecture, Case Based		<i>y</i>	Community Medicine
HomUG -PM 1.25.24	K&S	K .	Tetanus	Define Tetanus	Cl	NK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio	MCQ, Quiz, Viva	SQ, MCQ , Viva	Pathology, Bacteriolog y Community Medicine
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for Tetanus	C2	NK	Lecture			Wiedrome
				Describe the clinical manisfestation of Tetanus	C2	NK	Lecture		1	

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

КН	Enumerate the C1 diagnostic features for Tetanus	NK Lecture		
K	Describe the C2 potential complications of Tetanus	NK Lecture		
KH	Describe the C2 differential diagnosis of Tetanus	NK Lecture		
	Discuss the C2 prognosis of Tetanus	NK Lecture		
	Summarize the C2 treatment and management options for Tetanus	NK Lecture	To Spinor and the spi	rganon
K	Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for Tetanus	NK Lecture		1ateria 1edica
	Describe the strategies to prevent and / or prophylaxis in the wound management of Tetanus	NK Lecture		Community Medicine

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

HomUG -PM I.25.25	K&S	K	Anthrax	Define Anthrax	C1	NK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio	MCQ, Quiz, Viva	SQ, MCQ , Viva	Pathology, Bacteriolog y Community Medicine
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for Anthrax	C2	NK	Lecture			
				Identify the epidemiology dimension of Anthrax	C2	NK	Lecture			Community Medicine
				Explain how infection of Anthrax spreads from person to person	C2	NK	Lecture			Community Medicine
, more control of				Describe the clinical manisfestation of Anthrax / brucellosis / plague	C2	NK	Lecture	si .		
				State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from Anthrax	C1	NK	Lecture			Pathology
		KH		Enumerate the diagnostic features for Anthrax	Cl	NK	Lecture	8 18	3	

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

		K		Describe the potential complications of Anthrax	C2	NK	Lecture			
		КН		Describe the differential diagnosis of Anthrax	C2	NK	Lecture		·	Partition 100
	777			Discuss the prognosis of Anthrax	C2	NK	Lecture		-	To Authority
				Summarize the treatment and management options for Anthrax	C2	NK	Lecture			Organon
		K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for Anthrax	C1	NK	Lecture	•		Materia Medica
				Describe the strategies to prevent Anthrax	C1	NK	Lecture			Community Medicine
HomUG -PM I.25.26	K&S	K	Brucellosis	Define Brucellosis	C1	NK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio	MCQ, Quiz, Viva	SQ, MCQ , Viva	Pathology, Bacteriolog y Community Medicine
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for Brucellosis	C2	NK	Lecture	3/3	3	

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

	Identify the epidemiology dimension of Brucellosis	NK Lecture		Community Medicine
	Explain how infection of Brucellosissprea ds from person to person	NK Lecture		Community Medicine
	Describe the C2 clinical manisfestation of Brucellosis	NK Lecture		
	State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from Brucellosis	NK Lecture		Pathology
KH	Enumerate the C1 diagnostic features for Brucellosis	NK Lecture	·	
K	Describe the C2 potential complications of Brucellosis	NK Lecture		
KH	Describe the C2 differential diagnosis of Brucellosis	NK Lecture		

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

				prognosis of Brucellosis	C2	NK	Lecture			
	•			Summarize the treatment and management options for Brucellosis	C2	NK	Lecture			Organon
1794.4	·	K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for Brucellosis	C1	NK	Lecture			Materia Medica
				Describe the strategies to prevent Brucellosis	C1	NK	Lecture			Community Medicine
HomUG -PM 1.25.27	K&S	K	Plague	Define Plague	C1	DK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Assignmen t - Literature Review	MCQ, Quiz, Viva	LQ, SQ, MCQ , Viva	Pathology, Bacteriolog y Community Medicine
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for Plague	C2	DK	Lecture	7		
				Identify the epidemiology dimension of Plague	C2	DK	Lecture		5	Community Medicine

Waximum marks: NA Theory: NA

		infection	how of reads	C2	DK	Lecture		Community Medicine
	with the state of	Describe clinical manisfestatio Plague	the on of	C2	DK	Lecture		
		State investigation be done for patient suffe from Plague	the	C1	DK	Lecture		Pathology
	KH	Enumerate diagnostic features Plague	the for	C1 .	DK	Lecture		
	K	Describe potential complication Plague	the is of	C2	DK	Lecture	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	
	КН	Describe differential diagnosis Plague	the of	C2	DK	Lecture		
		Discuss prognosis Plague	the of	C2	DK ·	Lecture		

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

				Summarize the treatment and management options for Plague	C2	DK	Lecture			Organon
		K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for Plague	C1	DK	Lecture			Materia Medica
		,		Describe the strategies to prevent Plague	C1	DK	Lecture			Community Medicine
HomUG -PM 1.25.28	K&S	K	Leprosy	Define Leprosy	C1	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Case based, Assignmen t - Literature Review	MCQ, Quiz, Case Based, Model, Chart, Viva	LQ, SQ, MCQ , Case Based , Viva	Pathology, Bacteriolog y Community Medicine
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for Leprosy	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
				Identify the epidemiology dimension of Leprosy		MK	Lecture, field visit		a constant of the constant of	Community Medicine
				Explain how infection of Leprosy spreads from person to person	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit	5	33	Community Medicine

1 Grey 10.5 347

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

		manisf	nt clinical estation of nt types of		MK	Lecture, Case Based		-	
		be dor	gations to e for the suffering	C1	MK .	Lecture, Case Based			Pathology
	KH	Enume diagno feature different Lepros	etic for at types of	CI	MK	Lecture, Case Based	,		
7 110	K	Descril potenti compli	t types of	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
	KH	Describ differen diagno	te the Contial sis of at types of	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
		Discuss progno different Lepros	sis of at types of			Lecture, Case Based			

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

	al contract			Summarize the treatment and management options for different types of Leprosy	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Organon Materia
	·	K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for different types of Leprosy	C1	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Medica
				Describe the strategies to prevent different types of Leprosy	C1	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Community Medicine
HomUG -PM 1.25.29	K&S	K	Tuberculosis	Define Tuberculosis	Cl	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Case based, Assignmen t - Literature Review	MCQ, Quiz, Case Based, Model, Chart, Viva	LQ, SQ, MCQ, Case Based, Viva	Pathology, Bacteriolog y Community Medicine
·				Discuss etiopathogeneis for Tuberculosis	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
	(v)			Identify the epidemiology dimension of Tuberculosis	C2	MK	Lecture, field visit	5	12 C	Community Medicine

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

	Explain how infection of Tuberculosis spreads from person to person	MK .	Lecture, field visit	Community Medicine
	Describe the different clinical manisfestation of different types of Tuberculosis	MK	Lecture, Case Based	
	State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from different types of Tuberculosis	MK	Lecture, Case Based	Pathology
KH	Enumerate the C1 diagnostic features of different types of Tuberculosis	MK .	Lecture, Case Based	,
K	Describe the C2 potential complications of of different types of Tuberculosis	MK .	Lecture, Case Based	
КН	Describe the C2 differential diagnosis of of different types of Tuberculosis	MK	Lecture, Case Based	

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

		-		Discuss the prognosis of of different types of Tuberculosis	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based			
	·			Summarize the treatment and management options for different types of Tuberculosis	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based		- TOWN	Organon
		K		Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for different types of Tuberculosis	C1	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Materia Medica
		- September 1		Describe the strategies to prevent different types of Tuberculosis	CI	MK	Lecture, Case Based			Community Medicine
HomUG -PM I.25.30	K&S	K	Malaria Fever	Define Malaria Fever	Cl .	MK	Lecture, Multimedia presentatio n, Case Based	MCQ, Quiz, Case Based, Model, Chart,	LQ, SQ, MCQ , Case Based	Pathology, Parasitolog y Community Medicine
				Discuss etiopathogeneis for different types of Malaria Fever	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based	Viva	, Viva	

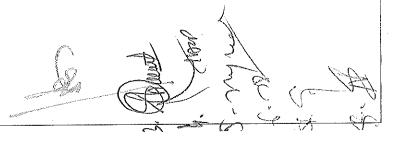
Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

	Identify the epidemiology dimension of Malaria Fever	C2 MK	Lecture, field visit	Community Medicine
	Explain how infection of Malaria spreads from person to person	C2 MK	Lecture, field visit	Community Medicine
	Describe the different clinical manisfestation of different types of Malaria Fever	C2 MK	Lecture, Case Based	
	State the investigations to be done for the patient suffering from different types of Malaria Fever	CI MK	Lecture, Case Based	Pathology
КН		C1 MK	Lecture, Case Based	
K	Describe the potential complications of of different types of Malaria Fever	C2 MK	Lecture, Case Based	2

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

KH	Describe the differential diagnosis of of different types of Malaria Fever	C2	MK	Lecture, Case Based	
	Discuss the prognosis of of different types of Malaria Fever		MK	Lecture, Case Based	
	Summarize the treatment and management options for different types of Malaria Fever	C2	МК	Lecture, Case Based	Organon
K	Enumerate the indications of homoeopathic medicines for different types of Malaria Fever		MK	Lecture, Case Based	Materia Medica
	Describe the strategies to prevent different types of Malaria Fever		MK	Lecture, Case Based	Community Medicine



Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

# 6.5. Competency Tables for Bedside Clinics

Sl. No.	Domain	Miller	Content	SLO	Blooms	Priori	T-L	Assess	ment	Integration
	of Compete ncy	s Level	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	And the state of t	Domain/ Guilbert's Level	ty	Methods	F	S	
HomUG -PM I.26.1	K&S	SH	Taking patient history including chief complaints, present illness, past medical history, family history, and personal history	Demonstra tion of effective communic ation and questionin g skills	A1/2	MK	Simulated patient encounters	Observation of history- taking sessions, Peer feedback	OSCE	Case discussions with clinical preceptors
HomU G-PM 1.26.2	PC		Conducting a systematic physical examination including general examination, systemic examination, and regional examination	Demonstra tion of proficienc y in physical examinatio n techniques	P2	MK	Simulation, Bedside demonstratio ns	Observation of physical examination sessions, Peer feedback	OSCE	Clinical rotations with supervision

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

HomU G-PM I.26.3	·	Analyzing patient history, physical examination findings, and relevant investigation s to develop a list of possible diagnoses	Demonstra tion of critical thinking and clinical reasoning skills	P2/A2	MK	Case-based discussions, Problem-solving scenarios	Case analyses, Guided discussions	Viva voce, Bedside examinati on	Interactive case-based learning with faculty
HomU G-PM 1.26.4		Developing appropriate management strategies including pharmacolog ical, non-pharmacolog ical, and lifestyle interventions	Demonstra tion of knowledge of evidence- based medicine and treatment guidelines	P2/A2	MK	Small group discussions, Clinical case presentations	Group Discussions	OSCE	Clinical rotations with treatment planning exercises
HomU G-PM I.26.5		Demonstrating empathetic communication, active listening, and professionalism in patient interactions and team communication	Demonstra tion of interperson al and communic ation skills	A2	MK	Simulated patient encounters	Observation of communicati on skills, Peer feedback	OSCE	Communicati on exercises

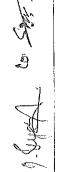
Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

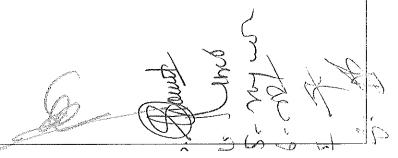
HomU G-PM I.26.6	Recording patient history, examination findings, assessments, and management plans in a clear and organized manner	Demonstra tion of effective documenta tion skills	P3	MK	Charting exercises, Case note writing	Review of documentati on, Peer feedback	OSCE	Clinical rotations with documentation n review
HomU G-PM 1.26.7	Adhering to professional standards, maintaining patient confidentiality, and respecting patient autonomy and diversity	Demonstration of ethical decision-making and profession alism	A3	MK	Group Discussions	Observations of professional conduct, Peer evaluations	OSCE	Reflection exercises and discussions

Maximum marks: NA Theory: NA

# 7. Teaching learning methods

Lectures	Non-lectures (clinical / practical / demonstrative)
Classroom lectures with oral presentation/ AV aid	Clinical Demonstration
Integrated teaching	Case Based Discussion
	PBL - Problem Based Learning
	Simulation - with mannequins
	OSCE - Objective Structure Clinical Examination
-	Mini-CEX - mini clinical evaluation exercise
	Seminar: Integrated Medical Education Seminar
	Tutorials: Small Group Projects
	Chart and Model
	Assignment





Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

#### 8. Details of assessment

Note- The assessment in IIBHMS shall be done only as Internal Assessment (IA) in terms of Periodical Assessments (PA) and Term Tests (TT) as detailed below. There shall not be any Final University Examination (FUE) at this level. The marks obtained in IA during II BHMS will be added to the marks of IA in the IVBHMS University Examination.

## Overall Scheme of Internal Assessment (IA)\*\*

Professional Course/ Subject	Term I (1-6 Months		Term II (7-12 Months)			
II BHMS/ Practice of Medicine	PA I (end of 3 months)	TT I (end of 6 months)	PA II (end of 9 months)	TT II (end of 12 months)		
	20 Marks Viva- A	100 Marks Clinical/Practical and Viva - E	20 Marks Viva- B	100 Marks Clinical/Practical and Viva - F		
,		i) Viva voce -50 marks ii) Clinical/practical*- 50		i) Viva voce -50 marks ii) Clinical/practical*- 50		

### \*Practical Examinations:

- i. Case taking: 20 Marks for case taking, including history, symptoms of patient in detail.
- ii. Examination skills: 10 marks for the proper demonstration of skills.
- iii. Bedside Q n A session: 15 marks for demonstrating understanding of concepts and for applying knowledge to identify the problem.
- iv. Spotters: 5 marks (Instruments: Identification and Indications; Reports: Observations, Causes, Diagnosis/Differential Diagnosis)

10. SHE

The state of the s

Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

\*\*Method of Calculation of Internal Assessment Marks in II BHMS for Final University Examination to be held in IV BHMS:

Marks of PAI	Marks of PA II	Periodical Assessment Average PA I+ PA II /2	Marks ofTT I	Marks ofTT II	Terminal Test Average TT I + TT II / 200 x 20	Final Internal Assessment Marks
A	В	D	E	F	G	D+G/2

#### 9. List of recommended text/reference books

- Alagappan, R. (2017). Manual of Practical Medicine (6th ed.). Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd.
- Penman I.D., Ralston S.H., Strachan M.W.J., & Hobson R. (2022). Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine (24th ed.) Elsevier Health Sciences.
- Anudeep, B. A. P. (2022). Insider's guide to clinical medicine (2nd ed). Jaypee Brothers Medical (P) Ltd.
- Golwala, A. F., & Vakil, R. J. (2008). Physical diagnosis A textbook of symptoms and signs (16th ed.). Media Promoters & Publishers.
- Glynn, M., & Drake, W. M. (2017). Hutchison's clinical methods: An Integrated Approach to Clinical Practice. Saunders.
- Harrison's principles of internal medicine (2vols) (21st ed.). (2022). McGraw-Hill.
- Bickley. (2016). Bates' pocket guide to physical exam & history taking (8th ed.). Wolters Kluwer India Pvt. Ltd.
- Dover, A. R., Innes, J. A., & Fairhurst, K. (2023). Macleod's clinical examination international edition. (15th ed.). Elsevier.
- Allen, H. C. (1998). Therapeutics of intermittent fever. B. Jain Publishers
- Bell, J. B. (2016). The homeopathic therapeutics of diarrhea, dysentery, cholera, cholera morbus, cholera infantum, and all other loose evacuations of the bowels (Classic reprint). Forgotten Books.



Maximum marks: NA

Theory: NA

- Boericke, W. (2022). New Manual of Homoeopathic Materia Medica and Repertory with Relationship of Remedies: Including Indian Drugs, Nosodes Uncommon, Rare Remedies, Mother Tinctures, Relationship, Sides of the Body, Drug Affinities and List of Abbreviation (3rd ed.). B Jain Publishers Pvt Limited.
- · Hahnemann, S. (2004). Organon of Medicine. B Jain Publishers Pvt Limited.
- Lilienthal, S. (2005). Homoeopathic therapeutics. B Jain Pub Pvt Limited.
- Nash, E. B. (2002). Leaders in homoeopathic therapeutics. B Jain Pub Pvt Limited.
- Tyler, M. L. (1993). Pointers to the common remedies. B. Jain Publishers

#### 10. List of contributors:

#### A. Dr Dilipkumar G. Nandha

MD (Hom), MBA (Edu. Mgt.)

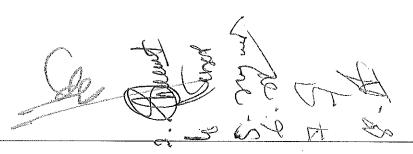
Professor and HOD, [Class – I], Dept of Practice of Medicine, Government Homoeopathic Medical College & Hospital, Dethali, Ta: Siddpur, Dist: Patan – 384151, Gujarat

M: 9376939631, email: drdgnandha@gmail.com

#### B. Dr M K Kamath, MD(Hom)

Professor and HOD, Dept of Practice of Medicine Father Muller Homoeopathic Medical College & Hospital, University Road, Deralakatte, Mangalore 575018 S. H. S.

京村



Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy Subject code: HomUG-OM-II

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

Subject Name: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy

Subject Code: HomUG-OM-II

#### Index

S.No	Description	Page Number
1.	Preamble	2
2,	Course Outcomes (CO)	3
3.	Learning Objective (LO)	3
4.	Course Content and Term -wise Distribution	4
5.	Teaching Hours	5-6
6.	Content Mapping	7-30
7.	Teaching Learning Methods	31
8.	Details of Assessment	31-35
9.	List of Recommended Books	36
10.	List of Contributors	36

My 2 2 minos

Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 1. Preamble

Organon of Medicine with Homoeopathic Philosophy is a central fulcrum around which education and training of a homoeopathic physician revolves. It lays down the foundations of homoeopathic practice, education, training and research. It not only elaborates on the fundamental laws but also how to apply them in practice. It defines the qualities of a healer, guides the homoeopathic physician in inculcating values and attitude and develop skills.

Nature nurtures us. It is well depicted in our science. Therefore, Homoeopathy is in synchronization with nature. The need to keep life force within us well balanced with nature is well established in the Organon of Medicine by Dr Hahnemann. Dr Hahnemann as an ecologist was well ahead of his time. Philosophically, it connects man and his actions to the dynamic forces available in nature, thus bringing to fore the holistic approach. Lateralization of these concepts helps the student to develop insight into various facets of Life & Living. Homoeopathic philosophy orients the students to homoeopathy as an Art & Science. It's comprehensive understanding needs a core competency in logic and the concepts of generalization and individualization. Its treatment of disease process and relating to the concept of miasm makes it a study of the process of scientific investigation.

The biggest challenge in teaching-learning of homoeopathic philosophy is to first understand the fundamentals according to the Master's writing and then demonstrate them in practice. Quality and real time integration with other subjects helps a student to conceive the holistic perceiving of Man and Materia Medica. The concepts and knowledge required by the Physician with operational knowledge of management of patients and their diseases will need horizontal and vertical integration with Homoeopathic subjects and clinical subjects. First BHMS will need horizontal integration with Anatomy, physiology, pharmacy and HMM. Homoeopathic philosophy will have spiral integration with itself and vertical integration with clinical subjects. Second year will need integration with pathology, community medicine, forensic medicine, along with other homoeopathic subjects. Third and fourth year establishes links with clinical subjects, research methodology and pharmacology.

Science is never static. Since the time of Dr. Hahnemann, medical science has advanced by leaps and bounds. Since Homoeopathy is based on principles rooted in nature, they would stand the test of time. However, their application in the changing times and circumstances would find newer avenues to heal. This is an opportunity for a homoeopath to connect the current advances while relating with the fundamental laws. Mastering all this will make him a master healer and will move him towards higher purpose of existence.

3 Sout 4. Mose S. my w

6 22 7 28. Al 9. (

10 ST,

Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 2. Course outcomes

At the end of the BHMS program, a student will be able to-

- i. Understand Mission of a Physician & Higher Purpose of Existence as per the Master's thoughts and words
- ii. Understand Hahnemannian concept of man and integrating it with the conceptfrom the bio-psycho-social perspective.
- iii. Know homoeopathy as a Holistic & Individualistic medical science
- iv. Understand the concept of dynamism and vital force to get insight in health, disease, diathesis and disease.
- v. Relate concepts of Prevention, Promotion & Cure with the Hahnemannian approach
- vi. Know the Healer within the Homoeopathic Physician and work towards bringing forth the qualities of healing.
- vii. Understand Philosophy of Life & Health by applying basic fundamental laws of Homoeopathy.
- viii. Understand homoeopathic philosophy in the context of research

#### 3. Learning outcomes

- i. Understanding the evolution of chronic disease in view of pathogenesis
- ii. Knowing Hahnemannian classification of diseases and its importance
- iii. Correlation of Microbiology and Homeopathy with miasms.
- iv. Correlation of laboratory investigation with the evolution of pathology and miasm
- V. Learning the concept of prevention of disease
- vi. Understanding the concept of causation and relating to homocopathy
- vii. Classification and analysis of symptoms and correlation with repertory.
- viii. Developing a portrait of disease by integrating the Hahnemannian concept

3. Bout 4. I med 5. my end

6.22-7-18.49

of 6.Som

Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy Subject code: HomUG-OM-II Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 4. Course content and its term-wise distribution

Sl. No.	Topic
	Term I
1.	Natural Disease vs Artificial Disease (Aphorisms 28-33)*
2.	The Correctness of Homoeopathic Therapeutic Law of Nature (Aphorisms 34-51)*
3.	Classification of Diseases (Hahnemannian Classification of Disease) with Introduction to Miasm (Aphorisms 71-82)*
4.	Case Taking (Aphorisms 83-103)*
5.	Homoeopathic Philosophy:
5.1	Symptomatology: Details regarding Symptomatology are to be comprehended by referring to the relevant aphorisms of Organon of medicine and chapters of the books on homoeopathic philosophy.
5.2	Case taking: The purpose of homoeopathic case-taking is not merely the collection of disease symptoms from the patient but comprehending the patient as a whole, with the correct appreciation of the factors responsible for the genesis and maintenance of illness. Hahnemann's concept and method of case-taking, as stated in Organon is to be stressed. Case receiving-perceiving techniques and symptoms-grading needs to be introduced and discussed. The prerequisite of the physical environment & of the physician also needs to be outlined.
5.3	Case processing: This includes-
5.3.1	Analysis of Symptoms
5.3.2	Evaluation of Symptoms
5,3.3	Totality of symptoms
5.3.4	Susceptibility
,	Term II
6.	Record Keeping (Aphorism 104)*
7.	Various Systems of Medicine (Aphorisms 52-70)*
8.	Causation: Thorough comprehension of the evolution of disease, taking into account pre-disposing, fundamental, exciting and maintaining causes.
9.	Individuality- individualization- its process
10.	Anamnesis- evolution of disease
11.	Disease-its progress- complex disease relation with miasm
12.	Introduction to the concept of suppression

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

#### 5. Teaching hours

#### 5.1. Gross division of teaching hours

Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic Philosophy										
Year	Teaching hours- Lectures	Teaching hours- Non-lectures								
II BHMS	150	100								

#### 5.2 Teaching hours theory

SI. No	List of Topics	Hours
1.	Natural Disease vs Artificial Disease	05
2	The Correctness of Homoeopathic Therapeutic Law of Nature	20
3	Classification of Diseases with introduction to Miasm	20
4	Case Taking (Aphorisms 83-103)	20
5	Symptomatology	07
6	Case taking (Homoeopathic Philosophy)	12
7	Case processing	15
8	Various systems of Medicine	15
9	Record Keeping	02
N10	Causation	15

# Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

11	Anamnesis-evolution of disease,	16
	Disease its progress-complex disease,	
	Individualization-its process,	
	Susceptibility- types and factors modifying it	
12	Introduction to the concept of suppression	3
	Total	150

#### 5.3. Teaching hours Non-lecture

Sr. No	Non-Lecture Activity	Term	Time Allotted per Activity (Hours)
1	Clinical(to be integrated with topics under Pathology, Practice of Medicine, Surgery and ObGy)	I & II	75.
2	Demonstrative	I & II	25
2(a)	Seminar / Tutorials	•	10
2(b)	Problem based learning/ Case Based Learning		. 10
2(c)	Assignment/ Symposium / Group discussion		5
	Total		100

Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy Subject code: HomUG-OM-II Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

### 6. Competencies tables

6.1 Natural disease vs artificial disease (Aphorism 28-33)

Sl. No	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM		sment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert			F	S	
HomUG-	K& S	K	Aphorism	Define modus	Cognitive	Must	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	Spiral
OM-II	НО		28-33	opernadi of	Understand	Know	Small	SAQ	SAQ,	Pharmacy
1.1				homoeopathic	and interpret		Group		Viva	
			Artificial	cure	Level II		Discussion			
HomUG-			disease is	Define and						
OM-II			stronger	differentiate						
1.2		-	than	between						
			Natural	Natural and						
		!	disease	Artificial			-			
				Disease						-
HomUG-				Identify factors						
ОМ-П				differentiating						
1.3				Natural &						
				Artificial						
				Disease	·					
HomUG-		,		Compare the						
OM-II				strength of			ļ			
1.4				Natural Disease						
				vis-à-vis						
				Artificial						
				Disease						1
				Discase						:
HomUG-				Justify the						
OM-II		.4		superiority of						į
1.5		and the second second		Artificial						
200	D21/			Disease	,					
Marie Marie										
,	A John State of the State of th	L.,			3 My en	L	·( <del>)</del>	.J	9 6	ycrA.

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

# 6.2 The correctness of Homeopathic therapeutic law of nature (Aphorisms 34-51)

SI. No	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Asses	sment	Integration
21. 140	Competency	, , , , , , ,	Contone		Guilbert			F	S	
HomUG- OM-II 2.1	K & S HO	K	Aphorism 34-35 Therapeuti c Law of Nature	Describe the factors needed to cure a disease	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ, Viva	
HomUG- OM-II 2.2		K	Aphorism 36-42 Discuss what happens when two dissimilar diseases meet in nature	Compare the different scenarios viz. Natural diseases meet, Natural and Artificial Disease meet	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ, Viva	
HomUG- OM-II 2.3		K	Aphorism 43-45 Discuss what happens when two Similar diseases meet in nature	Compare the scenarios viz. Natural diseases meet, Natural and Artificial	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ, Viva	

3. Junt 4.

6.32 -7 +8.Abg.

AA

o Sha

# Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy Subject code: HomUG-OM-II Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

HomUG- OM-II 2.4	K & S HO	K	Aphorism 45-46 Examples of Homeopat	List the examples of cure in nature	Cognitive Recall LevelI	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	SAQ	MCQ, SAQ, Viva	
HomUG- OM-II 2.5		K	Aphorism 47-49 Learning from Nature	Discuss the learning from the nature's examples of cure	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ, SAQ	SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
HomUG- OM-II 2.6		K	Aphorism 50 Hazardous Homoeopa thic Remedy	Discuss the effect of Natural diseases used for treating similar Natural Diseases	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ, SAQ	SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
HomUG- OM-II 2.7	,	·K	Aphorism 51 Advantage of Homoeopa thic medicines	Discuss artificial morbific agents and their advantage over natural diseases	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ, SAQ	SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Pharmacy (V) Materia Medica (V)

Subject code: HomUG-OM-Ji

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 6.3 Classification of disease (Hahnemannian classification of disease) with introduction of miasm (Aphorisms 71-82)

Sl. No	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM		sment	Integration
	Competency	•			Guilbert			F	S	
HomUG -OM-II 3.1 HomUG -OM-II 3.2	K & S HO	K	Aphorism 71 Homeopath ic System of Medicine	List the points necessary in the operation of curing  Discuss Hahnemann's classification of disease	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ Viva	Organon (Spiral) Aphorism 3
HomUG -OM-II 3.3		KH	Aphorism 72 General Survey of Diseases	Define Acute disease Define Chronic disease Illustrate with examples	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Caselet Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ Viva	Organon (Spiral) Vital force
HomUG -OM-II 3.4	K & S HO P C	K	Aphorism 73 Acute Diseases	List the types of acute diseases Illustrate with examples of each	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Caselet Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ SAQ Quiz	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva	Practice of Medicine (H/V)
HomUG -OM-II 3.5	ed /	K	Aphorism 74-76 Chronic Diseases	List examples of Chronic diseases Define Iatrogenic Disease with examples Management of Iatrogenic Diseases	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Caselet Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva	Modern Pharmacolog y.(H)

1.30 1. July roll

3 (YS)

11

10

· A

, Stry

# Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy Subject code: HomUG-OM-II Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

HomUG		K	Aphorism	Define	Cognitive	Must	Caselet	MCQ	MCQ	
-OM-II			77	Inappropriately	Understand	Know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ	•
3.6			Pseudo-	named chronic	ànd		Small		LAQ	
			chronic	diseases	interpret		Group		Viva	
			Diseases	List the causes	Level II		Discussion	ļ		
**************************************			WAR 100 LINE - 11 LINE - 1 LIN	of the same Examples						
HomUG	K & S	K	Aphorism	Define and	Cognitive	Must	Caselet	SAQ	MCQ	
-OM-II	НО		78	discuss true	Understand	Know	Lecture		SAQ	
3.7	P C		True	natural Disease	and		Small		LAQ	
			Chronic		interpret		Group	.	Viva	
			Diseases		Level II		Discussion			
HomUG		K	Aphorism	Define Miasm	Cognitive	Must	Caselet	SAQ	MCQ	Pathology
-OM-II			79	Recognise the	Understand	Know	Lecture		SAQ	(H)
3.8			Syphilis &	miasms	and		Small		LAQ	
			Sycosis	Identify the	interpret		Group		Viva	
	,			primary	Level II		Discussion			
				presentation of miasm						
HomUG		K	Aphorism	Identify the	Cognitive	Must	Caselet	SAQ	MCQ	Pathology
-OM-II			80-81	primary	Understand	Know	Lecture		SAQ	(H)
3.9			Psora	presentation of	and		Small		LAQ	
				Psora	interpret		Group		Viva	
	• •			List the types of	Level II		Discussion			
				presentations of						
				Psora						
				Summarise						444
				footnote 77						
İ				List the causes						
	Jan San San San San San San San San San S	a para		that influence		ļ				
	( OOL	and the same of th	ļ	transformation						
		ASPANAN .		of Pseva						
J.			سم		rou	1	· ()		10	yer)

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

HomUG -OM-II 3.10	 K	Aphorism 82 Managem ent of Chronic	Discuss the management of Chronic diseases	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must <sup>*</sup> Know	Caselet Lecture Small Group Discussion	SAQ	SAQ Viva	
		Diseases					<u>.</u>	1	

#### Case taking (Aphorisms 83-103)

CL NI-	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assess	ment	Integration
Sl. No	Competency	TVIIICX	Comone	220	Guilbert			F	S	
HomUG -OM-II 4.1	K & S HO P C	К.Н.	Aphorism 83 Prerequisites for case taking	List the prerequisites for case taking Discuss techniques to develop and improve on these	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion Case simulation	MCQ SAQ Viva	MCQ SAQ Viva	
HomUG -OM-II 4.2	K&S HO PC PBL CS	K KH SH	Aphorism 84-89 History taking	Explain the steps of case taking Discuss the dos and don'ts of case taking		Must Know	Lecture Case simulation Case discussion OPD/IPD in small groups	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ Viva	
HomUG -OM-II 4.3	K&S HO PBL	KH SH D	Aphorism 90 Physician's observation	List the various headings to observe in a patient		Must Know	Lecture Movies /clips	MCQ SAQ Check- list	MCQ SAQ Viva	Anatomy/ Physiology (Spiral)

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

			·	Discuss the importance of these observations Co-relate with Materia Medica and Repertory	interpret Level II Psychomot or Level I & II		Case simulation			Practice of Medicine (Horizontal) Materia Medica (H & S) Repertory (H & S)
HomUG -OM-II 4.4	K&S HO PBL	K KH	Aphorism 91 Original Unmodified Picture	Discuss the importance of noting the original form of disease	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Caselet	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ Viva	
HomUG -OM-II 4.5	K & S P C	K	Aphorism 92 Case taking in acute disease	Discuss the importance of case taking in acute cases	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion Caselet	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ Viva	
HomUG -OM-II 4.6	K & S HO P C PB L C S	K KH	Aphorism 93 Obvious cause of the Disease	Discriminate between various causes of sensitive nature Ask relevant questions	Affective Level I	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion Role play	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ Viva	Fundamentals of Psychology (S)
HomUG -OM-II 4.7	K&S HO PC CS	КH	Aphorism 94 General cause of the Disease	Plan the case taking to ascertain the maintaining cause if any	Cognitive Decision /Problem Solving Level III	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion Case simulation OPD/IPD	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ Viva	Aphorism 5 Organon (S)

# Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy Subject code: HomUG-OM-II Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

HomUG -OM-II 4.8	K & S HO P C	КН	Aphorism 95 Case taking in chronic disease	Design the case taking in chronic disease Evaluate the importance of accessory symptoms	Cognitive Decision /Problem Solving Level III	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion Case simulation OPD/IPD	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva	Fundamentals
HomUG -OM-II 4.9	K & S HO C S	К	Aphorism 96-97 Disposition s of patients in case taking	Differentiate the dispositions of patients while answering Differentiate between Hypochondriac s and Feigners (malingering) Analyse the reasons behind the disposition	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion Case simulation OPD/IPD	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ Viva	of Psychology (S) Symptomatol ogy Organon
HomUG -OM-II 4.10	K&S HO PB L CS	K	Aphorism 98 Demands of Case taking	Analyse the answers given by the friends and attendants Compare that with the patient's answer Listen to the patients' answers	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II  Affective Level I	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion Case simulation OPD/IPD	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ Viva	Psychology (S)
HomUG -OM-II 4.11	K & S HO	K	Aphorism 99	Discuss the advantages of case taking in		Must Know	Lecture	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ Viva	

Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy Subject code: HomUG-OM-II Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

			Case taking in acute disease	acute diseases vis-à-vis chronic case	interpret Level II		Small Group Discussion		THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	
HomUG -OM-II 4.12	K & S HO P C Community Health	K.	Aphorism 100-103 Case taking in epidemic and sporadic disease	Discuss the salient points of case taking in an epidemic or sporadic disease Differentiate between common and characteristic symptom in above cases Discuss the concept of Genus epidemicus	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ Viva	Organon (S)

Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 6.5 Symptomatology

GL NI.	Domain of	Mille	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priorit	TL	Asses	sment	Integration
Sl. No	Competenc	r	Consent		Guilbert	У	MM	F	S	
HomUG -OM-II 5.1 HomUG -OM-II 5.2 HomUG -OM-II 5.3	у К&S	K	Define Symptoms and their importance	Define Objective and subjective symptoms Enumerate different types of symptoms Explain symptoms according to Hahnemann's	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Class room lecture , Group discuss ions	MCQ SAQ	LAQ	Horizontal with Pathology  Vertical with POM, OBG, Surgery
HomUG -OM-II 5.4 HomUG -OM-II 5.5	K & S	K		Define Totality of symptoms  Explain types of modalities	Cognitive/ Understand & Interpret level II	Must	Class room lecture , Group discuss ions Caselet s		LAQ VIV A	

Jan 3 Just 4. 150

6.00 4

8. 4

lyex

10.500

Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy Subject code: HomUG-OM-II Year of Exam: 2027

Waximum marks:100

Theory: 100

HomUG -OM-II 5.6	K & S	K	Define Symptomatolog y in relevance with Dr. KENT	Understandin g the method of forming the TOS for prescribing Identify the nature and value of symptoms	Psychomotor / Problem Solving Level 1	Must Know	Caselet s PBL	SAQ	LAQ SAQ	Vertical with Repertory
HomUG -OM-II 5.7				Analysis of the case Explain the grade of symptoms of disease						
HomUG -OM-II 5.8				Explain the grade of symptoms of drug						

Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

#### 6.6 Case taking (Homoeopathic Philosophy)

Sl No	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assess	ment	Integration
7/4 1 10	Competency				Guilbert			F	S	ALL LANGUAGES
HomUG- OM-II 6.1	K & S HO P C	K	Roberts Ch 8 Case Taking	Discuss the essentials needed to be recorded in taking the case	Cognitive/ Level III	Must know	Lecture Tutorials	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva	Record keeping Organon (S)
HomUG- OM-II 6.2		SH		List the dos and don'ts of case taking						
HomUG- OM-II 6.3				Difference between acute and chronic case taking						
HomUG- OM-II 6.4	Dest /	K	Case taking Views of stalwarts	Explain View of Dr. J T Kent on Case Taking Explain View of Dr. Stuart Close on Case Taking						

4. And

6.70-7 9 8.56

). byest 10-525,

5. My und

3. June

Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy Subject code: HomUG-OM-II Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 6:7 Case processing

Sl. No	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assessir	ent	Integration
D2. 140	Competency	1		İ	Guilbert			·F	S	
HomUG- OM-II	K & S	KH SH D	Analysis	Define Analysis	Cognitive Level III	Must Know	Lecture Small Group	MCQ SAQ Checklist	MCQ SAQ LAQ	
7.1		ן ט		Identify different			Discussion	CHECKIIST	LAQ	
	PC			groups to			Case			
				analyse the symptoms			simulation OPD/IPD			
				Justify the analysis						
HomUG- OM-II			Evaluation	Define Evaluation	Cognitive Level III					
7.2	PBL			Justify and			<u></u>			
	PBL			defend the evaluated symptoms	,					
HomUG- OM-II 7.3		-	Investigation	Discuss the investigation Plan the case	Cognitive Level III					Pathology (H)
HomUG-			Diagnosis	Examine the	Cognitive Level III		j . ,			Practice of Medicine(H)
OM-II 7.4				case	Psychomotor Level I &II					NZCUICINC(XX)
HomUG- OM-II	K & S	K	Develop Portrait of	Define Disease	Cognitive/ Understand &	Must Know	Caselets / Classroom	MCQ SAQ	LAQ	Horizontal with Pathology,
7.5			Disease by integrating Halinemannian	portrait (Kent -Ch- 30), (Roberts- Ch-	Interpret level		discussion/ DOPS			Materia Medica, Repertory
		W.	concept	9),(Close- Ch-11, 12)	1					7 4

Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 6.8 Totality of symptoms

Sl. No	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assess	ment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert			F	S	
HomUG- OM-II 8	K & S	K	Develop Portrait of Disease by integrating Hahnemannian concept	Define Disease portrait  (Kent -Ch-30), (Roberts-Ch-9),(Close-Ch-11, 12)	Cognitive/ Understand & Interpret level II	Must Know	Caselets / Classroom discussion/ DOPS	MCQ SAQ	LAQ	Horizontal with Pathology, Materia Medica, Repertory

#### 6.9 Susceptibility

SI. No	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assess	ment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert			F	S	
HomUG-	K & S	K	Susceptibility	Define	Cognitive	Must	Lecture	MCQ		Organon (S)
OM-II				Susceptibility	Level II	Know		SAQ		
9.1	НО				,		Small	!		
HomUG-	-			Discuss the	Cognitive		Group			
OM-II	PC.			factors	Level II		Discussion			
9.2	CBL	İ		modifying			Case based			
	· .			susceptibility			Learning			
HomUG-				Predict the	Cognitive		Seminar/			
OM-II				susceptibility	Level III		Symposium			
9.3				of the patient						
		A Partie		to the drug						
r.				prescribed						

- 4. Jend

. my ud

672 7.

8. A. 9. by A

10. 5000

20

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 6.10 Record keeping

Sl. No	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Asses	sment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert		3 	F	S	T
HomUG- OM-II 10.1	K & S HO P C D	КН	Aphorism 104 Record keeping	Discuss the importance of Record keeping Legality of case record	Cognitive Decision /Problem Solving Level III	Must Know	Lecture OPD/ IPD Case simulation Project work	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva	<b>FMT (H)</b>
HomUG- OM-II 10.2	K & S	K.	Define Record Keeping	Define Record Keeping Explain Case Records	Cognitive/ Recall	Desire- able to know	Caselets DOPS	MCQ	SAQ	With Repertory

#### 6.11 Various systems of medicine

Sl. No	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	1	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Asses	sment	Integration
	Competency				i	Guilbert			F	S	
HomUG- OM-II 11.1	K&S HO	K	Aphorism 52 Chief Methods of Cure	List Discuss different methods Cure	and of	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion Seminars	MCQ SAQ Quiz	MCQ SAQ, Viva	Spiral Pharmacy
HomUG- OM-II 11.2	Sol	K	Aphorism 53 Homeopathic Method	Discuss Fundame Laws	the ntal	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	MustKnow	Lecture Small Group Discussion Seminars	MCQ SAQ Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	ORGANON (Spiral)

#### Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

			Application of Law of Cure							
HomUG- OM-II 11.3		. 1	Aphorism 54 Different forms / System of Medicines Allopathic Method	Compare the outcomes of Various theories	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion Seminars	MCQ SAQ Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	ORGANON (Spiral)
HomUG- OM-II 11.4	K & S HO	K	Aphorism 55-56 Palliation in Allopathy	Discuss the awareness of public to effect of palliative treatment	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion Seminars	MCQ, SAQ	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Modern Pharmacology (V) Medicine (V)
HomUG- OM-II 11.5		K ·	Aphorism 57-58 Symptomatic Treatment by Contraria	Explain the symptomatic treatment in contraria	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion Seminars	MCQ, SAQ	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Modern Pharmacology (V) Medicine (V)
HomUG- OM-II 11.6	Q.	К.	Aphorism 59 Injurious effects of antipathic Line of Treatment	Analyse the examples of effects of Antipathic line of treatment	interpret	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion Seminars	MCQ, SAQ	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Modern Pharmacology (V) Medicine (V)

4. Lend

6.02 7 4

Ø.

9. Mest

[0. SHE

5. My wol

22

3. Hours

## Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy Subject code: HomUG-OM-II Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

HomUG- OM-II 11.7	K & S HO	K	Aphorism 60 Palliation in Allopathy	Discuss the Hazard of increasing doses in palliative treatment	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ, SAQ	MCQ, SAQ Viva	Modern Pharmacology (V) Medicine (V), Gynaec (H), Surgery(H)
HomUG- OM-II 11.8		К	Aphorism 61 Utility of Homoeopathic treatment	Compare the utility of Homoeopathic & Allopathic treatment	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ, SAQ	MCQ, SAQ Viva	Modern Pharmacology (V) Medicine (V), Gynaec (H), Surgery(H)
HomUG- OM-II 11.9	K&S HO P C	K	Aphorism 62-63 Reason for injurious nature of the palliative and sole efficacy of homoeopathic medicine	Definc Primary and Secondary Action	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ, SAQ	MCQ, SAQ, Viva	
HomUG- OM-II 11.10		КН	Aphorism 64 Explanation of Primary and Secondary Action	Differentiate between Primary and Secondary Action	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ, SAQ	MCQ, SAQ, Viva	
HomUG- OM-H	)   Yezi /	Ř	Aphorism 65 Examples of Primary and	Illustrate with examples of Primary and	Cognitive Understand and	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ, SAQ	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ Viva	Modern Pharmacology (V) Medicine (V)

## Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy Subject code: HomUG-OM-II Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

			Secondary Action	Secondary Actions	interpret Level II	24 500 77 17 17				
HomUG- OM-II 11.12	K & S HO	K	Aphorism 66 Secondary Curative Action	Analyse the effect of smallest homoeopathic doses in secondary action	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ, SAQ	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ	, ,
HomUG- OM-II 11.13		K.	Aphorism 67 Define and explain Suspended Animation	Discuss the use of antipathic line of treatment in specific cases	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ, SAQ	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ	
HomUG- OM-II 11.14		KH	Aphorism 68 Analyse the efficacy of Minuteness of Homeopathic medicines in cure	Application of Law of Minimum	Cognitive Understand and interpret Level II	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ, SAQ	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ	Organon (S)
HomUG- OM-II 11.15	K & S HO	K	Aphorism 69 Hurtfulness of Antipathic Treatment	Evaluate the effect of Antipathic line of treatment	and	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ, SAQ	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ	Modern Pharmacology (H) Medicine (V)
HomUG- OM-II 11.16	K&S HO	K	Aphorism 70 Summary of Homeopathic system of Medicine	List the inferences derived from the Aphorisms 1-70	Understand	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	MCQ, SAQ	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ	

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 6.10 Causation

Sl. No	Domain of	Mille	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assess	ment	Integratio
	Competency	r	·		Guilbert			F	S	n
HomUG- OM-II 12.1	K & S	K	Etiology Concept of Disease	Recall the various concept of disease	Cognitive Level II Understan d and	Must know	Lectures Small group Discussio	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva	Organon (S)
HomUG- OM-II 12.2	K & S		Biological Concept of disease	Discuss the biological concept of disease	Interpret	Desirabl e to know	n			Pathology (H)
HomUG- OM-II 12.3	C S	· ·	Environmenta l and Constitutional Factors	Discuss the concept of stress/ strain / Conflict		Must know				Psycholog y (S) Personality Adaptation
HomUG- OM-II 12.4	P C		Importance of diagnosis in Homeopathy	List the importance of diagnosis in daily practice		Must know				Practice of Medicine (H & V)
HomUG- OM-II 12.5			Concept of causation & relating it with homoeopathy	Define fundamental(miasm ), exciting & maintaining cause	Cognitive Level II Understan d and Interpret	Must know	Lectures Small group Discussio n	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva	Horizontal with Pathology, Materia Medica, Repertory
HomUG- OM-II 12.6	K & S and Scholarship	K	Classification of Disease	Classification of disease as per Hahnemann and other stalwarts like Sarkar	Cognitive/ Understand & Interpret level II	Must Know	Classroom discussion Case Based Learning	MCQ SAQ	LAQ	

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 6.11 Introduction to the evolutionary concept of miasm

Sl. No	Domain of Competency	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	TL MM	Assessi	nent	Integrati on
	Competency			•	Gunsor			F	S	
HomUG- OM-II 13.1	K & S	K.	Discovery of Miasm Definition of Miasm Primary basic features of Miasm	Relate to Hahnemann's journey to discover the concept ofmiasm in chronic diseases	Cognitiv e Level II Understa nd and Interpret	Desirabl e to know	Lecture Small group discussion	MCQSA Q	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva	Organon (S)
HomUG-OM-II 13.2  HomUG-OM-II 13.3	K & S	K	Hahnemann classification of disease	Define Halmemann's concept of miasm  Explain pathological consideration and general survey of disease Halmemann's theory of Chronic Disease & bacteriology Acute miasm		Must Know	Class room lecture / Small group Discussions / Caselets	MCQ SAQ	LAQ	Horizontal with Pathology
HomUG- OM-II 13.4 HomUG- OM-II 13.5	K&S	K	Miasm	Explain characteristic of Psora  Explain characteristic of Sycosis	Cognitive / Understan d & Interpret level II	Desirable to know	Classroom discussion/ group discussions	MCQ SAQ	LAQ	

Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy Subject code: HomUG-OM-II Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

HomUG- OM-II 13.6				Explain characteristic of Syphilis Foot note: 74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80						
HomUG-OM-II 13.7  HomUG-OM-II 13.8	K & S	. К	Understanding chronic disease in view of pathogenesis	Co- relate laboratory investigation with evolution of pathology and miasm  Co- relate microbiology & homocopathy with miasm	Cognitive / Understan d & Interpret level II	Desirable to know	Caselets / Classroom discussion/	MCQ SAQ	LAQ	Horizontal with Pathology
HomUG- OM-II 13.9	K & S	K	Miasm & Pathology	Correlation of homocopathy to pathology with reference to Dr. Kent, Close, Roberts	/ Understan	Nice to know	Classroom discussion/	MCQ SAQ	LAQ	

Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 6.12 Individuality

Sl. No	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assess	ment	Integration
31.110	Competency	11222	- COMPONIE		Guilbert	J		F	S	
HomUG-	K&S	K	Life, Health	Define Individuality	Cognitive	Must	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	Pathology
OM-II 14.1			& Disease		Level II Understand	know	Small	SAQ	SAQ LAQ	Practice of Medicine
HomUG- OM-II				Describe factors contributing to	and Interpret		Group Discussion		Viva	Materia Medica
14.2				individualise a patient			Case based			
HomUG- OM-II 14.3		,		Discuss with examples			Learning Seminar			

#### 6.13 Anamnesis- evolution of disease

Sl. No	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	TL MM	Assess	ment	Integration
31. 110	Competency	11211101			Guilbert		}	F	S	
HomUG- OM-II 15.1	K & S	K	History of Disease and its evolution	Define Anamnesis	Cognitive Level II Understand and Interpret	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussion Case based Learning Seminar	MCQ SAQ	MCQ SAQ LAQ Viva	Pathology Practice of Medicine Materia Medica
HomUG- OM-II 15.2	Cle			Define evolution of disease process and prognosis of disease	1					

4. Linal

6.20 7 8.

6, 0

legal 10 stim

5-my w5

28

3 Falms

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 6.14 Disease-its progress- complex disease relation with miasm

SI. No	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO	Bioom/	Priority	TL MM	Asses	sment	Integration
	Competency				Guilbert	1		F	S	
HomUG- OM-II 16.1	K&S	K	Progression of disease	Define Complex disease	Cognitive Level II Understand	Must know	Lecture Small	SAQ	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ,	Organon
HomUG- OM-II 16.2				Discuss progression of disease in relation with - Psora (Functional Changes) - Sycosis (Infiltration) - Syphylis (Destruction)	and Interpret		Group Discussion Case based Learning Seminar		VIVA	

3. Janet

6.22 2 8 6. St. 9. West

1. 52

5. mus

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II Year of Exam: 2027

#### Introduction to the concept of suppression

Sl. No	Domain of	Miller	Content	SLO		Bloom/	Priority	TI, MM	Asses	sment	Integration
, -	Competency					Guilbert	· ·		F	S	
HomUG- OM-II 17.1 HomUG- OM-II	K & S HO P C		Suppression Causes Effects and Management	Define Suppression Enumerate to types and cause of Suppression	ihe ses	Cognitive Level II Understand and Interpret	Nice to Know	Lecture Caselet Case based Lerarning	MCQ SAQ	SAQ	Pathology (H)
17.2 HomUG- OM-II 17.3				Discuss t	the of						
HomUG- OM-II 17.4				Explain t management	the						

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 7. Teaching learning methods

Lectures (Theory)	Non-lectures (Practical)
Lectures	Clinical demonstration
Small group discussion	Problem based group discussion
Integrated lectures	Case based learning
Assignments	Tutorials
Library reference	Seminars
	Symposium
	Assignments
	Self-learning

There have to be classroom lectures, small group discussions, case discussions where case-based learning (CBL) and problem-based learning (PBL) are especially helpful.

Audiovisual (AV) methods for classroom teaching may be an innovative aid in order to demonstrate the related graphics and animations etc. In the case of clinical demonstration - DOAP (Demonstration - Observation - Assistance - Performance) is very well applicable.

#### 8. Details of assessment

#### 8.1 Overall Scheme of Assessment (Summative)

Sr. No	Professional Course	Term	I (1-6 Months)	Term II (7-12 Months)				
1	Second Professional BHMS	PAI (end of 3 mouths)	TT I (end of 6 months)	PAII (end of 9 months)	FUE (end of 12	months)		
		10 Marks Viva	i) Viva voce -25 marks	10 Marks Viva	100 marks theory	100 marks (Clinical/practical+ Viva+ IA)		
	3. (finally 4.	mus	6.70 31	7 7 6	A.	Cych 6 som		

Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100 Theory: 100

	The state of the s
·	ii) Clinical
	performance - 25
	marks
	Case taking and
•	analysis and
	evaluation

#### 8.2 Number of papers and marks distribution for Final University Examination (FUE)

Sr. No.	Course Code	Papers	Theory	Practical/	Clinical	Viva Voce	Internal Assessment**	Grand Total
1	HomUG-OM-II	01	100 marks	50 marks		40 marks	10 marks	200 marks
				i) ii)	Case taking- 10 marks Case		(Marks of PA I + TT I + PA II)	
				iii)	processing-25 marks Case			
		- - DP/		iv)	presentation- 5 marks Journal*-10 marks			

<sup>&</sup>quot;Journal with 10 cases needs to be maintained by the students which should include

Case Taking, Case Processing -Analysis & Evaluation, Investigations, Probable Diagnosis, Classification of disease in that case, Susceptibility

\*\*Method of Calculation of Internal Assessment Marks for Final University Examination:

Marks of A-

(Marks of PA-1 + Marks of TT + Marks of PA-2) / 70 X 10

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II Year of Exam: 2027 Naximum marks:100 Theory: 100

8.3 Paper Layout

Summative assessment (FUE):

Theory- 100 marks

MCQ	10 marks
SAQ	40 marks
LAQ	50 marks

#### 8.4 Distribution of questions for theory exam

Sr. No	Paper	D						
	·			Type of Questions				
, w	A :	В	. · C	MCQ	SAQ	LAQ		
	List of Topics	Term	Marks	(1 Mark)	(5Marks)	(10 Marks)		
l .	Aphorism 28- 70 and 83-104	I & II	Refer to table 8.5 below	4	2	2		
2	Case taking -receiving-perceiving techniques prerequisites of physician,	I & II	813 DEIOW	2	2	1		
	Symptomatology, Analysis, Evaluation, Totality of Symptoms	,						

3 ( Jun 4 500)

6.22 ]

9. WH

. 5454

Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy Subject code: HomUG-OM-II Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

3	Classification of disease with introduction to miasm (Aphorism 71-82); Its correlation with pathogenesis and Homocopathic management	I	2	1	1
4	Anamnesis-evolution of disease,	п		2	
	Disease its progress-complex disease, Individualization-its process,				
	Susceptibility: types and factors modifying it				
5.	Causation; Introduction to the concept of suppression	П		1	1 .

#### 8.5 Theme-wise distribution

No	Chapter/ Topic	Term	Theme	Marks	LAQ	SAQ	MCQ
1	Aphorism 28-104	1&11	. A	34	20	10	4
2	Case taking -receiving-perceiving techniques prerequisites of physician, Symptomatology, Analysis, Evaluation, Totality of Symptoms	1&11	В	22	10	10	2
3	Classification of Disease with respect to Pathogenesis, miasm and correlation with homeopathic management	I	С	17	10	5	2
4	Anamnesis-evolution of disease,  Disease its progress-complex disease, Individualization-its process,  Susceptibility: types and factors modifying it	11	D	12		10	2
5	Causation; Introduction to the concept of suppression	11	Е	15	10	5	

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 8.6 Question paper blueprint

A Question Serial Number	B Type of Question	Question Paper Format (Refer Table 8.5 for themes)
Q.1	Multiple choice Questions (MCQ)	1. Theme A 2. Theme A
	10 Questions I mark each All compulsory Must know part: 7	<ul><li>3. Theme A</li><li>4. Theme A</li><li>5. Theme B</li><li>6. Theme B</li></ul>
, <del>-</del> .	Desirable to know :3 Nice to know: Nil	7. Theme C 8. Theme C 9. ThemeD 10. ThemeD
Q.2.	Short answer Questions (SAQ) 8 Questions	<ol> <li>Theme A</li> <li>Theme A</li> <li>Theme B</li> </ol>
•	5 marks each All Compulsory Must know part:5 Desirable to Know: 2 Nice to know:1	<ul> <li>4. Theme B</li> <li>5. Theme C</li> <li>6. ThemeD</li> <li>7. ThemeD</li> <li>8. Theme E</li> </ul>
Q.3	Long answer Questions (LAQ) 5 Questions	<ol> <li>Theme A</li> <li>Theme A</li> <li>Theme B</li> </ol>
	10 marks each All Compulsory Must know part:3	4. Theme C 5. Theme E
	Desirable to Know: 2 Nice to know: Nil	

Subject: Organon of Medicine and Homeopathic Philosophy

Subject code: HomUG-OM-II

Year of Exam: 2027

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 9. List of recommended text/reference books

- Hahnemann Samuel, Organon of Medicine 6th edition translated By W. Boericke
- Hahncmann Samuel, Organon of Medicine 5th & 6th combined edition translated By R. E. Dudgeon
- Kent J.T. Lectures on Homoeopathic Philosophy
- Roberts H. A. The Principle and Art of Cure By Homoeopathy
- Close Stuart, The Genius of Homoeopathy Lectures and Essay on Homoeopathic Philosophy
- Sarkar B. K., Commentary on Organon
- Das A. K., A Treatise on Organon of Medicine, Chronic Diseases and Homoeopathic Philosophy 3<sup>rd</sup> edition
- Schmidt Pierre, The Art of Case Taking and Interrogation
- Goel Sumit, A study on Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic Philosophy

#### 10. List of Contributors

- I. Dr. Prabhakar Devadiga, MD (Hom), Professor and HOD Smt. Chandaben Mohanbhai Patel Homeopathic Medical College, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400056
- II. Dr. S. M. Sharma, MD (Hom) Professor, Department of Organon and Principal, Dr. Madan Pratap Khunteta Homeopathic Medical College, Jaipur, Rajasthan
- III. Dr. Neeraj Gupta, MD (Hom) Officiating Principal and HOD Dr. B. R. Sur Homeopathic Medical College Hospital Research Centre, Nankpura, Moti Baug, New Delhi 110021

4. Jarl

3. Jugus

6. 20 ) \$ 8 1

10. 25

Subject code: HomUG-R-II

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

Subject Name- Homoeopathic Repertory and Case Taking Subject Code: HomUG-R-II

#### Index

S.No	Description	Page Number
1.	Preamble	2
2.	Course Outcomes (CO)	3
3.	Learning Objectives (LO)	4
4.	Course Content And Term -wise Distribution	4
5.	Teaching Hours	5-6
6.	Content Mapping	7-13 .
7.	Teaching Learning Methods	14
8.	Details of Assessment	15-16
9.	List of Recommended Books	16
10.	List of Contributors	16-17

3 - The

6,00

lh

a. A

1

3 Cycof 10 Sain

Subject code: HomUG-R-II

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 1. Preamble

The repertory is a dictionary or storehouse or an index to the huge mass of symptoms of the Materia Medica. The repertory is organized in a practical form indicating the relative gradation of drugs. Repertories not only contain symptoms of proving but also clinical and pathological symptoms found in the Materia Medica and additions made by authors based on their clinical experience. As no mind can memorize all the symptoms of the Materia Medica with their relative grading, repertories serve as an instrument at the disposal of the physician for sifting through the maze of symptoms of the vast Materia Medica. Case taking is the elementary mode of collecting data from the patient and the principles and techniques of case taking will demand constant updating of knowledge of the disease processes and way of interacting with human beings.

Need of the repertory as a tool arose when the number of remedies went on increasing and it was becoming humanly difficult to remember all the symptoms. A simple solution was to index the symptoms with the name of the drug. Repertories aim at simplifying the work of the physician to find the indicated remedy by eliminating the non-indicated remedies. Repertorisation is not the end but means to arrive to the simillimum and reference to Materia Medica based on sound principles of Philosophy is the final court of appeal.

Each repertory has been compiled on the basis of distinct philosophy, structure and utility. To use these instruments effectively, one must understand thoroughly its conceptual base, construction and utility and limitations. Even though there are a number of repertories, the student at the undergraduate level is expected to learn the philosophy and application of basic core repertories namely Kent, BBCR and BTPB. The subject of Repertory must not be taught in isolation but must be taught in horizontal integration with Anatomy and Physiology in I BHMS, Pathology in II BHMS, Surgery and Gynaecology in III BHMS and Practice of Medicine in IV BHMS and vertically integrated with Materia Medica and Organon and Homoeopathic Philosophy in all the years. Integrated teaching over all the years will help the student to grasp and understand the subjects better and connect repertory to all other subjects.

Similarly, case taking demands virtually integrating all the subjects taught from the I through IV BHMS in the consulting room or at the bedside. The physician can never say that he has learnt all every new patient has a new lesson to teach.

The advent of computerization and resulting software has opened many new avenues to collate and correlate the vast information found in the Materia Medica through the repertories. Continued exploration of these connections will generate new data, new repertories and

the new application to existing or new illnesses.

7.0. 8.7

We-

ligary 10. Som

Subject code: HomUG-R-II

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 2. Course outcomes

At the end of BHMS course, the learner will be able to:

- i. Explain the need and utility of repertory as a tool to find the similimum and in the study of Materia Medica.
- ii. Describe the philosophical backgrounds, construction, utility and limitation of Kent repertory, BTBP, BBCR, Boericke repertory, other clinical repertories and modern repertories.
- iii. Able to describe the various dimension of case taking and able to demonstrate case taking in moderate and difficult cases.
- iv. Classify the symptoms, evaluate the symptoms according to their importance and construct the totality of symptoms based on different philosophies (DrKent, Dr Boenninghausen, Dr Hahnemann, Garth Boericke).
- v. Choose an appropriate approach for the case, construct the Repertorial Totality and select the appropriate rubrics and technique of repertorisation.
- vi. Identify the medium, method, process and technique of repertorization.
- vii. Display empathy with the patient and family during case taking.
- viii. Communicate to the patient and attendants the need for sharing patient related information for a complete homoeopathic case taking.
- ix. Develop ability to apply different case taking skills.
- x. Search for the appropriate rubrics in different repertory.
- xi. Understanding and evolution of modern repertories, computerized repertories, operate and use software-based repertories for repertorization.

6.DP

7.6

8.4

3

9. Cipal 10. Sand

Subject code: HomUG-R-II

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 3. Learning objectives

At the end of II BHMS, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Describe the steps of case taking in acute and chronic cases
- 2. Perform simple case taking in acute and chronic case under guidance
- 3. Illustrate the structure of Boericke repertory
- 4. Locate different pathological rubrics from Boericke repertory and Kent's repertory

#### 4. Course content and its term-wise distribution(theory)

#### 4.1 Case Taking (Term I)

- 4.1.1 Demonstration of Homoeopathic case taking in simple, acute and chronic cases (refer to the table in Annex-A at the end defining category of the cases)
- 4.1.2 Instructions given in Organon regarding case taking

#### 4.2 Correlation of Repertory with Disease and Pathology (Term II)

- 4.2.1 Introduction to Boericke's repertory
- 4.2.2 Representation of different pathologies and pathogenesis in Boericke and Kent repertory
- 4.2.3 Understanding holistic concept of disease, constitution, diathesis, susceptibility and temperament

3 Shouth 19nd

6.00

7.6

8- A

9. Great la. Sags

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 5. Teaching hours

#### 5.1. Gross division of teaching hours

Homoeopathic Repertory and Case Taking								
Year	Teaching hours- Lectures	Teaching hours- Non-lectures						
II BHMS	50	30						

#### 5.2. Teaching hours theory

S. No.	List of Topics	Hours ( Total 50 hrs)		
	Term I			
1.	Demonstration of Homoeopathic case taking in simple acute cases	09		
2.	Demonstration of Homoeopathic case taking in simple chronic cases	08		
3.	Instruction given in Organon regarding case taking	. 05		
	Total	22		
	Term II			
4.	Introduction to Boericke repertory	10		
5.	Representation of different pathologies and pathogenesis in Boericke and Kent repertory	06		
Delwit 6.	Understanding holistic concept of disease, constitution, diathesis, susceptibility and temperament	12		
Mal	Total Q	28		

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 5.3. Teaching hours Non-lecture

Sr. No	Non-Lecture Activity	Hours							
	Term I								
1	Clinical	15							
2	Demonstrative								
2(a)	Seminar / Tutorials	01							
2(b)	Problem based learning/ Case Based Learning	02							
2(c)	Assignment/ Symposium / Group discussion	02							
	Term II								
1	Clinical	. 05							
2	Demonstrative								
2(a)	Seminar / Tutorials	01							
2(b)	Problem based learning/ Case Based Learning	01							
2(c)	Assignment/ Symposium / Group discussion// Rubric hunting exercises	03							
NA	Total	30							

Subject code: HomUG-R-II

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 6. Content mapping

### 6.1. Topic: - Demonstration of Homoeopathic Case Taking in simple acute cases (importance & its application) and instructions given in Organon regarding case taking

	Domain of	Miller's			Bloom/		Teaching-	Assess	ment	
Sl. No.	Competency	level	Content	SLO	Guilbert	Priority	Learning Method/Media	F.	S	Integration
Hom UG-R- II-2.1	К/НО	Knows		Define an acute Disease	Cognitive/ Level - I Remembers/ Recalls	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	SAQ Viva- voce	777000	
Hom UG-R- II-2.2	К/НО	Knows	Acquiring knowledge,	Classify diseases as per Hahnemann's Philosophy	Cognitive/ Level -1 Remembers/ Recalls	Desirable to Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	SAQ Viva- voce		Horizontal integration
Hom UG-R- II-2.3	К/НО	Knows	skill and attitude about patient and doctor communication and examination in simple acute	State the Aphorisms dealing with Acute Case Taking and classification of acute disease	Cognitive/ Level -1 Remembers/ Recalls	Must know	Lecture Integrated discussion	SAQ Viva- voce		with Organon of Medicine  Spiral Integration in III & IV BHMS
Hom UG-R-	К/НО/РС	Knows how	disease	Explain the basic structure of case taking. List the steps of case taking in simple acute cases	Cognitive/ Level -1 Remembers/ Recalls	Must know	Lecture Integrated discussion	SAQ Viva- voce		

& A

7

- Cyceft

ر بنادی،

Subject code: HomUG-R-II

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

		<u> </u>					Teaching-	Assess	ment	
Sl. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller's level	Content	SLO	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	Learning Method/Media	F	S	Integration
Hom UG-R- II-2.5	К/НО/РС	Shows how		Demonstration of simple acute case taking	Psychomotor Level -1 Interpret/ Decide/ DemonstrateC ognitive/ Level - 2understand/ describe	Desirable	Clinical Class Small Group Discussion (I	SAQ Viva- voce		Horizontal integration with Pathology & Practice of Medicine
Hom UG-R- II-2.6	К/НО/РС	Shows how		Observe the skills of clinical examination of simple acute case	Psychomotor Level -1 Interpret/ Decide/ Demonstrate	Desirable	Clinical Class Small Group Discussion	SAQ Viva- voce		Spiral Integration in III & IV BHMS

### 6.2. Topic: - Demonstration of Homoeopathic Case Taking in simple Chronic cases (importance & its application) and instructions given in Organon regarding Case Taking

Sl. No.	Domain of Compete	Miller's level	Content	SLO	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	Teaching- Learning Method/Media	Assess t	men S	Integration
Hom UG-R- w/11-2.7	к/но	Knows	Acquiring knowledge, skill and attitude about	Define a Chronic Disease as per Hahnemann's Philosophy	Cognitive/ Level -1 Remembers/ Recalls	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	SAQ Viva - voce	<b>—</b> .	Horizontal integration with Organon of Medicine,

6.70

J. A.

8 20

}- Cyex 10.52

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

Sl. No.	Domain of Compete	Miller's	Content	SLO	Bloom/	Priority	Teaching- Learning	Assessmen		Integration	
	ney	level		ļ	Guilbert		Method/Media	F	S	integration	
Hom UG-R- II-2.8	К/НО	Knows	patient and doctor communication and	Classify chronic diseases as per Hahnemann's Philosophy	Cognitive/ Level -1 Remembers/ Recalls	Desirable to Know	Lecture Small Group Discussion	SAQ Viva - voce	_	Spiral Integration in	
Hom UG-R- II-2.9	К/НО	Knows	examination in chronic disease	List the aphorisms dealing with Chronic Case Taking	Cognitive/ Level -1 Remembers/ Recalls	Must know	Lecture Integrated discussion	SAQ Viva - voce	Menne	III & IV BHMS	
Hom UG-R- II-2.10	К/НО/РС	Knows how		Explain the basic structure of chronic case taking. List the steps of chronic case taking	Cognitive/ Level -1 Remembers/ Recalls	Must know	Lecture Integrated discussion	SAQ Viva - voce			
Hom UG-R- II-2.11	К/НО/РС	Shows how	·	Demonstration of case taking simple chronic cases	Psychomotor Level -1 Interpret/ Decide/ Demonstrate	Desirabl e	Lecture/ Clinical Class Small Group Discussion Integrated discussion	SAQ Viva - voce	-	Horizontal integration with Organon of Medicine, Path	
Hom UG-R- II-2.12	K/HO/PC	Shows		Observe the skills of clinical examination of simple chronic case	Psychomotor Level -1 Interpret/ Decide/ Demonstrate Cognitive/ Level -2 understand/ describe	Desirabl e	Clinical Class Small Group Discussion	SAQ Viva - voce	_	ology & Practice of Medicine  Spiral Integration in III & IV BHMS	

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 6.3. Topic: - Introduction to Boericke's Repertory

Sl.	Domain of	Miller's			Dia/		Teaching-	Asses	sment	Integrati
No.	Competency	level	Content	SLO	Bloom/ Guilbert	Priority	Learning Method/Media	F	S	Integrati on
Hom UG- R-II- 3.1	К/НО	Knows	,	Discuss the life history of Oscar Boericke with reference to his contributions to repertory	Cognitive/ Level -1 Remembers/ Recalls	Nice to Know	Lecture	Viva - voce		Horizonta I integratio
Hom UG- R-II- 3.2	К/НО	Knows	-	Outline the Plan of Boericke's Repertory	Cognitive/ Level -1 Remembers/ Recalls	Desirable to Know	Lecture Rubric Hunting	SAQ Viva - voce		n with Organon of Medicine
Hom UG- R-II- 3.3	К/НО	Knows	Acquiring knowledg e about	Describe the Construction of Boericke's Repertory	Cognitive/ Level -1 Remembers/ Recalls	Must know	Lecture Rubric Hunting	SAQ Viva  voce		
Hom UG- R-II- 3.4	К/НО	Knows	Boericke' s Repertory	Explain the Importance of knowledge of pathology and clinical medicine for using Boericke's Repertory	Cognitive/ Level -2 Remembers/ Recalls	Desirable to Know	Lecture Rubric, Hunting	SAQ Viva - voce	_	Horizontal integration with Organon of Medicine, Pathology,
Hom UG- R-II- 3.5	К/НО	Knows how		Mention the Scope, Limitation & adaptability of Boericke's Repertory	Cognitive/ Level -2 Understands	Desirable	Lecture Rubric Hunting	SAQ Viva - voce		Practice of Medicine Spiral Integration in III & IV BHMS

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

### 6.4. Topic: - Representation of different pathologies and pathogenesis in Boericke and Kent

SI.	Domain of	Miller's	Content	CT O	Bloom/		Teaching-	Assessn	ient	
No.	Competency	level	Content	SLO	Guilbert	Priority	Learning Method/Media	F	S	Integration
Hor UG- R-II 4.1	. K/HO	Knows How	Identifying Representation of different	Identify the rubrics representing different pathologies and pathogenesis in Boericke repertory	Cognitive/ Level -1 Remembers/ Recalls	Desirable to Know	Lecture Rubric Hunting	MCQ Quiz		Horizontal integration with Pathology,
Hon UG- R-II- 4.2	K/HO	Knows How	pathologies and pathogenesis in Boericke and Kent Repertory	Identify the rubrics representing different pathologies and pathogenesis in Kent repertory	Cognitive/ Level -1 Remembers/ Recalls	Desirable to Know	Lecture Rubric Hunting	MCQ Quiz		Practice of Medicine Spiral Integration in III & IV BHMS

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 6.5. Topic: - Understanding holistic concept of disease, miasm, constitution, diathesis, susceptibility and temperament in **Boericke and Kent Repertory**

					Bloom/		Teaching-	Assessn	ent	
SI. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller, s level	Content	SLO	Guilbe rt	Priorit y	Learning Method/ Media	F	S	Integration
Hom UG- R-II- 5.1	К/НО	Knows	Understanding	Discuss the holistic concept of Health with relation to the study of repertory	Cogniti ve/ Level - 1 Underst ands	Desirab le to Know	Lecture	Viva- voce		Horizontal integration with Organon of
Hom UG- R-II- 5.2	К/НО	Knows	the representation of constitution, diathesis, susceptibility and temperament in Boericke and Kent Repertory	Discuss the concept of Disease with relation to the study of repertory	Cogniti ve/ Level - 1 Underst ands	Desirab le to Know	Lecture	Viva- voce		Medicine, Pathology, Practice of Medicine
Hom UG- R-II- 5.3	К/НО	Knows		Define Constitution, diathesis, susceptibility& Temperament	Cogniti ve/ Level - 2 Underst ands & interpre t	Desirab le to Know	Lecture	Viva- voce		Spiral Integration in III & IV BHMS

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

C.	<b>D</b>	35.47.211	}	,	Bloom/		Teaching-	Assessment			
SI. No.	Domain of Competency	Miller, s level	s level Content SLO Guilbe rt Priorit	Learning Method/ Media	F	S	Integration				
Hom UG- R-II- 5.4	'К/НО	Knows How		Identify the rubrics representing different constitution, diathesis, susceptibility and temperament in Boericke repertory	Cognitive/ Level - 2 Understands & interpret	Desirab le to Know	Lecture Rubric Hunting	MCQ Quiz			
Hom UG- R-II- 5.5	К/НО	Knows How		Identify the rubrics representing different constitution, diathesis, susceptibility and temperament in Kent repertory	Cogniti ve/ Level - 2 Underst ands & Interpre	Desirab le to Know	Lecture Rubric Hunting	MCQ Quiz			

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 7. Teaching Learning Methods

Non-lectures (Practical/Demonstrative)
Clinical Class
Rubric hunting exercises
Case based learning
Seminar
Tutorial
Group Discussion

Subject code: HomUG-R-II

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### 8. Details of assessment

Note- The assessment in IIBHMS shall be done only as Internal Assessment (IA) in terms of Periodical Assessments (PA) and Term Tests (TT) as detailed below. There shall not be any Final University Examination (FUE) at this level. The marks obtained in IA during IIBHMS will be added to the marks of IA in the IIIBHMS University Examination.

Overall Scheme of Internal Assessment (IA)\*

Professional Course/ Subject	Te	rm I (1-6 Months)	Term II (7-12 Months)				
II BHMS/ Repertory	PA I (end of 3 months)	TT I (end of 6 months)	PA II (end of 9 months)	TT II (end of 12 months)			
	10 Marks Viva- A	50 Marks Clinical/Practical and Viva - E	10 Marks Viva- B	50 Marks Clinical/Practical and Viva - F Viva voce -25 marks			
		<ul> <li>i) Viva voce -25 marks</li> <li>ii) Clinical/practical- 25</li> <li>a. Recording of Simple acute case - 20 marks</li> <li>b. Analyse the case for acute and chronic disease as per Hahnemann's</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>i) Clinical/practical- 25</li> <li>a. Recording of Simple chronic case-15 marks</li> <li>c. Analyse the case for acute and chronic disease as per Hahnemann's classification of disease - 05 marks</li> </ul>			
Durch	6.00	classification of disease - 05 marks		b. Locate the rubrics for pathologies in Boericke & Kent's repertory- 05 marks			

a. A

15

3 byest

Subject code: HomUG-R-II

Year of Exam: 2028

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### \*Method of Calculation of Internal Assessment Marks in II BHMS for Final University Examination to be held in III BHMS:

Marks of PA I	Marks of PA II	Periodical Assessment Average PA I+ PA II /2	Marks ofTT I	Marks ofTT II	Terminal Test Average TT I + TT II / 200 x 20	Final Internal Assessment Marks
A	В	D	E	F	$\mathbf{G}$	D+G/2

#### 9. List of recommended text/reference books

- Ahmed Munir R(2016). Fundamentals of repertories: Alchemy of homeopathic methodology.
- Bidwell GI.(1915). How to Use the Repertory.
- Boericke, W. (2003). New manual of homoeopathic materia medica and repertory.
- Hahnemann, S. (2014). Organon of Medicine.
- Kent, J. T. (2008). Lectures on Homeopathic Philosophy.
- Kent, J. T. (2016). Repertory of the homeopathic materia medica.
- Kent, J. T: How to study the Repertory, how to use the Repertory.
- Tiwari SK. (2007). Essentials of Repertorization.

#### 10. List of contributors

I. Dr. Anoop Nigwekar, Professor & HoD, Repertory, Dr. M.L. Dhawale Memorial Homoeopathic Institute, Palghar, Maharashtra

II. Dr. Yashasvi Shakdvipiya, Associate Professor & HoD, Repertory, University College of Homoeopathy, DSRRU, Jodhpur, Rajasthan.

III. Dr. Lokanath Behera, Associate Professor &HoD, Repertory, National Institute of Homoeopathy, (An Autonomous Institute) Ministry of Ayush, Govt. of India, Block- GE, Sector-III, Salt Lake, Kolkata - 700106

6.00

8. A

6

Cycla lo. Son

Maximum marks:100

Theory: 100

#### Annexure A (in reference of course content sub clause 4.1.1)

	Simple case	Moderate case	Difficult case
Acute case	A case of acute nature as defined by Hahnemann; which is presenting with complete symptoms of either one location or one system of single malady with no other comorbid conditions. Cases where case processing is easy and constructing totality/ rubric search for reference/ Repertorization is easy.	A case of acute nature as defined by Hahnemann; which is presenting with mixed symptomatology (complete as well incomplete symptoms) of multiple location or of single malady of functional level with other comorbid conditions of functional level. Cases where case processing needs a certain set of knowledge, skill for construction of totality and rubric search/ Repertorization is somewhat more difficult then simple cases.	A case of acute nature as defined by Hahnemann; which is presented with mixed symptomatology of multiple locations with structural changes or a complex disease. Cases where case processing needs a certain set of knowledge, skill for construction of totality and rubric search/ Repertorization is somewhat difficult then moderate cases.
Chronic case		A case of chronic nature as defined by Hahnemann; which is presenting with mixed symptomatology (complete as well incomplete symptoms) of multiple locations or of single malady of functional level with other	changes or a complex disease. Cases where case processing needs a certain set of knowledge, skill for construction of totality and rubric search/ Repertorization