# DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE UNIVERSITY OF JAMMU, JAMMU

#### M. Phil. Entrance Test Notification

No: PGD/POL/21/ /028-30

Dated: 05/01/2021

It is hereby notified for the information of all concerned that M. Phil. Entrance Test to fill two Unreserved Seats for the M. Phil. Admission Session 2020 will be conducted on January 11<sup>th</sup> 2021 from 2: 00 PM to 5: 00 PM in the Department of Political Science. The syllabus for the M. Phil. Entrance Test has already been notified on the Notice Board of the Department and is also being uploaded on the university website.

Head of Department

Head
Department of Political Science
University of Jammu
Jammu

Copy to:

1. Dean Research Studies, University of Jammu, Jammu for information

2. Director IT for uploading on the University Website

### Syllabus for M. Phil/Ph. D. Entrance Test

## 1. Western & Indian Political Thought and Political Theory

- 1.1 Political Thoughts of Plato & Aristotle
- 1.2 Medieval Political Thought: Church and State Relationship
- 1.3 Political Thoughts of Machiavelli, Hobbes Locke and Rousseau
- 1.4 Political Philosophy of Bentham and J. S. Mill
- 1.5 Political Idea of Hegel & T. G. Green
- 1.6 Socialist Political Thought: Marx, Lenin and Mao
- 1.7 Liberalism: Classical, Modern and Contemporary-Liberalism
- 1.8 Behaviouralism & Post-Behaviouralism
- 1.9 Modernism, Postmodernism: Michel Foucault
- 1.10 Multiculturalism, Post Colonialism and Feminism
- 1.11 Justice: John Rawls' Theory of Justice
- 1.12 Democracy: Macpherson's Theory of Democracy
- 1.13 Political Thoughts of M. K. Gandhi, J. L. Nehru, B. R. Ambedkar & Valabh Bhai Patel
- 1.14 Socialist Thought: Ram Manohar Lohia and J P Narayan

### 2. International Politics and India's Foreign Policy

- 2-1 Changing Dynamics of State System: From Empires Nation-States to Globalization
- 2.2 Growth of International Politics as a Discipline: Classical versus Scientific Debate
- 2-3 Classical Realism, Neo-Realism and Neo Classical Realism
- 2.4 Liberalism, Neo-liberalism and Constructivism
- 2.5 Geopolitics: Classical, Modern and Critical
- 2.6 National Power, War and its Changing Nature
- 2.7 WTO and North-South Dynamics
- 2.8 Environmental Issues and the Global Commons
- 2.9 United Nations Reforms and Collective Security
- 2. 10 Continuity and Change in India's Foreign Policy: Post-Cold War Era
- 2-1 India's Security, Nuclear and Energy Policies
- 2. 12 India's South Asia, Southeast Asia, West Asia and Central Asia Policies
- 2. 13 India and Global South: G77, G20, IBSA and BRICS
- 2. 1 4 India's Diplomacy on Climate Change
- 2. 1 India's policy towards US and China
- 2. I 6India and Indian Ocean: Maritime Security and Naval Diplomacy

### 3. Comparative Politics & Politics in South Asia

- 3. Comparative Politics: Meaning, Evolution, Nature and Scope
- 3.2 Constitutionalism: Theory and Practice
- 3.3 Revolution: Concept, Types and Theories
- 3.4 Theories of Political Development
- 3.5 Theories of Dependency (A. G. Frank, Immanuel Wallerstein and Samir Amin)
- 3.5 Theories of Ruling Class & Elites (Pareto, Michaels and Mosca)
- 3.7 State Theory: Recent Debates (Statist & Foucauldian Perspectives)

- 3. & Globalization and the Nation-State Interface
- 3.9 European Union as a New Political System: Beyond Nation State
- 3.10 Constitutions and Constitutionalism in South Asia: Theory and Practice
- 3.11 Structures and Processes of Politics in South Asia
- 3.12 Nation-building in South Asia: Religion, Ethnicity and Language
- 3.13 Nature of Post-Colonial State in South Asia: India, Pakistan and Nepal
- 3.14 Human Development Scenario in South Asia: Emerging Trends
- 1.15 State Security and Human Security debate in South Asia
- 3.16 Civil Society and politics in South Asia: Role and Emerging Trends

### 4. Indian Politics, State Politics and Jammu & Kashmir Politics

- 4.1 Colonialism: Nature, Impact and Political Legacies
- 4.2 Ideological & Philosophical Basis of Indian Polity: Liberalism. Socialism & Secularism
- 4.3 Major features of Indian Constitution: Parliamentary Democracy, Fundamental Rights and DPSP
- 4.4 Federal System: Nature, Structure and Emerging Trends
- 4.5 Executive: President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers
- 4.6 Legislature: Composition, Powers and Functions of Parliament
- 4.7 Indian Judiciary: Supreme Court and High Court
- 4.8 Planning Commission/Niti Ayog and Finance Commission
- 4.9 Electoral System: Nature and Challenges
- 4.10 Party System in India: Changing Nature and Emerging Trends
- 4.11 Politics of Identity: Caste and Religion
- 4.12 Social Movements: Issues and Impact
- 4.13 Evolution of J&K State: Historical Perspective
- 4.14 Accession to Indian Union: A Critical Appraisal
- 4.15 Special Status of J&K and Article370: Rationale and Implications
- 4.16State Subjects to Permanent Residents of J&K: Rights under Article 35A
- 4.17 Accords and Agreements: 1952, 1974 and 1986
- 4.18 Separatist Politics: Organization, Leadership and Strategy

#### 5. Public administration and Indian Administration

- 5.1 Evolution and Growth of the Discipline of Public Administration
- 5.2 New Public Administration to New Public Management: Development Administration s
- 5.3 Ecology of Public Administration: Social, Cultural, Political and Legal
- 5.4 Theories of Leadership: Traits, Behavioural, Situational and Eclectic
- 5.5Theories of Motivation: Maslow, Herzberg and McGregor
- 5.6 Bureaucracy and Civil Services: Recruitment, Training, Promotion and the Concept of Civil Service Neutrality
- 5.7 Financial Administration: Budget and its Role in Socio-Economic Change
- 5.8 Evolution of Indian Administration
- 5. 9 Role of Governor, Chief Minister and Council of Ministers in Administration and Governance
- 5.10 Administrative Structure: Role and Responsibilities- Chief Secretary, Secretaries and Directorates
- 5.11 Local Administration: Features, Forms, Problems and changing role of PRIs and Urban Local Bodies under 73rd and 74th Amendments
- 5.12 Good Governance Initiatives and Indian Model of Ombudsman: Lokpal and Lokayuktas

#### 6. Research Methodology

- 6.1 Research: Nature and Purpose of Research in Social Science
- 6.2 Scientific Research and Scientific Methods
- 6.3 Dichotomy between Facts and Values
- 6.4 Research Methods: Historical, Descriptive and Analytical
- 6.5 Quantitative and Qualitative Research Methods: Types and Limitations

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6.6 Preparing a Research Design and Research Proposal

6.7 Case Study and Survey Method

6.8 Sampling: Types of Sampling

6.9 Methods of Data Collection: Observation. Interview and Questionnaire

6.10 Application of Information and Communication Technology in Research

6.11 Ethics in Research

6.12 Writing a Literature Review

6.13 Report Writing

6.14 Research Methods in International Relations

Beh June